

# One Month

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## Datatypes

Week 1: JavaScript Basics · Lesson 7 ·

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Lesson Notes

Transcript

Discussion (19)

In JavaScript, there are two different kinds of data: primitives, and objects. There are seven primitive data types: Boolean, Number, String, Null, Undefined, Symbol and bigint (newly introduced). In this lesson, we'll focus on two of these, i.e. Strings and Numbers.

**Datatypes** aka "*what type of data is this*" - There are a total of 7 different types of data in Javascript, but we're going to focus on two:

1. strings - any text inside quotation marks (ie: "Just like this!").
2. numbers - please note: if you put numerical values inside quotation marks, they will be handled as strings, not numbers. If you want to be able to do math operations with a number, make sure it's number and not a string.

*index.html*

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Oprah Likes You. And so do other people.</title>

    <style>

      /* Basic CSS comment */
      body {
        background: grey;
        color: white;
        width: 960px;
        margin: 0 auto;
        font-size: 30px;
        color: black;
      }

      h1 {
        font-size: 80px;
        color: #333 ;
      }

    </style>

    <script>
      /* this is an event */
      /* alert("I'm annoying"); */

      var firstname = "Christopher";
      var lastname = "Castig";
      var fullname = firstname + " " + lastname;
      var a = 1;
      var b = 2;
      var c = a + b;

      document.write("<h1>" + fullname + "</h1>");
      document.write("<h1>" + fullname + "</h1>");
      document.write("<h1>" + fullname + "</h1>");

    </script>

  </head>

  <body>
```

```
</body>  
  
</html>
```

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