Iteration-2 Report

Symbolic Execution Of Smart Contracts Using Manticore

Advanced Topics in Software Engineering
CSE 6324

GitHub link: https://github.com/PavanKumarChaparla/ADV-TOPICS-IN-SE-CSE-6324

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1. Project Plan

Introduction

There are a lot of open issues with the Manticore. The main goal of the project is to improvise the Manticore performance on the smart contracts by working on the internal Manticore API's.

In the iteration 2:

With the same motive, we have looked into the open issues that the Manticore tools currently have, in which we were able to successfully resolve one such issue #2427.

In the same way, we are looking into the issues related to time complexity i.e #2427. That can help in improving the performance of the manticore when tested with updated API, it returned results in quicker time.

Major goals:

Picked up three open issues in manticore and for Iterations.

Iteration 1: Compatibility issues - #2577

Iteration 2: Time complexity issues- #2427

Iteration 3: Code coverage

Project plan Features:

1. Compile and run Solidity Code

The IDE will allow the user to write the solidity code that they would like to analyze.

2. Analyzing the smart contract with Manticore

The user can compile the smart contract code using the Manticore API.

3. Generating the results

The tool, once finished with the analysis, will produce the results into reports and save them in the specified directory.

2. Design and Specifications

Pictorial Representation:

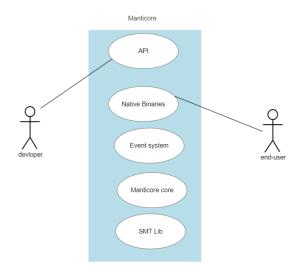


Fig 1: High level architectural view of manticore usage

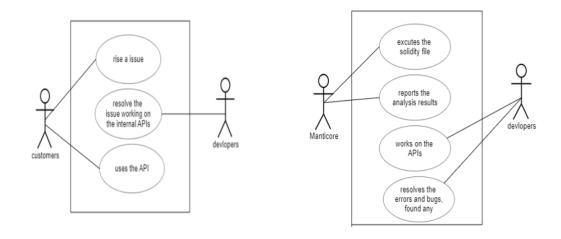


Fig 2: User and developer interacting with the API

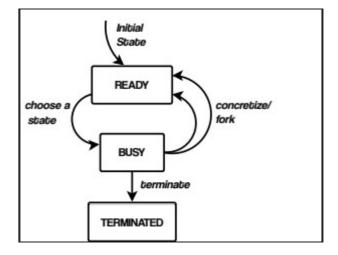


Fig 3: High level architecture of manticore

Issue #2427

We have identified an open issue in the manticore development repository, which is related to time complexity. Because of a state goes from busy to killed, the worker handling that state won't take another. In larger targets, it is likely that some workers will stop running, degrading the overall performance of our tool. Also, in the extreme case of a single worker configuration, Manticore will hang forever (until the user presses ctrl+c or the process is terminated). When the workers are done working with their targets, It was designed in such away that workers will be terminated after the process.

3. Code and Test:

We have made the following changes to the manticore API i.e. the changes are highlighted in the below screen shots.

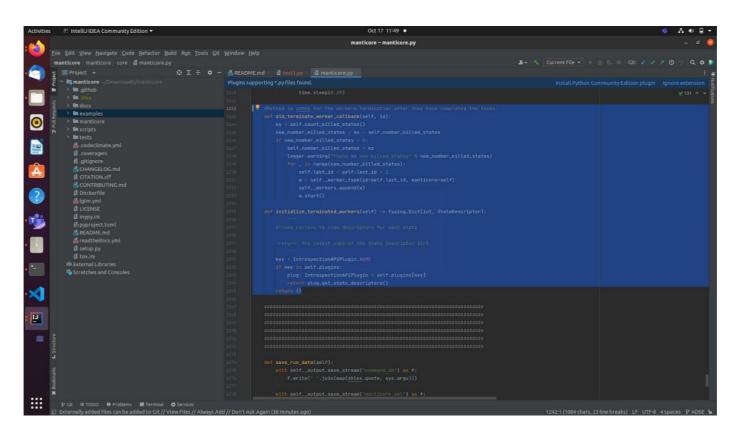
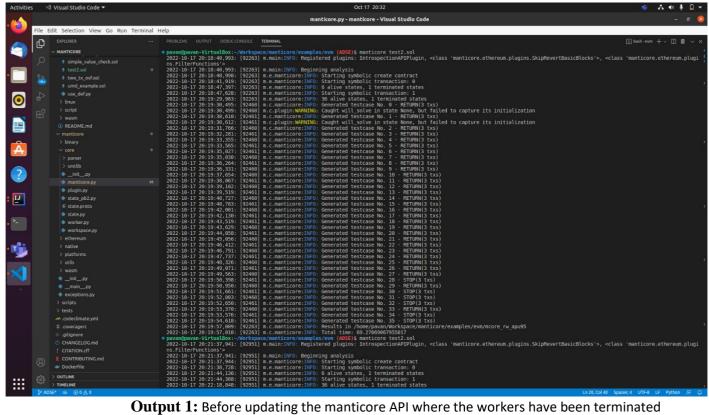


