

# Analysis Project: Uncovering Soccer Player Roles

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# Analysis Project: Uncovering Soccer Player Roles

## Section 1: Main objective of the analysis

This project will demonstrate the use of unsupervised learning techniques, specifically clustering and dimensionality reduction, to identify distinct player roles from a soccer dataset.

**Stakeholders** of this data will be able to:

- **General:** Identify player types to help Identify distinct player roles: Beyond traditional positions (defender, midfielder, attacker), can we find more nuanced roles based on their on-field actions (e.g., "pressing forward," "playmaking defender," "ball-winning midfielder")?
- **Coaches/Tactical Analysts:** Provide data-driven insights into player roles for recruitment and tactical setup.
- **Scouts:** Help identify players fitting specific, nuanced roles that might be missed by traditional scouting.

## Analysis Project: Uncovering Soccer Player Roles

### Section 2: Brief description of the data

**PlayerStats.** This dataset is rich in detailed event information (passes, shots, dribbles, pressures, etc.) with positional data for players over the course of a season.

The event data allows for the creation of data frames that describe player actions and physical statistics. This richness is ideal for both clustering (to find groups of similar players within positional characteristics) and dimensionality reduction (to distil complex player attributes into fewer, interpretable components).

Detailed player attribute fields can be seen on the next slide:

# Analysis Project: Uncovering Soccer Player Roles

## Section 2: Brief description of the data

**Original Player Attributes (from players\_df):**

player\_id  
player\_name  
team\_id  
team\_name  
height\_cm  
weight\_kg  
dominant\_foot

**Per-Match Player Statistics (from player\_stats):**

match_id	clearances
minutes_played	pressures
passes	dribbles
pass_success_rate	successful_dribbles
progressive_pass_distance	progressive_carries
passes_into_final_third	carries_into_final_third
key_passes	fouls_committed
short_passes	fouls_won
long_passes	goals
through_balls	assists
shots	saves
shots_on_target	aerial_duels_won
xg_per_shot	player_average_x
tackles	player_average_y
interceptions	

**Aggregated & Engineered Player Statistics (used for clustering, generally suffixed with \_p90\_avg or \_avg):**

passes_p90_avg	progressive_carries_p90_avg
progressive_pass_distance_p90_avg	carries_into_final_third_p90_avg
passes_into_final_third_p90_avg	fouls_committed_p90_avg
key_passes_p90_avg	fouls_won_p90_avg
short_passes_p90_avg	goals_p90_avg
long_passes_p90_avg	assists_p90_avg
through_balls_p90_avg	saves_p90_avg
shots_p90_avg	aerial_duels_won_p90_avg
shots_on_target_p90_avg	pass_success_rate_avg
tackles_p90_avg	xg_per_shot_avg
interceptions_p90_avg	player_average_x_avg
clearances_p90_avg	player_average_y_avg
pressures_p90_avg	most_frequent_position (derived)
dribbles_p90_avg	total_minutes_played (derived)
successful_dribbles_p90_avg	

# Analysis Project: Uncovering Soccer Player Roles

## Section 3: Summary of data exploration

### Initial Analysis

The available dataset tables and headers were reviewed to gain an understanding of what data was initially available. This helped identify that 7 player attributes were available and a further 29 player match attributes were available for each game.

### Data Cleaning

One of the key pieces of data to cleanse was to ensure that the stats were comparable over the length of each game (as not all players involved in the game played a full 90 mins).

### Feature Engineering

Further attributes were then created based on these “per 90 min” calculations, as well as measures to identify the most frequent position that a player played in for each game.

```
# Calculate per 90 minute stats
player_stats_filtered['p90_multiplier'] = 90 / player_stats_filtered['minutes_played']

stats_to_normalize = [
    'passes', 'progressive_pass_distance', 'passes_into_final_third', 'key_passes',
    'short_passes', 'long_passes', 'through_balls', 'shots', 'shots_on_target',
    'tackles', 'interceptions', 'clearances', 'pressures', 'dribbles',
    'successful_dribbles', 'progressive_carries', 'carries_into_final_third',
    'fouls_committed', 'fouls_won', 'goals', 'assists', 'saves', 'aerial_duels_won'
]

for col in stats_to_normalize:
    player_stats_filtered[f'{col}_p90'] = player_stats_filtered[col] * player_stats_filtered['p90_multiplier']

# Aggregate by player_id and player_name to get season averages of P90 stats
player_season_stats_p90 = player_stats_filtered.groupby(['player_id', 'player_name']).agg(
    **{'f'{col}_p90_avg': (f'{col}_p90', 'mean') for col in stats_to_normalize},
    pass_success_rate_avg=('pass_success_rate', 'mean'),
    xg_per_shot_avg=('xg_per_shot', 'mean'),
    player_average_x_avg=('player_average_x', 'mean'),
    player_average_y_avg=('player_average_y', 'mean'),
    most_frequent_position=('position_name', lambda x: x.mode()[0] if not x.mode().empty else 'Unknown'),
    total_minutes_played=('minutes_played', 'sum')
).reset_index()
```

# Analysis Project: Uncovering Soccer Player Roles

## Section 4: Summary of training

The training applied to the data consisted of:

### 1. K-Means Clustering (Appendix 1 for details)

- **Application:** Clustered players on their playing statistics (e.g., tackles, passing types, assists per 90 minutes).
- **Hyperparameter Tuning:** Experimented with different values of 'k' (number of clusters) and used the Elbow method to help determine an optimal 'k'.
- **Interpretation:** Analysed the centroids of each cluster to define the "average" player profile within that group, thereby identifying distinct player roles.

### 2. Hierarchical Agglomerative Clustering (Appendix 2 for details)

- **Application:** Applied to the same playing statistics dataset using Ward Linkage (Euclidean Distance).
- **Interpretation:** Examined the resulting dendrogram to understand the hierarchy of player similarities. The dendrogram was cut at different levels to obtain varying numbers of clusters and compared the resulting player groupings with those from K-Means. This revealed more nuanced relationships and sub-roles.

### 3. Dimensionality Reduction (PCA) followed by K-Means Clustering (Appendix 3 for details)

- **Application:** Applied PCA to the playing statistics to reduce the number of features while retaining most of the variance. Selected several attributes that explained a significant portion of the variance. Reapplied K-Means to the reduced dataset (on these principal attributes).
- **Interpretation:** Analysed the principal attributes to understand what combinations of original features they represent. Then analysed the clusters formed in this lower-dimensional space.

The goal was to explore how different unsupervised techniques reveal different underlying structures in the data.

## Analysis Project: Uncovering Soccer Player Roles

### Section 5: Recommended model

The dimension reduction method (+ K Means) was the most suitable model for this data.

Given the large variety of player attributes in the data the earlier K-means models struggled with the sparseness of the data points (as illustrated within Appendix 1). By leveraging dimension reduction I was able to address the curse of dimensionality whilst still retaining accuracy over the clustering proposals.

By selecting only the principal components that explained a significant portion of the total variance (e.g., 90%), the PCA model was able to effectively filter out the less informative "noisy" dimensions. This allowed K-Means to cluster based on the most dominant patterns in the data (see slide 41 in Appendix 3).

With K-Means applied to PCA-reduced data, the distances were more meaningful because the data is denser, less noisy, and the features are less correlated. This lead to clearer, more distinct, and more robust clusters (player archetypes).

PCA acted as an intelligent preprocessing step that cleansed, simplified, and highlighted the most important underlying patterns in the complex player data, enabling K-Means to then effectively group players into meaningful and distinct archetypes.

## **Analysis Project: Uncovering Soccer Player Roles**

### **Section 6: Summary Key Findings and Insights**

The original objective was to Identify player types to help Identify distinct player roles: Beyond traditional positions (defender, midfielder, attacker).

The untrained models were able to successfully sub-categorise footballers beyond their traditional interpreted “positions” of defenders, midfielders and attackers.

I was able to observe defenders who are forward thinking in terms of assists, midfielders with solid defensive attributes, and attackers with strong pressing attributes. These results can be observed in detail in [Appendix 1](#).



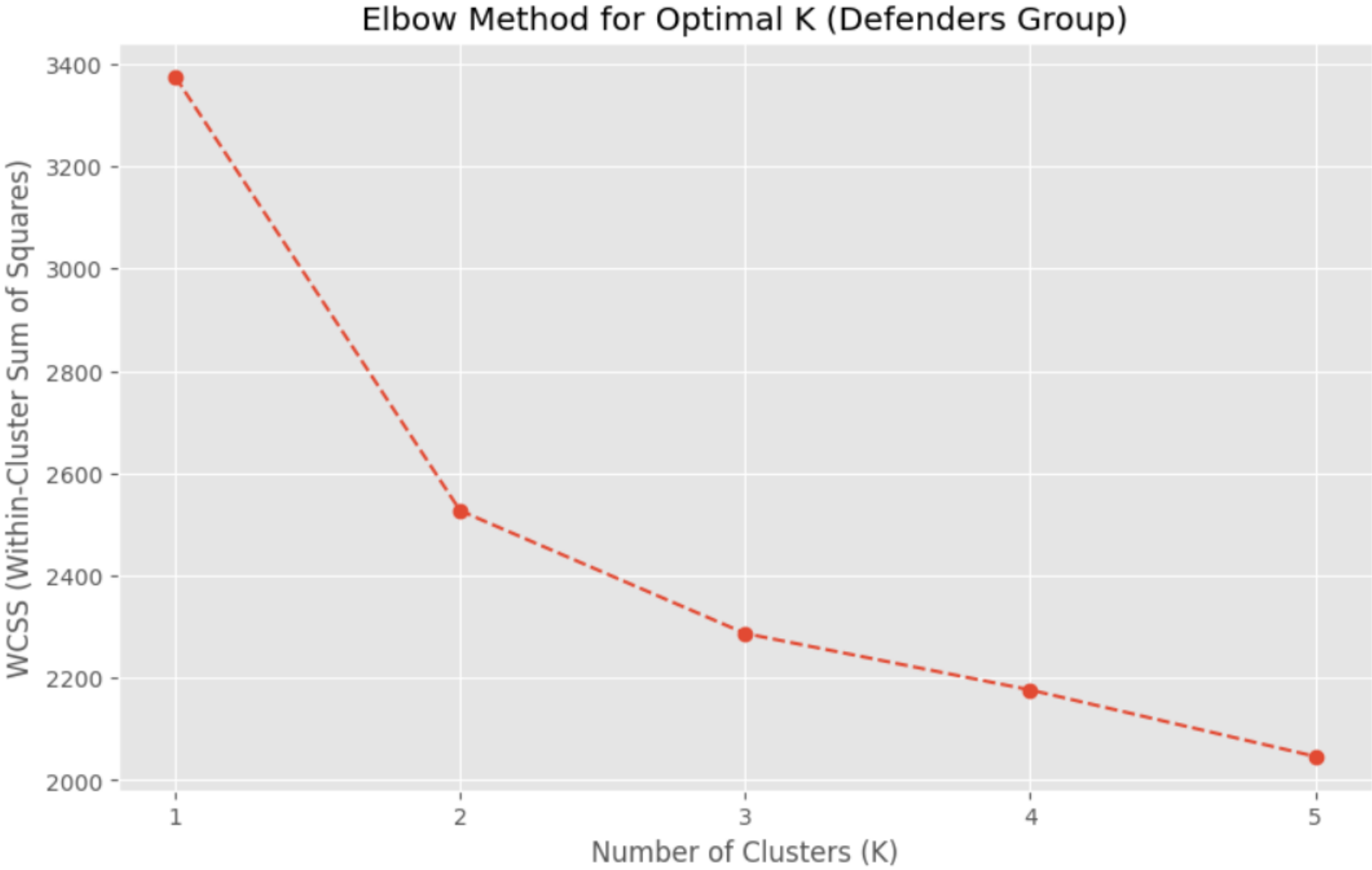
## Analysis Project: Uncovering Soccer Player Roles

### Section 7: Suggestions for next steps

- The model can be improved by further classifying dimension reduction for each of the different “traditional” playing positions (as dimension reduction was only applied to across “All players” rather than the individual groups of defenders, midfielders and attackers).
- This will then lead to even greater insight into the sub categorisation of “new” roles within the data.
- Analysis of how traditional roles have changed over time would be an interesting further project. Football adapts regularly to how successful teams play with lesser teams copying winning styles.
- I would also like to analyse the playing styles of teams within the data to understand how the clustering of average player styles has an influence on the overall team – but I would need a much larger data set beyond just 1 league to do this.

