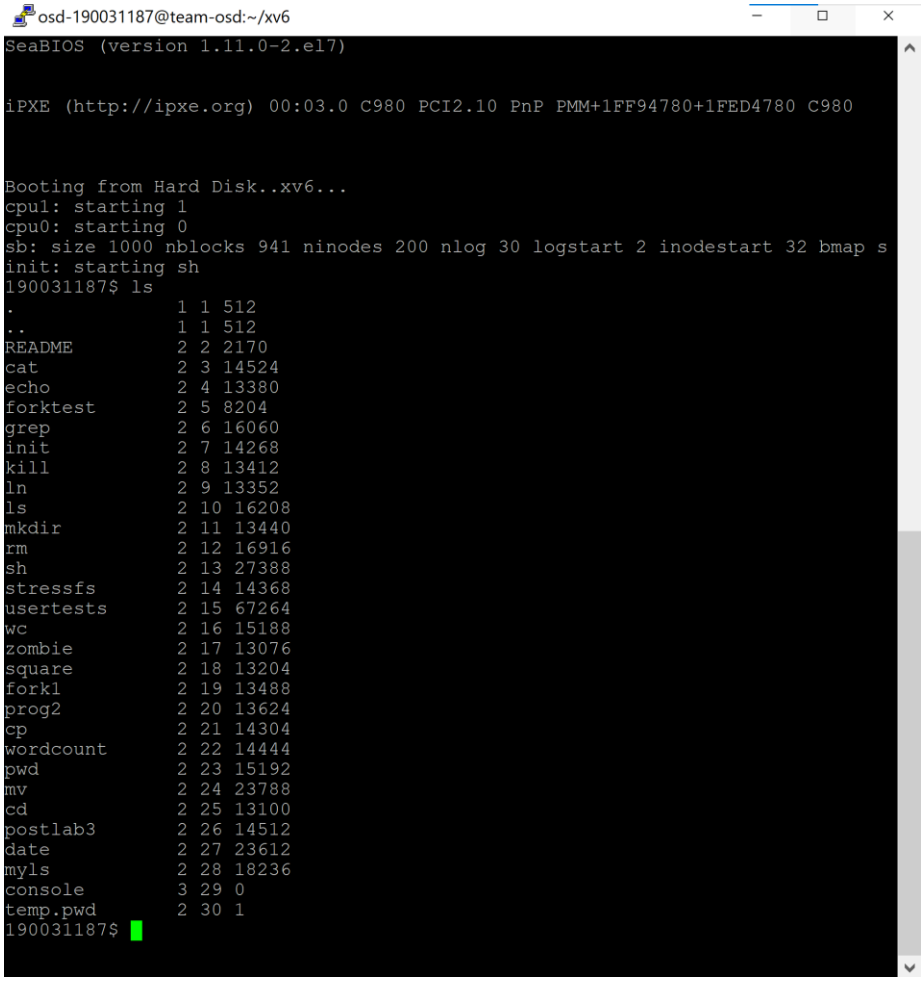
Operating System and Design (19CS2106S)
Skill - 5
1) ls.c (Xv6 design & implementation. (xv6 source code))

```
#include "types.h"
#include "stat.h"
#include "user.h"
#include "fs.h"
char* fmtname(char *path)
{
 static char buf[DIRSIZ+1];
 char *p;
 // Find first character after last slash.
 for(p=path+strlen(path); p >= path && *p != '/'; p--);
 p++;
 // Return blank-padded name.
