

# Machine Learning Lab CSE 336L

## Week – 5 K-NN Classifier

Implement K-NN Classifier for classification of any dataset of your choice.

- Load an existing data set
- Split the data set to train and test sets
- Test your model using test set. Find accuracy and confusion Matrix.
- Examine the effect of the value of K on accuracy/performance. Plot the curve “k vs accuracy” and find out the value of k for maximum accuracy for the test samples.

**NOTE:** Don't use any library. Develop a user defined function that accept the test sample and classify it to one of the output class using K-NN Classifier.

### Code:

```
import csv
import random
import math
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def load_dataset(filename, split_ratio):
    training_data = []
    test_data = []
    with open(filename, 'r') as file:
        lines = csv.reader(file)
        dataset = list(lines)
        for i in range(len(dataset) - 1):
            for j in range(4):
                dataset[i][j] = float(dataset[i][j])
            if random.random() < split_ratio:
                training_data.append(dataset[i])
            else:
                test_data.append(dataset[i])
    return training_data, test_data

def euclidean_distance(instance1, instance2, length):
    distance = 0
    for i in range(length):
        distance += (instance1[i] - instance2[i]) ** 2
    return math.sqrt(distance)

def get_neighbors(training_set, test_instance, k):
    distances = []
    length = len(test_instance) - 1
    for i in range(len(training_set)):
        dist = euclidean_distance(test_instance, training_set[i], length)
```

```

    distances.append((training_set[i], dist))
distances.sort(key=lambda x: x[1])
neighbors = []
for i in range(k):
    neighbors.append(distances[i][0])
return neighbors

```

```

def predict_classification(neighbors):
    class_votes = {}
    for i in range(len(neighbors)):
        response = neighbors[i][-1]
        if response in class_votes:
            class_votes[response] += 1
        else:
            class_votes[response] = 1
    sorted_votes = sorted(class_votes.items(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
    return sorted_votes[0][0]

```

```

def evaluate_model(test_set, predictions):
    correct = 0
    confusion_matrix = {}
    for i in range(len(test_set)):
        actual_class = test_set[i][-1]
        predicted_class = predictions[i]
        if actual_class == predicted_class:
            correct += 1
        if actual_class not in confusion_matrix:
            confusion_matrix[actual_class] = {}
        if predicted_class not in confusion_matrix[actual_class]:
            confusion_matrix[actual_class][predicted_class] = 0
        confusion_matrix[actual_class][predicted_class] += 1
    accuracy = (correct / float(len(test_set))) * 100.0
    return accuracy, confusion_matrix

```

```

def k_nearest_neighbors(training_set, test_set, k):
    predictions = []
    for test_instance in test_set:
        neighbors = get_neighbors(training_set, test_instance, k)
        result = predict_classification(neighbors)
        predictions.append(result)
    return predictions

```

```

filename = "data/iris.csv"
split_ratio = 0.7
k_values = [1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11]
training_set, test_set = load_dataset(filename, split_ratio)
accuracies = []
for k in k_values:

```

```

predictions = k_nearest_neighbors(training_set, test_set, k)
accuracy, confusion_matrix = evaluate_model(test_set, predictions)
accuracies.append(accuracy)
print(f'Accuracy for k={k}: {accuracy:.2f}%')
print('Confusion Matrix:')
for actual_class, pred_classes in confusion_matrix.items():
    print(f'Actual: {actual_class}')
    for pred_class, count in pred_classes.items():
        print(f'  Predicted: {pred_class}, Count: {count}')
    print('-----')

plt.plot(k_values, accuracies)
plt.xlabel('k values')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.title('k vs Accuracy')
plt.show()

```

### Output:

```

Accuracy for k=1: 91.49%
Confusion Matrix:
Actual: setosa
  Predicted: setosa, Count: 14
Actual: versicolor
  Predicted: versicolor, Count: 15
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 2
Actual: virginica
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 14
  Predicted: versicolor, Count: 2
-----

Accuracy for k=3: 91.49%
Confusion Matrix:
Actual: setosa
  Predicted: setosa, Count: 14
Actual: versicolor
  Predicted: versicolor, Count: 14
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 3
Actual: virginica
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 15
  Predicted: versicolor, Count: 1
-----

Accuracy for k=5: 95.74%
Confusion Matrix:
Actual: setosa
  Predicted: setosa, Count: 14
Actual: versicolor
  Predicted: versicolor, Count: 15
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 2
Actual: virginica
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 16
-----

