Operating System Design – 19CS2106S

Skill - 6

1. kill.c, grep.c (Xv6 design & implementation. (xv6 source code))

Kill.c Code

```
#include "types.h"
#include "stat.h"
#include "user.h"
int main(int argc, char * argv)
{
        int i;
        if(argc < 2){
            printf(2, "usage: kill pid...\n");
        exit();
        }
        for(i=1; i<argc; i++)
        kill(atoi(argv[i]));
        exit();
}</pre>
```

```
🧬 osd-190031187@team-osd:∼/xv6
                     2) SIGINT
7) SIGBUS
                                                               9) SIGKILL
14) SIGALRM
                                           8) SIGFPE
                                          13) SIGPIPE
   SIGSTKFLT
                                                               19) SIGSTOP
                                          23) SIGURG
28) SIGWINCH
35) SIGRTMIN-
                                                               24)
                                                                                         SIGXFSZ
                                                               29)
36)
    SIGVTALRM
                                                                                     30) SIGPWR
                    34)
                                               SIGRTMIN+1
                                                                    SIGRTMIN+2
                                                                                          SIGRTMIN+3
   SIGRTMIN+4
                                                                                         SIGRTMIN+8
    SIGRTMIN+9
                                                                    SIGRTMIN+12
                                                                                         SIGRTMIN+13
   SIGRTMIN+14 49) SIGRTMIN+15 50) SIGRTMAX-14 51)
                                                                    SIGRTMAX-13 52) SIGRTMAX-12
   SIGRTMAX-11 54) SIGRTMAX-10 55) SIGRTMAX-9
SIGRTMAX-6 59) SIGRTMAX-5 60) SIGRTMAX-4
                                                                                    57) SIGRTMAX-7
                                                               61) SIGRTMAX-3
                                                                                    62) SIGRTMAX-2
osd-190031187@team-osd xv6]$ ps
 PID TTY
                       TIME CMD
1911 pts/163 00:00:00 bash
3557 pts/163 00:00:00 ps
[osd-190031187@team-osd xv6]$
```

Grep.c code

```
#include "types.h"
#include "stat.h"
#include "user.h"
char buf[1024];
int match(char*, char*);
void
grep(char *pattern, int fd)
 int n, m;
 char *p, *q;
 m = 0;
 while ((n = read(fd, buf+m, sizeof(buf)-m)) > 0)
  m += n;
  p = buf;
  while((q = strchr(p, '\n')) != 0){
    *q = 0;
   if(match(pattern, p)){
     *q = 'n';
     write(1, p, q+1 - p);
   p = q+1;
  if(p == buf)
   m = 0;
  if(m > 0){
   m = p - buf;
   memmove(buf, p, m);
  }
 }
}
main(int argc, char *argv[])
 int fd, i;
 char *pattern;
 if(argc \ll 1)
  printf(2, "usage: grep pattern [file ...]\n");
  exit();
 }
```

```
pattern = argv[1];
 if(argc \le 2){
  grep(pattern, 0);
  exit();
 }
 for(i = 2; i < argc; i++)
  if((fd = open(argv[i], 0)) < 0)
    printf(1, "grep: cannot open %s\n", argv[i]);
   exit();
  grep(pattern, fd);
  close(fd);
 }
 exit();
}
// Regexp matcher from Kernighan & Pike,
// The Practice of Programming, Chapter 9.
int matchhere(char*, char*);
int matchstar(int, char*, char*);
int
match(char *re, char *text)
 if(re[0] == '^')
  return matchhere(re+1, text);
 do{ // must look at empty string
  if(matchhere(re, text))
   return 1;
 \}while(*text++ != '\0');
 return 0;
}
// matchhere: search for re at beginning of text
int matchhere(char *re, char *text)
 if(re[0] == '\0')
  return 1;
 if(re[1] == '*')
  return matchstar(re[0], re+2, text);
 if(re[0] == '\$' \&\& re[1] == '\0')
  return *text == \0;
 if(*text!='\0' && (re[0]=='.' || re[0]==*text))
```

```
return matchhere(re+1, text+1);
return 0;
}
// matchstar: search for c*re at beginning of text
int matchstar(int c, char *re, char *text)
{
    do{      // a * matches zero or more instances
        if(matchhere(re, text))
        return 1;
    }while(*text!='\0' && (*text++==c || c=='.'));
    return 0;
}
```

2. Triply-Indirect Block filesystem in xv6 and xv6 filesystem visualizer (xv6 customization)

```
#include "types.h"
#include "stat.h"
#include "user.h"
#include "fcntl.h"
int
main()
  char buf[512];
  int fd, i, sectors;
  fd = open("big.file", O CREATE | O WRONLY);
  if(fd < 0){
   printf(2, "big: cannot open big.file for writing\n");
    exit();
  }
  sectors = 0;
  while(1){
   *(int*)buf = sectors;
    int cc = write(fd, buf, sizeof(buf));
   if(cc <= 0)
     break;
    sectors++;
       if (sectors % 100 == 0)
              printf(2, ".");
  printf(1, "\nwrote %d sectors\n", sectors);
  close(fd);
  fd = open("big.file", O RDONLY);
  if(fd < 0){
   printf(2, "big: cannot re-open big.file for reading\n");
  for(i = 0; i < sectors; i++){
    int cc = read(fd, buf, sizeof(buf));
    if(cc <= 0){
     printf(2, "big: read error at sector %d\n", i);
     exit();
    if(*(int*)buf != i){
      printf(2, "big: read the wrong data (%d) for sector %d\n",
             *(int*)buf, i);
      exit();
    }
  }
  exit();
```

```
SeaBIOS (version 1.11.0-2.el7)

iPXE (http://ipxe.org) 00:03.0 C980 PCI2.10 PnP PMM+1FF94780+1FED4780 C980

Booting from Hard Disk..xv6...
cpu1: starting 1
cpu0: starting 0
sb: size 1000 nblocks 941 ninodes 200 nlog 30 logstart 2 inodestart 32 bmap sta8
init: starting sh
190031187$ big
...
wrote 140 sectors
190031187$
```