

Oh

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Tous les fichiers svg :

Dedication

For those who hate looking at a template with 500 lines of code and an extra 300 lines commented out.

Declaration

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1.1.3.2 How to optimize the superposition with the repumper

1.1.3.3 Comment on the hyperfine states (+boson 88)

1.1.3.4 Optical setup (blue + repump)

1.1.4 Repumper

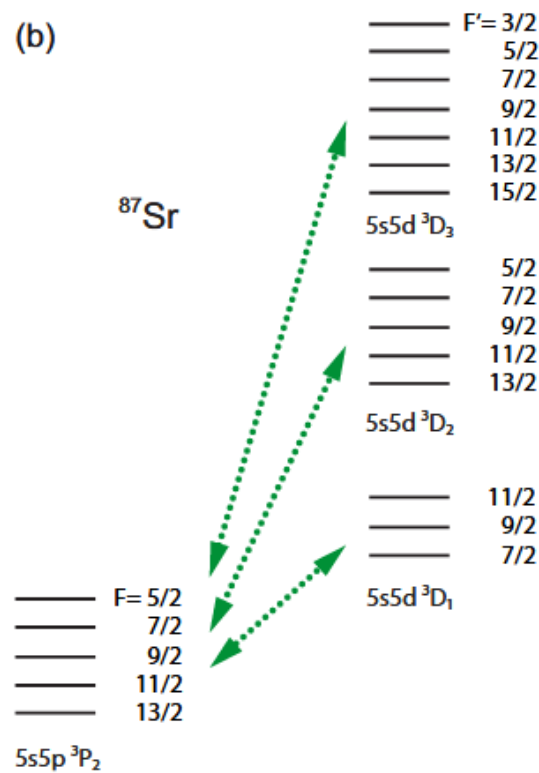


Figure 1.1: Caption

1.1.5 BB MOT

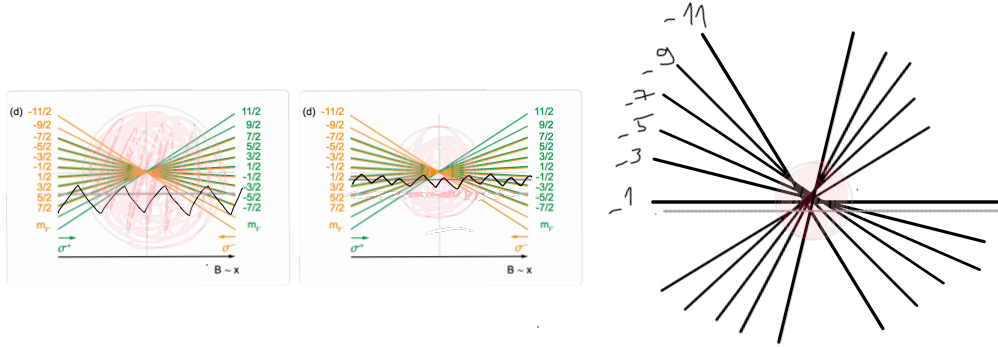


Figure 1.2: Caption

1.1.5.1 First step

1.1.5.2 Second step

1.1.6 Stir

Need a stir because :

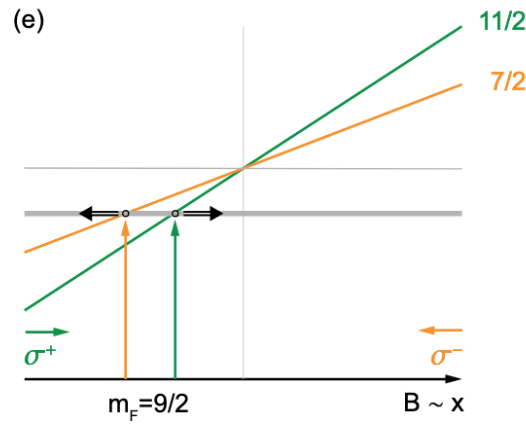


Figure 1.3: Caption

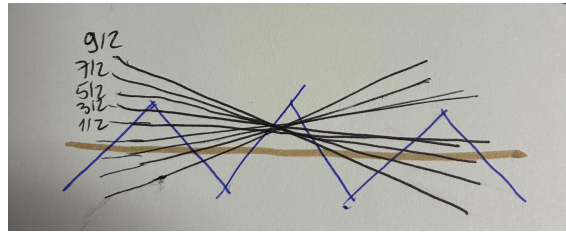


Figure 1.4: Caption

1.1.7 Narrow MOT

cf p.43 S.Stellmer thesis

1.1.7.1 Optimization of the narrow MOT (intensity, frequency, effect on the size of the cloud)

Include images of the cloud for different I and detuning ?