```

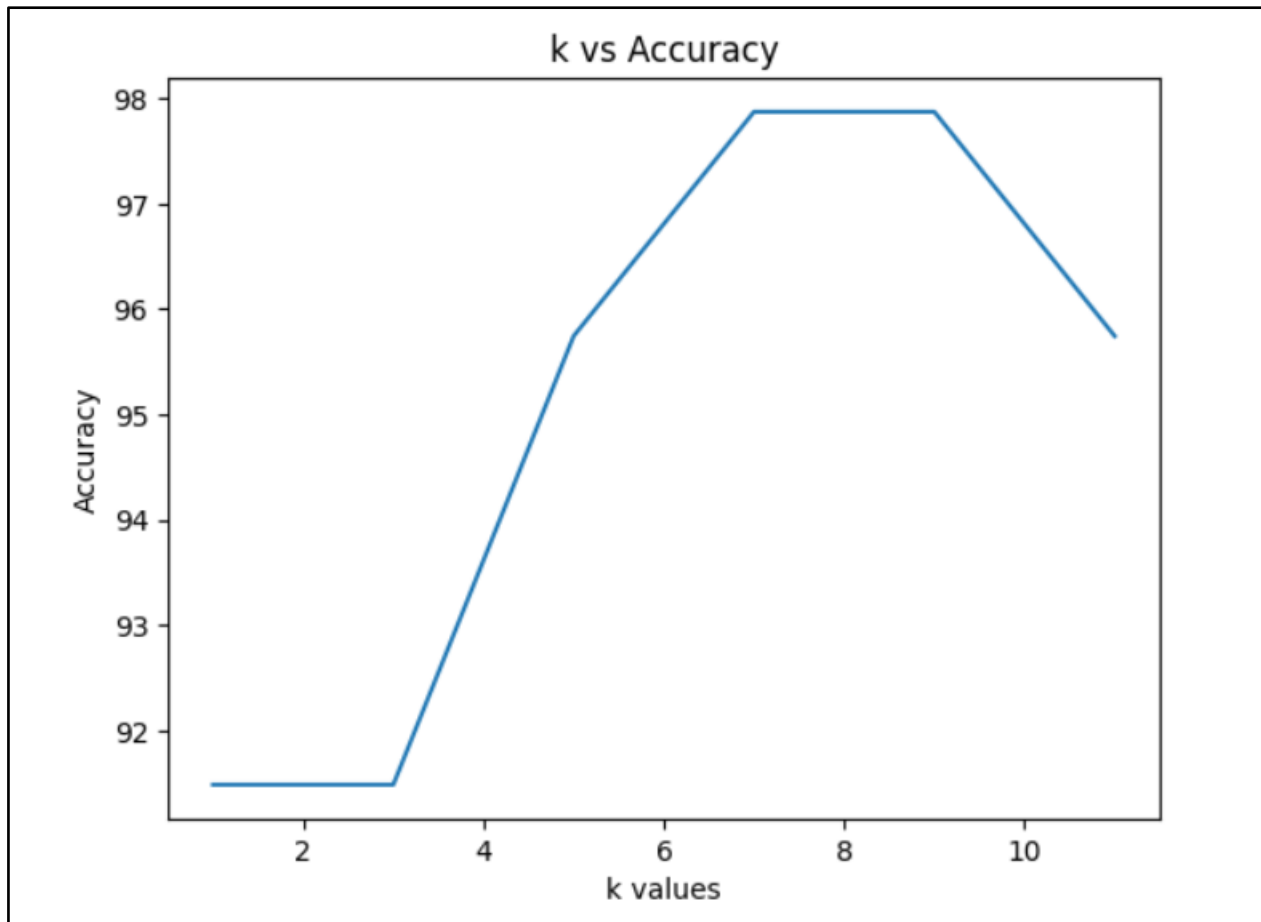
```

Accuracy for k=7: 97.87%
Confusion Matrix:
Actual: setosa
  Predicted: setosa, Count: 14
Actual: versicolor
  Predicted: versicolor, Count: 16
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 1
Actual: virginica
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 16
-----

Accuracy for k=9: 97.87%
Confusion Matrix:
Actual: setosa
  Predicted: setosa, Count: 14
Actual: versicolor
  Predicted: versicolor, Count: 16
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 1
Actual: virginica
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 16
-----

Accuracy for k=11: 95.74%
Confusion Matrix:
Actual: setosa
  Predicted: setosa, Count: 14
Actual: versicolor
  Predicted: versicolor, Count: 15
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 2
Actual: virginica
  Predicted: virginica, Count: 16
-----

```



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