openSAP Evolved Web Apps with SAPUI5

Week 3 Unit 4: Spicing up Your Scenario with Feature-Rich Controls

Exercises

PUBLIC







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SPICING UP YOUR SCENARIO WITH FEATURE-RICH CONTROLS

Summary

In this unit, you will enhance the existing controls by adding

- a sticky header to the table
- · a floating footer to the semantic page
- a dynamic header to the object page layout

You will also add some new eye-catching controls

- InfoLabel, showing the delivery status for each order
- StatusIndicator, showing the delivery date of each order

Preview

Enrich the app by enabling some new fancy features that the framework offers. Examine some cool features that you get for free in UI5, which don't exist in other UI frameworks. The huge control set of UI5 is one of the key benefits. UI5 offers plenty of feature-rich UI controls ready to be used.

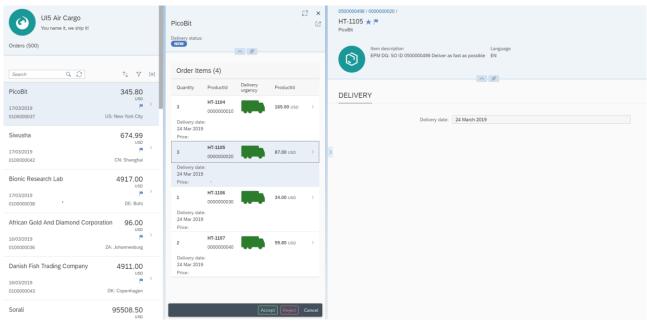


Figure 1 – The App includes two search fields now

ENABLING NEW FEATURES FOR EXISTING CONTROLS

Sticky table header

The first cool feature is the stickiness of the table header, which you can apply in the detail part of the FlexibleColumnLayout. It is useful when you want to optimize the screen space and show more information

webapp/view/Detail.view.xml

```
<Table
     id="lineItemsList"
     width="auto"
     items="{ToLineItems}"
     mode="SingleSelectMaster"
     sticky="ColumnHeaders, HeaderToolbar"
     updateFinished=".onListUpdateFinished"
     noDataText="{i18n>detailLineItemTableNoDataText}"
     busyIndicatorDelay="{detailView>/lineItemTableDelay}"
     selectionChange="action"
  xmlns:action="http://schemas.sap.com/sapui5/extension/sap.ui.core.CustomData/1"
  action:wiring="\{'selectionChange':\{'navigation':\{'routeName':'Info'\}\}\}">
     <headerToolbar>
        <Toolbar>
          <Title
             id="lineItemsTitle"
             text="{detailView>/lineItemListTitle}"
             titleStyle="H3"/>
        </Toolbar>
     </headerToolbar>
  <Table>
</semantic:content>
```

Note: Although the code is working, there might be some validation warnings in SAP Web IDE in some of the code lines. If this is the case, you can ignore them.

Set one of the properties of the sap.m. Table called sticky. It defines the section of the control that remains fixed at the top of the page during vertical scrolling as long as the control is in the viewport. To get the column headers and the top toolbar stacked, the value of this property is ColumnHeaders, HeaderToolbar.



Figure 2 – Before adding the sticky property and after scrolling, the top of the table gets hidden

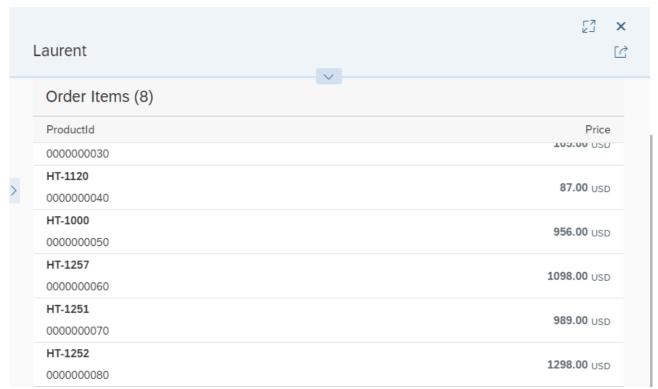


Figure 3 – Now, after scrolling the top toolbar and the column headers of the table get stacked and they appear always in the view

Floating footer in semantic page

As a SemanticPage is used in the detail view, let's add a footer part to it. In it, let's place some buttons just for demo purpose.

webapp/view/Detail.view.xml

```
<semantic:SemanticPage id="detailPage"</pre>
    busy="{detailView>/busy}"
     busyIndicatorDelay="{detailView>/delay}"
     showFooter="true">
  <semantic:titleHeading>
     <Title text="{CustomerName}"/>
  </semantic:titleHeading>
  <semantic:positiveAction>
     <semantic:PositiveAction/>
  </semantic:positiveAction>
  <semantic:negativeAction>
    <semantic:NegativeAction/>
  </semantic:negativeAction>
  <semantic:footerCustomActions>
     <Button text="{i18n>DetailFooterCancel}"/>
  </semantic:footerCustomActions>
</semantic:SemanticPage>
```

First, set the <code>showFooter</code> property of the semantic page to <code>true</code>. Then place the actions at the bottom. Let's include some semantic-specific buttons placed in the <code>FooterRight</code> area of the <code>SemanticPage</code> footer with default text value set to "Accept" and "Reject" via the corresponding <code>positiveAction</code> and <code>negativeAction</code> aggregations.