1.1.7.2 Optical setup

1.1.8 ODT and evaporation

1.1.8.1 Charging the crossing

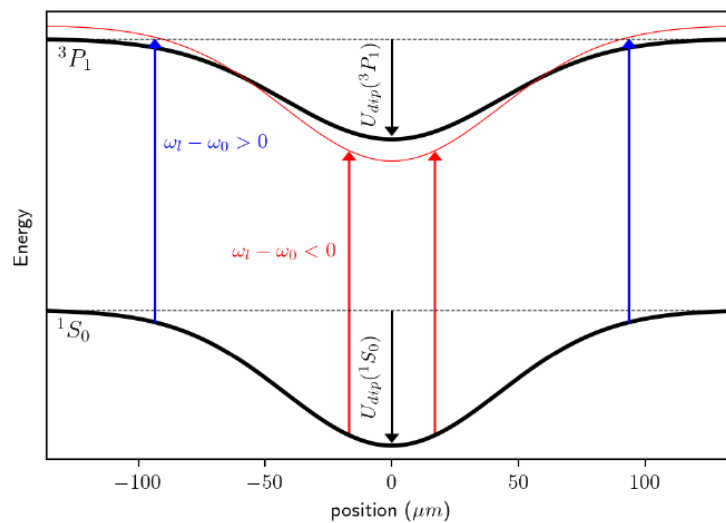


Figure 1.5: Caption

1.1.8.2 Optimization of the evaporation ramps : Dimple + reservoir, just reservoir, parameter to optimize (number of atoms, temperature)