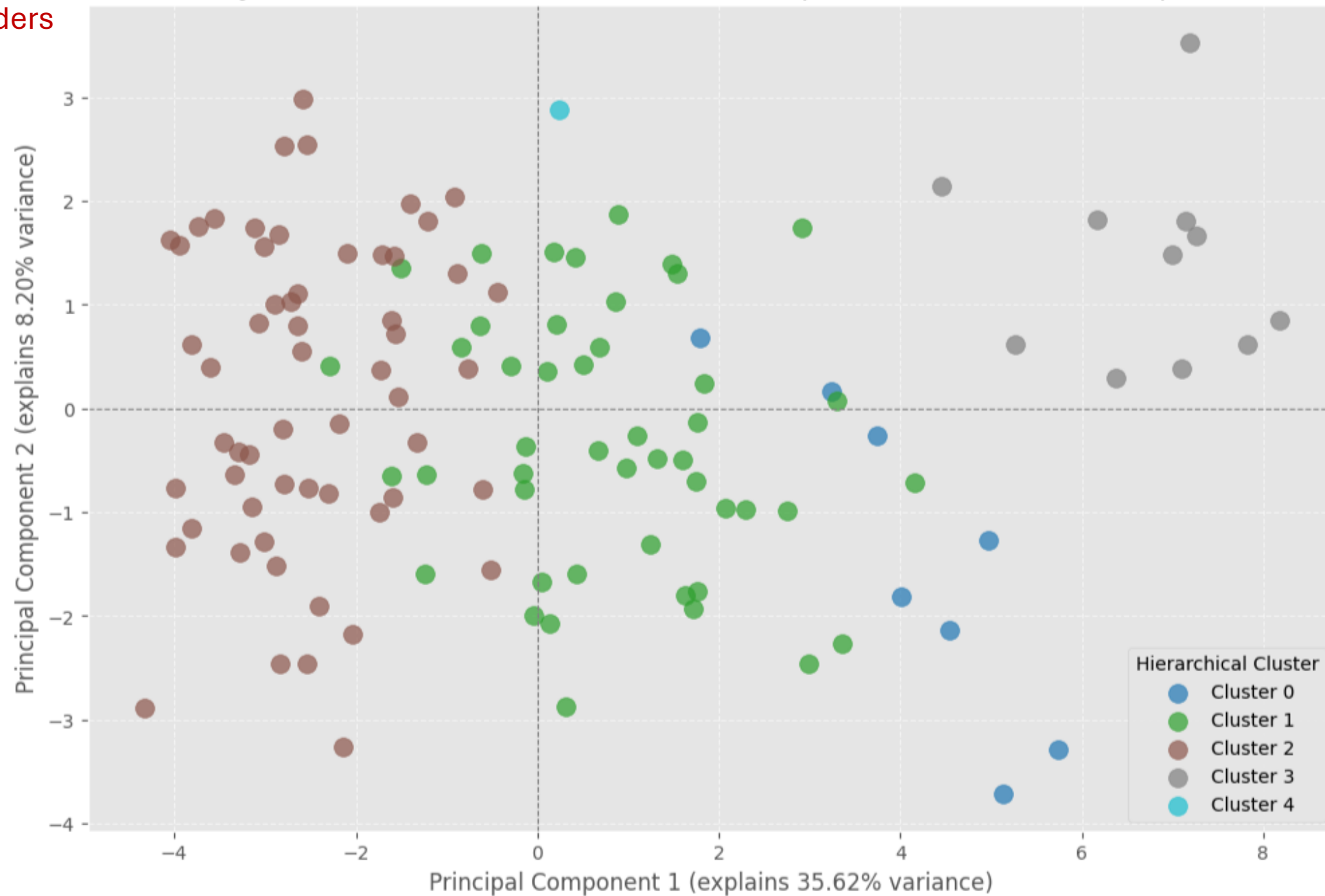
## **Appendix**

## **Appendix 1. K-Means Clustering**



Player Hierarchical Clusters (Defenders Group - K=5) in PCA-Reduced Space

Defenders

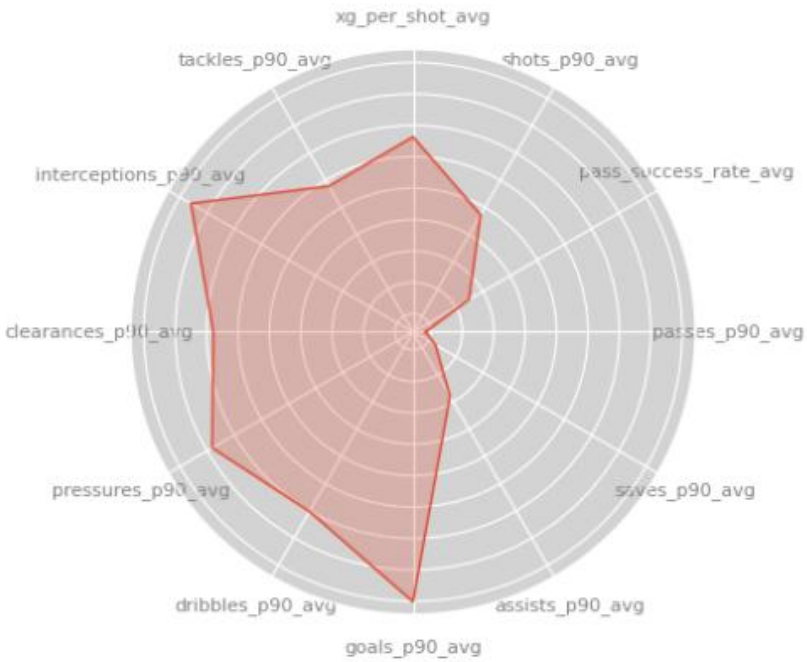


Radar Charts for Hierarchical Cluster Profiles (Defenders Group - K=5)

Defenders

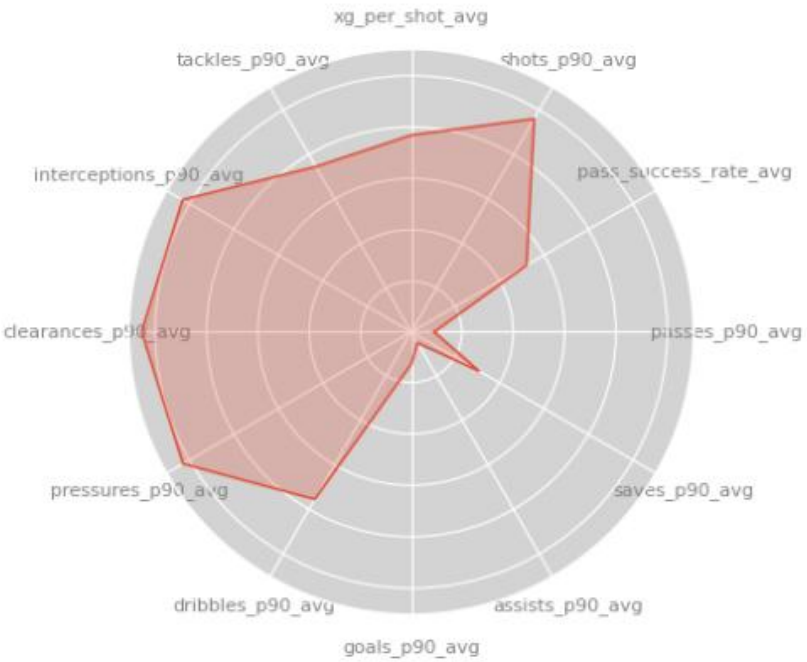
Radar Charts for Hierarchical Cluster Profiles (Defenders Group - K=5)

Hierarchical Cluster 0 Profile



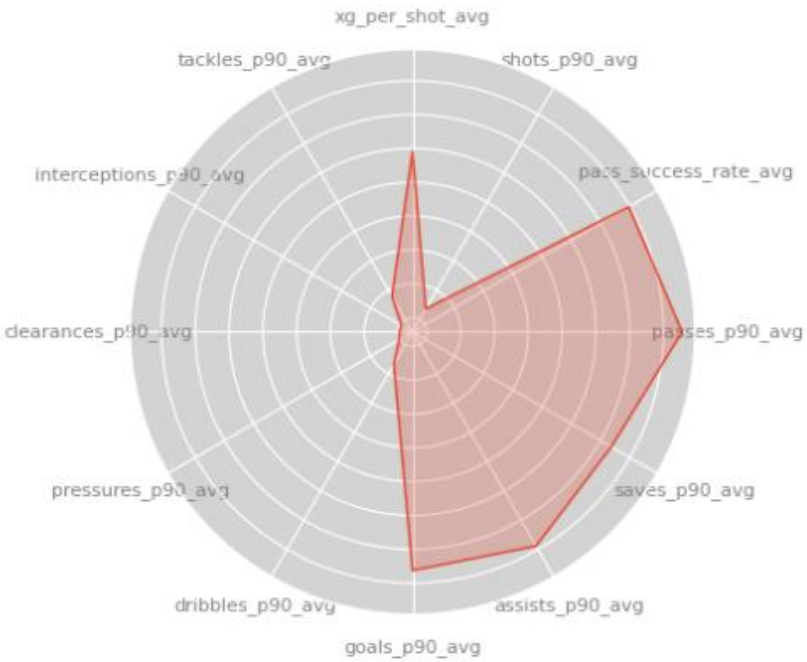
Cluster 0 Profile =  
Goalscoring Defenders