Right after that, add footerCustomActions — a button for the cancel action.

webapp/i18n/i18n.properties

A text for internationalization is also needed for the cancel button at the bottom.

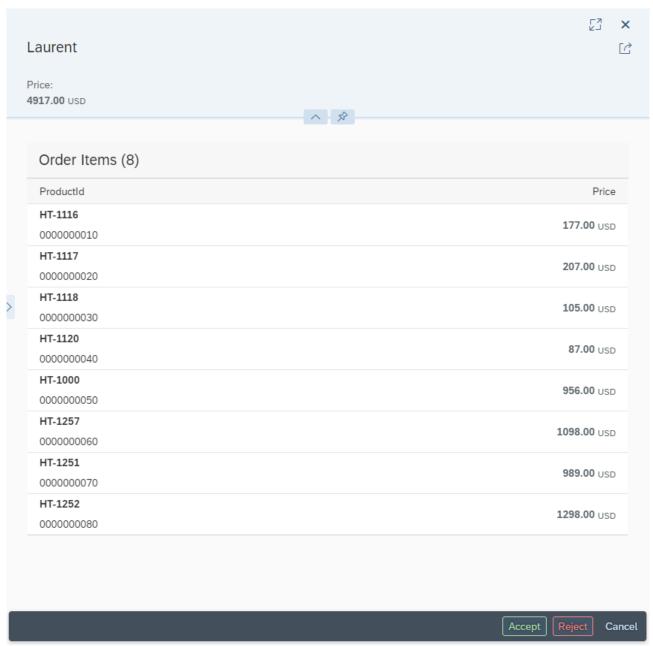


Figure 4 – The footer appears at the bottom of the page

Changing the info view

Let's show some more details for each item in the order in the info view by adding an <code>ObjectPageLayout</code> at the place of <code>List</code>. This control is used as a layout that allows apps to easily display information related to a business object, which makes sense in your app.

webapp/view/Info.view.xml

```
<mvc:View
   kmlns:core="sap.ui.core
  xmlns:mvc="sap.ui.core.mvc
  xmlns="sap.m"
   mlns·html="ht
  controllerName="opensap.orders.controller.Info"
   <App>
     <pages>
        <Page title="
           <content>
               <List noDataText="Drop
                   id="list0" items="{path:'/SalesOrderLineItemSet'
                                         parameters:{expand:'ToProduct
                   select:'ProductID, ToProduct/Name'}
<items>
                        <StandardListItem</pre>
              title="{ToProduct/Name}"
                   description="{ProductID
                   icon="sap-icon://picture
id="item0"/>
                   </items>
               </List>
        </Page>
     </pages>
</mvc:View>
```

As a next step, remove the existing App and the corresponding included libraries from the view.

webapp/view/Info.view.xml

```
<mvc:View
  controllerName="opensap.orders.controller.Info"
  height="100%"
  xmlns="sap.m"
  xmlns:mvc="sap.ui.core.mvc"
  xmlns:uxap="sap.uxap"
  xmlns:f="sap.f"
  xmlns:l="sap.ui.layout"
  xmlns:form="sap.ui.layout.form">

  <uxap:ObjectPageLayout
   id="objectPageLayout"
   showTitleInHeaderContent="true"
   alwaysShowContentHeader="false"
   preserveHeaderStateOnScroll="false"
   headerContentPinnable="true"
   isChildPage="true"</pre>
```

```
enableLazyLoading="false">
     <uxap:headerTitle>
        <uxap:ObjectPageHeader>
          <uxap:breadcrumbs>
             <Breadcrumbs>
                <Link text='{SalesOrderID}'/>
                <Link text='{ItemPosition}'/>
             </Breadcrumbs>
          </uxap:breadcrumbs>
       </uxap:ObjectPageHeader>
     </uxap:headerTitle>
     <uxap:headerContent>
        <FlexBox wrap="Wrap" fitContainer="true" alignItems="Stretch">
          <f:Avatar class="sapUiSmallMarginEnd sapUiSmallMarginTop"
             src="sap-icon://product"
             displaySize="L"/>
          <l:VerticalLayout
             class="sapUiSmallMarginEnd sapUiSmallMarginTop">
             <Label text="{i18n>infoItemDescription}"/>
             <Text text="{ToHeader/Note}"/>
          </l:VerticalLayout>
          <l:VerticalLayout
             class="sapUiSmallMarginEnd sapUiSmallMarginTop">
             <Label text="{i18n>infoItemDescriptionLanguage}"/>
             <Text text="{ToHeader/NoteLanguage}"/>
          </l:VerticalLayout>
       </FlexBox>
     </uxap:headerContent>
     <uxap:sections>
        <uxap:ObjectPageSection title="{i18n>infoItemDeliveryTitle}">
          <uxap:subSections>
             <uxap:ObjectPageSubSection>
                <uxap:blocks>
                  <form:SimpleForm editable="true">
                     <Label text="{i18n>infoItemDeliveryDateDescr}"/>
                     <DatePicker</pre>
                        dateValue="{DeliveryDate}"
                        displayFormat="long"
                       editable="false"/>
                  </form:SimpleForm>
                </uxap:blocks>
             </uxap:ObjectPageSubSection>
          </uxap:subSections>
       </uxap:ObjectPageSection>
     </uxap:sections>
  </uxap:ObjectPageLayout>
</mvc:View>
```

