```
Linux Internals
Assignment 2
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```

program 1:

Test whether the process (exec() system call)that replaces old program, will inherit the fd's or not.

```
code:
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<unistd.h>

int main()
{
        int fd;
        fd=open("execl.c",O_RDONLY,777);
        printf("fd for execl is = %d\n",fd);
        close(fd);
        return 0;
}
```

output:

```
pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ gedit prog2.c pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ gcc -o p2 prog2.c pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ ./p2 fd for execl is = 3
```

Program 2:

write a program such that parent process create two child processes.

code:

Output:

```
pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ gedit prog1.c pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ gcc prog1.c pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ ./a.out current process id = 2077 parent process id = 2077 pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ child process id 2= 2079 1290 child process id 1= 2078 1290
```

program 3:

A program that replace old program with vim editor program and open a new text file.

code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>

int main()
{
        int x;
        x=execl("/usr/bin/vi","vim","info.txt",0);
        if(x==-1)
            printf("error creating file %d\n",x);
        return 0;
}
```

output:

it will open the info.txt file

program 4:

a process using execl() system call should replace a new command line program.

```
code:
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
int main(int argc,char *argv[])
{
       int i;
       printf("\n file name : %s\n",argv[0]);
       printf("\n total number of arguments : %d\n",argc);
       execl("prog1","./prog1","linux","kernel","programming","device","drivers",0);
       printf("\n Arguments passed: ");
       for(i=1;i<argc;i++)
       {
              printf("%s",argv[i]);
       printf("\n");
       return 0;
}
output:
pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux internals tools/Day4/Assig$ gedit prog4.c
pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux internals tools/Day4/Assig$ gcc -o prog4 prog4.c
pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ ./prog4
file name:./prog4
total number of arguments: 1
current process id = 10416
parent process id = 10416
pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$
child process id 2= 10418
1290
child process id 1= 10417
1290
```

program 5:

write a program parent process wait untill, while child process open file and read file data into empty buffer.

code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
int main()
{
       int fd;
       char buff1[100]="My name is pavan,byee";
       char buff2[100];
       pid_t pid;
       pid=fork();
       if(pid==0)
       {
              sleep(5);
              printf("I am child with delay of 5 sec & my child pid = %d\n",getpid());
              fd=open("seek_set.txt",O_CREAT | O_RDWR,777);
              printf("fd = \%d\n",fd);
              if(fd>0)
              {
                      write(fd,buff1,100);
               }
              else
               {
                      printf("error not created seek_set.txt\n");
              lseek(fd,0,SEEK_SET);
              read(fd,buff2,100);
              printf("Data is written in seek_set.txt is --- %s\n",buff2);
       }
       else
       {
              printf("I am parent process pid = %d\n",getpid());
       return 0;
}
```

output:

```
pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ gedit prog5.c pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ gcc prog5.c pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ ./a.out I am child with delay of 5 sec & my child pid = 5433 fd = 3
Data is written in seek_set.txt is --- My name is pavan,byee
I am parent process pid = 5432
```

program 6:

write a program, where functions of the programare called in the reverse order of their function calls from main().

```
code:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
void callback1(void)
{
       printf("call back 1 func called\n");
}
void callback2(void)
{
       printf("call back 2 func called\n");
}
void callback3(void)
{
       printf("call back 3 func called\n");
}
int main()
       printf("registering callback1\n");
       atexit(callback1);
       printf("registering callback2\n");
       atexit(callback2);
       printf("registering callback3\n");
       atexit(callback3);
       printf("main exiting now....\n");
       exit(0);
```

output:

}

```
pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ gedit prog6.c pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ gcc -o prog6 prog6.c pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig$ ./prog6 registering callback1 registering callback2 registering callback3 main exiting now.... call back 3 func called call back 2 func called call back 1 func called
```

program 7:

write a program child executes(exec())a new program, while parent waitsfor child task to get complete.

code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
int main()
{
       pid_t pid;
       pid=fork();
       if(pid==0)
              printf("my child pid = %d\n",getpid());
       }
       else
              int pid1;
              pid1=wait(0);
              printf("I am parent process pid = %d\n",getpid());
       return 0;
}
```

output:

pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig\$ gedit prog7.c pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig\$ gcc -o prog7 prog7.c pavan@pavan-VirtualBox:~/Training/Linux_internals_tools/Day4/Assig\$./prog7 my child pid = 10519
I am parent process pid = 10518