

hw 3

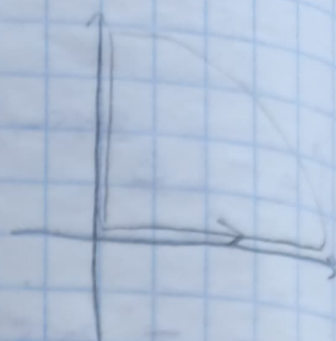
$$1.1. \quad C = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\ln t}{t} \sin t \, dt; \quad f(a) = \int_0^{\infty} t^{a-1} \sin t \, dt$$

$$f'(a) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{t^a \ln t}{t} \sin t \, dt; \quad C = f'(0)$$

$$f(a) = \operatorname{Im} F(a); \quad F(a) = \int_0^{\infty} t^{a-1} e^{it} \, dt$$

$$0 = \oint_C z^{a-1} e^{iz} \, dz = F(a) - e^{\frac{i\pi a}{2}} \Gamma(a)$$

$$\Gamma(a) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{a-1} \, dt$$



$$F(a) = e^{\frac{i\pi a}{2}} \Gamma(a) = \left(\cos \frac{\pi a}{2} + i \sin \frac{\pi a}{2} \right) \int_0^{\infty} t^{a-1} e^{-t} \, dt$$

$$f(a) = \operatorname{Im} F(a) = \sin \frac{\pi a}{2} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{a-1} \, dt$$

$$f'(a) = \frac{\pi \cos \frac{\pi a}{2}}{2} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{a-1} \, dt + \sin \frac{\pi a}{2} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{a-1} \, dt$$

$$C = f'(0) = \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{-1} \, dt = -\frac{\pi}{2} \gamma$$

$$1.2. \quad \int_0^1 \sin^2 x \, dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2 x \, dx = \left| \begin{matrix} t = \sin x \\ dt = \cos x \, dx \end{matrix} \right| = \int_0^1 t^2 (1-t^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \, dt =$$

$$= \int_0^1 (t^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (1-t^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{dt}{2t} = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (t^2)^{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{2}} (1-t^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \, dt \quad \textcircled{=}$$

$$B(a, b) = \int_0^1 t^{a-1} (1-t)^{b-1} \, dt \quad \left(\begin{matrix} a-1 = \frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{2} & b-1 = \frac{1}{2} \\ a = \frac{3}{2}+\frac{1}{2} & b = \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right)$$

$$\textcircled{=} \frac{1}{2} B\left(\frac{3}{2}+\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\right)} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}+1\right)}}$$

$$B(a, b) = \frac{\Gamma(a) \Gamma(b)}{\Gamma(a+b)}$$

$$1.3. \quad h(a) = \int_0^1 \frac{t^{a-1}}{1+t} \, dt = \left| \frac{1}{1+t} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n t^n \right| = \int_0^1 t^{a-1} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n t^n \, dt =$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \int_0^1 t^{a+n-1} \, dt = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{t^{a+n}}{a+n} \Big|_0^1 = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{a+n} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\psi\left(\frac{1+a}{2}\right) - \psi\left(\frac{a}{2}\right) \right]$$

1.4. $a > 0, b > 0$

$$H(a, b) = \int_0^1 \frac{t^{a-1} - t^{b-1}}{1+t} \frac{dt}{\ln t} \quad \text{croquiser} \quad ; \quad \int_0^1 \frac{t^{a-1}}{1+t} \frac{dt}{\ln t} \quad \text{prouver}$$

$$\frac{d}{da} H(a, b) = \int_0^1 \frac{t^{a-1} \ln t}{(1+t) \ln t} dt = \int_0^1 \frac{t^{a-1}}{1+t} dt = h(a) = \frac{1}{2} \psi\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{a}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \psi\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{d}{db} H(a, b) = \int_0^1 \frac{-t^{b-1} \ln t}{(1+t) \ln t} dt = - \int_0^1 \frac{t^{b-1}}{1+t} dt = -h(b) = \frac{1}{2} \psi\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{b}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \psi\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)$$

$$H(1, 1) = 0 \quad \int \psi(x) dx = \int \frac{\Gamma'(x)}{\Gamma(x)} dx = \ln(\Gamma(x))$$

$$H(a, b) = \int h(a) da = \frac{1}{2} \int \left[\psi\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) - \psi\left(\frac{a}{2}\right) \right] da = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)} + f(b)$$

$$H(a, b) = \int h(b) db = \frac{1}{2} \int \left[\psi\left(\frac{b}{2}\right) - \psi\left(\frac{b}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right] db = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{b}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right)} + f(a)$$

$$H(a, b) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \Gamma\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{a}{2}\right) \cdot \Gamma\left(\frac{b}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right)}$$