After that, include the <code>ObjectPageLayout</code> and set its <code>headerTitle</code> part, containing <code>breadcrumbs</code>, as well as the <code>headerContent</code> part. This contains an <code>Avatar</code> with a placeholder picture as well as the description text from the model. In addition, add a section in the <code>ObjectPageLayout</code> to display the delivery date also from the model.

webapp/i18n/i18n.properties

```
#XBUT: Text for the send e-mail button
sendEmail=Send E-Mail
#XFLD: Text for item description of each item in the order
infoItemDescription=Item description
#XFLD: Text for item description language of each item in the order
infoItemDescriptionLanguage=Language
#XGRP: Title of the details group of information about each item
infoItemDetailsTitle=Details
#XGRP: Title of the delivery group of information about each item
infoItemDeliveryTitle=Delivery
#XFLD: Text for the delivery date of each item in the order
infoItemDeliveryDateDescr=Delivery date
#~~~ Not Found View ~~~~~~~~~~~~~
#XTIT: Not found view title
notFoundTitle=Not Found
```

Include the new texts to be translated for the view in the internationalization file.

webapp/view/Detail.view.xml

In the detail part, ensure that the selected ColumnListItem will stay selected, for example even after a refresh is done. Mark the item which has its ID the same as the one selected.

webapp/controller/Detail.controller.js

```
sap.ui.define([
   "./BaseController",
  "sap/ui/model/json/JSONModel",
  "../model/formatter",
 "sap/m/library"<mark>,
"sap/ui/Device"</mark>
], function (BaseController, JSONModel, formatter, mobileLibrary, Device) {
  "use strict";
  return BaseController.extend("opensap.orders.controller.Info", {
     toggleFullScreen: function () {
     },
     /**
      * @param {sap.ui.base.Event} oEvent pattern match event in route 'object'
     action: function (oEvent) {
        var that = this;
        var actionParameters =
JSON.parse(oEvent.getSource().data("wiring").replace(/'/g,
        var eventType = oEvent.getId();
        var aTargets = actionParameters[event
        aTargets.forEach(function (oTarget)
           var oControl = that.byId(oTa
           if (oControl) {
             var oParams = {};
              for (var prop in oTarget.parameters
                oParams[prop] = oEvent.getParameter(
        if (oNavigation)
           var oParams = {};
           (oNavigation.keys ||
                value:
oEvent.getSource().getBindingContext(oNavigat
           if (Object.getOwnPropertyNames(oParams).length
     this.getOwnerComponent()
           } else {
     this.getOwne
       var bReplace = !Device.system.phone;
    this.getRouter().navTo("Info", {
```

In the <code>Detail.controller.js</code>, remove the code needed for managing the previous view of the end column of the flexible column layout.

When the user chooses an item from the order, navigate to the end column and load the corresponding data. Also check if the device the app is run on is a phone. If so, show only the third column. If not, open the third column or change its binding.

webapp/controller/Info.controller.js

```
sap.ui.define([
  "./BaseController"
], function (BaseController) {
  "use strict";
  return BaseController.extend("opensap.orders.controller.Info", {
      * Called when a controller is instantiated and its View controls (if
      * available) are already created.
      * Can be used to modify the View before it is displayed, to bind event
      * handlers and do other one-time initialization.
      * @memberOf opensap.orders.view.Info
      * /
     onInit: function () {
  this.qetRouter().qetRoute("Info").attachPatternMatched(this. onInfoMatched, this);
     },
      * Binds the view to the object path and expands the aggregated line items.
      * @function
       @param {sap.ui.base.Event} oEvent pattern match event in route 'object'
      * @private
     onInfoMatched: function (oEvent) {
        var sObjectId = oEvent.getParameter("arguments").objectId,
          sItemPosition = oEvent.getParameter("arguments").itemPosition;
        this.getModel("appView").setProperty("/layout", "ThreeColumnsEndExpanded");
        this.getModel().metadataLoaded().then(function () {
          var sObjectPath = this.getModel().createKey("SalesOrderLineItemSet", {
             SalesOrderID: sObjectId,
             ItemPosition: sItemPosition
          });
          this.getView().bindElement({
             path: "/" + sObjectPath,
             parameters: {
               'expand': 'ToHeader'
          });
        }.bind(this));
```

```
});
});
```

