

## Assignment - 2

1)  $F(n) = n - 10$     $G(n) = n + 10$

$$F(n) = O(G(n))$$

$$F(n) \leq C \cdot G(n) \Rightarrow O$$

$$n - 10 \leq C \cdot n + 10$$

$$\text{If } \boxed{C=1}$$

$$n - 10 \leq 1 \cdot n + 10 \quad (T)$$

$$F(n) = O(G(n))$$

$$F(n) \geq C \cdot G(n) \Rightarrow \Omega$$

$$n - 10 \geq C \cdot n + 10$$

$$\text{If } \boxed{C=1/2}$$

$$n - 10 \geq \frac{1}{2} \cdot n + 10 \quad (T)$$

$$F(n) = \Omega(G(n))$$

Both the conditions are True

$$F(n) = \Theta(G(n))$$

2)  $F(n) = n$     $G(n) = n$

$$F(n) = O(G(n))$$

$$F(n) \leq C \cdot G(n)$$

$$n \leq C \cdot n$$

$$\text{If } \boxed{C=1}$$

$$F(n) = O(G(n)) \quad (T)$$

$$F(n) \geq C \cdot G(n)$$

$$n \geq C \cdot n$$

$$\text{If } \boxed{C=1}$$

$$F(n) = \Omega(G(n))$$

Since the both conditions are True

$$F(n) = \Theta(G(n))$$



$$3) 64^{\log_2 n} \cdot 32^{\log_2 n} = O(n^5)$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} a^{\log_a p} = p \\ p^{\log_a a} = p \end{array}}$$

$$n^{\log_2 64} \cdot n^{\log_2 32} = O(n^5)$$

$$n^{\log_2 2^6} \cdot n^{\log_2 2^5} = O(n^5)$$

$$n^6 \cdot n^5 \leq c n^5$$

$$\boxed{\text{If } c = n^6}$$

But  $c$  is not constant

Not a valid Big O

$$4) \frac{4^n}{2^n} = O(2^n)$$

$$\frac{2^n \cdot 2^n}{2^n} = O(2^n)$$

$$2^n \leq c \cdot 2^n \Rightarrow (T)$$

$$\boxed{\text{If } c=1}$$

Valid Big O



$$5) \log_2 n \cdot n^2 = O(n^9)$$

$$n^{\log_2 2^7} \cdot n^2 = O(n^9)$$

$$n^7 \cdot n^2 = O(n^9)$$

$$\text{Big O} \\ n^9 \leq c \cdot n^9$$

$$\text{If } c=1$$

$$n^9 \leq 1 \cdot n^9$$

(True)

Omega ( $\Omega$ )

$$n^9 \geq c \cdot n^9$$

$$\text{If } c=1$$

$$n^9 \geq 1 \cdot n^9$$

(True)

Valid ( $\Theta$ )  
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