# openSAP Evolved Web Apps with SAPUI5Week 2 Unit 5: Discovering Enterprise-Grade Horizons

## **Exercises**

**PUBLIC** 







# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

DISCOVERING ENTERPRISE-GRADE HORIZONS	3
ACCESSIBILITY	4
Examine high contrast themes delivered by UI5	
Access UI element with the keyboard	
Improve accessibility by adding landmark regions	
Testing the landmarks of your movies app	
GLOBALIZATION	12
Create locale-specific resource bundle files for internationalization (i18n)	
Switch your app to Chinese language	
Switch your app to Arabic language	
RELATED MATERIAL	

### **DISCOVERING ENTERPRISE-GRADE HORIZONS**

### Summary

In this unit you will examine your app for major product standards. You will learn how to improve the accessibility capability by adding ARIA attributes and how to enable the text elements on the UI for a new language.

Your main goal is to make your app usable for as many people as you can.

### Preview

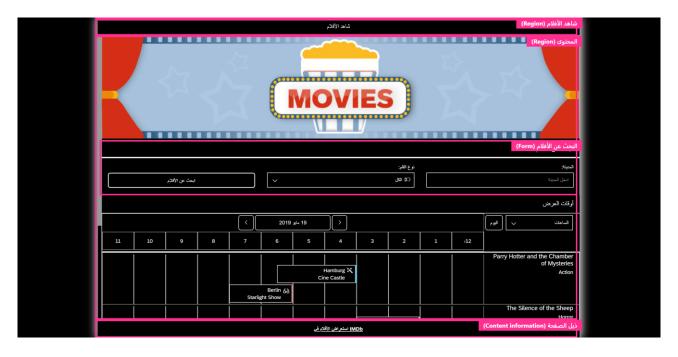


Figure 1 – Enterprise-grade features in movies app

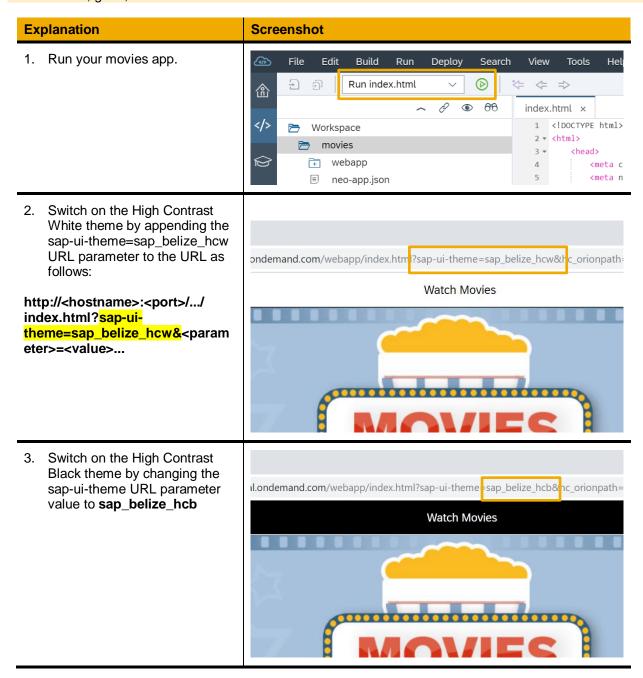
### **ACCESSIBILITY**

### Examine high contrast themes delivered by UI5

This section introduces you to the two high contrast themes of UI5 – High Contrast White and High Contrast Black. You will learn how these themes can be switched on by adding a dedicated URL parameter for verifying that your app supports this feature.

### **Note: Low Vision**

These themes support people with low vision and are required by the accessibility product standard. The term low vision is not only restricted to the loss of acuity of vision, but also includes reduced perception of low contrasts, glare, or color vision.



### Access UI element with the keyboard

Keyboard handling is one of the most important aspects of web accessibility but also essential for application handling in general. Many power users prefer keyboard navigation over mouse navigation as they tend to be much faster then. UI5 controls already consider this. They are designed to be accessed and executed via keyboard.