In the Info.controller.js load the binding data when the route gets hit and adjust the layout mode of the FCL.

webapp/manifest.json

```
" version": "1.12.0",
"sap.app": {
},
"sap.ui5": {
   "rootView": {
      "viewName": "opensap.orders.view.App",
      "type": "XML",
      "async": true,
"id": "app"
   "dependencies": {
      "minUI5Version": "1.60.0",
      "libs": {
          "sap.ui.core": {},
          "sap.m": {},
         "sap.f": {},
          "sap.ui.layout": {},
         "sap.uxap": {},
"sap.tnt": {},
"sap.suite.ui.commons": {}
   },
   "routing": {
      "config": {
          "routerClass": "sap.f.routing.Router",
         "viewType": "XML",
"viewPath": "opensap.orders.view",
"controlId": "layout",
         "controlAggregation": "beginColumnPages",
         "bypassed": {
    "target": "notFound"
         },
"async": true
      },
"routes": [
          {
             "pattern": "",
             "name": "master",
"target": "master"
          },
             "pattern": "SalesOrderSet/{objectId}",
             "name": "object",
```

As the app has to hit a route to display the information for the clicked item, modify the routes in the manifest.json.

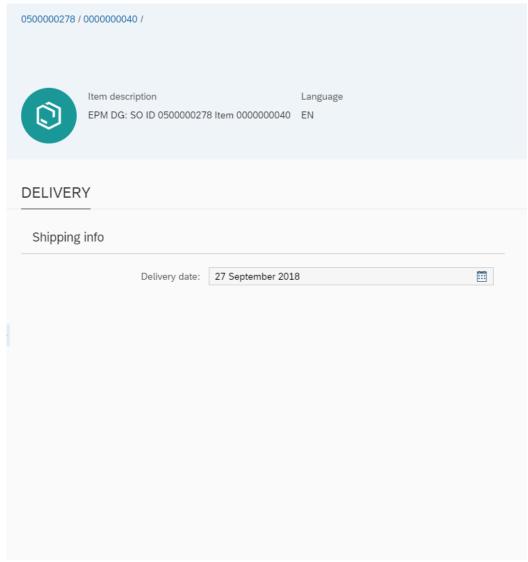


Figure 5 – The footer appears at the bottom of the page

As now you have already contextually connected the end column to an item from the middle one, a good idea is to visualize this connection for the user.

webapp/view/Detail.view.xml

```
"

<Table id="lineItemsList"
    width="auto"
    items="{ToLineItems}"
    mode="SingleSelectMaster"
    ...
    >
    <headerToolbar>
    ...
    </headerToolbar>
    <columns>
    ...
```

Add a type Navigation to the ColumnListItems of the Table, in order to give a clue to the user that the items are interactive and more information about each clicked item will be shown.

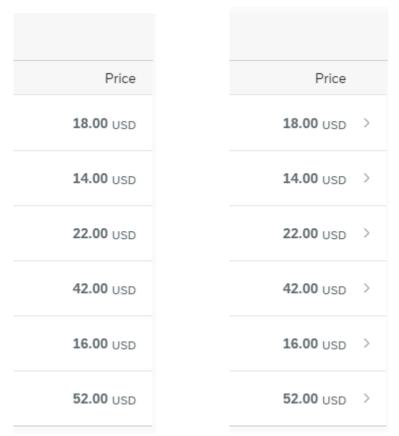


Figure 6 – Before adding the property

Figure 7 – After adding the property

Header area in object page layout

Now, let's enhance the info view of the app and the header part of the <code>ObjectPageLayout</code>. Now, it contains a headerTitle and headerContent part. Let's enhance the headerTitle by making it a bit more dynamic.