 if(strlen(p) >= DIRSIZ)
     return p;
 memmove(buf, p, strlen(p));
 memset(buf+strlen(p), ' ', DIRSIZ-strlen(p));
 return buf;
}
void ls(char *path)
{
 char buf[512], *p;
 int fd;
 struct dirent de;
 struct stat st;
 if((fd = open(path, 0)) < 0){
   printf(2, "ls: cannot open %s\n", path);
 return;
}
if(fstat(fd, &st) < 0){
   printf(2, "ls: cannot stat %s\n", path);
   close(fd);
   return;
}
switch(st.type){
case T_FILE:
          printf(1, "%s %d %d %d\n", fmtname(path),   st.type, st.ino, st.size);
          break;
case T_DIR:
          if(strlen(path) + 1 + DIRSIZ + 1 > sizeof buf){
          printf(1, "ls: path too long\n");
          break;
          }
          strcpy(buf, path);
          p = buf+strlen(buf);
          *p++ = '/';
while(read(fd, &de, sizeof(de)) == sizeof(de)){
          if(de.inum == 0 ) continue;
```

```
        memmove(p, de.name, DIRSIZ);
        p[DIRSIZ] = 0;
        if(stat(buf, &st) < 0){
                printf(1, "ls: cannot stat %s\n", buf);
                continue;
        }
        printf(1, "%s %d %d %d\n", fmtname(buf), st.type, st.ino, st.size);
}
break;
}
close(fd);
}
Int   main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
        int i;
        if(argc < 2){
                ls(".");
                exit();
        }
        for(i=1; i<argc; i++)
                ls(argv[i]);
        exit();
}
```

OUTPUT



2) ls, date, head (xv6 customization (xv6 source code, https://github.com))

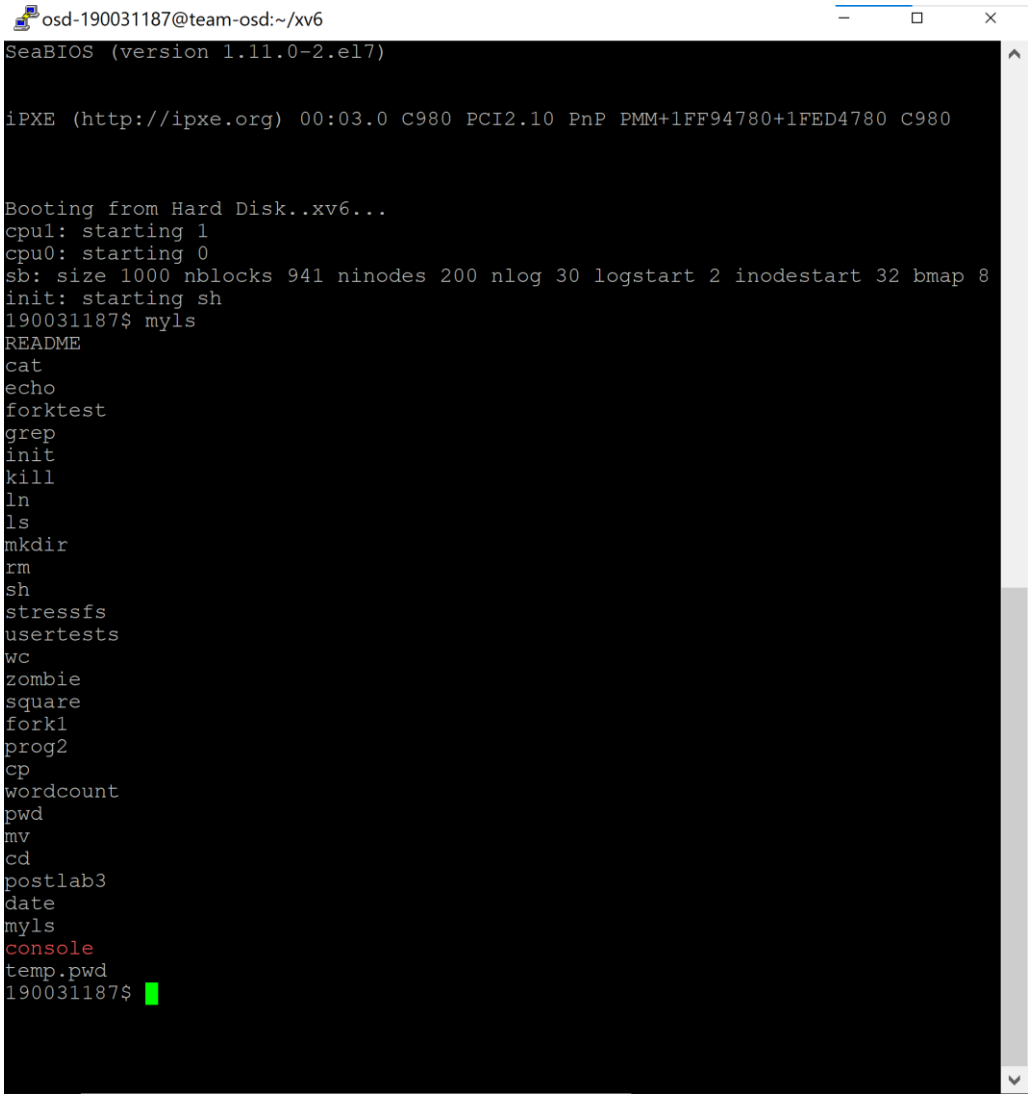
```
#include "types.h"
#include "stat.h"
#include "user.h"
#include "fs.h"
int lo=0; int dot=0;  int help=0;
char* fmtname(char *path)
{
 static char buf[DIRSIZ+1];
 char *p;
 // Find first character after last slash.