Hierarchical Cluster 1 Profile



Cluster 1 Profile =  
Shooting Defenders

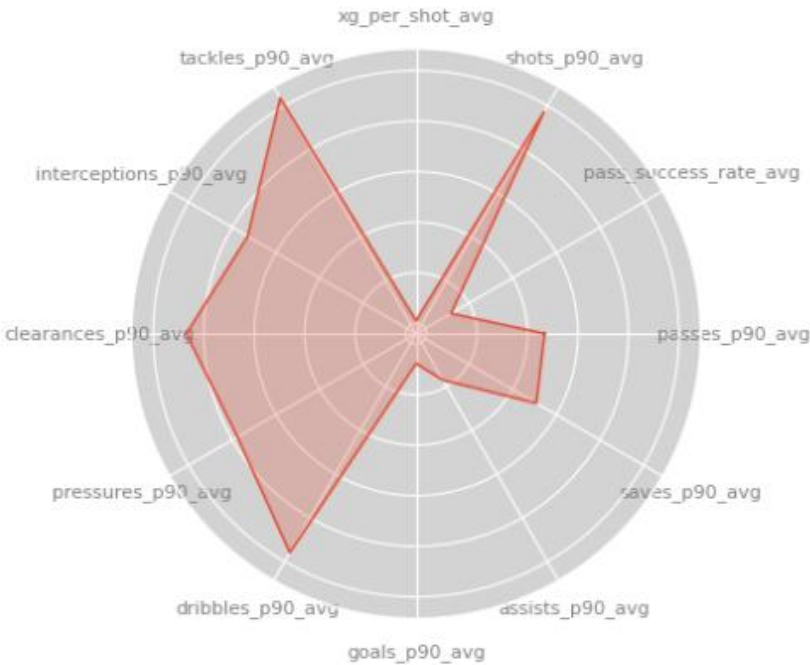
Hierarchical Cluster 2 Profile



Cluster 2 Profile =  
Assisting Defenders

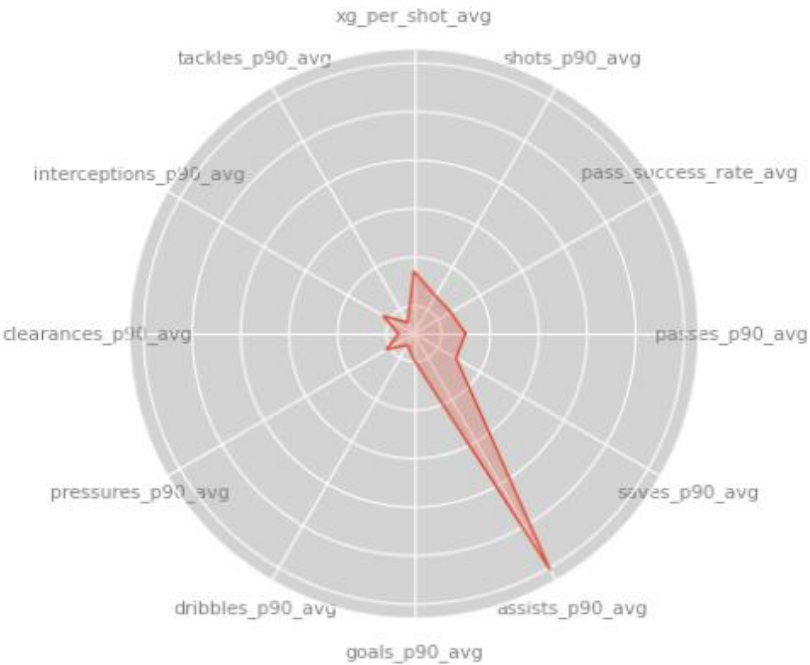
Defenders

Hierarchical Cluster 3 Profile

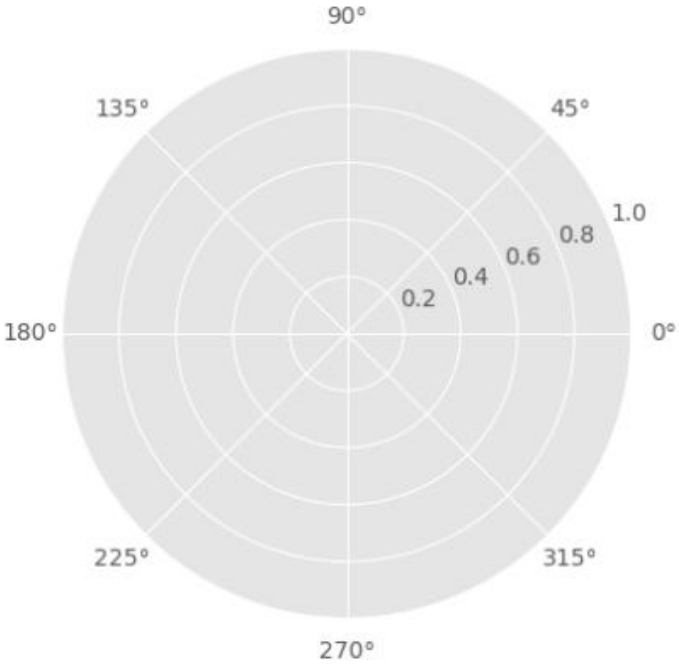


Cluster 3 Profile =  
Shooting & Tackling Defenders

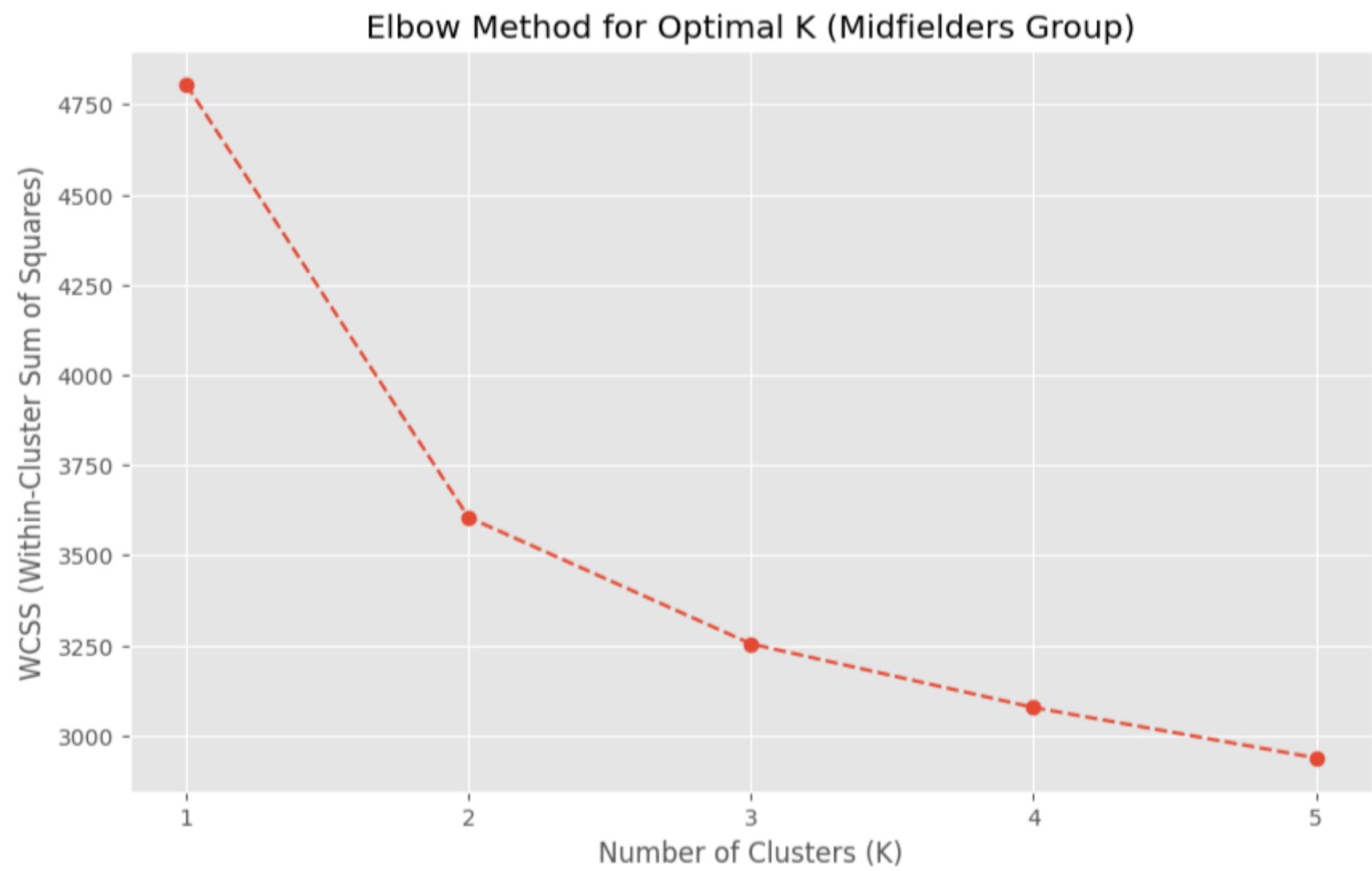
Hierarchical Cluster 4 Profile



Cluster 4 Profile =  
Outlier



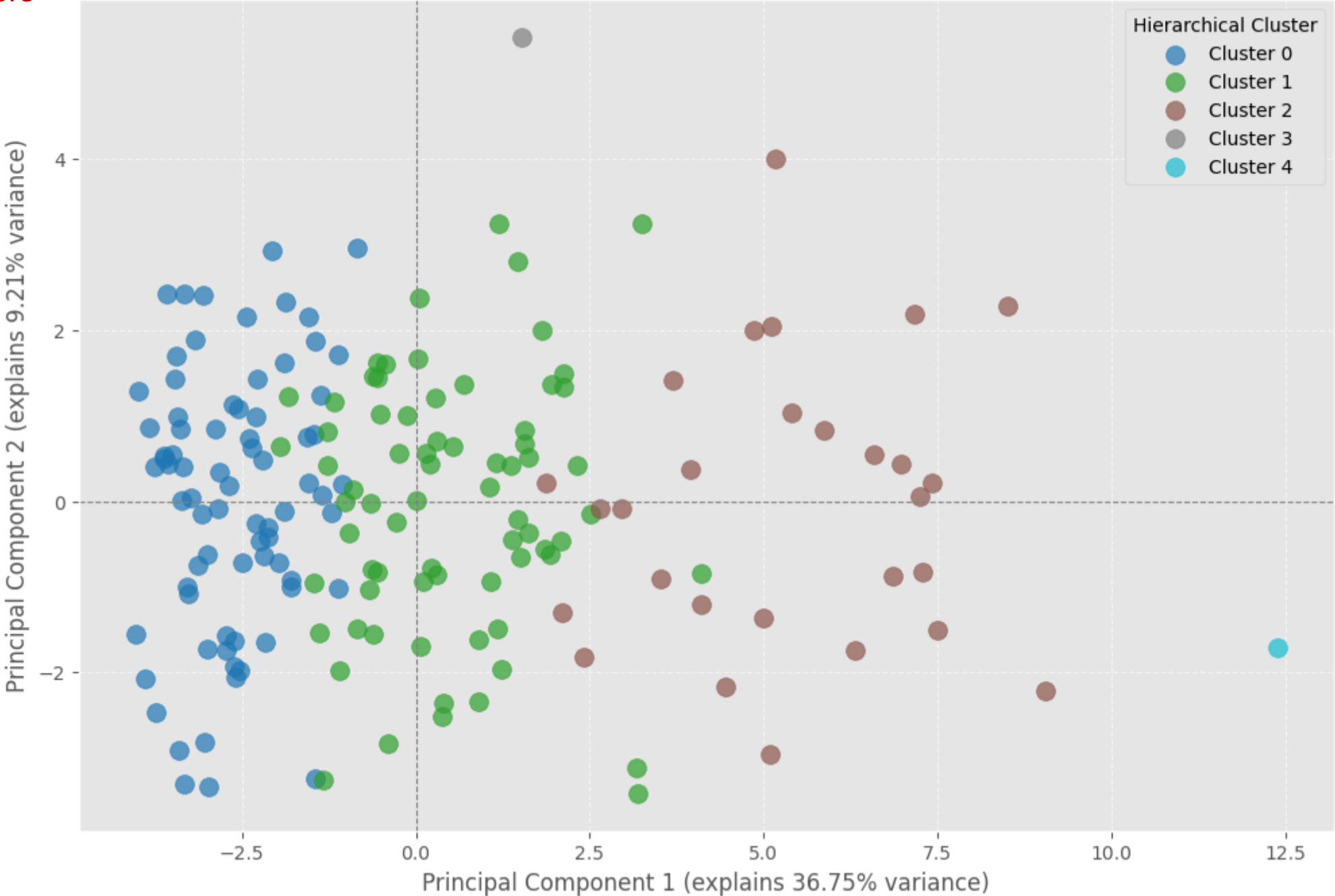
Midfielders





Midfielders

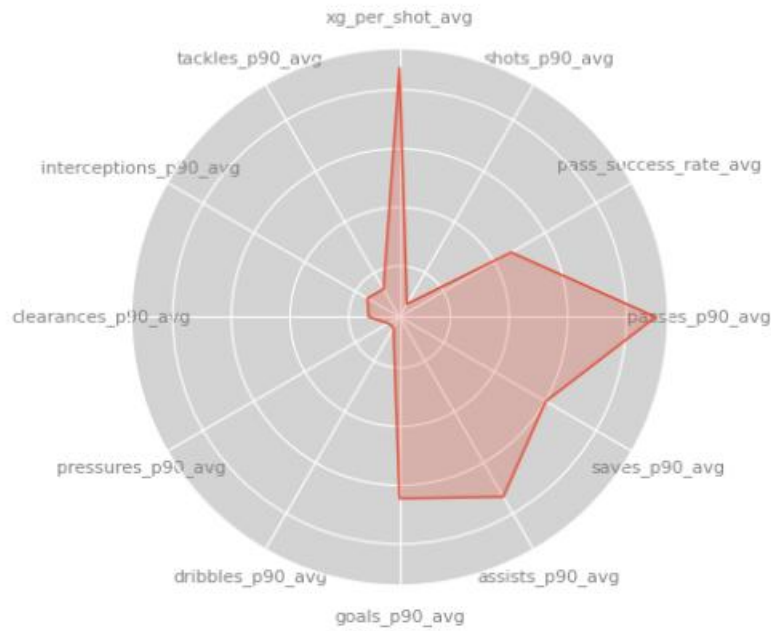
Player Hierarchical Clusters (Midfielders Group - K=5) in PCA-Reduced Space



# Midfielders

Radar Charts for Hierarchical Cluster Profiles (Midfielders Group - K=5)

Hierarchical Cluster 0 Profile



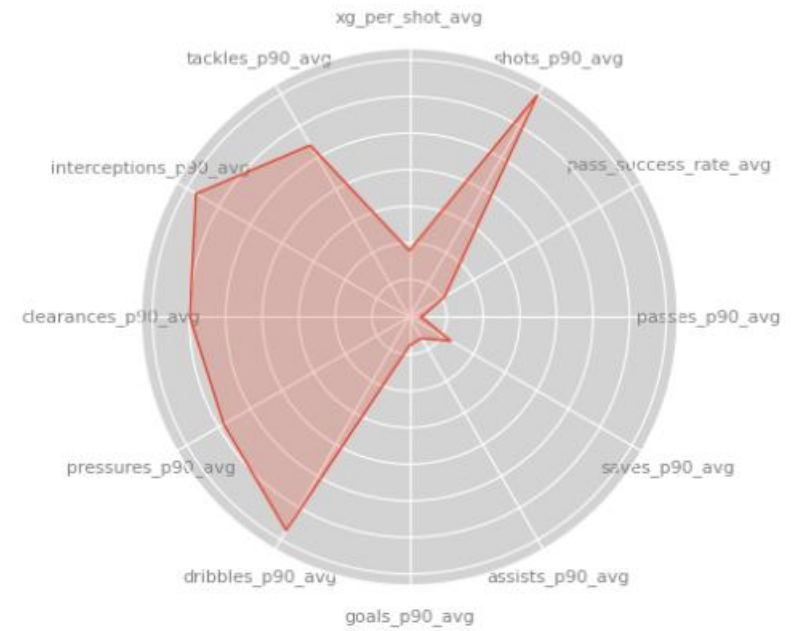
Cluster 0 Profile =  
Passing Midfielders

