Model Selection

Chosen Model: Qwen2-VL (Vision-Language Model)

We selected the Qwen2-VL model for our video analytics implementation for several key reasons:

- 1. **Multimodal Capabilities**: Qwen2-VL excels at processing both visual and textual information, making it ideal for video analysis tasks where understanding both visual content and generating textual descriptions is crucial.
- 2. **Flexible Model Sizes**: The implementation supports multiple model sizes (2B, 7B, and 72B parameters), allowing for scalability based on computational resources and accuracy requirements:
 - o 2B: Lightweight, suitable for rapid prototyping
 - o 7B: Balanced performance (our default choice)
 - o 72B: Maximum accuracy for critical applications
- 3. **Zero-shot Performance**: The model demonstrates strong zero-shot capabilities, enabling analysis of diverse video content without specific training for individual use cases.

Implementation Tradeoffs

1. Frame Processing Strategy

Chosen Approach: Interval-based frame sampling

- Pros:
 - Reduced computational overhead
 - o Faster processing time
 - Lower memory requirements
- Cons:
 - o Potential to miss rapid events
 - Less granular temporal analysis

Alternative Considered: Processing every frame

- **Pros**: Maximum temporal resolution
- Cons: Significantly higher computational cost, redundant analysis of similar frames

2. Analysis Architecture

Chosen Approach: Hybrid analysis system

- Frame-level analysis for temporal queries
- Aggregated summary for general analysis
- Pros:
 - o Adaptable to different query types
 - o Efficient resource utilization
 - o Flexible output format

• Cons:

- o More complex implementation
- o Potential for inconsistent analysis between modes

3. Hardware Optimization

Chosen Approach: CUDA-aware implementation with CPU fallback

• Pros:

- o Optimal performance on GPU-enabled systems
- Broader compatibility through CPU fallback
- Automatic device selection

• Cons:

- Additional code complexity
- Memory management considerations

Technical Implementation Details

1. Frame Extraction:

- OpenCV-based video processing
- o PIL integration for image format compatibility
- o Configurable frame interval (default: 30 frames)

2. Prompt Processing:

- o Dynamic prompt type detection
- o Adaptive analysis based on query intent
- o Support for timestamp-specific and general queries

3. Output Generation:

- Structured output format with timestamps
- o Flexible between detailed temporal analysis and summarized results
- o Clean interface for downstream applications