 for(p=path+strlen(path); p >= path && *p != '/'; p--);
 p++;
 // Return blank-padded name.
 if(strlen(p) >= DIRSIZ)
     return p;
 memmove(buf, p, strlen(p));
 memset(buf+strlen(p), ' ', DIRSIZ-strlen(p));
 return buf;
}
Void ls(char *path)
{
 char buf[512], *p;
 int fd;
 struct dirent de;
 struct stat st;
 if((fd = open(path, 0)) < 0) {
  printf(2, "ls: cannot open %s\n", path);
  return;
 }
 if(fstat(fd, &st) < 0){
  printf(2, "ls: cannot stat %s\n", path);
  close(fd);
  return;
 }
 switch(st.type){
 case T_FILE:
  printf(1, "%s %d %d %d\n", fmtname(path), st.type, st.ino, st.size);
  break;
 case T_DIR:
  if(strlen(path) + 1 + DIRSIZ + 1 > sizeof buf){
   printf(1, "ls: path too long\n");
   break;
  }
  strcpy(buf, path);
  p = buf+strlen(buf);
  *p++ = '/';
  while(read(fd, &de, sizeof(de)) == sizeof(de)){
   if(de.inum == 0)
    continue;
   if(dot==0 && de.name[0]=='.')
```

```
      continue;
    memmove(p, de.name, DIRSIZ);
    p[DIRSIZ] = 0;
    if(stat(buf, &st) < 0){
      printf(1, "ls: cannot stat %s\n", buf);
      continue;
    }
    if(lo==1)
    {
      if(st.type==T_DIR) printf(1, "\033[1m\x1B[34m%s\x1B[0m %d %d %d\n", fmtname(buf), st.type,
st.ino, st.size);
      else if(st.type==T_DEV) printf(1, "\033[1m\x1B[31m%s\x1B[0m %d %d %d\n", fmtname(buf),
st.type, st.ino, st.size);
      else printf(1, "%s %d %d %d\n", fmtname(buf), st.type, st.ino, st.size);
    }
    else
    {
      if(st.type==T_DIR) printf(1, "\033[1m\x1B[34m%s\x1B[0m\n", fmtname(buf));
      else if(st.type==T_DEV) printf(1, "\033[1m\x1B[31m%s\x1B[0m\n", fmtname(buf));
      else printf(1, "%s\n", fmtname(buf));
    }
   }
   break;
  }
  close(fd);
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
  int i;
  for(i=1;i<argc;i++)
  {
    if(argv[i][0]=='-')
    {
     if(strcmp(argv[i],"-l")==0) lo=1;
     else if(strcmp(argv[i],"-a")==0) dot=1;
     else if(strcmp(argv[i],"--help")==0) help=1;
     else printf(1,"invalid OPTIONS try 'ls --help' for more information ");
    }
  }
  if(help)
  {
    printf(1,"Usage : \033[1mls\x1B[0m [OPTION]... [FILE]...\n");
    printf(1,"List information about the FILEs (the current directory by default).\n");
    printf(1,"OPTION:\n");
    printf(1,"\t\033[1m-a\x1B[0m do not ignore entries starting with .\n");
    printf(1,"\t\033[1m-l\x1B[0m use a long listing format\n");
  }
  if(argc < 2)
  {
    ls(".");
```

```
  exit();
 }
 else if((lo==1 || dot==1 || help==1) && argc < 3)
 {
  ls(".");
  exit();
 }
 else if((lo==1 || dot==1 || help==1) && argc < 4)
 {
  ls(argv[2]);
  exit();
 }
 else
 {
  ls(argv[1]);
  exit();
 }
 exit();
}
```

OUTPUT



date.c

```
#include "types.h"  // this file has all the datatypes
#include "user.h"   // this file has the prototypes of all the system calls
#include "date.h"  // this file contains definition of struct rtcdate

// prototypes of all the functions used
long long power(int,int);
int check_leap(int);
void month_name(int);
void day_name(int,int,int);
void time(void);
void yesterday(void);