Comment on the LS it does to each state

1.1.8.3 Optical setup

1.1.9 Optical pumping

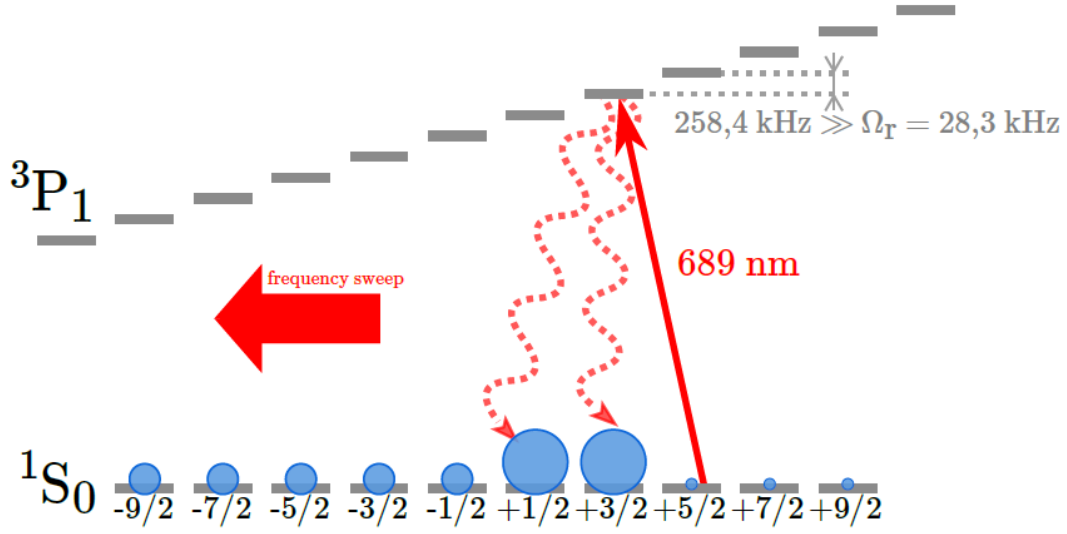


Figure 1.6: Caption

1.2 Spin measurement scheme

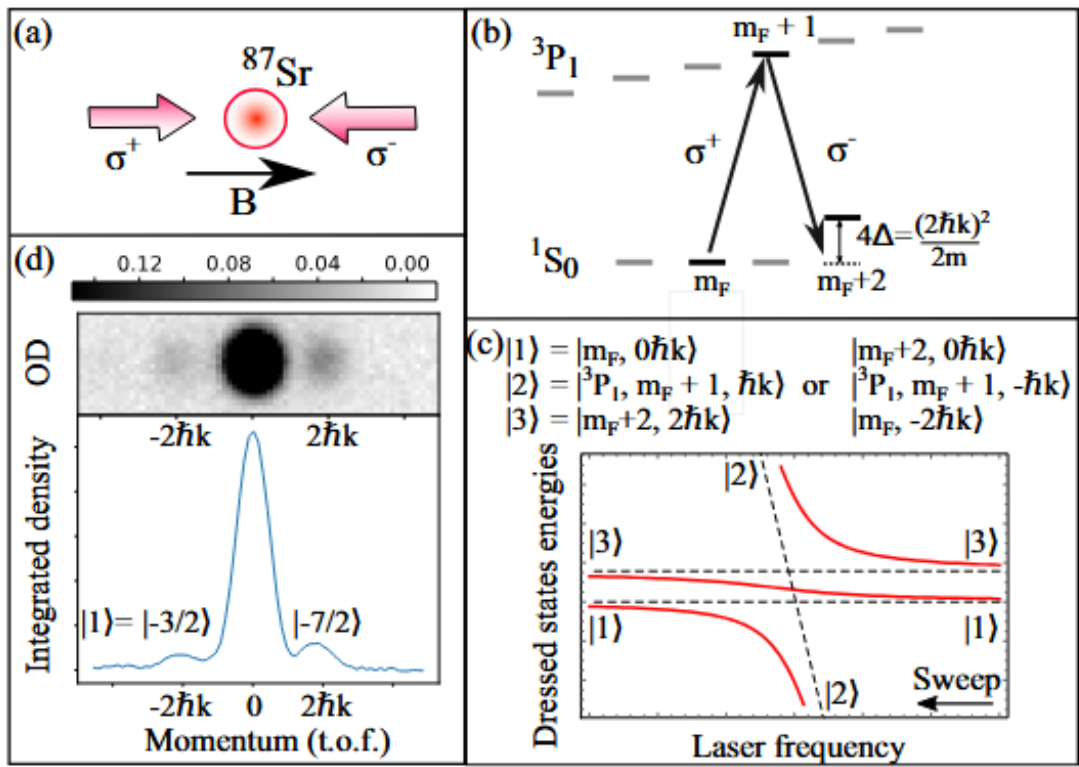


Figure 1.7: Caption

Chapter 2

Ramsey interferometers on qudit

2.1 Preparation of arbitrary dimension Hilbert space

2.1.1 Raman process

2.1.1.1 $\delta m_F = \pm 1$

2.1.1.2 $\delta m_F = \pm 2$

2.1.2 Moglabs chain without cavity

2.1.3 Purification of the laser spectrum with a FP cavity

blablablagtg

2.2 Interferometric sensing with multiple nuclear spin state

2.2.1 Driving long coherence time Rabi oscillations

2.2.1.1 Rabi oscillations

Comment on what the FP could add as a longer coherence time of the qubit

2.2.1.2 Interferometer of $\text{su}(2)$ symmetry

2.2.1.3 Discussion on inhomogeneities

2.2.2 Measuring two quantities at a time

2.2.2.1 Physical principle

2.2.2.2 Results

2.2.3 Measuring two non commuting observables

2.2.3.1 Principle

**2.3 $\text{SU}(N)$ symmetry (ce qu'il faudrait pr la tester
e.g densité gaz, alimentation bobines -¿ com-
ment faire mieux que les chiffres actuels)**