2. $I(\alpha) = \frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha+1}{2}\right)} \int_0^\infty x^\alpha (1+x)^{2\alpha} (2+x)^{3\alpha} e^{-x} dx =$

$$f(x) = x^\alpha (1+x)^{2\alpha} (2+x)^{3\alpha} e^{-x}; \quad x \rightarrow 0, f(x) \rightarrow x^\alpha \cdot 2^{3\alpha} e^{-x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha+1}{2}\right)} \int_0^\infty (x^\alpha (1+x)^{2\alpha} (2+x)^{3\alpha} e^{-x} - x^\alpha 2^{3\alpha} e^{-x}) dx + \frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha+1}{2}\right)} \int_0^\infty x^\alpha 2^{3\alpha} e^{-x} dx$$

$$I(-1) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(0)} \int_0^\infty x^{-1} e^{-x} \left(\frac{1}{(1+x)^2} \frac{1}{(2+x)^3} - \frac{1}{8} \right) dx + \frac{1}{8} \frac{\Gamma(\alpha+1)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha+1}{2}\right)} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$\Gamma(2z) \sqrt{\pi} = 2^{2z-1} \Gamma(z) \Gamma\left(z + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma(2z)}{\Gamma(z)} = \frac{2^{2z-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \Gamma\left(z + \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{2^{-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \sqrt{\pi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$z = \frac{\alpha+1}{2} \quad z + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\alpha}{2} + 1$$

$$\alpha = -1 \quad \Gamma\left(z + \frac{1}{2}\right) = \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$$

hw3 n3. $G(in) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{-a+ik+in} - \frac{1}{-a-ik+in} + \frac{2i}{k} \right) = \psi(z+1) + \gamma = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+z} \right)$

$$= i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2}{k} - \frac{1}{ia+k+n} - \frac{1}{-ia+k-n} \right) = i \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{k} - \frac{1}{k+ia+n} + \frac{1}{k} - \frac{1}{k-ia-n} \right) =$$

$$= i [\gamma + \psi(1+ia+n) + \gamma + \psi(1-ia-n)]$$

n4. $L(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(z)} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^{z-1} e^{-x}}{1+e^{-2x}} dx$

$$L(1) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x}}{1+e^{-2x}} dx = \left| \begin{matrix} t=e^x \\ dt=e^x dx \end{matrix} \right| = \int_1^{\infty} \frac{t^{-1}}{1+t^{-2}} \frac{dt}{t} = \int_1^{\infty} \frac{dt}{1+t^2} = \arctan t \Big|_1^{\infty} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$L(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(z)} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^{z-1}}{e^x + e^{-x}} dx = \left| \begin{matrix} u = \frac{1}{e^x + e^{-x}} \\ du = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{(e^x + e^{-x})^2} dx \end{matrix} \right. \quad \left. \begin{matrix} dv = x^{z-1} dx \\ v = \frac{x^z}{z} \end{matrix} \right| =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Gamma(z)} \left(\frac{1}{z} \frac{x^z}{e^x + e^{-x}} \Big|_0^{\infty} - \frac{1}{z} \int_0^{\infty} x^z u' dx \right) = -\frac{1}{z \cdot \Gamma(z)} \int_0^{\infty} x^z u' dx = -\frac{1}{\Gamma(z+1)} \int_0^{\infty} x^z u' dx$$

$$L(0) = - \int_0^{\infty} u' dx = - \left(\frac{1}{e^x + e^{-x}} \right) \Big|_0^{\infty} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$L(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(1+2n)^z} ; \quad S = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots = \frac{\pi}{4}$$