void today(void);
void tomorrow(void);
void particular_day(char *);
void utc_day(void);
void day(char *);

// main
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
	// if user only types date in the command prompt
	if(argc==1)
		today();  // this function prints today's date and current time (IST format)
	else
	{
		// if user uses -d option with the date command
		if((argc==3)&&(strcmp("-d",*(argv+1))==0))
			day(*(argv+2));  // this function checks which option is chosen by user
					// it then calls a suitable function to implement that
option

		// if user uses -u option
		else if((argc==2)&&(strcmp("-u",*(argv+1))==0))
			utc_day();  // this function prints today's date and current time (UTC
format)

		// if the user types an invalid command
		else
			printf(1,"Invalid command. Please try again.\n");
	}
exit();
}

// this function calculate a power b
long long power(int x,int y)
```

```
{
        long long res = 1;
    int i;
        for(i=0;i<y;i++)
        {
                res = res * x;
        }
        return(res);
}

// this function whether the current year is a leap year
int check_leap(int x)
{
        int flag = 0;
        if(x%400==0)
                flag = 1;
        else if(x%100==0)
                flag = 0;
        else if(x%4==0)
                flag = 1;
        else
                flag = 0;
        return(flag);
}

// this function prints the name of the month of the year
void month_name(int x)
{
        switch(x)
        {
                case 1:printf(1," Jan");
                    break;
                case 2:printf(1," Feb");
                    break;
                case 3:printf(1," Mar");
                    break;
                case 4:printf(1," Apr");
                    break;
                case 5:printf(1," May");
                    break;
                case 6:printf(1," Jun");
                    break;
                case 7:printf(1," Jul");
                    break;
                case 8:printf(1," Aug");
                    break;
                case 9:printf(1," Sep");
```

```
                    break;
                case 10:printf(1," Oct");
                    break;
                case 11:printf(1," Nov");
                    break;
                case 12:printf(1," Dec");
                    break;
        }
}

// this function prints the name of the day of the week
void day_name(int x,int y,int z)
{
        int initial_day = 4;
        int count = 0;
    int i;
        if(x>1970)
        {
                for(i=1970;i<x;i++)
                {
                        if(check_leap(i))
                                count += 366;
                        else
                                count += 365;
                }
        }
        for(i=1;i<y;i++)
        {
                if(i==2)
                {
                        if(check_leap(x))
                                count += 29;
                        else
                                count += 28;
                }