Chapter 3

Engineering highly entangled system of photoassociated ^{87}Sr atoms

Engineering Dicke states

3.1 Introduction on photoassociation

3.1.1 What is photoassociation

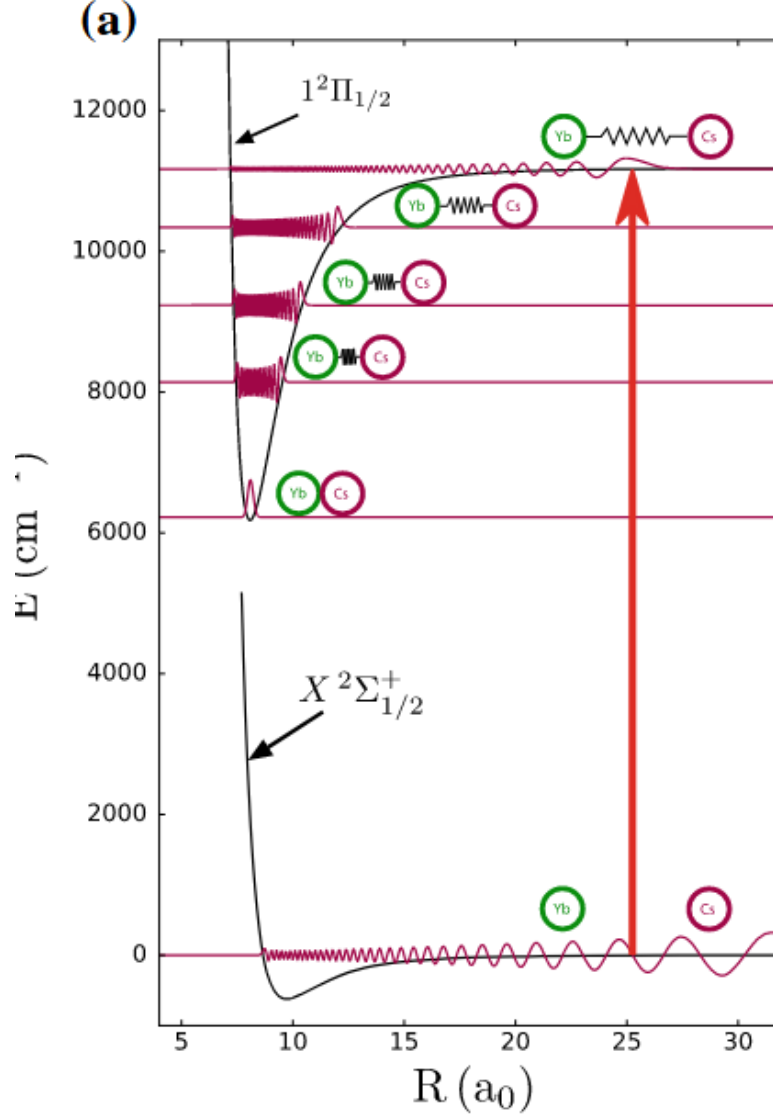


Figure 3.1: Caption

Photoassociating two atoms consists in pairing colliding atoms with light that inhibits mostly two-body losses.

From a non-bound state we couple the atoms at resonance with a molecular vibrational state. Two-body photoassociation occurs in agreement with Pauli exclusion. In fermions case, for atoms with even orbital momentum only pairs of

3.1.2 Molecular formalism/vocabulary (condon radius, optical length...)

oui non

3.1.3 Internal energy states

3.1.3.1 WKB approximation

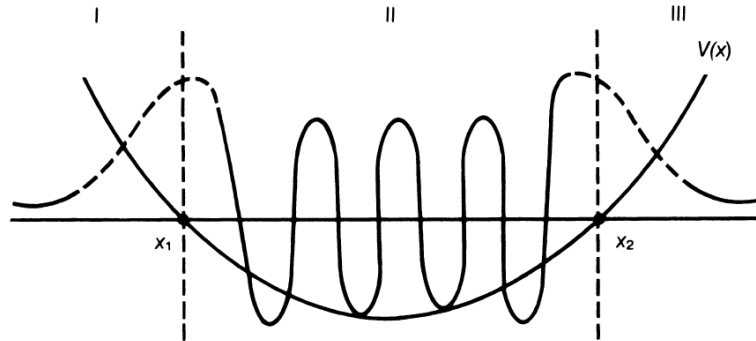


FIGURE 2.1. Schematic diagram for behavior of wave function $u_E(x)$ in potential well $V(x)$ with turning points x_1 and x_2 .