Hierarchical Cluster 1 Profile



Cluster 1 Profile =  
Successful Passing Midfielders

Hierarchical Cluster 2 Profile



Cluster 2 Profile =  
Defensive & Shooting Midfielders

Midfielders

Hierarchical Cluster 3 Profile

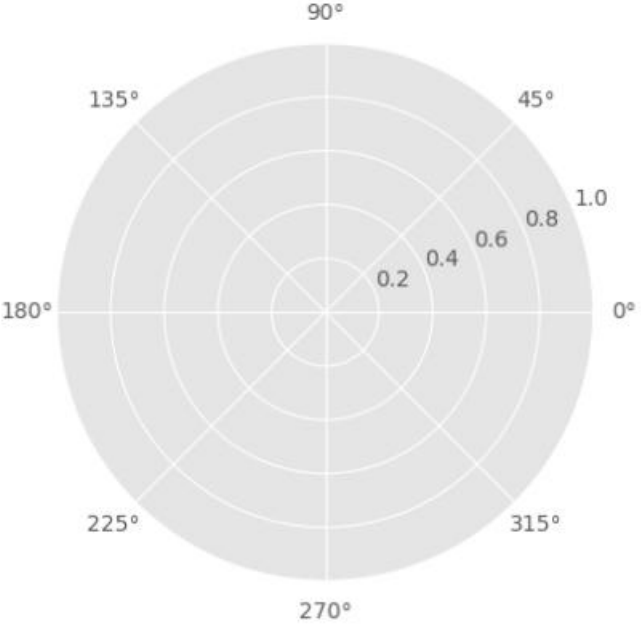


Cluster 3 Profile =  
(Outlier) Assisting Midfielders

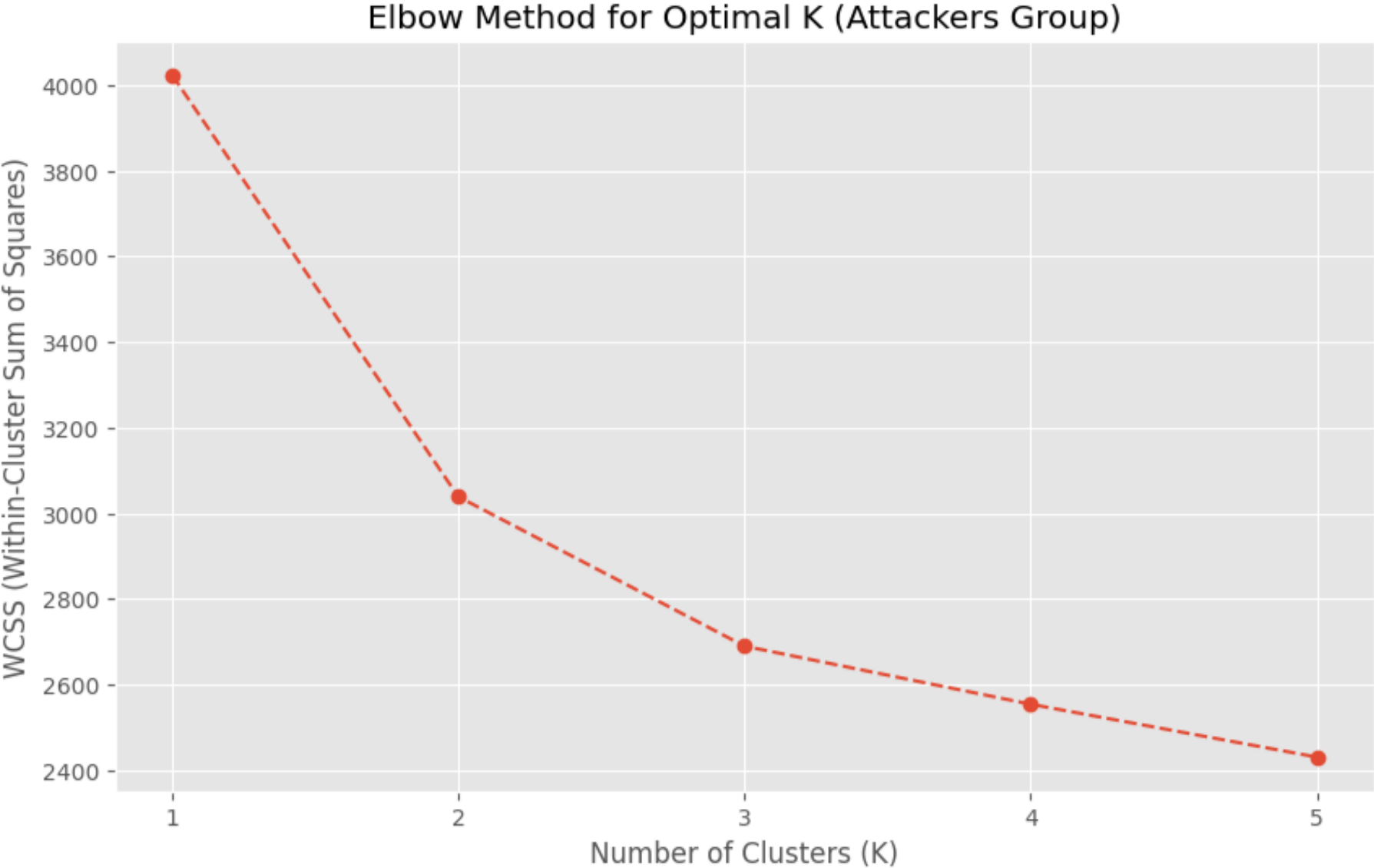
Hierarchical Cluster 4 Profile



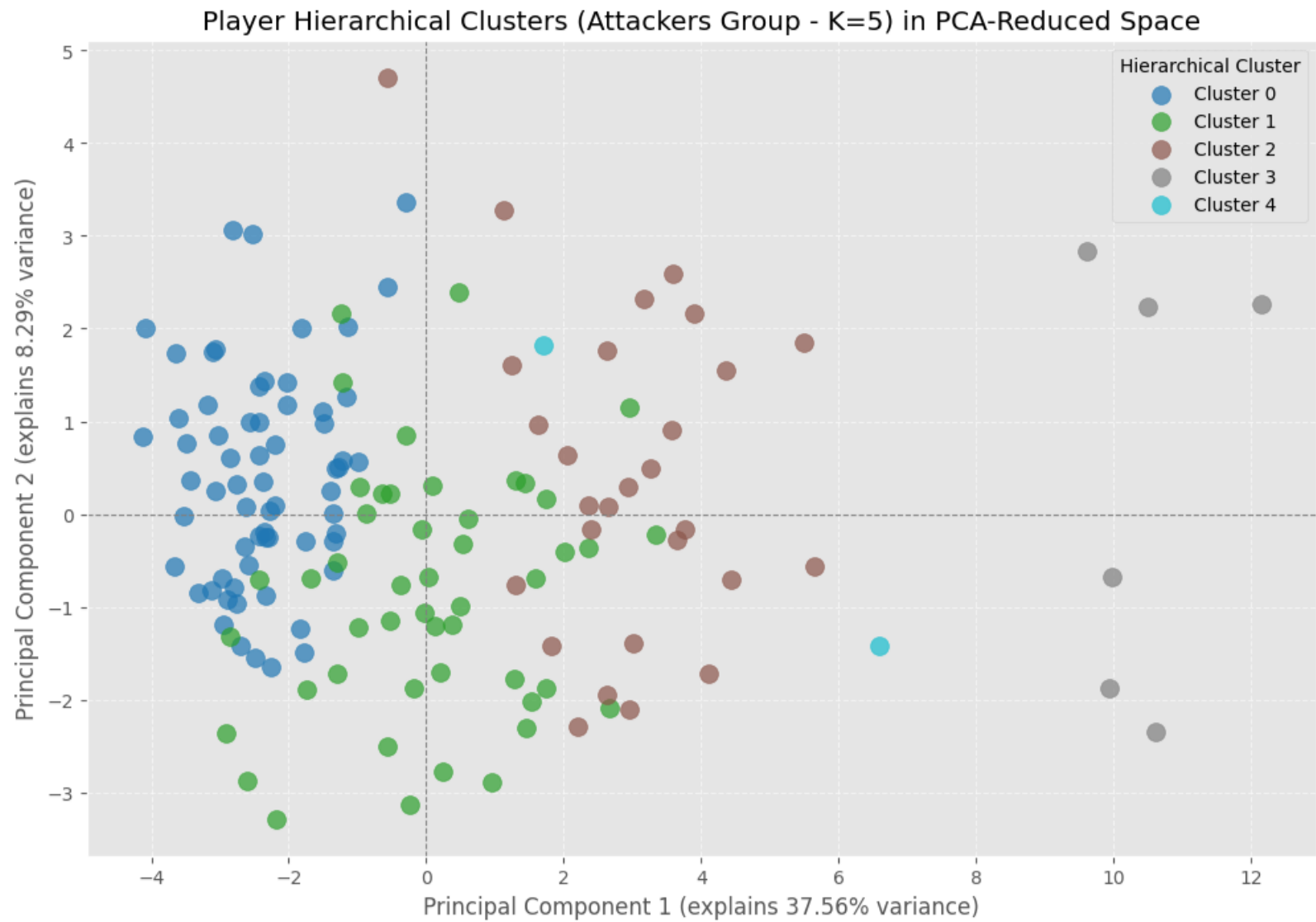
Cluster 4 Profile =  
(Outlier)



--- Step 3: Determining Optimal K using Elbow Method for Attackers ---

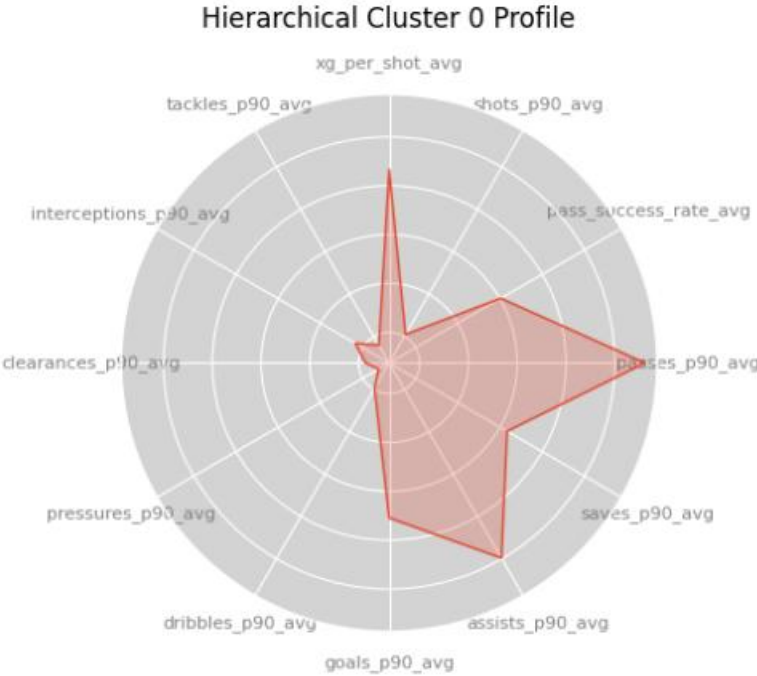


Attackers

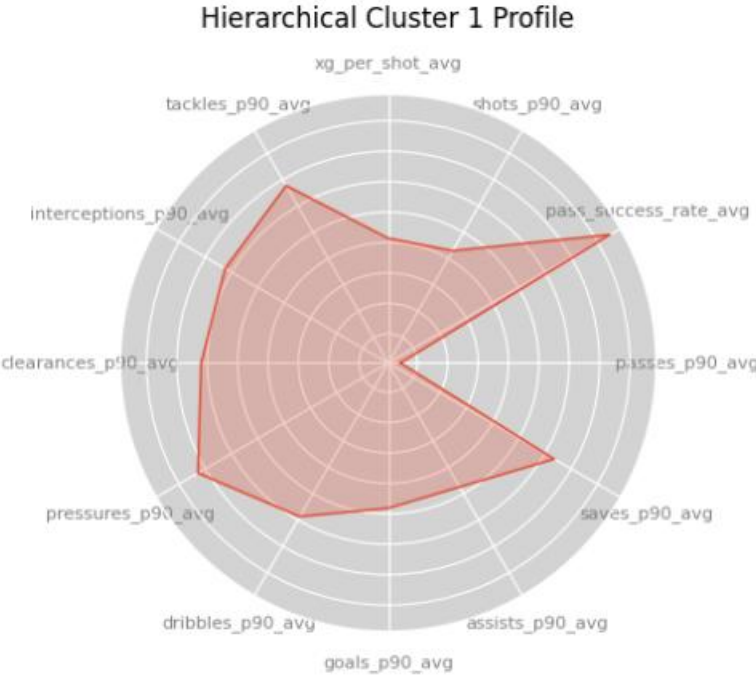


# Attackers

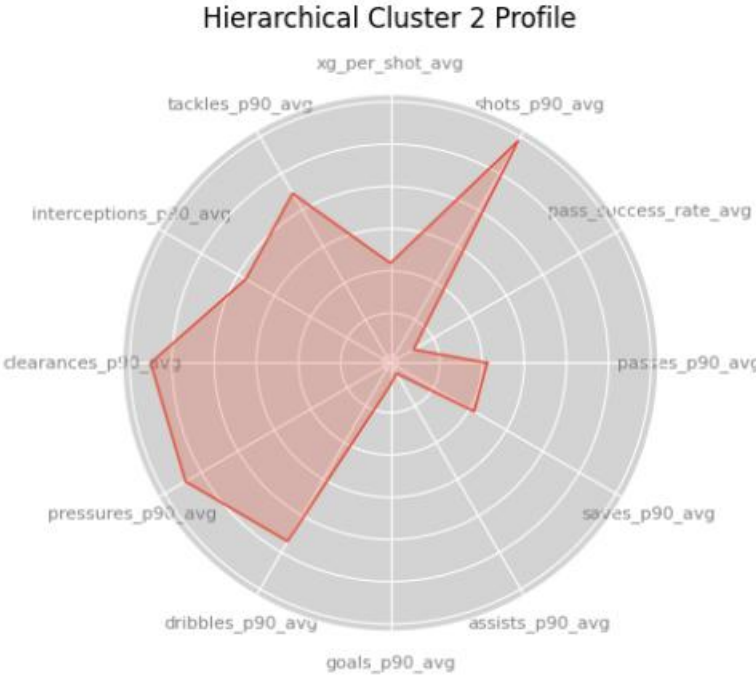
Radar Charts for Hierarchical Cluster Profiles (Attackers Group - K=5)



Cluster 0 Profile =  
Passing Attackers



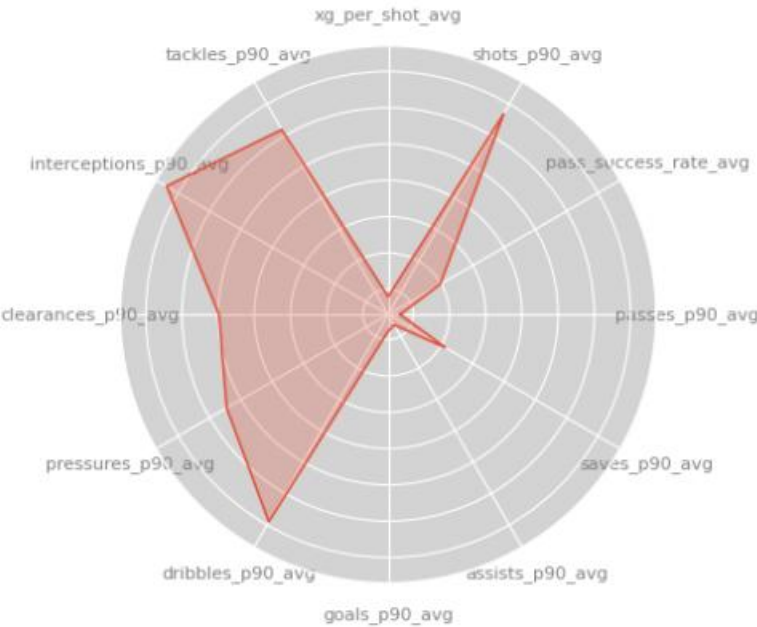
Cluster 1 Profile =  
High Press Attackers