                else if((i<8)&&(i%2==1))
                        count += 31;
                else if((i<8)&&(i%2==0))
                        count += 30;
                else if((i>=8)&&(i%2==0))
                        count += 31;
                else
                        count += 30;
        }
        int final_day = (initial_day+count+z-1)%7;
        switch(final_day)
        {
```

```
                case 0:printf(1,"Sun");
                    break;
                case 1:printf(1,"Mon");
                    break;
                case 2:printf(1,"Tue");
                    break;
                case 3:printf(1,"Wed");
                    break;
                case 4:printf(1,"Thur");
                    break;
                case 5:printf(1,"Fri");
                    break;
                case 6:printf(1,"Sat");
                    break;
        }
}

// this function prints the current time in IST format
void time()
{
        struct rtcdate r;
        if (date(&r))
        {
                printf(2, "date failed\n");
                exit();
        }
        if(r.minute+30>59)
        {
                r.hour += 6;
                r.minute = r.minute+30-59;
        }
        else
        {
                r.hour += 5;
                r.minute += 30;
        }
        if(r.hour>=24)
                r.hour -= 24;
        printf(1," %d:%d:%d",r.hour,r.minute,r.second);
}

void yesterday()
{
        struct rtcdate r;
        if (date(&r))
        {
                printf(2, "date failed\n");
```

```
        exit();
}

// if month is march
if(r.month == 3)
{
        if(check_leap(r.year))
        {
                if(r.day==1)
                {
                        r.month -= 1;
                        r.day = 29;
                }
                else
                        r.day -= 1;
        }
        else
        {
                if(r.day==1)
                {
                        r.month -= 1;
                        r.day = 28;
                }
                else
                        r.day -= 1;
        }
}

// if date is 1st Jan
else if((r.day==1)&&(r.month==1))
{
        r.month = 12;
        r.day = 31;
        r.year -= 1;
}

else
{
        if(r.month<9)
        {
                if(r.month%2==0)
                {
                        if(r.day==1)
                        {
                                r.month -= 1;
                                r.day = 31;
                        }
```

```
                        else
                                r.day -= 1;
                }
                else
                {
                        if(r.day==1)
                        {
                                r.month -= 1;
                                r.day = 30;
                        }
                        else
                                r.day -= 1;
                }
        }
        else
        {
                if(r.month%2==1)
                {
                        if(r.day==1)
                        {