This section lets you navigate through your app with the keyboard. You will learn the main keyboard combinations that are used by the UI elements of UI5 plus some additional one for handling the planning calendar.

### **Explanation**

### Screenshot

- Refresh your movies app in the browser.
- 2. Press the **Tab** key.

Your focus moved to the input filed City.

### Note: Tab and Shift+Tab

You can cycle through all interactive, enabled and visible UI elements that are part of a given dialog or other container. When the last UI element is focused, pressing the key again will move the focus to the first element.



- 3. Move your focus via keyboard handling to the *Genre* selection list.
- Press the keyboard combination Alt+Up (or Down).

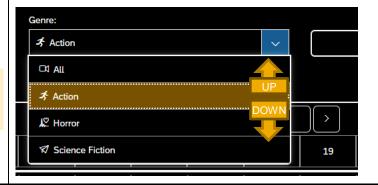
The dropdown menu of the *Genre* selection list opens.



 To scroll down in the list, press
 Up to scroll up and Down to scroll down in the list.

### Note:

You can also scroll through the list with key UP/DOWN without opening the dropdown menu first.



### **Explanation**

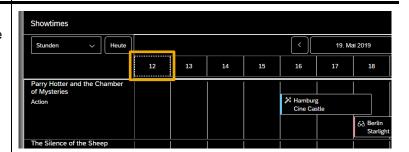
### Screenshot

- 6. Move your focus via keyboard handling to the *Find Movies* button.
- 7. Press the Enter key.

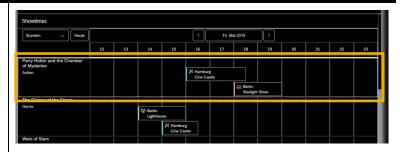
The search action is triggered immediately after the key is pressed.



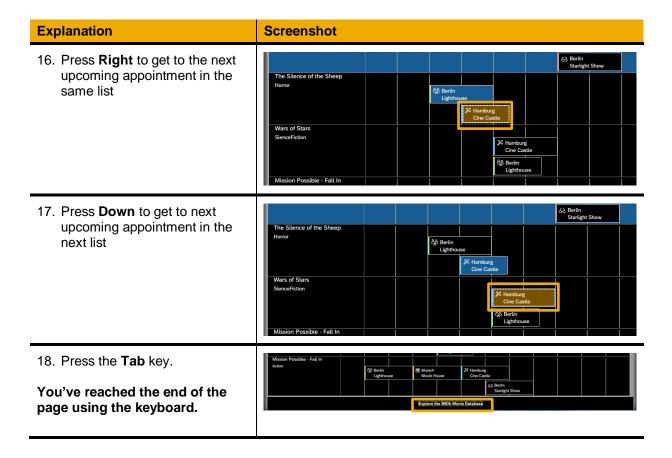
- 8. Move your focus via keyboard handling to the beginning of the first *Calendar View* element of the planning calendar.
- Browse through the single hours by using the Right/Left key
- Use the Page Down key to fast forward 12 hours and Page Up for 12 hours backwards
- 11. Combine Page Down with Shift to fast forward 1 day and Page Up and Shift for 1 day backwards
- 12. Combine Ctrl+Shift+Page Down to fast forward by 1 week and Ctrl+Shift+Page Up for 1 week backwards



- Move your focus via keyboard handling to the beginning of the first list item of the planning Calendar.
- Browse through the individual list items by using the Up/Down key
- 15. Press the **Tab** key to get to the first visible appointment in the list







### Improve accessibility by adding landmark regions

To improve the accessibility of your app, you will add ARIA (Accessible Rich Internet Applications Suite) attributes. They consist of markup that can be added to HTML in order to clearly communicate the roles, states, and properties of user interface elements. This information helps screen readers and other assistive technologies to better understand the elements on a web page. This, in turn, enables blind or visually impaired people to effectively interact with those elements on the UI.

