

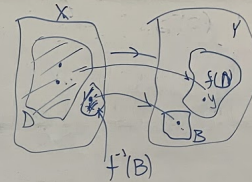
FUNDAMENTOS ELEMENTARES DA MATEMÁTICA

MANUSCRITOS

(AULA DÚVIDAS: 08 e 09/11/22)

LISTA 4: (Funções) Ex 7 - c) $f: X \rightarrow Y$

$$c) f(A \cap f^{-1}(B)) = f(A) \cap B$$



$$f^{-1}(B) = \{x \in X : f(x) \in B\}$$

Sol.:

$$"\subset": y \in \underbrace{f(A \cap f^{-1}(B))}_D \iff \exists x \in A \cap f^{-1}(B) \text{ t.q. } f(x) = y$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{x \in A \text{ e } x \in f^{-1}(B)}_D \text{ e } f(x) = y$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) \in f(A) \text{ e } f(x) \in B \Rightarrow \underline{y = f(x)} \in f(A) \text{ e } \underline{y = f(x)} \in B$$

$$\Rightarrow y \in f(A) \cap B$$

" \supset " Completam fazendo o Recíproco!

LISTA 4 - Conjuntos: 6-d):

$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x^2 - 5x + 4 < 0\}$$

Sol.: $P(x) : x^2 - 5x + 4 < 0 \Rightarrow D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : P(x)\}$. Fazendo $x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0 \Leftrightarrow x=1 \wedge x=4$

Devemos ter entao: $(x-1) \cdot (x-4) < 0 \Leftrightarrow (x-1) < 0 \wedge (x-4) > 0$

$\Rightarrow x < 1 \wedge x > 4$ (Caso Impossivel!) $\wedge (x-1) > 0 \wedge (x-4) < 0$

$$x > 1 \wedge x < 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 < x < 4$$

Assim: $x^2 - 5x + 4 < 0 \Leftrightarrow 1 < x < 4$.

Conclusao: $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : x^2 - 5x + 4 < 0\} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 1 < x < 4\}$.

LISTA 4 - Conjuntos - 9-c) $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$

Sol.:

$$" \subset ": \quad x \in A \cup (B \cap C) \Rightarrow \underline{x \in A} \text{ ou } \underline{x \in (B \cap C)} \Rightarrow x \in A \text{ ou } [x \in B \text{ e } x \in C]$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{x \in A \text{ ou } x \in B} \text{ e } \underline{x \in A \text{ ou } x \in C} \Rightarrow x \in A \cup B \text{ e } x \in A \cup C$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$$

" \supset " Complete com o mesmo procedimento!