                                r.month -= 1;
                                r.day = 31;
                        }
                        else
                                r.day -= 1;
                }
                else
                {
                        if(r.day==1)
                        {
                                r.month -= 1;
                                r.day = 30;
                        }
                        else
                                r.day -= 1;
                }
        }
    }
    day_name(r.year,r.month,r.day);  // prints the name of yesterday's day of the week
    month_name(r.month);  // prints the name of the yesterday's month of the year
    printf(1," %d",r.day);  // prints yesterday's date
    time();  // prints the current time (IST format)
    printf(1," IST");
    printf(1," %d\n",r.year);  // prints yesterday's year
}

// this function prints today's date and current time (IST format)
```

```
void today()
{
	struct rtcdate r;
	if (date(&r))
	{
		printf(2, "date failed\n");
		exit();
	}
	day_name(r.year,r.month,r.day);	// prints the name of day of the week
	month_name(r.month);  // prints the name of the month of the year
	printf(1," %d",r.day);  // prints the today's date
	time();  // prints the current time (IST format)
	printf(1," IST");
	printf(1," %d\n",r.year);  // prints the current year
}

// this function prints tomorrow's date and time (IST format)
void tomorrow()
{
	struct rtcdate r;
	if (date(&r))
	{
		printf(2, "date failed\n");
		exit();
	}

	// if month is Feb
	if(r.month == 2)
	{
		if(check_leap(r.year))
		{
			if(r.day==29)
			{
				r.month += 1;
				r.day = 1;
			}
			else
				r.day += 1;
		}
		else
		{
			if(r.day==28)
			{
				r.month += 1;
				r.day = 1;
			}
			else
```

```
                        r.day += 1;
        }
}

// if the date is 31st Dec
else if((r.day==31)&&(r.month==12))
{
        r.month = 1;
        r.day = 1;
        r.year += 1;
}

else
{
        if(r.month<8)
        {
                if(r.month%2==1)
                {
                        if(r.day==31)
                        {
                                r.month += 1;
                                r.day = 1;
                        }
                        else
                                r.day += 1;
                }
                else
                {
                        if(r.day==30)
                        {
                                r.month += 1;
                                r.day = 1;
                        }
                        else
                                r.day += 1;
                }
        }
        else
        {
                if(r.month%2==1)
                {
                        if(r.day==30)
                        {
                                r.month += 1;
                                r.day = 1;
                        }
                        else
```

```
                                        r.day += 1;
                        }