webapp/view/Info.view.xml

```
<uxap:ObjectPageLayout</pre>
  id="objectPageLayout"
  showTitleInHeaderContent="true"
  alwaysShowContentHeader="false"
  preserveHeaderStateOnScroll="false"
  headerContentPinnable="true"
  isChildPage="true"
  enableLazyLoading="false">
  <uxap:headerTitle>
     <uxap:ObjectPageDynamicHeaderTitle>
        <uxap:breadcrumbs>
           <Breadcrumbs>
             <Link text='{SalesOrderID}'/>
             <Link text='{ItemPosition}'/>
           </Breadcrumbs>
        </uxap:breadcrumbs>
        <uxap:expandedHeading>
           <FlexBox wrap="Wrap"</pre>
             fitContainer="true"
             alignItems="Center">
             <Title text="{ProductID}"
                wrapping="true"
             class="sapUiTinyMarginEnd sapUiTinyMarginTop"/>
             <FlexBox wrap="NoWrap"</pre>
                fitContainer="true"
                alignItems="Center"
                class="sapUiTinyMarginEnd">
                <ObjectMarker type="Favorite"</pre>
                   class="sapUiTinyMarginEnd"/>
                <ObjectMarker type="Flagged"/>
             </FlexBox>
           </FlexBox>
        </uxap:expandedHeading>
        <uxap:expandedContent>
          <Text text="{ToHeader/CustomerName}"/>
        </uxap:expandedContent>
     </uxap:ObjectPageDynamicHeaderTitle>
  </uxap:headerTitle>
</uxap:ObjectPageLayout>
```

The dynamic part of the header title has four important aggregations which control the content — expandedHeading, snappedHeading, expandedContent and snappedContent.

For now, add the content to be shown when the header is expanded. In the expandedHeading include a Title, some ObjectMarker controls and a text in the expandedContent.

The header title area can now be clicked/tapped to expand/collapse the dynamic header. An arrow button is positioned either below the header content (when header is expanded) or below the header title (when the header is collapsed). The expand/collapsed state of the header can be toggled by either clicking on the header title area, or the arrow button.

webapp/view/Info.view.xml

```
<uxap:ObjectPageLayout</pre>
  id="objectPageLayout"
  showTitleInHeaderContent="true"
  alwaysShowContentHeader="false"
  preserveHeaderStateOnScroll="false"
  headerContentPinnable="true"
  isChildPage="true"
  enableLazyLoading="false">
  <uxap:headerTitle>
     <uxap:ObjectPageDynamicHeaderTitle>
        <uxap:breadcrumbs>
           <Breadcrumbs>
              <Link text='{SalesOrderID}'/>
             <Link text='{ItemPosition}'/>
           </Breadcrumbs>
        </uxap:breadcrumbs>
        <uxap:expandedHeading>
        </uxap:expandedHeading>
        <uxap:snappedHeading>
           <FlexBox wrap="Wrap"</pre>
             fitContainer="true"
             alignItems="Center">
             <FlexBox wrap="NoWrap"</pre>
                fitContainer="true"
                alignItems="Center"
                class="sapUiTinyMarginEnd">
                <f:Avatar
                   src="sap-icon://product"
                   displaySize="S"
                   class="sapUiTinyMarginEnd"/>
                <Title text="{ProductID}"
                   wrapping="true"
                   class="sapUiTinyMarginEnd"/>
             </FlexBox>
             <FlexBox wrap="NoWrap"</pre>
                fitContainer="true"
                alignItems="Center"
                class="sapUiTinyMarginEnd">
                <ObjectMarker type="Favorite"</pre>
                      class="sapUiTinyMarginEnd"/>
                <ObjectMarker type="Flagged"/>
             </FlexBox>
           </FlexBox>
        </uxap:snappedHeading>
        <uxap:expandedContent>
```

When the dynamic header is snapped, the headerContent of the object page gets hidden. That's why you need to move the most important information from the headerContent to the snappedHeading and snappedContent.