Landmarks are one of the ARIA attributes that provide significant immediate benefits to screen reader users in that they identify the structure of a web page. By doing this, they enable a quick overview of a page, and make navigation much more effective.

There are eight of these roles, each representing a block of content that occurs commonly on web pages: Banner, Complementary, Content Info, Form, Main, Navigation, Region, and Search.

In this section you will learn how you can apply landmarks to the container elements of a sap.m. Page control to provide a meaningful page overview.

### Note:

For this exercise you need Google Chrome with the free <u>landmark navigation extension</u> (or any corresponding software).

### webapp/i18n/i18n.properties

Each landmark should have a unique label which you have to add to the resource bundle, so they can also be translated into different languages.

First, you need to identify the logical structure of the different pages of your app. Your app consists of two pages: the App view and the Detail view.

The App view uses the header, the content, the footer and the root container of the <code>sap.m.Page</code> control. As the header begins with the heading element <code>title</code>, it can be used as the label for the area. No additional descriptive text is needed. This is not the case for the other three containers. Here you need to provide a new text for each of them that can be assigned to the label of the corresponding landmark role. The root container contains the whole content of the page. Therefore, you should assign a description that explains the purpose of the page.

The Detail view uses only the content, the footer and the root container of the sap.m.Page control. Except for the root container you can use the same labels as on the App view.

### Note:

Avoid using the landmark role as part of the label. For example, a navigation landmark with a label "Site Navigation" will be announced by a screen reader as "Site Navigation Navigation". The label should simply be "Site".

### webapp/view/Home.view.xml

```
<Page title="{i18n>title}">
     <landmarkInfo>
        <PageAccessibleLandmarkInfo</pre>
             rootRole="Main"
             rootLabel="{i18n>landmarkMainPage}"
             contentRole="Region"
             contentLabel="{i18n>landmarkContent}"
             footerRole="ContentInfo"
             footerLabel="{i18n>landmarkFooter}"
             headerRole="Region"
             headerLabel="{i18n>title}"/>
     </landmarkInfo>
     <content>
             <Image
               visible="{= !${device>/system/phone} }"
               src="images/MoviesHeader.png"
               width="100%"
               tooltip="{i18n>imageTooltip}"
               press="sap.m.MessageToast.show(${i18n>messageToast})"/>
```

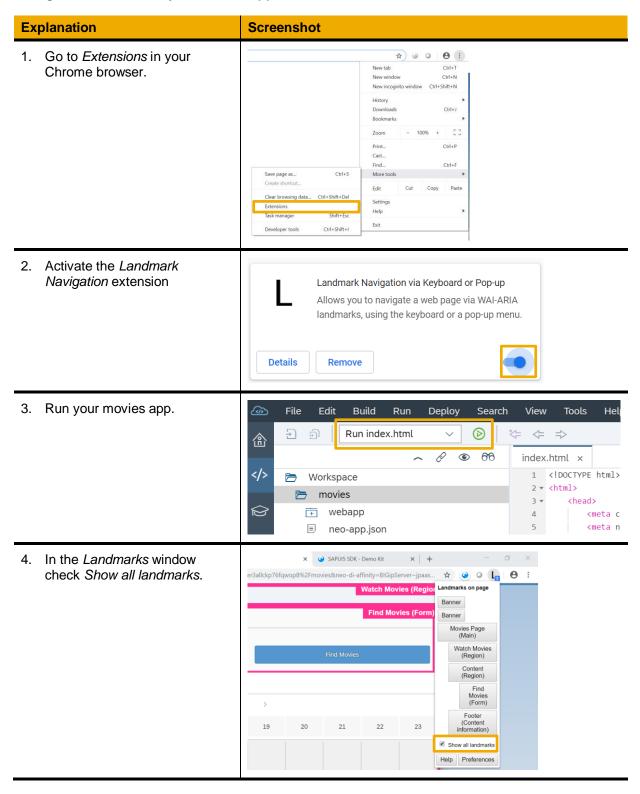
The sap.m. Page control contains of the aggregation landmarkInfo of type  $\underline{sap.m.}$  PageAccessibleLandmarkInfo. Use this setting to define the ARIA roles and labels for the page areas of the App view.

