Logistic Regression 2

In [5]:

```
import re
from sklearn.datasets import load_digits
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn import metrics
%matplotlib inline
digits = load_digits()
```

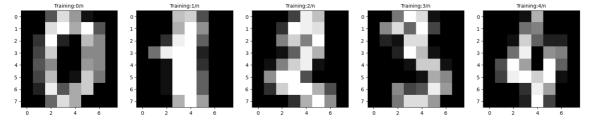
In [6]:

```
print("Image Data Shape",digits.data.shape)
print("Label Data Shape",digits.data.shape)
```

```
Image Data Shape (1797, 64)
Label Data Shape (1797, 64)
```

In [7]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,4))
for index,(image,label)in enumerate(zip(digits.data[0:5],digits.target[0:5])):
   plt.subplot(1,5,index+1)
   plt.imshow(np.reshape(image,(8,8)),cmap=plt.cm.gray)
   plt.title('Training:%i/n'%label,fontsize=10)
```



In [8]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(digits.data,digits.target,test_size=0.30,
```

In [9]:

```
print(x_train.shape)
```

(1257, 64)

In [10]:

```
print(y_train.shape)
```

(1257,)

```
In [11]:
print(x_test.shape)
(540, 64)
In [12]:
print(y_test.shape)
(540,)
In [13]:
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
In [14]:
logisticRegr = LogisticRegression(max_iter=10000)
logisticRegr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[14]:

LogisticRegression(max_iter=10000)

In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

In [15]:

```
print(logisticRegr.predict(x_test))
```

In [16]:

```
score = logisticRegr.score(x_test,y_test)
print(score)
```

In []:		