                        else
                        {
                                if(r.day==31)
                                {
                                        r.month += 1;
                                        r.day = 1;
                                }
                                else
                                        r.day += 1;
                        }
                }
        }
        day_name(r.year,r.month,r.day);  // prints the name of tomorrow's day of the week
        month_name(r.month);  // prints the name of the tomorrow's month of the year
        printf(1," %d",r.day);  // prints tomorrow's date
        time();  // prints the current time (IST format)
        printf(1," IST");
        printf(1," %d\n",r.year);  // prints tomorrow's year
}

// if user uses -d option with a particular date
void particular_day(char *x)
{
        int flag = 1;
      int i;
        for(i=0;i<4;i++)
        {
                if(*(x+i)=='-')
                {
                        flag = 0;
                        break;
                }
        }
        for(i=5;i<7;i++)
        {
                if(*(x+i)=='-')
                {
                        flag = 0;
                        break;
                }
        }
        for( i=8;i<10;i++)
        {
                if(*(x+i)=='-')
                {
```

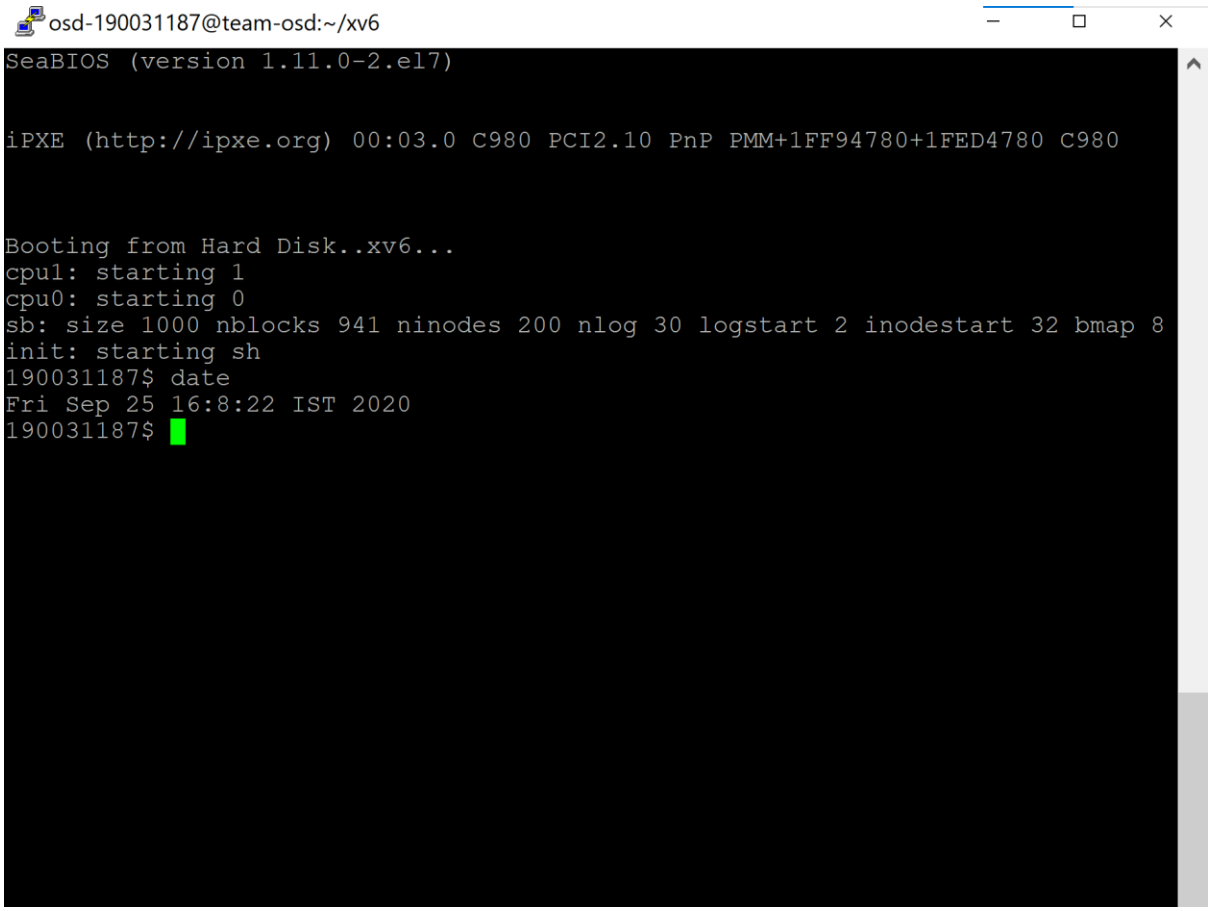
```
                flag = 0;
                break;
        }
}
if(flag==0)
{
        printf(1,"date: invalid date %s\n",x);
        exit();
}
int y=0;
int m=0;
int d=0;
for( i=0;i<4;i++)
{
        y += (*(x+i) - '0')*power(10,3-i);
}
for( i=5;i<7;i++)
{
        m += (*(x+i) - '0')*power(10,6-i);
}
for( i=8;i<10;i++)
{
        d += (*(x+i) - '0')*power(10,9-i);
}
if((m>12)||(d>31)||(m<1)||(d<1)||(y<1970))
{
        printf(1,"date: invalid date %s\n",x);
        exit();
}
else if(m==2)
{
        if(d>28)
        {
                if(check_leap(y))
                {
                        if(d>29)
                        {
                                printf(1,"date: invalid date %s\n",x);
                                exit();
                        }
                }
                else
                {
                        printf(1,"date: invalid date %s\n",x);
                                exit();
                }
        }
```

```
        }
        day_name(y,m,d);
        month_name(m);
        printf(1," %d",d);
        printf(1," 00:00:00 IST");
        printf(1," %d\n",y);
}

// this function prints today's date and current time (UTC format)
void utc_day()
{
        struct rtcdate r;
        if (date(&r))
        {
                printf(2, "date failed\n");
                exit();
        }
        day_name(r.year,r.month,r.day);       // prints the name of today's day of the week
        month_name(r.month);  // prints the name of the today's month of the year
        printf(1," %d",r.day);  // prints today's date
        printf(1," %d:%d:%d",r.hour,r.minute,r.second);  // prints the current time (UTC