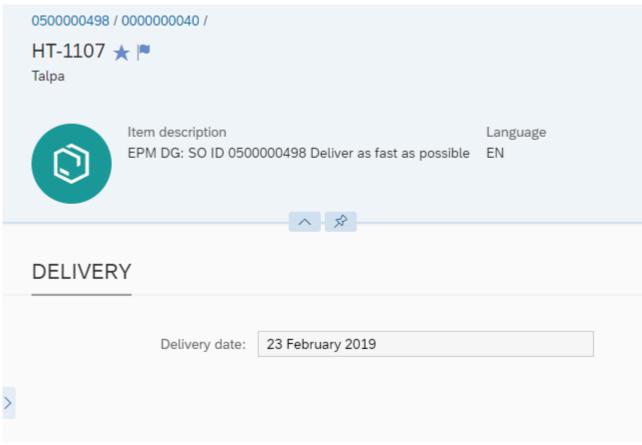


Figure 8 – The Header Title area is expanded

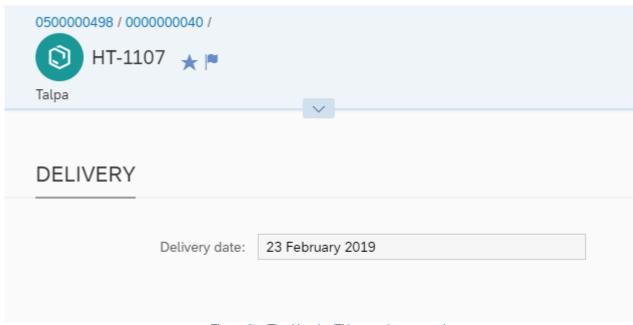


Figure 9 – The Header Title area is snapped

NEW FEATURE RICH CONTROLS

InfoLabel showing delivery status

An important part of each delivery is the delivery status. It would be great if the app shows if each order is accepted, canceled, new, etc. at a glance. Looks like the <code>sap.tnt.InfoLabel</code> control would help out. The <code>InfoLabel</code> is a small non-interactive control which contains text information and non-semantic color chosen from a list of predefined color schemes.

webapp/view/Detail.view.xml

```
<mvc:View
  controllerName="opensap.orders.controller.Detail"
  xmlns="sap.m"
  xmlns:semantic="sap.f.semantic"
  xmlns:tnt="sap.tnt"
  xmlns:mvc="sap.ui.core.mvc">
  <semantic:SemanticPage</pre>
     id="detailPage"
     busy="{detailView>/busy}"
     busyIndicatorDelay="{detailView>/delay}"
     showFooter="true">
     <semantic:titleHeading>
        <Title text="{CustomerName}"/>
     </semantic:titleHeading>
     <semantic:headerContent>
        <ObjectNumber
          id="objectHeaderNumber
          number="{
             path: 'NetAmount
          unit="{CurrencyCode}'
        <ObjectAttribute title="{i18n>StatusDesc}"/>
        <tnt:InfoLabel</pre>
          text="{LifecycleStatusDescription}"/>
     </semantic:headerContent>
  </semantic:SemanticPage>
</mvc:View>
```

In the headerContent aggregation of the SemanticPage in the detail part of the FlexibleColumnLayout, use the InfoLabel to replace the ObjectNumber generated from the template which shows the NetAmount.

Include the tnt library as well, since the InfoLabel control is contained there. Then define it in the headerContent aggregation with its text property coming from the model.

webapp/i18n/i18n.properties

Include the i18n text instead of the Price text.

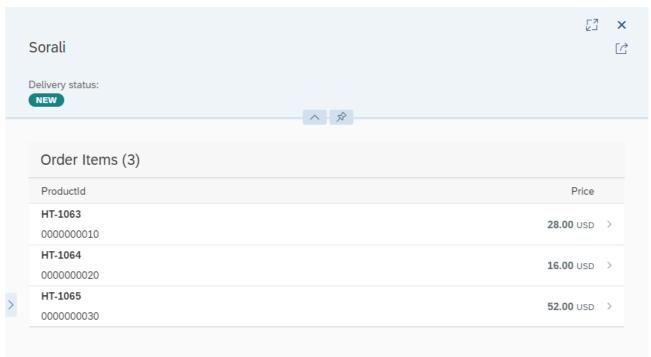


Figure 10 – The app now shows the delivery status of the order

The InfoLabel also has a property called colorScheme. It specifies the color filling of the control and accepts a digit as a value. The default colorScheme is "7" as displayed in the view with the greenish color now.

Let's use this property and change the color of the control via a formatter function.

webapp/view/Detail.view.xml

```
<mvc:View xmlns="sap.m"
 xmlns:mvc="sap.ui.core.mvc"</pre>
```

```
xmlns:semantic="sap.f.semantic"
  xmlns:tnt="sap.tnt"
  controllerName="my.opensap.w2u3.controller.Detail">
     <semantic:SemanticPage id="detailPage"</pre>
             busy="{detailView>/busy}"
             busyIndicatorDelay="{detailView>/delay}"
             showFooter="true">
        <semantic:titleHeading>
          <Title text="{CustomerName}"/>
        </semantic:titleHeading>
        <semantic:headerContent>
          <ObjectAttribute title="{i18n>StatusDesc}"/>
          <tnt:InfoLabel</pre>
             text="{LifecycleStatusDescription}"
             colorScheme="{
                path: 'LifecycleStatusDescription',
                formatter: '.formatter.deliveryStatus'
        </semantic:headerContent>
  </semantic:SemanticPage>
</mvc:View>
```

In the XML view, define the path of the value from the model, which will be used for conversion, and the path to the formatter function. In it, the value to be converted is received as a first parameter.

webapp/model/formatter.js

```
sap.ui.define([
  ], function () {
     "use strict";
     return {
        * Rounds the currency value to 2 digits
         * @public
         * @param {string} sValue value to be formatted
         * @returns {string} formatted currency value with 2 digits
       currencyValue : function (sValue) {
          if (!sValue) {
             return "";
          return parseFloat(sValue).toFixed(2);
       },
         * Converts the delivery status value from the data into a
          number used for the colorScheme propery of the InfoLabel
          control.
         * @param {string} sValue The value to be formatted
         * @returns {int} The formatted delivery status value for the
          InfoLabel colorScheme
       deliveryStatus: function(sValue) {
```

```
switch(sValue) {
    case "New": return 5;
    case "In Progress": return 1;
    case "Canceled": return 3;
    case "Closed": return 7;
    default: return 7;
}
};
```

In the formatter, state the custom conversion logic and return the value to be passed to the colorScheme property.