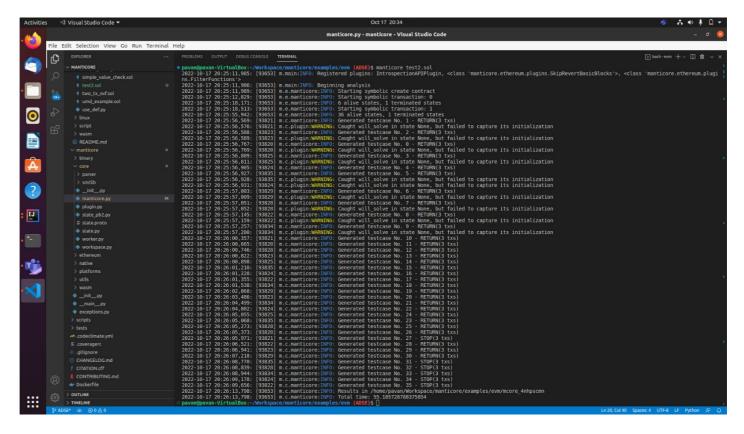
Fig 4: API code

```
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```

Fig 5: API Code 2



Output 1: Before updating the manticore API where the workers have been terminated



Output2: where the works are reinitiated and the results are obtained in lesser time when compared with the previous output.

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.13;
     contract Target {
         function isContract(address account) public view returns (bool) {
             // This method relies on extcodesize, which returns 0 for contracts in
             // construction, since the code is only stored at the end of the
             // constructor execution.
             uint size;
             assembly {
                 size := extcodesize(account)
11
12
             return size > 0;
13
14
         bool public pwned = false;
15
16
17
         function protected() external {
             require(!isContract(msg.sender), "no contract allowed");
18
19
             pwned = true;
20
21
```

Fig 6: Sample contract execution result.

4. Risks:

Modification to the manticore API file in local turned out to be very challenging.

Picking up the proper solidity program for testing the against the time complexity was challenging.

The latest libraries, which are added to the latest versions are not supported by the Z3.

Manticore analysis reports, which are generated by manticore were not user friendly and clear.

OS centric and testing on various machines needed to be done on centric bugs raised by the developers.

For the faster analysis, we required a powerful local machine setup.

As a tool, the manticore CLI has additional dependencies on the manticore API's which will have long term effects.

5. Customers and Users:

Usually, Symbolic Execution for Smart Contracts are used by the Smart Contract Engineers and Smart Contract Developers. However general customers involve those who would like to perform symbolic testing for scripts written in various languages like python, solidity, etc as the Manticore tool supports those languages mentioned. This is an open-source dynamic framework and the end user, or the customer could be the general audience who need the convenience of having the automated analysis for binaries and Ethereum smart contracts.

The Symbolic Execution for Analysis of Smart Contracts using Manticore can be helpful in the following ways: [1]

- Create inputs automatically for a variety of special code paths.
- Trace the inputs that caused the program to crash.
- Keep track of the execution of each instruction.
- Make its analytical engine accessible via the Python API.

The end users can use the feedback returned by the manticore symbolic analysis results in finding the unique code paths and inputs that crashes the programs. The Manticore which after the API's being modified performs better with regards to the results and also has the bugs resolved which are identified as the open issues by the developers.

References:

- Git hub issue Link: https://github.com/trailofbits/manticore/issues/2427
- [1] https://medium.com/haloblock/introduction-to-manticore-a-symbolic-analysis-tool-for-smart-contract-9de08dae4e1e
- Fig 6: sample code: https://solidity-by-example.org/
- Fig 3: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1907.03890.pdf
- Git hub pull request: https://github.com/trailofbits/manticore/pull/2597