Cluster 2 Profile =  
Pressure Attackers

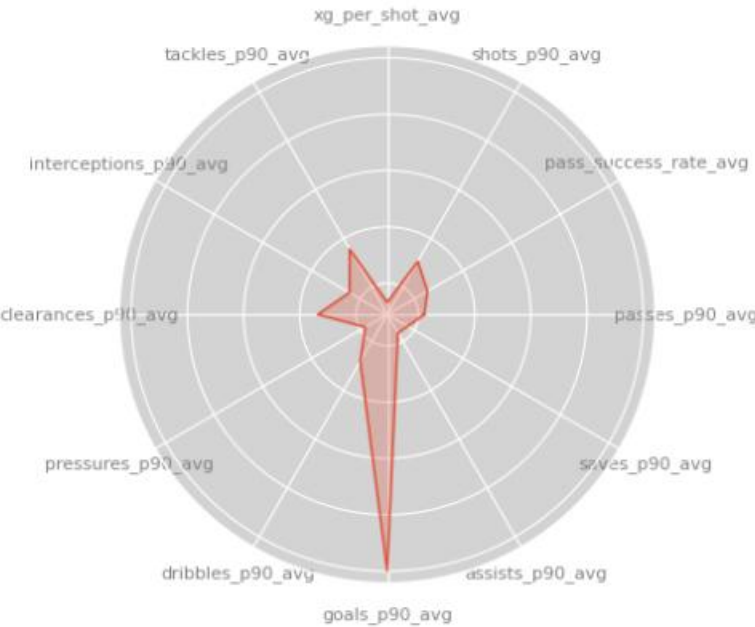
Attackers

Hierarchical Cluster 3 Profile

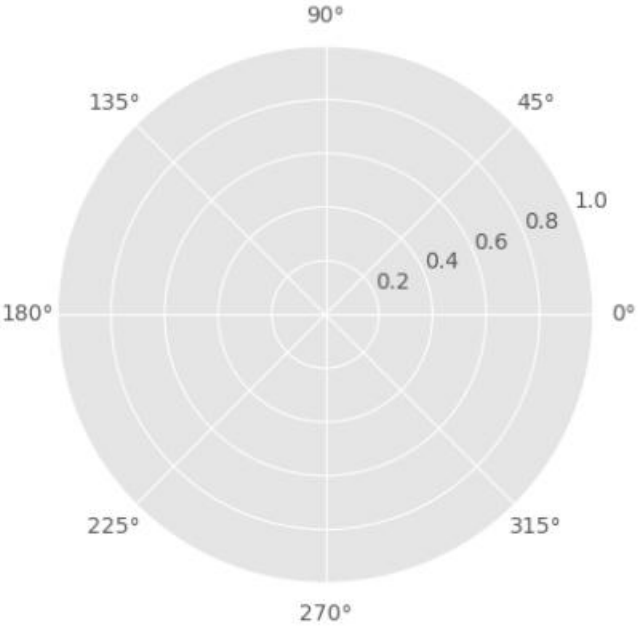


Cluster 3 Profile =  
Dribbling Attackers

Hierarchical Cluster 4 Profile



Cluster 4 Profile =  
Outlier

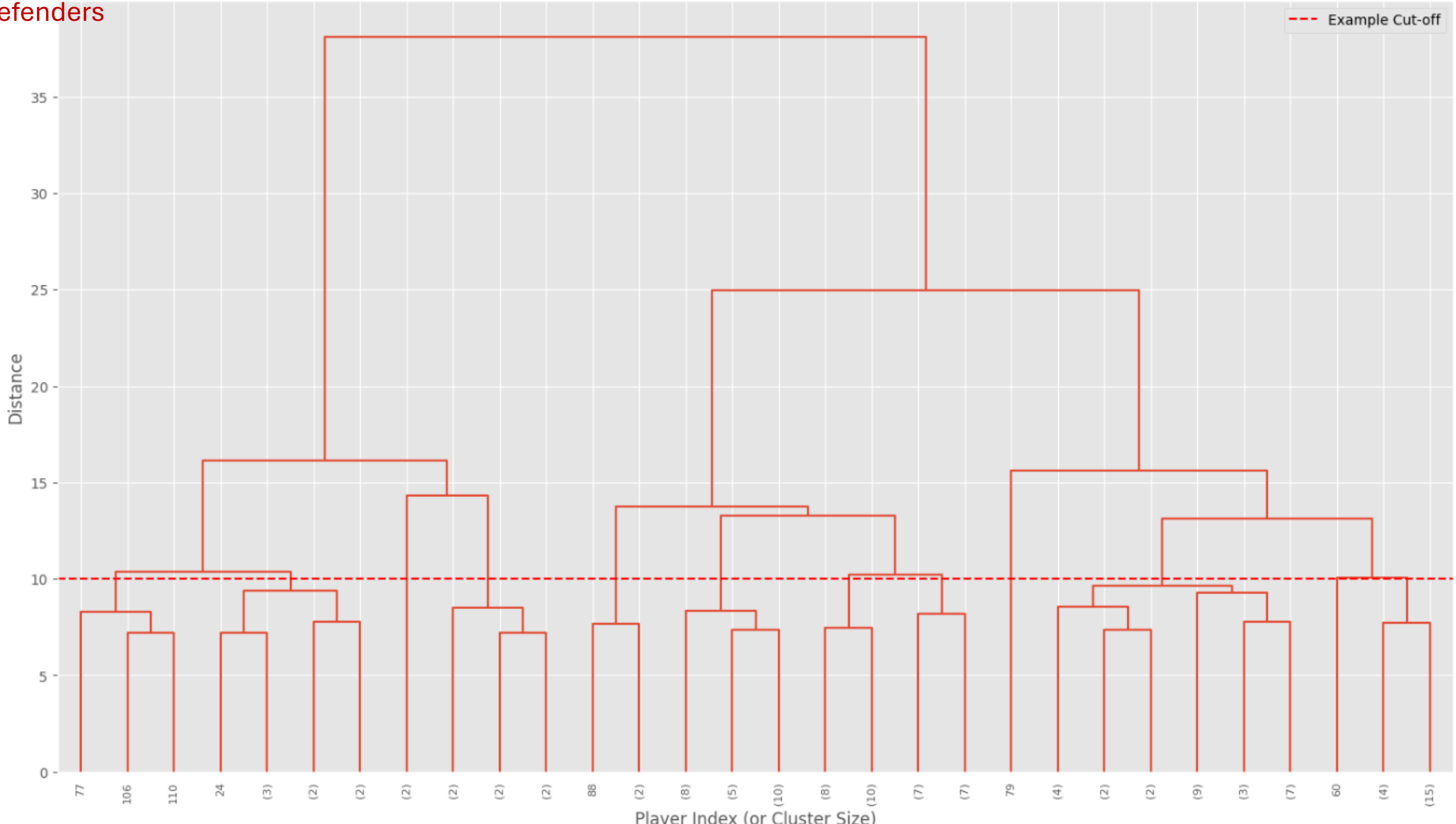


## **Appendix 2. Hierarchical Agglomerative Clustering**



Hierarchical Clustering Dendrogram (Defenders Group - Ward Linkage, Euclidean Distance)

Defenders



## Defenders

--- Step 5: Applying Hierarchical Clustering with K = 5 for Defenders ---  
Hierarchical clustering applied for Defenders group. 5 clusters identified.

--- Step 6: Interpreting Hierarchical Clusters - Player Role Profiles for Defenders ---

Average (Unscaled) P90 Stats for Each Hierarchical Cluster (Defenders Group Profiles):

	hierarchical_cluster	passes_p90_avg	progressive_pass_distance_p90_avg	\
0	0	87.102505	1425.726255	
1	1	88.545461	1386.378126	
2	2	89.320804	913.776136	
3	3	91.610137	2292.819426	
4	4	92.776153	1055.399808	
		passes_into_final_third_p90_avg	key_passes_p90_avg	short_passes_p90_avg \
0		11.662796	10.043173	63.645328
1		12.534991	6.577231	66.078320
2		13.193213	4.423827	66.630947
3		12.895684	9.723841	69.741204
4		14.652253	4.507071	69.228707
		long_passes_p90_avg	through_balls_p90_avg	shots_p90_avg \
0		11.374600	12.082578	6.994133
1		11.717968	10.749173	6.622470
2		11.525853	11.164004	4.322319
3		11.200284	10.668649	10.646584
4		13.325816	10.221629	7.501914
		shots_on_target_p90_avg ...	fouls_committed_p90_avg	fouls_won_p90_avg \
0		3.199872 ...	8.457678	8.647107
1		3.539317 ...	5.252385	5.242966
2		2.087121 ...	3.545957	3.381322
3		6.525876 ...	10.021730	8.660163
4		3.644636 ...	6.334642	7.693968

Defenders

	goals_p90_avg	assists_p90_avg	saves_p90_avg	aerial_duels_won_p90_avg	\
0	0.296801	0.013594	0.447174	14.553094	
1	0.035432	0.004059	0.932029	9.731207	
2	0.051079	0.016920	0.910753	6.240501	
3	0.007880	0.012000	1.945818	16.034476	
4	0.045202	0.818182	2.058703	6.089853	

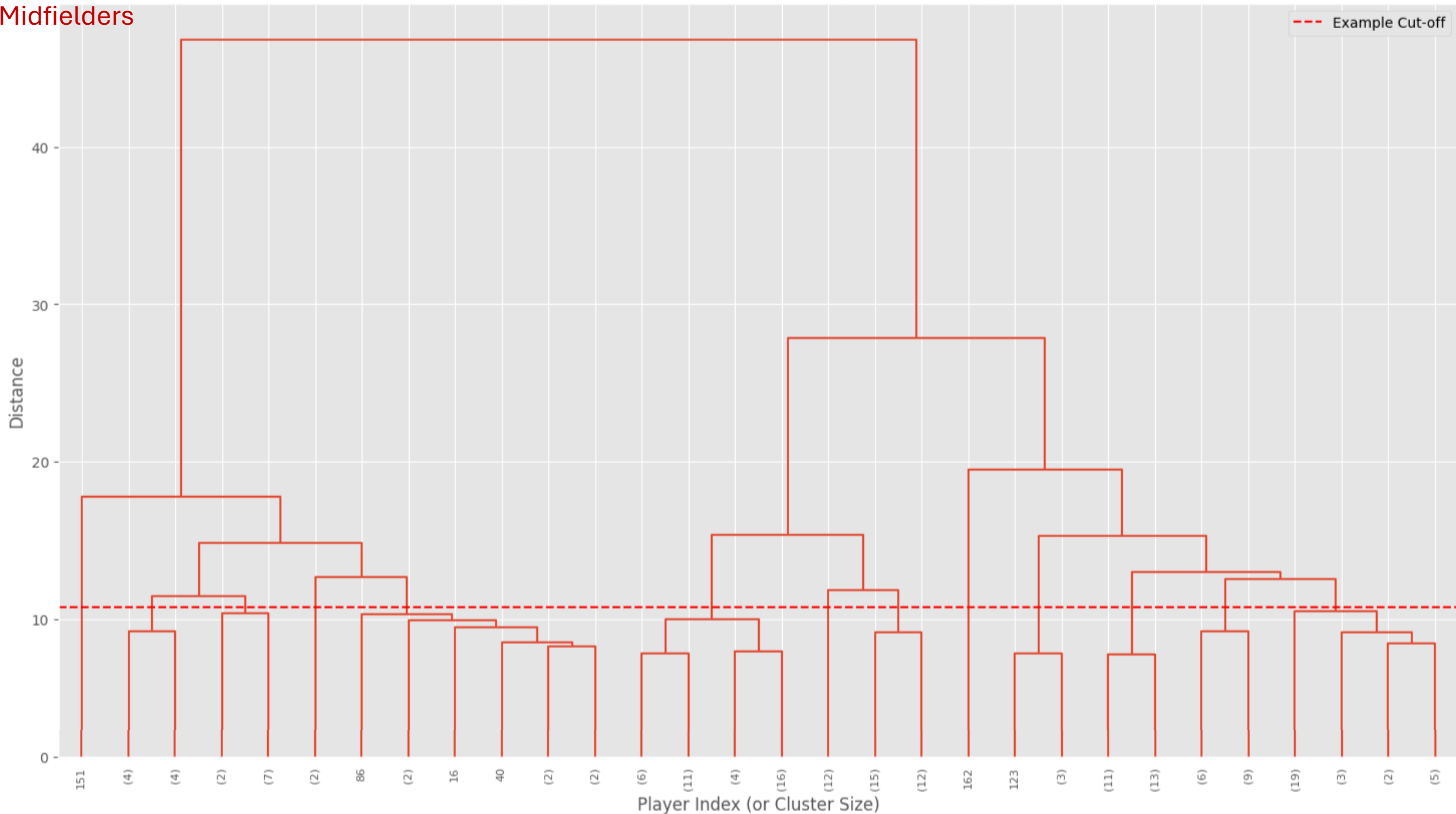
	pass_success_rate_avg	xg_per_shot_avg	player_average_x_avg	\
0	0.796545	0.178501	49.810718	
1	0.798766	0.165173	47.670630	
2	0.798015	0.157943	46.116756	
3	0.795664	0.153033	45.464773	
4	0.805273	0.187818	41.969091	

	player_average_y_avg
0	36.606629
1	33.946672
2	34.460962
3	34.966430
4	36.750909

[5 rows x 28 columns]

Hierarchical Clustering Dendrogram (Midfielders Group - Ward Linkage, Euclidean Distance)

Midfielders



## Midfielders

--- Step 6: Interpreting Hierarchical Clusters - Player Role Profiles for Midfielders ---

Average (Unscaled) P90 Stats for Each Hierarchical Cluster (Midfielders Group Profiles):

	hierarchical_cluster	passes_p90_avg	progressive_pass_distance_p90_avg	\	
0	0	89.980474	904.107450		
1	1	89.439772	1397.804538		
2	2	88.920768	2039.054159		
3	3	94.802082	2157.971300		
4	4	84.798772	3566.810465		
	passes_into_final_third_p90_avg	key_passes_p90_avg	short_passes_p90_avg	\	
0	13.033393	4.512564	67.425813		
1	12.737943	6.746100	66.413392		
2	12.476677	10.553899	66.366778		
3	15.166080	10.058174	71.047063		
4	11.180620	16.895618	64.133107		
	long_passes_p90_avg	through_balls_p90_avg	shots_p90_avg	\	
0	11.240793	11.313868	4.094475		
1	11.489306	11.537075	6.568862		
2	11.428182	11.125808	10.430148		
3	10.038010	13.717008	7.899591		
4	10.137598	10.528066	12.108950		
	shots_on_target_p90_avg	... fouls_committed_p90_avg	fouls_won_p90_avg	\	
0	2.135139	...	3.516987	3.716409	
1	3.197267	...	5.590773	5.575776	
2	4.814188	...	8.483806	8.656715	
3	6.446880	...	4.043466	4.664597	
4	6.455650	...	11.908975	8.105487	
	goals_p90_avg	assists_p90_avg	saves_p90_avg	aerial_duels_won_p90_avg	\
0	0.025250	0.011987	0.715626	6.376367	
1	0.041883	0.011181	1.068345	9.296787	
2	0.029714	0.008991	1.098142	15.137588	
3	0.020284	1.764706	0.777561	13.747513	
4	0.000000	0.000000	14.603226	19.388801	

# Midfielders

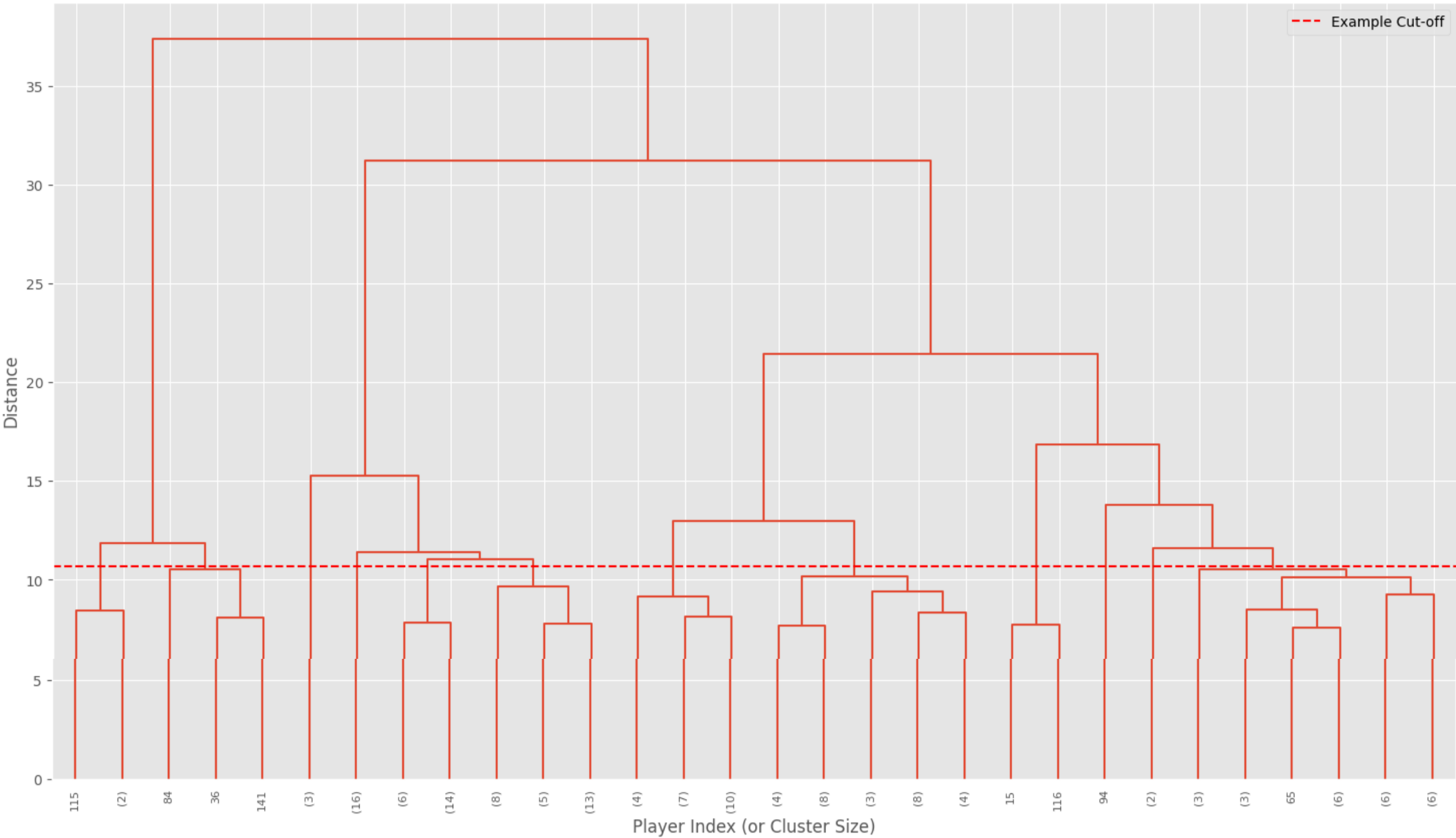
	pass_success_rate_avg	xg_per_shot_avg	player_average_x_avg	\
0	0.796814	0.165267	49.363108	
1	0.804674	0.161904	49.303111	
2	0.800922	0.167220	50.073379	
3	0.802745	0.146373	47.900000	
4	0.790400	0.154700	50.656000	

	player_average_y_avg
0	34.026311
1	34.453742
2	34.488097
3	33.698039
4	36.172000

[5 rows x 28 columns]