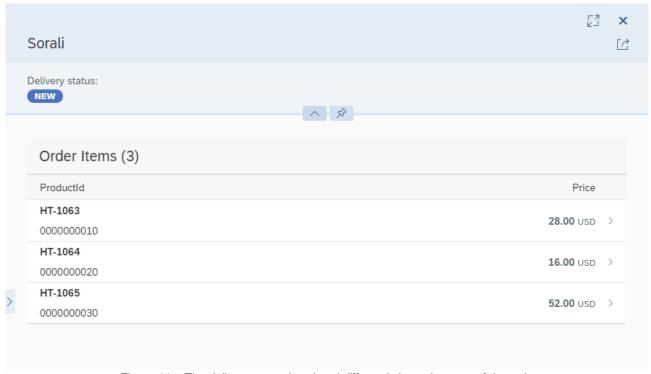


Figure 11 – The delivery status is colored differently in each status of the order

StatusIndicator showing the days to delivery for each item

The delivery date and the quantity of the items in the order are useful information as well. Let's add them to the table in the detail part. It would be even better if there was a better visual clue for noticing how urgent each delivery is.

The sap.suite.ui.commons.statusindicator.StatusIndicator control displays a value between 0 and 100 via a SVG. The image is filled according to a given value between 0 and 100. There are a couple of predefined library shapes in UI5. Let's use one of them in the demo.

webapp/view/Detail.view.xml

```
<mvc:View
  controllerName="opensap.orders.controller.Detail"
  xmlns="sap.m"
  xmlns:semantic="sap.f.semantic"
  xmlns:tnt="sap.tnt"
xmlns:si="sap.suite.ui.commons.statusindicator"
  xmlns:mvc="sap.ui.core.mvc">
<Table id="lineItemsList"
  width="auto"
  items="{ToLineItems}"
  mode="SingleSelectMaster"
  <columns>
     <Column>
        <Text text="{i18n>detailLineItemTableIDQuantity}"/>
     </Column>
     <Column>
        <Text text="{i18n>detailLineItemTableIDColumn}"/>
     </Column>
     <Column
        minScreenWidth="Tablet"
        demandPopin="true">
        <Text text="{i18n>detailLineItemTableDeliveryDate}"/>
     </Column>
     <Column>
        <Text text="{i18n>detailLineItemTableDeliveryUrgency}"/>
     </Column>
     <Column minScreenWidth="Tablet"
        demandPopin="true"
        hAlign="End">
        <Text text="{i18n>detailLineItemTableUnitNumberColumn}"/>
     </Column>
  </columns>
  <items>
     <ColumnListItem
        selected="{= ${ItemPosition} === ${appView>/selectedItemId} }"
        type="Navigation">
           <ObjectNumber number="{Quantity}"/>
           <ObjectIdentifier title="{ProductID}"</pre>
text="{ItemPosition}"/>
           <Text text="{</pre>
             path: 'DeliveryDate',
             type: 'sap.ui.model.type.Date',
             formatOptions: {
                style: 'medium'
```

```
}"/>
           <si:StatusIndicator
             id="statusIndicator"
             width="4.5rem"
             height="3.5rem"
             value="{= (Date.parse(${DeliveryDate}) - 1546300801000) / 52560000
             <si:ShapeGroup>
                <si:LibraryShape
                   id="customShape0"
                   shapeId="vehicle truck 1"/>
             </si:ShapeGroup>
             <si:propertyThresholds>
                <si:PropertyThreshold
                   fillColor="Error"
                   toValue="50"/>
                <si:PropertyThreshold
                   fillColor="Critical"
                   toValue="65"/>
                <si:PropertyThreshold
                   fillColor="Neutral"
                   toValue="80"/>
                <si:PropertyThreshold
                   fillColor="Good"
                   toValue="100"/>
             </si:propertyThresholds>
          </si:StatusIndicator>
           <ObjectNumber number="{
             path: 'NetAmount',
  formatter: '.formatter.currencyValue'}"
unit="{CurrencyCode}"/>
        </cells>
     </ColumnListItem>
  </items>
</Table>
```

Now there are three columns for the table in the detail view – one showing the item quantity, one showing the actual delivery date and one showing visually how many days are left until delivery.