### webapp/view/Detail.view.xml

```
<Page
  title="{movies>cinemaName} - {
     path: 'movies>startDate',
     type: 'sap.ui.model.type.Date',
     formatOptions: {
        source: {
          pattern: 'MM/dd/yyyy/hh:mm:ss'
        relative: true,
        relativeScale: 'auto'
  showNavButton="true"
  class="sapUiResponsiveContentPadding"
  navButtonPress=".onNavBack">
  <landmarkInfo>
     <PageAccessibleLandmarkInfo</pre>
          rootRole="Main"
          rootLabel="{i18n>landmarkDetailPage}"
          contentRole="Region"
          contentLabel="{i18n>landmarkContent}"
          headerRole="Region"
          headerLabel="{movies>cinemaName}"
          />
  </landmarkInfo>
   <content>
           <FlexBox wrap="Wrap">
```

Use the landmarkInfo setting of the sap.m. Page control to define the ARIA roles and labels for the page areas of the Detail view.

### Testing the landmarks of your movies app



# 5. Explore the landmark roles on your App page. 6. Navigate to the Details page and ensure that all landmark roles you configured are provided there as well. 6. Value of the page and ensure that all value of the page an

### **GLOBALIZATION**

### Create locale-specific resource bundle files for internationalization (i18n)

In this section you will create an additional resource bundle file for Chinese and Arabic for the i18n resource model and learn how you can test language-dependent capabilities.

### webapp/i18n/i18n\_zh\_CN.properties (New)

```
title=看电影
appTitle=看电影
appDescription=查找喜欢电影的上映时间
imageTooltip=电影插图
labelCity=城市
cityPlaceholder=输入城市名称
labelGenre=类型
genreAll=所有类型
genreAction=动作片
genreHorror=恐怖片
genreScienceFiction=科幻片
buttonMovieSearch=搜索影片
calendarTitle=上映时间
search=正在搜索
titleForm=查找影片
footerLink=去往IMDb电影数据库
messageToast=这是你想看的电影么?
#~~Landmark descriptions
landmarkContent=内容
landmarkFooter=页脚
landmarkMainPage=影讯首页
landmarkDetailPage=电影详细信息页面
<mark>cinemaName=影院名</mark>
cinemaAddress=影院地址
special=今日特供
technicalDetails=影院硬件配置
seats=座位
notFoundTitle=出错了!
notFoundText=你找的电影还没有开拍呢
notFoundDescription=马上回来...
```

All internationalization resource bundle files are named with the same base name (i18n), an optional suffix that identifies the language contained in each file, and the .properties extension. The language suffixes are formed according to the JDK locale syntax.

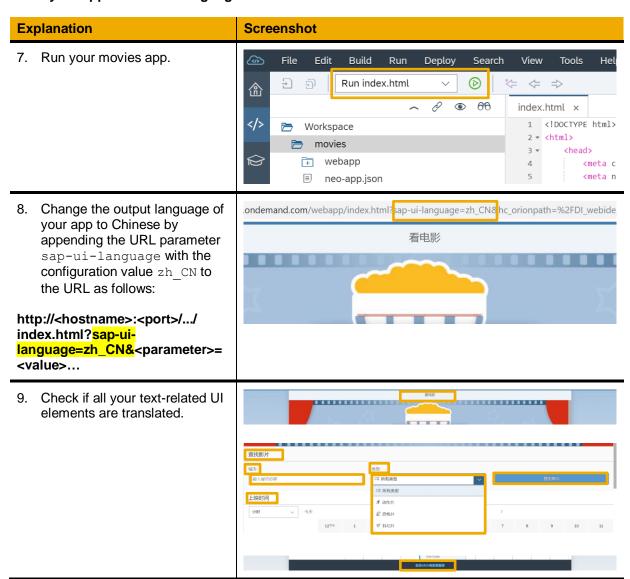
Therefore, to deposit a bundle file for Chinese, you have to add the language code for simplified Chinese (zh) with a preset underscore ( ) after the base name.