Attackers

Hierarchical Clustering Dendrogram (Attackers Group - Ward Linkage, Euclidean Distance)



# Attackers

--- Step 6: Interpreting Hierarchical Clusters - Player Role Profiles for Attackers ---

Average (Unscaled) P90 Stats for Each Hierarchical Cluster (Attackers Group Profiles):

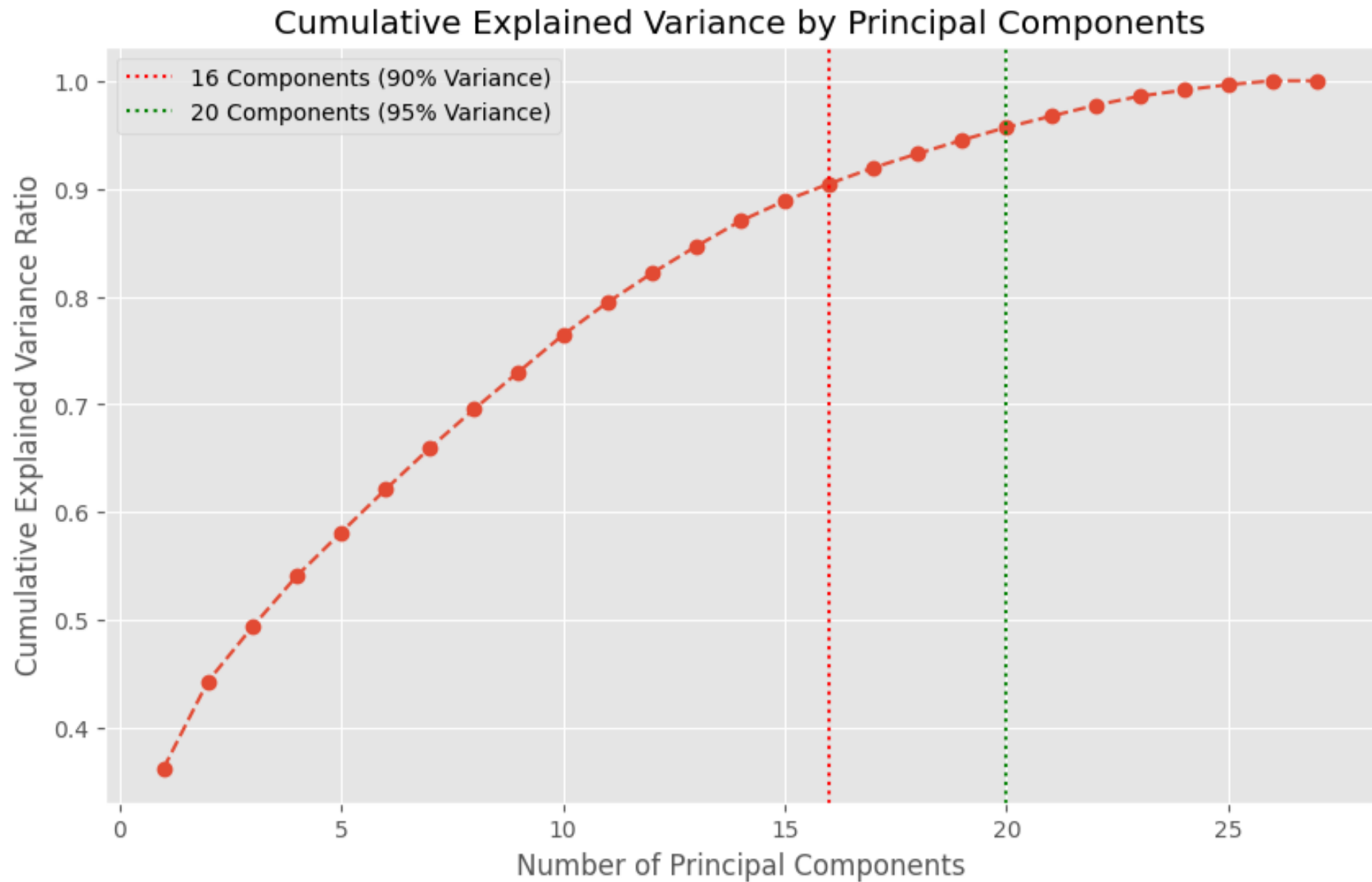
hierarchical_cluster	passes_p90_avg	progressive_pass_distance_p90_avg	\	
0	90.460286	906.203501		
1	87.186536	1299.249205		
2	90.089376	1826.975808		
3	88.588289	2618.439728		
4	90.021179	1635.759964		
passes_into_final_third_p90_avg	key_passes_p90_avg	short_passes_p90_avg	\	
0	13.476219	4.752736	67.430429	
1	12.761032	6.658470	65.759500	
2	12.865527	7.673762	66.110395	
3	12.952518	16.543581	64.887488	
4	11.526287	9.095740	66.505595	
long_passes_p90_avg	through_balls_p90_avg	shots_p90_avg	\	
0	11.544201	11.485656	4.424309	
1	10.825426	10.601610	5.701106	
2	11.790350	12.188631	9.189757	
3	12.476955	11.223847	14.862116	
4	11.369690	12.145894	9.442343	
shots_on_target_p90_avg	...	fouls_committed_p90_avg	fouls_won_p90_avg \	
0	2.111839 ...	3.726141	3.760920	
1	2.764844 ...	5.014848	5.121832	
2	5.202430 ...	7.101836	6.785717	
3	7.875861 ...	11.028391	11.526195	
4	5.052271 ...	5.226972	8.187361	
goals_p90_avg	assists_p90_avg	saves_p90_avg	aerial_duels_won_p90_avg \	
0	0.039217	0.011897	0.850750	6.395642
1	0.034437	0.004933	1.245038	9.392391
2	0.032300	0.003802	1.614254	12.695045
3	0.034847	0.003797	2.272862	23.120552
4	1.458698	0.000000	0.642797	17.439435



# Attackers

	pass_success_rate_avg	xg_per_shot_avg	player_average_x_avg	\
0	0.797026	0.167283	51.483591	
1	0.801840	0.162856	52.142158	
2	0.797986	0.170276	53.254496	
3	0.804405	0.164342	52.187077	
4	0.805046	0.154179	53.514424	
	player_average_y_avg			
0	35.354846			
1	33.550242			
2	34.892962			
3	35.040776			
4	36.126866			
[5 rows x 28 columns]				

## **Appendix 3. Dimensionality Reduction (PCA) followed by K-Means Clustering**



The graph indicates that reducing the analysis down to 16 player attributes will cover 90% of the data.

# Proposed reduced attributes:

## All Players

Choosing 16 components to explain at least 90% of the variance.  
Data reduced to 16 principal components.  
Total variance explained by 16 components: 90.45%

First 5 rows of PCA-transformed data:

	PC1	PC2	PC3	PC4	PC5	PC6	PC7	\
0	-1.355154	0.542808	-0.568607	-0.740069	0.960271	-0.492207	0.904291	
1	-2.479231	-1.636707	0.171132	-1.559970	0.216546	-1.415808	1.990674	
2	-1.219831	0.003976	-0.078722	-1.399139	-0.616900	-2.273230	-1.105552	
3	2.898293	-0.201247	-0.550764	0.038199	-0.776348	0.171285	-1.719444	
4	-1.840498	0.965142	0.184873	-0.508857	0.142508	-0.400520	-0.612956	

	PC8	PC9	PC10	PC11	PC12	PC13	PC14	\
0	-1.389154	-0.415963	0.281390	0.836873	-0.617269	-0.244182	0.445545	
1	-1.582835	0.784925	0.363578	1.988404	0.397200	0.805389	0.260309	
2	0.004633	-0.023092	1.475459	0.976967	0.922590	-0.179838	1.093242	
3	1.010762	-0.332277	0.376879	0.206040	0.747590	-1.210135	-1.220878	
4	-0.763550	-0.715268	1.362252	0.728449	-0.356206	-0.842242	0.109863	

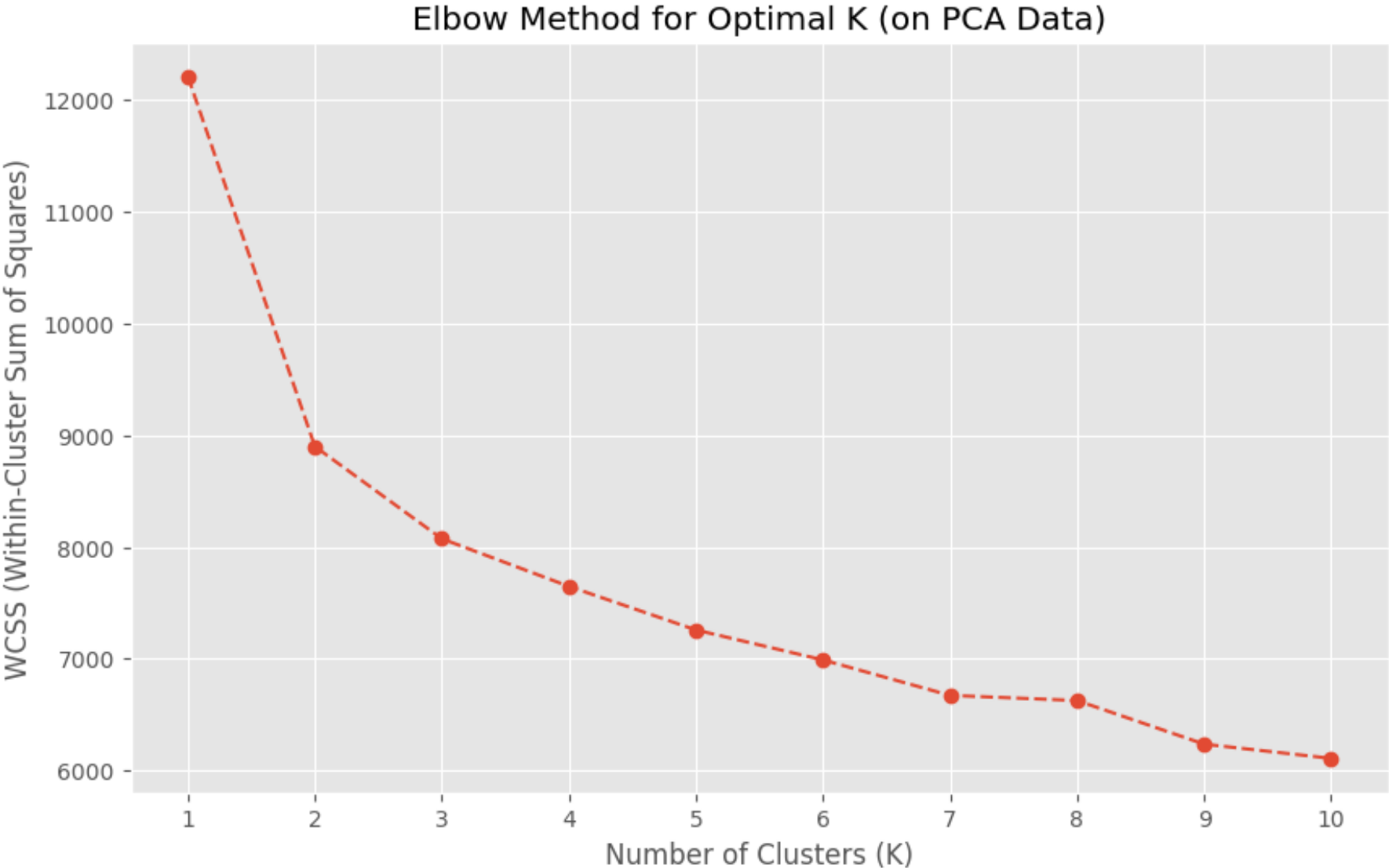
	PC15	PC16
0	0.306044	-0.343308
1	0.234577	0.289136
2	0.724470	0.253484
3	-1.216191	-0.143869
4	-0.085528	0.210919

--- Interpretation of Principal Components (Loadings) ---

Top 5 features contributing to each Principal Component:

PC1: ['progressive\_carries\_p90\_avg', 'dribbles\_p90\_avg', 'aerial\_duels\_won\_p90\_avg', 'shots\_p90\_avg', 'interceptions\_p90\_avg']  
PC2: ['passes\_p90\_avg', 'short\_passes\_p90\_avg', 'passes\_into\_final\_third\_p90\_avg', 'long\_passes\_p90\_avg', 'through\_balls\_p90\_avg']  
PC3: ['saves\_p90\_avg', 'player\_average\_x\_avg', 'xg\_per\_shot\_avg', 'goals\_p90\_avg', 'player\_average\_y\_avg']  
PC4: ['through\_balls\_p90\_avg', 'saves\_p90\_avg', 'player\_average\_y\_avg', 'long\_passes\_p90\_avg', 'goals\_p90\_avg']  
PC5: ['long\_passes\_p90\_avg', 'assists\_p90\_avg', 'goals\_p90\_avg', 'pass\_success\_rate\_avg', 'xg\_per\_shot\_avg']  
PC6: ['pass\_success\_rate\_avg', 'assists\_p90\_avg', 'xg\_per\_shot\_avg', 'player\_average\_x\_avg', 'saves\_p90\_avg']  
PC7: ['long\_passes\_p90\_avg', 'short\_passes\_p90\_avg', 'player\_average\_y\_avg', 'assists\_p90\_avg', 'pass\_success\_rate\_avg']  
PC8: ['xg\_per\_shot\_avg', 'pass\_success\_rate\_avg', 'player\_average\_y\_avg', 'goals\_p90\_avg', 'through\_balls\_p90\_avg']  
PC9: ['goals\_p90\_avg', 'pass\_success\_rate\_avg', 'player\_average\_y\_avg', 'assists\_p90\_avg', 'player\_average\_x\_avg']  
PC10: ['assists\_p90\_avg', 'through\_balls\_p90\_avg', 'player\_average\_y\_avg', 'goals\_p90\_avg', 'pass\_success\_rate\_avg']  
PC11: ['player\_average\_x\_avg', 'xg\_per\_shot\_avg', 'player\_average\_y\_avg', 'long\_passes\_p90\_avg', 'assists\_p90\_avg']  
PC12: ['passes\_into\_final\_third\_p90\_avg', 'carries\_into\_final\_third\_p90\_avg', 'through\_balls\_p90\_avg', 'successful\_dribbles\_p90\_avg', 'shots\_on\_target\_p90\_avg']  
PC13: ['passes\_into\_final\_third\_p90\_avg', 'shots\_on\_target\_p90\_avg', 'carries\_into\_final\_third\_p90\_avg', 'shots\_p90\_avg', 'passes\_p90\_avg']  
PC14: ['successful\_dribbles\_p90\_avg', 'shots\_on\_target\_p90\_avg', 'shots\_p90\_avg', 'dribbles\_p90\_avg', 'carries\_into\_final\_third\_p90\_avg']  
PC15: ['saves\_p90\_avg', 'key\_passes\_p90\_avg', 'clearances\_p90\_avg', 'fouls\_committed\_p90\_avg', 'aerial\_duels\_won\_p90\_avg']  
PC16: ['key\_passes\_p90\_avg', 'saves\_p90\_avg', 'aerial\_duels\_won\_p90\_avg', 'successful\_dribbles\_p90\_avg', 'progressive\_pass\_distance\_p90\_avg']