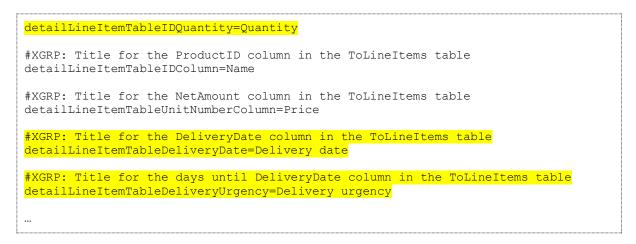
Add three new columns to the columns aggregation of the sap.m.Table and three ColumnListItem cells containing a sap.m.ObjectNumber, a sap.m.Text and a sap.suite.ui.commons.statusindicator.StatusIndicator accordingly.

In the ShapeGroup aggregation of the latter, pass the SVG shape to be displayed. In the current case this is the predefined "vehicle_truck_1" shape. For more information you can see the $\underline{\text{StatusIndicator}}$ documentation page.

webapp/i18n/i18n.properties

```
#XTIT: Title of the ToLineItems table
detailLineItemTableHeadingCount=Procuts ({0})

#XGRP: Title for the Quantity column in the ToLineItems table
```



Some texts for internationalization are needed as well.

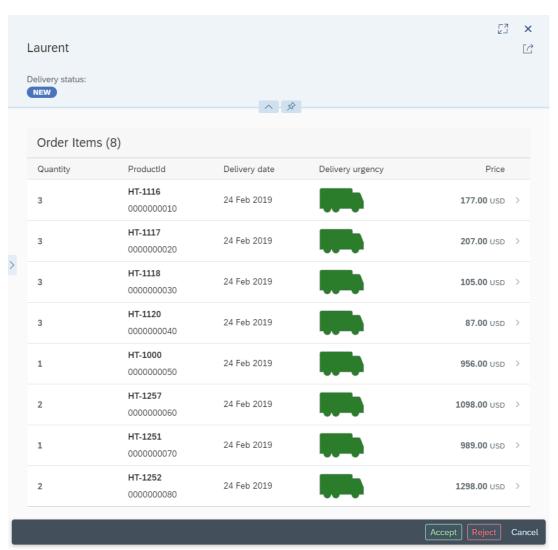


Figure 12 - StatusIndicator in the table in the Detail page

CHALLENGE YOURSELF: ADD PRODUCT DETAILS TO THE INFO PAGE

This task does not come with a predefined solution and can be solved creatively – dive a bit deeper into the topics and exchange with other learners to make the most out of your learning experience. Good luck!

Summary

One of the clients of the app – UI52 Air Cargo – was amazed by the progress on the order browser app. While navigating through the app and trying out the new features, the idea to display more information on the products of an order came up.

With all essential information about products in one place, the delivery department can process orders more efficiently and faster. Can you add a section to the ObjectPageLayout with the following product details?

Details

Gross Price: 103.53 USD
 Net Price: 87.00 USD
 Tax: 16.53 USD
 Quantity: 10 EA

Preview

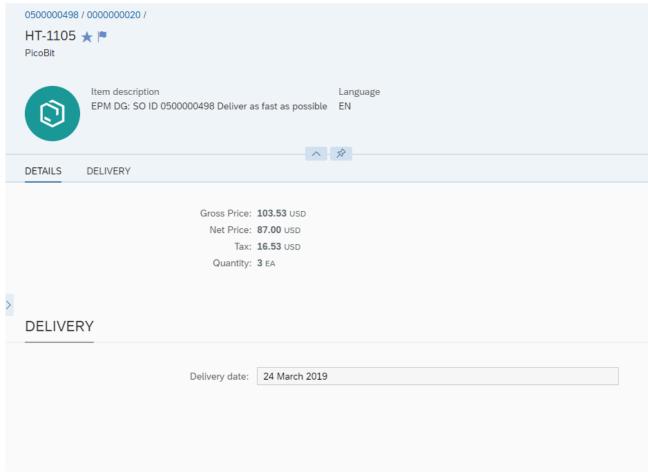


Figure 13 – The requested product details on the info page

Hints:

- The third column of the FlexibleColumnLayout shows details about a product
- In the service metadata you can see some product-related fields which are not used yet
- Add some controls to a new section of the ObjectPageLayout
- Especially, the sap.m.ObjectNumber control may be handy

RELATED MATERIAL

- Demo Kit: Object Page Layout
- Example: InfoLabel ControlDemo Kit: StatusIndicator

Coding Samples

Any software coding or code lines/strings ("Code") provided in this documentation are only examples and are not intended for use in a production system environment. The Code is only intended to better explain and visualize the syntax and phrasing rules for certain SAP coding. SAP does not warrant the correctness or completeness of the Code provided herein and SAP shall not be liable for errors or damages cause by use of the Code, except where such damages were caused by SAP with intent or with gross negligence.

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