SENSOR NETWORK

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Introduction about the project

➤ A subset of sensors where each pair of sensors can communicate directly with each other (distance at most d). The goal is to choose as many sensors as possible, given their current locations represented as points in a two-dimensional plane, using Euclidean distance to measure the distance between two points.

Approach

- We used command line arguments to provide input
- math and sys modules are imported
- User defined functions are used
- ▶ We used Euclidean distance to measure the distance between two sensors

Learnings

We have learnt about how to pass command line arguments in VS code and ability to work collaboratively and productively with others. How to manage our time effectively and meet deadlines. We have learnt the usage of GitLab and LaTeX.

Challenges

- ▶ Integration of code is difficult.
- ► Indentation errors, data type errors.
- ➤ We faced difficulty while using command line arguments in visual studio code

STATISTICS

- ▶ The Python code has overall 49 lines.
- ▶ The code has three user-defined functions.

They are:

- 1.command-input()
- 2.distance()
- 3.subset()
- ► Built-in Modules:
 - 1.sys
 - 2.math

Demo/Screenshots

```
D ~ ta 品 □ ·
index.py U
      def command_input():
          num sen.dist = sys.argv[1].sys.argv[2]
          sen coor = []
          for i in range(3, 2*int(num_sen)+2, 2):
              x.v = svs.argv[i].svs.argv[i+1]
              sen coor.append((int(x), int(v)))
          return subset(int(num sen), int(dist), sen coor)
      def distance(x1, y1, x2, y2):
          return math.sqrt((x1 - x2) ** 2 + (y1 - y2) ** 2)
      def subset(num_sen, dist, sen_coor):
          subsets = []
          sen distances = []
          for i in range(num_sen):
              for j in range(i+1, num_sen):
                  if sen dist <= dist:
                      subsets.append((i+1, j+1))
                      sen distances.append(sen dist)
          if len(set(sen_distances)) == 1:
```

Figure 1: Code of the project

Demo/Screenshots

```
if len(set(sen distances)) == 1:
             return len(subsets[0]),subsets[0]
             max conn, max conn sens = 0, 0
             sens_connections = [0] * num_sen
             for sens1, sens2 in subsets:
                 sens connections[sens1 - 1] += 1
                 sens_connections[sens2 - 1] += 1
                 if sens connections[sens1 - 1] > max conn:
                     max_conn = sens_connections[sens1 - 1]
                     max conn sens = sens1
                 if sens connections[sens2 - 1] > max conn:
                     max_conn = sens_connections[sens2 - 1]
                     max conn sens = sens2
             result = [max conn sens]
             for sens1, sens2 in subsets:
                 if sens1 == max conn sens or sens2 == max conn sens:
                         result.append(sens1)
                         result.append(sens2)
         return len(result), result
46
     max_sub = command_input()
     print(max sub[0])
     print(max_sub[1])
```

Figure 2: Code of the project

Demo/Screenshots

```
      ♦ index.py U
      ♦ final.py O
      X
      ♦ sensor_net.py U
      ♦ ex.py U
      > ✓

      • final.py O
      O ubset
      1
      import sys
      2
      import math

      3
      4
      def command_input():
      num_sen,dist = sys.argv[1],sys.argv[2]
      5
      sen_coor = []
      for 1 in range(3, 2*int(num_sen)+2, 2):
      x,y = sys.argv[4],sys.argv[4+1]
      > →
      powershell + ✓
      ID

      PROBLEMS
      OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
      > Dewershell + ✓
      ID

      PS C:\Users\balus\Desktop\wise> py .\final.py 4 1 0 0 0 11 0 1 1
      1
      2

      (1, 2)
      PS C:\Users\balus\Desktop\wise> py .\final.py 5 20 0 0 2 100 100 100 110 100 110 100 120
      3

      [3, 4, 5]
      PS C:\Users\balus\Desktop\wise>
      I
```

Figure 3: demo output

Thank You