--- Step 2: K-Means Clustering on PCA-reduced Data ---



# All Players

Average (Scaled) P90 Stats for Each Player Archetype:

archetype_cluster	passes_p90_avg	progressive_pass_distance_p90_avg	\
0	-0.099692	1.605678	
1	-0.808830	-0.599380	
2	-0.103856	0.527788	
3	0.787649	-0.508171	
4	1.463906	1.612586	

archetype_cluster	passes_into_final_third_p90_avg	key_passes_p90_avg	\
0	-0.298327	1.720747	
1	-0.390013	-0.552369	
2	-0.226431	0.432235	
3	0.614061	-0.494412	
4	1.811050	1.277189	

archetype_cluster	short_passes_p90_avg	long_passes_p90_avg	\
0	-0.085617	0.129194	
1	-0.725666	-0.267141	
2	-0.142084	-0.037427	
3	0.750215	0.219572	
4	1.302581	-0.867721	

archetype_cluster	through_balls_p90_avg	shots_p90_avg	\
0	-0.189478	1.779364	
1	-0.106679	-0.549101	
2	0.099236	0.473915	
3	0.048177	-0.550052	
4	1.615479	0.646811	

archetype_cluster	shots_on_target_p90_avg	tackles_p90_avg	...	\
0	1.427451	1.759310	...	
1	-0.481191	-0.541569	...	
2	0.452989	0.422486	...	
3	-0.482734	-0.504627	...	
4	1.923700	0.931448	...	

# All Players

archetype_cluster	fouls_committed_p90_avg	fouls_won_p90_avg	goals_p90_avg	\
0	1.799234	1.764301	0.090823	
1	-0.538729	-0.600140	-0.098462	
2	0.377468	0.488286	0.110638	
3	-0.470096	-0.510889	-0.047421	
4	-0.448668	-0.204380	-0.185853	

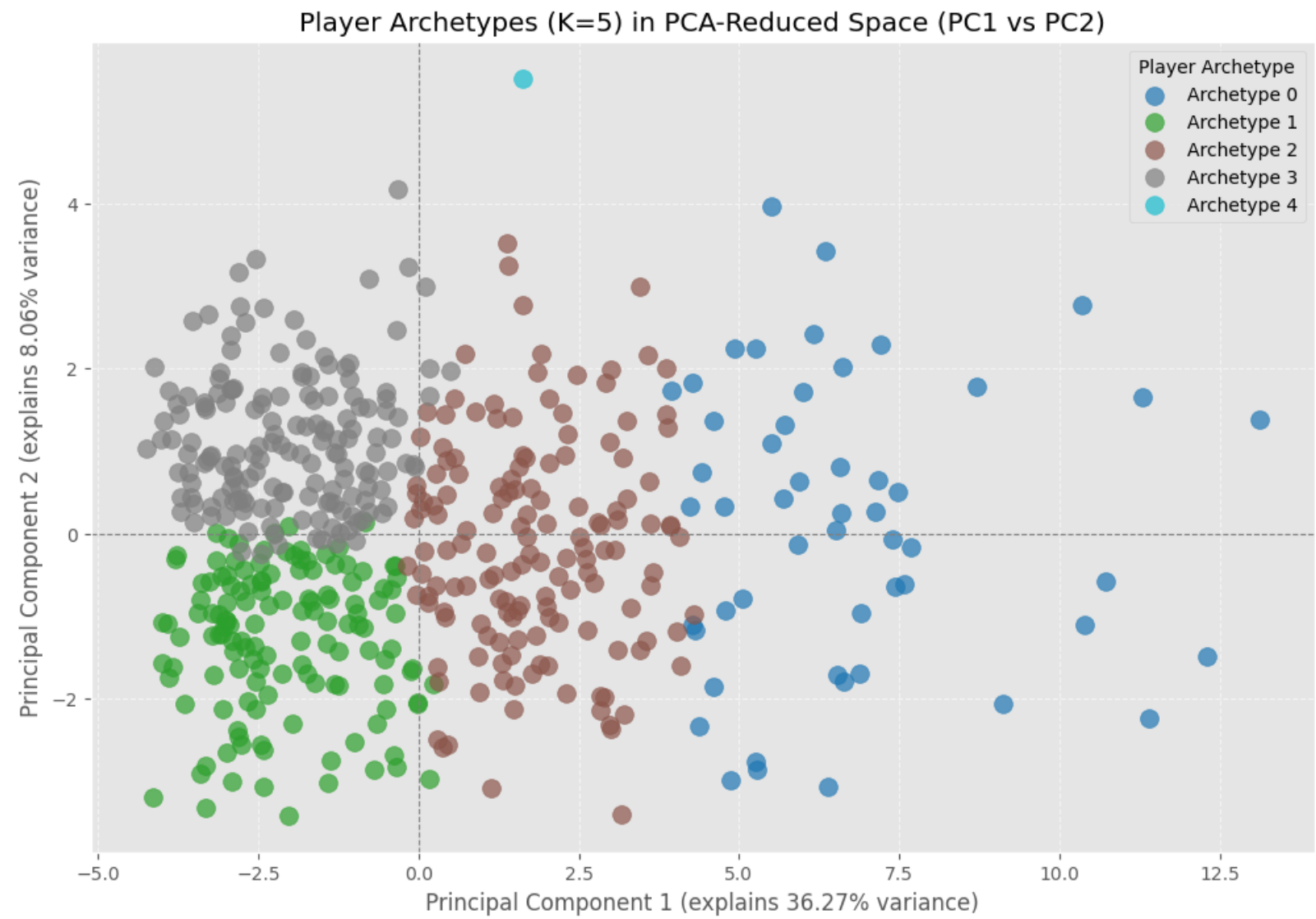
archetype_cluster	assists_p90_avg	saves_p90_avg	aerial_duels_won_p90_avg	\
0	-0.085507	0.602681	1.826328	
1	-0.048066	-0.128441	-0.584612	
2	-0.067918	-0.019960	0.424471	
3	0.011837	-0.066312	-0.493142	
4	19.125507	-0.217007	1.089651	

archetype_cluster	pass_success_rate_avg	xg_per_shot_avg	\
0	0.072048	-0.123917	
1	-0.144239	0.081363	
2	0.148776	-0.001682	
3	-0.041325	-0.020108	
4	0.293932	-1.011979	

archetype_cluster	player_average_x_avg	player_average_y_avg
0	-0.067882	0.154632
1	-0.107269	0.105727
2	0.188722	-0.045522
3	-0.060089	-0.093177
4	-0.313929	-0.343430

[5 rows x 27 columns]

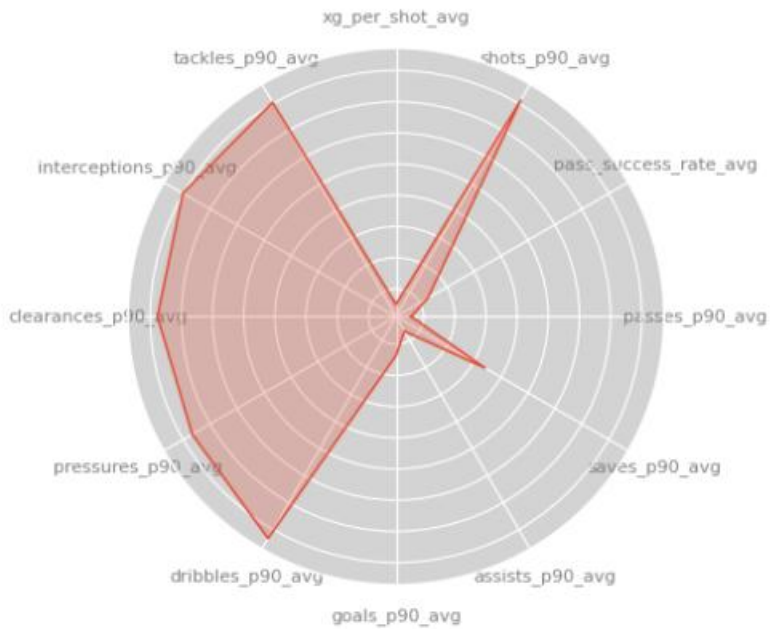
All Players



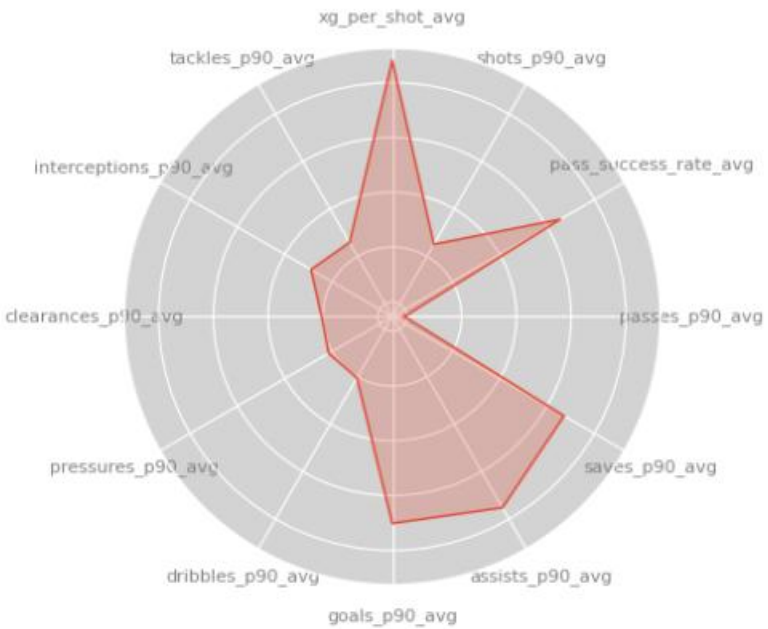


Radar Charts for Player Archetype Profiles (K=5)