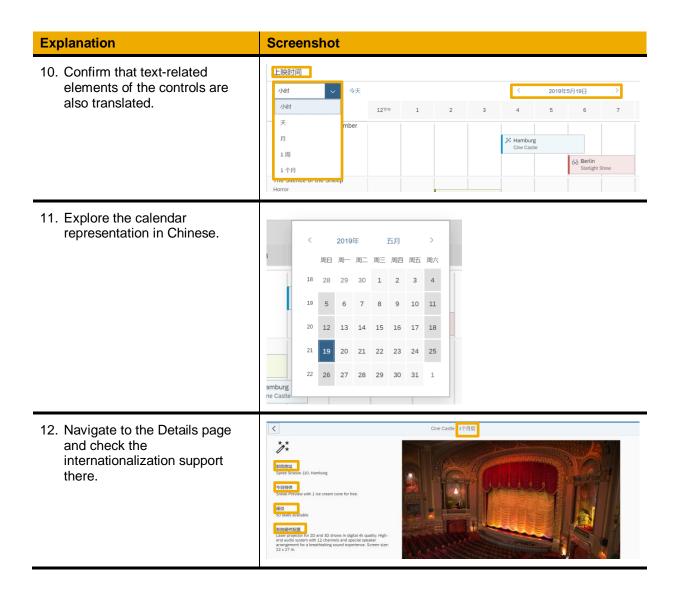
Chinese can be considered as a language or a language family with some main regional language groups of spoken Chinese; all of them with their own dialects or varieties. Therefore, you should specify which Chinese of which region you refer to.

### Note:

The JDK locale syntax combines a lower-case <u>ISO 639 alpha-2 or alpha-3 language code</u> with an upper-case <u>ISO 3166 alpha-2 country code</u>. Both codes are connected with an underscore.

