

# Backend Project 2 – Debugging

## Flask Note Taking Application

### ◆ 1. Introduction

This project focuses on debugging a broken Flask-based note-taking application. The objective was to refactor the backend logic, fix routing and request-handling issues, and ensure that user-entered notes are correctly displayed on the home page.

### ◆ 2. Original Code Provided

```
from flask import Flask, render_template, request

app = Flask(__name__)

notes = []

@app.route('/', methods=["POST"])
def index():
    note = request.args.get("note")
    notes.append(note)
    return render_template("home.html", notes=notes)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```

### ◆ 3. Bugs Identified and Fixes Applied

#### Bug 1: Home Route Does Not Allow GET Requests

##### Issue:

The route only accepts POST requests. When a browser loads a webpage, it sends a GET request by default, causing the application to fail immediately.

##### Fix Applied:

Added GET method support.

```
@app.route('/', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
```

## **Bug 2: Incorrect Method Used to Fetch Form Data**

### **Issue:**

`request.args.get()` was used, which works only with query parameters in GET requests.

### **Fix Applied:**

Replaced it with `request.form.get()` to correctly fetch POST data.

```
note = request.form.get("note")
```

## **Bug 3: Notes Were Added Even When Empty**

### **Issue:**

Empty or whitespace-only notes were being added to the notes list.

### **Fix Applied:**

Added validation to ensure only valid notes are saved.

```
if note and note.strip():
```

```
    notes.append(note)
```

## **Bug 4: No Proper Handling for GET Requests**

### **Issue:**

The function always tried to process form data, even during GET requests.

### **Fix Applied:**

Handled GET and POST requests separately.

```
if request.method == 'POST':
```

```
    # process note
```

## **Bug 5: Missing HTML Form Structure**

### **Issue:**

The backend expected a form field named `note`, but the frontend template must explicitly

define it.

### **Fix Applied:**

Created a proper HTML form with correct input naming and POST method.

#### ◆ 4. Final Refactored & Working Code

##### **app.py**

```
from flask import Flask, render_template, request

app = Flask(__name__)

notes = []

@app.route('/', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def index():
    if request.method == 'POST':
        note = request.form.get('note')

        if note and note.strip():
            notes.append(note)

    return render_template('home.html', notes=notes)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```



##### **templates/home.html**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>Notes App</title>

</head>

<body>

<h2>Simple Notes Application</h2>

<form method="POST">

<input type="text" name="note" placeholder="Enter your note">

<button type="submit">Add Note</button>

</form>

<h3>All Notes</h3>
```

```
<ul>

{% for note in notes %}

<li>{{ note }}</li>

{% endfor %}

</ul>

</body>

</html>
```

## ◆ 5. Final Output

- The home page loads successfully
- Users can add notes
- Notes persist during runtime
- Notes are displayed as an unordered list
- No empty notes are added