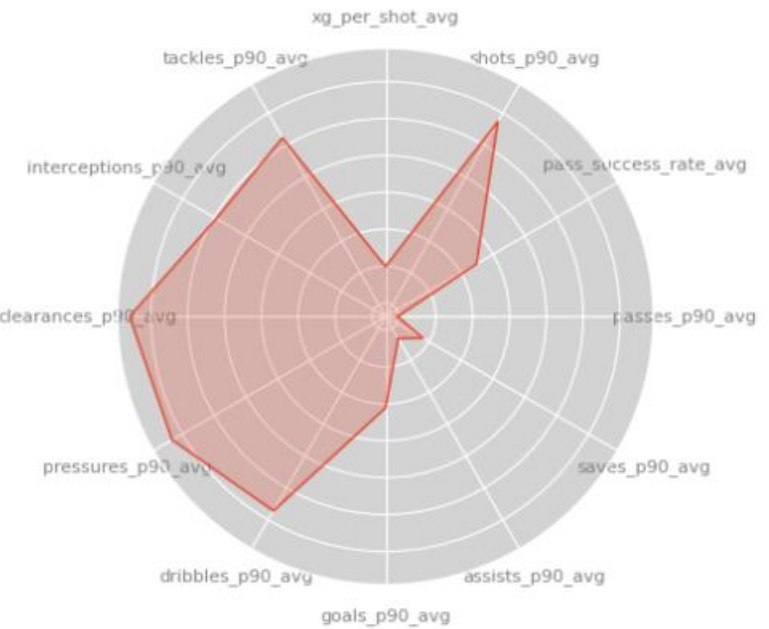
Player Archetype 0 Profile



Player Archetype 1 Profile

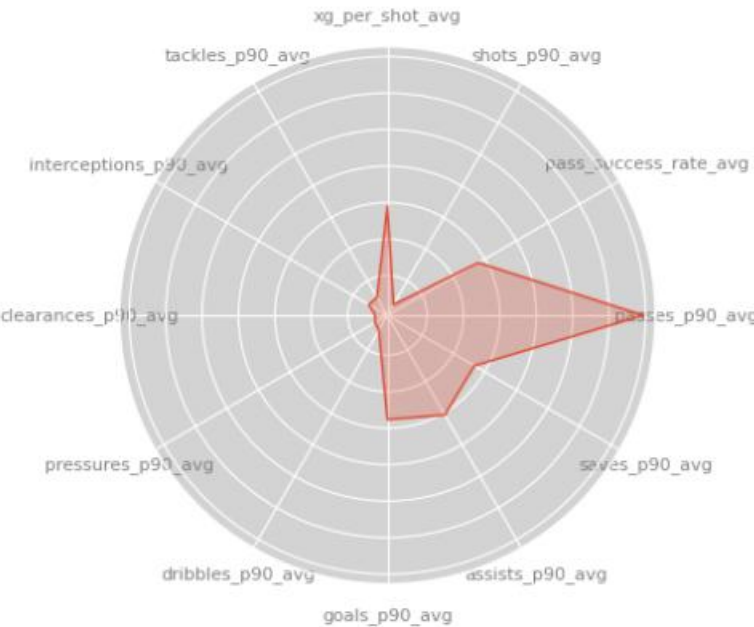


Player Archetype 2 Profile

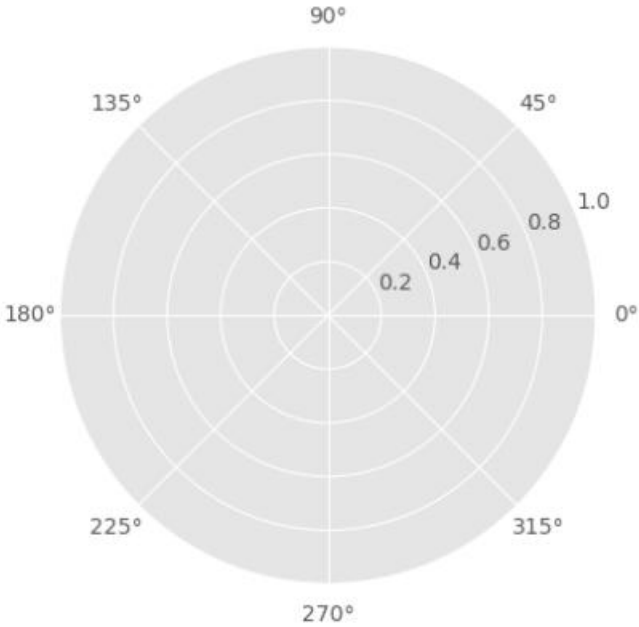
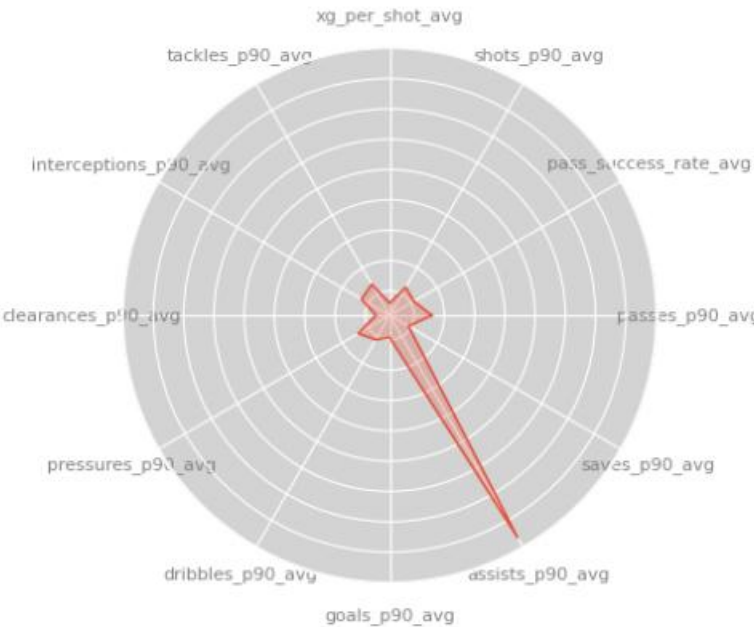


# All Players

Player Archetype 3 Profile



Player Archetype 4 Profile



--- Summary of PCA and K-Means for Player Archetypes ---  
PCA reduced the dimensionality of player performance data to 16 principal components, explaining 90.45% of the total variance.  
K-Means clustering on these principal components identified 5 distinct player archetypes.

- To interpret these archetypes:
1. Examine the 'Interpretation of Principal Components (Loadings)' section to understand what the principal components represent (e.g., PC1 = 'attacking strength', PC2 = 'defensive work rate').
  2. Review the 'Average (Scaled) P90 Stats for Each Player Archetype' and the radar charts. These show the average performance profile of players within each archetype across the original scaled metrics.

Consider adjusting `n\_components` for PCA and `optimal\_k\_archetypes` for K-Means to explore different levels of detail in player archetypes.

# Defenders

=====

1) Distinct Defensive Roles

=====

Archetype 0 (Defensive Focus):

Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):

Higher than average in:

- Progressive Carries: 1.85 (scaled)
- Dribbles: 1.83 (scaled)
- Aerial Duels Won: 1.83 (scaled)
- Fouls Committed: 1.80 (scaled)
- Shots: 1.78 (scaled)

Lower than average in:

- Short Passes: -0.09 (scaled)
- Passes: -0.10 (scaled)
- Xg Per Shot: -0.12 (scaled)
- Through Balls: -0.19 (scaled)
- Passes Into Final Third: -0.30 (scaled)

Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):

- Dominik Casemiro (Pos: Centre Back, Score: 0.00)
- Raphael Tielemans (Pos: Centre Back, Score: 0.00)
- Liam Zinchenko (Pos: Left Back, Score: 0.00)
- Lewis Enzo (Pos: Left Back, Score: 0.00)
- Declan Rice (Pos: Right Back, Score: 0.00)

Archetype 1 (Defensive Focus):

Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):

Higher than average in:

- Player Average Y: 0.11 (scaled)
- Xg Per Shot: 0.08 (scaled)

Lower than average in:

- Clearances: -0.60 (scaled)
- Progressive Pass Distance: -0.60 (scaled)
- Fouls Won: -0.60 (scaled)
- Short Passes: -0.73 (scaled)
- Passes: -0.81 (scaled)

Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):

- Ethan Guimaraes (Pos: Right Back, Score: 0.00)
- Jack Mount (Pos: Right Back, Score: 0.00)
- Dominik Mount (Pos: Left Back, Score: 0.00)
- Federico Onana (Pos: Right Back, Score: 0.00)
- Jordan Ronaldo (Pos: Left Back, Score: 0.00)

Archetype 2 (Defensive Focus):

Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):

Higher than average in:

- Clearances: 0.56 (scaled)
- Pressures: 0.53 (scaled)
- Progressive Pass Distance: 0.53 (scaled)
- Progressive Carries: 0.52 (scaled)
- Fouls Won: 0.49 (scaled)

Lower than average in:

- Player Average Y: -0.05 (scaled)
- Assists: -0.07 (scaled)
- Passes: -0.10 (scaled)
- Short Passes: -0.14 (scaled)
- Passes Into Final Third: -0.23 (scaled)

Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):

- Declan Cancelo (Pos: Centre Back, Score: 0.00)
- Lisandro White (Pos: Right Back, Score: 0.00)
- Mason Awoniyi (Pos: Left Back, Score: 0.00)
- Dominik Sterling (Pos: Left Back, Score: 0.00)
- Diogo Silva (Pos: Left Back, Score: 0.00)

Archetype 3 (Defensive Focus):

Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):

Higher than average in:

- Passes: 0.79 (scaled)
- Short Passes: 0.75 (scaled)
- Passes Into Final Third: 0.61 (scaled)
- Long Passes: 0.22 (scaled)
- Through Balls: 0.05 (scaled)

Lower than average in:

- Dribbles: -0.52 (scaled)
- Pressures: -0.54 (scaled)
- Shots: -0.55 (scaled)
- Clearances: -0.55 (scaled)
- Progressive Carries: -0.57 (scaled)

Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):

- Richarlison Casemiro (Pos: Right Back, Score: 0.00)
- Bukayo Tielemans (Pos: Left Back, Score: 0.00)
- Mason Chilwell (Pos: Left Back, Score: 0.00)
- Trent Onana (Pos: Right Back, Score: 0.00)
- Thiago Saka (Pos: Left Back, Score: 0.00)

# Midfielders

=====

2) Distinct Midfield Roles

=====

- Archetype 0 (Midfield Focus):
- Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):
- Higher than average in:
- Progressive Carries: 1.85 (scaled)
  - Dribbles: 1.83 (scaled)
  - Aerial Duels Won: 1.83 (scaled)
  - Fouls Committed: 1.80 (scaled)
  - Shots: 1.78 (scaled)
- Lower than average in:
- Short Passes: -0.09 (scaled)
  - Passes: -0.10 (scaled)
  - Xg Per Shot: -0.12 (scaled)
  - Through Balls: -0.19 (scaled)
  - Passes Into Final Third: -0.30 (scaled)
- Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):
- Mason Garnacho (Pos: Defensive Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Kevin Antony (Pos: Defensive Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Marcus Guimaraes (Pos: Central Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - William Watkins (Pos: Central Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Lewis Bissouma (Pos: Central Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
- Archetype 1 (Midfield Focus):
- Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):
- Higher than average in:
- Player Average Y: 0.11 (scaled)
  - Xg Per Shot: 0.08 (scaled)
- Lower than average in:
- Clearances: -0.60 (scaled)
  - Progressive Pass Distance: -0.60 (scaled)
  - Fouls Won: -0.60 (scaled)
  - Short Passes: -0.73 (scaled)
  - Passes: -0.81 (scaled)
- Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):
- Lewis Szoboszlai (Pos: Defensive Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Trent Pickford (Pos: Defensive Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Julian Son (Pos: Defensive Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Thiago Sterling (Pos: Central Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Joao Kulusevski (Pos: Central Midfielder, Score: 0.00)

- Archetype 2 (Midfield Focus):
- Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):
- Higher than average in:
- Clearances: 0.56 (scaled)
  - Pressures: 0.53 (scaled)
  - Progressive Pass Distance: 0.53 (scaled)
  - Progressive Carries: 0.52 (scaled)
  - Fouls Won: 0.49 (scaled)
- Lower than average in:
- Player Average Y: -0.05 (scaled)
  - Assists: -0.07 (scaled)
  - Passes: -0.10 (scaled)
  - Short Passes: -0.14 (scaled)
  - Passes Into Final Third:

- Top 5 Players in this Archetype
- Declan Eze (Pos: Central Mi
  - Nicolas Son (Pos: Defensive
  - Ruben Pope (Pos: Attacking
  - Cody Sarr (Pos: Defensive M
  - Jordan Colwill (Pos: Attack

- Archetype 3 (Midfield Focus):
- Key Characteristics (Top 5 Posi
- Higher than average in:
- Passes: 0.79 (scaled)
  - Short Passes: 0.75 (scale
  - Passes Into Final Third:
  - Long Passes: 0.22 (scaled
  - Through Balls: 0.05 (scal
- Lower than average in:
- Dribbles: -0.52 (scaled)
  - Pressures: -0.54 (scaled)
  - Shots: -0.55 (scaled)
  - Clearances: -0.55 (scaled)
  - Progressive Carries: -0.57 (scaled)

- Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):
- Virgil Trippier (Pos: Defensive Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Trent Foden (Pos: Defensive Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Richarlison Arteta (Pos: Central Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Oscar Martinez (Pos: Attacking Midfielder, Score: 0.00)
  - Martin Leno (Pos: Attacking Midfielder, Score: 0.00)

- Archetype 4 (Midfield Focus):
- Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):
- Higher than average in:
- Assists: 19.13 (scaled)
  - Shots On Target: 1.92 (scaled)
  - Passes Into Final Third: 1.81 (scaled)
  - Through Balls: 1.62 (scaled)
  - Progressive Pass Distance: 1.61 (scaled)
- Lower than average in:
- Successful Dribbles: -0.81 (scaled)
  - Long Passes: -0.87 (scaled)
  - Clearances: -0.87 (scaled)
  - Carries Into Final Third: -0.93 (scaled)
  - Xg Per Shot: -1.01 (scaled)
- Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):
- Nathan Casemiro (Pos: Defensive Midfielder, Score: 0.00)

# Attackers

3) Distinct Attacking Roles

Archetype 0 (Attacking Focus):

Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):

Higher than average in:

- Progressive Carries: 1.85 (scaled)
- Dribbles: 1.83 (scaled)
- Aerial Duels Won: 1.83 (scaled)
- Fouls Committed: 1.80 (scaled)
- Shots: 1.78 (scaled)

Lower than average in:

- Short Passes: -0.09 (scaled)
- Passes: -0.10 (scaled)
- Xg Per Shot: -0.12 (scaled)
- Through Balls: -0.19 (scaled)
- Passes Into Final Third: -0.30 (scaled)

Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):

- Lewis Mac Allister (Pos: Left Winger, Score: 0.00)
- Ollie Palmer (Pos: Striker, Score: 0.00)
- Dominik Leno (Pos: Left Winger, Score: 0.00)
- Nathan Van Dijk (Pos: Second Striker, Score: 0.00)
- Declan Garnacho (Pos: Second Striker, Score: 0.00)

Archetype 1 (Attacking Focus):

Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):

Higher than average in:

- Player Average Y: 0.11 (scaled)
- Xg Per Shot: 0.08 (scaled)

Lower than average in:

- Clearances: -0.60 (scaled)
- Progressive Pass Distance: -0.60 (scaled)
- Fouls Won: -0.60 (scaled)
- Short Passes: -0.73 (scaled)
- Passes: -0.81 (scaled)

Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):

- Pierre-Emile Odegaard (Pos: Striker, Score: 0.00)
- Aaron Salah (Pos: Right Winger, Score: 0.00)
- Fabinho Nunez (Pos: Left Winger, Score: 0.00)
- Manuel Pedro (Pos: Right Winger, Score: 0.00)
- Lisandro Chilwell (Pos: Striker, Score: 0.00)

Archetype 2 (Attacking Focus):

Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):

Higher than average in:

- Clearances: 0.56 (scaled)
- Pressures: 0.53 (scaled)
- Progressive Pass Distance: 0.53 (scaled)
- Progressive Carries: 0.52 (scaled)
- Fouls Won: 0.49 (scaled)

Lower than average in:

- Player Average Y: -0.05 (scaled)
- Assists: -0.07 (scaled)
- Passes: -0.10 (scaled)
- Short Passes: -0.14 (scaled)
- Passes Into Final Third: -0.23 (scaled)

Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):

- Raphael Pedro (Pos: Right Winger, Score: 0.00)
- Marcus Dias (Pos: Second Striker, Score: 0.00)
- Son Mac Allister (Pos: Second Striker, Score: 0.00)
- Jarrod Kane (Pos: Second Striker, Score: 0.00)
- Mohamed Maguire (Pos: Second Striker, Score: 0.00)

Archetype 3 (Attacking Focus):

Key Characteristics (Top 5 Positive & Negative Contributions on Scaled Data):

Higher than average in:

- Passes: 0.79 (scaled)
- Short Passes: 0.75 (scaled)
- Passes Into Final Third: 0.61 (scaled)
- Long Passes: 0.22 (scaled)
- Through Balls: 0.05 (scaled)

Lower than average in:

- Dribbles: -0.52 (scaled)
- Pressures: -0.54 (scaled)
- Shots: -0.55 (scaled)
- Clearances: -0.55 (scaled)
- Progressive Carries: -0.57 (scaled)

Top 5 Players in this Archetype (by Composite Score):

- Kai Colwill (Pos: Striker, Score: 0.00)
- Kevin Ronaldo (Pos: Left Winger, Score: 0.00)
- Ethan Eze (Pos: Right Winger, Score: 0.00)
- Marcus Chilwell (Pos: Striker, Score: 0.00)
- Jack Arteta (Pos: Left Winger, Score: 0.00)