### Switch your app to Chinese language



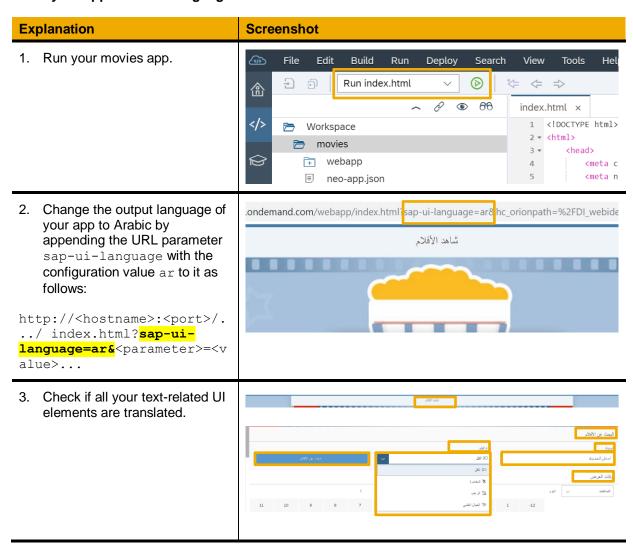


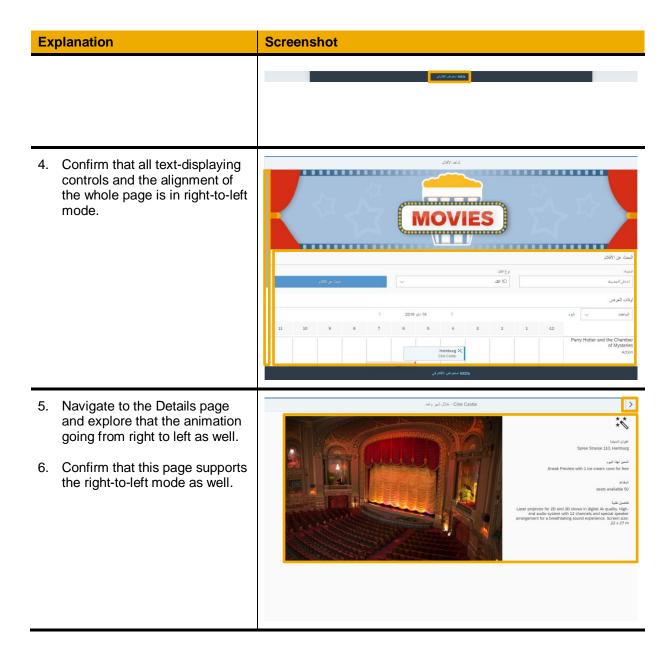
### webapp/i18n/i18n ar.properties (New)

```
#~~~ Home View ماهد الأفلام الفالاء الأفلاء الأفلاء الفالاء الفالاء الفالاء الفالاء الفالاء الفالاء المعلقة ا
```

```
messageToast=؟ هل تود الذهاب إلى السينما
#~~Landmark descriptions
landmarkContent=
المحتوى
| المحتوى | المعتوى | ال
```

### Switch your app to Arabic language





### **RELATED MATERIAL**

### **Theming**

- SAP Fiori Design Guidelines
- Info: 72 Font Family
- Tool: Theme Parameter Toolbox
- Tool: Icon Explorer

### **Accessibility**

- Demo Kit: Accessibility Documentation
- Info: W3C Practices for WAI-ARIA landmark roles
- Blog: Accessible Rich Internet Applications (ARIA) Introduction

### Globalization

- Demo Kit: Localization Documentation
- Demo Kit: Right-to-Left support
- Info: ISO 639 alpha-2 or alpha-3 language code
- Info: ISO 3166 alpha-2 country code
- API: Calendar types supported by UI5
- Demo Kit: Formatter classes in UI5
- Blog: New Possibilities to Format Numbers in UI5

### Security

- Demo Kit: Securing Apps
- Demo Kit: Secure programming aspects
- Demo Kit: Frame Options to prevent clickjacking
- W3C recommendation for Content Security Policy

### **Coding Samples**

Any software coding or code lines/strings ("Code") provided in this documentation are only examples and are not intended for use in a production system environment. The Code is only intended to better explain and visualize the syntax and phrasing rules for certain SAP coding. SAP does not warrant the correctness or completeness of the Code provided herein and SAP shall not be liable for errors or damages cause by use of the Code, except where such damages were caused by SAP with intent or with gross negligence.

### www.sap.com/contactsap

© 2018 SAP SE or an SAP affiliate company. All rights reserved.

No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or for any purpose without the express permission of SAP SE or an SAP affiliate company.

The information contained herein may be changed without prior notice. Some software products marketed by SAP SE and its distributors contain proprietary software components of other software vendors. National product specifications may vary.

These materials are provided by SAP SE or an SAP affiliate company for informational purposes only, without representation or warranty of any kind, and SAP or its affiliated companies shall not be liable for errors or omissions with respect to the materials. The only warranties for SAP or SAP affiliate company products and services are those that are set forth in the express warranty statements accompanying such products and services, if any. Nothing herein should be construed as constituting an additional warranty.

In particular, SAP SE or its affiliated companies have no obligation to pursue any course of business outlined in this document or any related presentation, or to develop or release any functionality mentioned therein. This document, or any related presentation, and SAP SE's or its affiliated companies' strategy and possible future developments, products, and/or platform directions and functionality are all subject to change and may be changed by SAP SE or its affiliated companies at any time for any reason without notice. The information in this document is not a commitment, promise, or legal obligation to deliver any material, code, or functionality. All forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from expectations. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, and they should not be relied upon in making purchasing decisions.

SAP and other SAP products and services mentioned herein as well as their respective logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of SAP SE (or an SAP affiliate company) in Germany and other countries. All other product and service names mentioned are the trademarks of their respective companies. See <a href="http://www.sap.com/corporate-en/legal/copyright/index.epx">http://www.sap.com/corporate-en/legal/copyright/index.epx</a> for additional trademark information and notices.