Figure 3.2: Caption

3.1.3.2

3.1.4 External energy states

3.2 About photoassociation on other species

3.2.1 Mass scaling (88Sr)

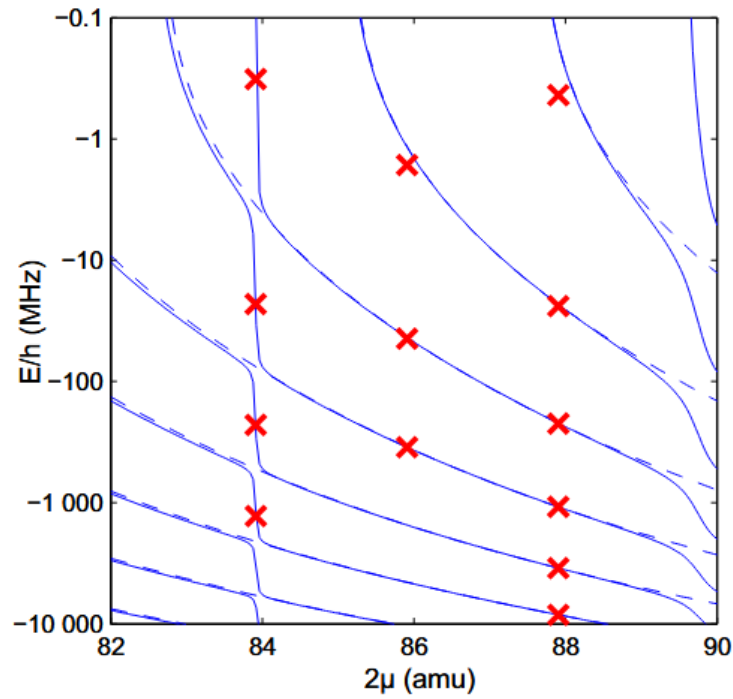


Figure 3.3: Caption

3.2.2 Ytterbium: hfs

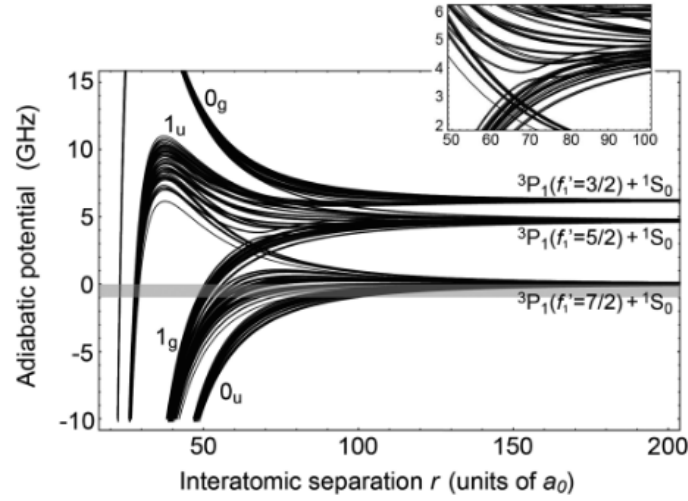


FIG. 2. Adiabatic molecular potentials for a $^{173}\text{Yb}_2$ dimer in the $^1S_0 + ^3P_1$ channel as functions of the interatomic separation r . The molecular potentials for 205 different (T, F, R) configurations are displayed, which are accessible via PA from the initial s -wave colliding atoms in the $^1S_0 + ^1S_0$ channel. At large r , the potentials converge to three asymptotic branches which correspond to excited atomic states with hyperfine numbers of $f'_1 = 3/2, 5/2$, and $7/2$. Some of the potentials have a local minimum (inset), possibly hosting purely long-range bound states [14]. The energy offset is adjusted to the $f'_1 = 7/2$ asymptote. The shaded region indicates the spectral range of our measurements.

Figure 3.4: Caption

3.3 Experimental setup

3.4 ^{88}Sr Results

Lopt, power broadening, thermal broadening...

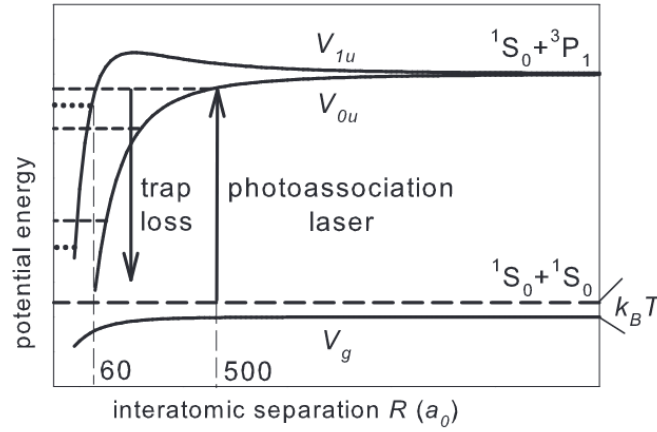


Figure 3.5: Caption

3.4.1 Technical issues of inhabilitation of photoassociation

3.4.1.1 Laser width

3.5 ⁸⁷Sr molecules

Lopt questions sur nb quantique / choix de pompage optique

3.5.1 Physical sources of inhabilitation of photoassociation

3.5.1.1 On $F = 9/2$: predissociation

3.5.1.2 Coupling to more energetic state from the IR

3.5.1.3 Node of wavefunction for some vibrational states

3.5.2 Energy landscape of ⁸⁷Sr-⁸⁷Sr molecules

Conclusion

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Appendix A

Algorithms