

Warsaw University of Technology

FACULTY OF
MATHEMATICS AND INFORMATION SCIENCE



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Abstract

ENGLISH TITLE

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Keywords: keyword1, keyword2, ...

Streszczenie

POLISH TITLE

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Słowa kluczowe: slowo1, slowo2, ...

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Introduction

What is the thesis about? What is the content of it? What is the Author's contribution to it?

WARNING! In a diploma thesis which is a team project: Description of the work division in the team, including the scope of each co-author's contribution to the practical part (Team Programming Project) and the descriptive part of the diploma thesis.

1. Foundations

1.1. Time series classification

Time series is an ordered collection of observations indexed by time.

$$X = (x_t)_{t \in T} = (x_1, \dots, x_T), \quad x_t \in R$$

The time index T can represent any collection with natural order. It can relate to point in time when the measurement was observed, or it can represent a point in space measured along X axis. We assume that indices are spaced evenly in the set T . The realisation or observation x_t in the times series is a numerical value describing the phenomena we observe, for example amplitude of a sound, stock price or y-coordinate. Time series classification is a problem of finding the optimal mapping between a set of time series and corresponding classes.

1.2. Transfer learning

2. Related works

In this chapter we would like to describe several algorithms used in time series classification. We will also recall theoretical definitions and distinctions used to describe transfer learning.

2.0.1. Dynamic Time Warping with k-Nearest Neighbour

The Dynamic Time Warping with k-Nearest Neighbour classifier uses a distance based algorithm with a specific distance measure. A DWT distance between time series X^1, X^2 of equal lengths is:

$$DTW(X^1, X^2) = \min\left\{\sum_{i=1}^S \text{dist}(x_{e_i}^1, x_{f_i}^2) : (e_i)_{i=1}^S, (f_i)_{i=1}^S \in 2^T\right\}$$

subject to:

- $e_1 = 1, f_1 = 1, e_S = N, f_S = N$
- $|e_{i+1} - e_i| \leq 1, |f_{i+1} - f_i| \leq 1$

The measure defined above, used in k-Nearest Neighbour classifier is often used as a benchmark classifier.

2.0.2. Multi Layer Perceptron

The Multi Layer Perceptron (MLP) is the first artificial neural network architecture proposed and can be used for time series classification task.

2.1. Example section

Definition 2.1 (Definition). A *definition* is a statement of the meaning of a term (a word, phrase, or other set of symbols).

2.1.1. Example subsection

It's the deepest depth of sectioning allowed by rector.

Definition 2.2 (Equation). In mathematics, an *equation* is a statement of an equality containing one or more variables.

Example 2.3. This is an example of an equation:

$$2 + 2 = 4. \tag{2.1}$$

Equation without a number:

$$2 + 2 = 4,$$

or:

$$2 + 2 = 4.$$

It is worthwhile to peruse other mathematical environments like *multline*, *align* and their versions with a star (, i.e. without numeration). The description of their use can be found at <https://texdoc.org/serve/amsldoc.pdf/0> starting from the end of the third page.

Equation (2.2) is false. References (and some other things) work properly after compiling \TeX file twice.

$$\int_0^1 x \, dx = \frac{3}{2}. \tag{2.2}$$

Theorem 2.4 is a very interensting result.

Theorem 2.4 (Pythagoras' Theorem). Let c represent the length of the hypotenuse and a and b the lengths of the triangle's other two sides. Then:

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

Proof. The proof has been presented in [1] and [2]. We can write then [1, 2]. □

Corollary 2.5. The use of the term *corollary*, rather than *proposition* or *theorem*, is intrinsically subjective.

Remark 2.6. You can find a rather comprehensive list of available symbols at https://www3.nd.edu/~nmark/UsefulFacts/LaTeX_symbols.pdf.

If you want to find a symbol by its shape, you can use the following site: <https://detexify.kirelabs.org/classify.html>.

Lemma 2.7 (Someone's Lemma). Ten lemat jest nie na temat.

Table 2.1: Additional options

symbol	effect
<code>h</code>	Place the float here, i.e., approximately at the same point it occurs in the source text (however, not exactly at the spot)
<code>t</code>	Position at the top of the page
<code>b</code>	Position at the bottom of the page
<code>p</code>	Put on a special page for floats only
<code>!</code>	Override internal parameters LaTeX uses for determining "good" float positions
<code>H</code>	Places the float at precisely the location in the <code>L^AT_EX</code> code. Requires the float package,[1] i.e., <code>\usepackage{float}</code> . This is somewhat equivalent to <code>!ht</code> .

Proof. Dowód przez indukcję.

□

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2.2. Floats – tables and figures

Place labels after captions or you get the wrong labelling.

In Table 2.1 there are additional options for `table` and `figure` environments.



Figure 2.1: Example figure – it has been drawn by `LATEX` default tools

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3. The next chapter

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3.1. Matrices

Simple matrix:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} a & b & c & d \\ d & e & f & g \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$$

Matrix with parentheses:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c & d \\ d & e & f & g \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix with brackets:

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \\ d & e & f & g \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

You can also use more general environment:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}$$

Matrix with braces:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Definition 3.1. Let $A \neq \emptyset$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Every function $f: A^n \rightarrow A$ is called an *n-ary operation* or *działaniem* określonym na A . 0-ary operations are constant functions.

Definition 3.2 (Algebra). The ordered pair (A, F) , where $A \neq \emptyset$ is a set and F is a family of operations defined on A , shall be called an *algebra* (or *F-algebra*). The set A is called *the set of elements, support* or *universe* of an algebra (A, F) and F is called *the set of elementary operations*.

Proposition 3.3. I state that, having passed to the limit, the only thing left me me is to camp at said limit or return, or, maybe, search for a pass or an exit to other areas.

Bibliography

- [1] A. Author, *Title of a book*, Publisher, year, page–page.
- [2] J. Bobkowski, S. Dobkowski, Title of an article, *Magazine X*, No. 7, year, PAGE–PAGE.
- [3] C. Brink, Power structures, *Algebra Universalis* 30(2), 1993, 177–216.
- [4] F. Burris, H. P. Sankappanavar, *A Course of Universal Algebra*, Springer-Verlag, New York, 1981.

List of symbols and abbreviations

nzw. nadzwyczajny

* star operator

~ tilde

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List of Figures

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Spis tabel

2.1 Short caption 15

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List of appendices

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2. Appendix 2
3. In case of no appendices, delete this part.