

1. Consider the following snapshot of the system. Write C program to implement Banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance. The program has to accept all inputs from the user. Assume the total number of instances of A,B and C are 10,5 and 7 respectively.

	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>Max</u>	<u>Available</u>
	<u>A B C</u>	<u>A B C</u>	<u>A B C</u>
P_0	0 1 0	7 5 3	3 3 2
P_1	2 0 0	3 2 2	
P_2	3 0 2	9 0 2	
P_3	2 1 1	2 2 2	
P_4	0 0 2	4 3 3	

- What is the content of the matrix *Need*?
 - Is the system in a safe state?
 - If a request from process P_1 arrives for (1, 0, 2), can the request be granted immediately? Display the updated Allocation, Need and Available matrices.
 - If a request from process P_4 arrives for (3, 3, 0), can the request be granted immediately?
 - If a request from process P_0 arrives for (0, 2, 0), can the request be granted immediately?
2. Consider the following snapshot of the system. Write C program to implement deadlock detection algorithm.
- Is the system in a safe state?
 - Suppose that process P_2 make one additional request for instance of type C, can the system still be in a safe state?

	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>Request</u>	<u>Available</u>
	<u>A B C</u>	<u>A B C</u>	<u>A B C</u>
P_0	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
P_1	2 0 0	2 0 2	
P_2	3 0 3	0 0 0	
P_3	2 1 1	1 0 0	
P_4	0 0 2	0 0 2	