format)
        printf(1," UTC");
        printf(1," %d\n",r.year);  // prints current year
}

// this function checks which option is chosen by user
// it then calls a suitable function to implement that option
void day(char *x)
{
        switch(*(x+2))
        {
                case 'd':
                case 'w':today();
                        break;
                case 'm':tomorrow();
                        break;
                case 's':yesterday();
                        break;
                default:particular_day(x);
                            break;
        }
}
```

OUTPUT



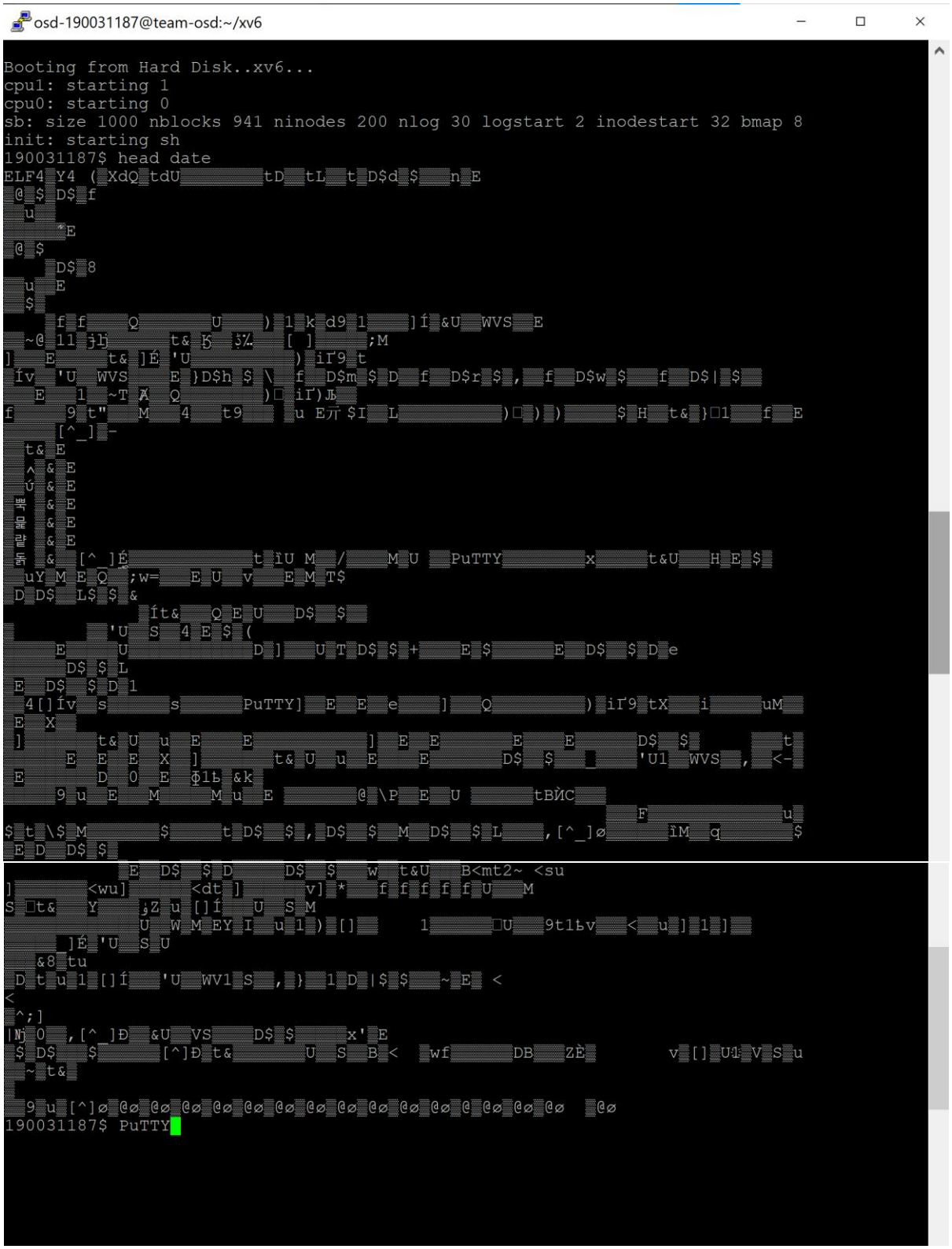
head.c

```
#include "types.h"
#include "stat.h"
#include "user.h"
char buf[512];
void head(int fd, char *name, int line)
{
int i, n; //here the size of the read chunk is defined by n, and i is used to keep a track of the chunk index
int l, c; //here line number is defined by l,and the character count in the string is defined by c
l = c = 0;
while((n = read(fd, buf, sizeof(buf))) > 0 ){
  for(i=0;i<=n ;i++){                          //print the characters in the line
    if(buf[i]!='\n'){
          printf(1,"%c",buf[i]);
    }
                    //if the number of lines is equal to l, then exit
    else if (l == (line-1)){
          printf(1,"\n");
          exit();
```

```
    }
//if the number of lines is not equal to l, then jump to next line and increment the value of l
    else{
            printf(1,"\n");
            l++;
    }
   }
  }
  if(n < 0){
   printf(1, "head: read error\n");
   exit();
  }
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    int i;
    int fd = 0;         // when the file is not specified, then it will take input from the user
    int x = 10;         // will read the first 10 lines by default
    char *file;         // pointer to the name of the file
    char a;
    file = ""; // in the case when no file name is specified, it will take input from the user
    if (argc <= 1) {
        head(0, "", 10);          // handles the default case of taking input from user for 10 lines
        exit();
    }
    else {
        for (i = 1; i < argc; i++) {
                        a = *argv[i];           // assigns the char value of the argv to the var a

            if (a == '-') { // it means that -NUM is provided, hence limited number of lines are
to be printed
                                    argv[i]++;
                x = atoi(argv[i]++);
            }
            else {      // if a !='-' then it implies that number of lines are not defined and hence
default lines will print
            if ((fd = open(argv[i], 0)) < 0) {// this will execute if the file is unable to open
                printf(1, "head: cannot open %s\n", argv[i]);
                exit();
                }
            }
        }
        head(fd, file, x);
        close(fd);
        exit();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT



Out is the ascii values of the original file . date is the file name