Programare declarativă¹

Evaluarea expresiilor

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Expresii

```
data Exp = Lit Int
           | Add Exp Exp
               Mul Exp Exp
evalExp :: Exp -> Int
evalExp (Lit n) = n
evalExp (Add ef) = evalExp e + <math>evalExp f
evalExp (Mul e f) = evalExp e * evalExp f
showExp :: Exp -> String
showExp (Lit n) = show n
showExp (Add e f) = par (showExp e ++ "+" ++ showExp f)
showExp (Mul e f) = par (showExp e ++ "*" ++ showExp f)
par :: String -> String
par s = "(" ++ s ++ ")"
```

Expresii

Exemple

```
e0, e1 :: Exp
e0 = Add (Lit 2) (Mul (Lit 3) (Lit 3))
e1 = Mul (Add (Lit 2) (Lit 3)) (Lit 3)
*Main> showExp e0
"(2+(3*3))"
*Main> evalExp e0
11
*Main> showExp e1
"((2+3)*3)"
*Main> evalExp e1
15
```

Expresii (forma infixată)

```
data Exp = Lit Int
          | Exp 'Add' Exp
| Exp 'Mul' Exp
evalExp :: Exp -> Int
evalExp(Lit n) = n
evalExp (e 'Add' f) = evalExp e + evalExp f
evalExp (e 'Mul' f) = evalExp e * evalExp f
showExp :: Exp -> String
showExp (Lit n) = show n
showExp (e 'Add' f) = par (showExp e ++ "+" ++ showExp f)
showExp (e 'Mul' f) = par (showExp e ++ "*" ++ showExp f)
par :: String -> String
par s = "(" ++ s ++ ")"
```

Expresii (forma infixată)

Exemple

```
e0, e1 :: Exp
e0 = Lit 2 'Add' (Lit 3 'Mul' Lit 3)
e1 = (Lit 2 'Add' Lit 3) 'Mul' Lit 3
*Main> showExp e0
"(2+(3*3))"
*Main> evalExp e0
11
*Main> showExp e1
"((2+3)*3)"
*Main> evalExp e1
15
```

Expresii cu operatori

```
data Exp = Lit Int

| Exp :+: Exp

| Exp ::: Exp
evalExp :: Exp -> Int
evalExp(Lit n) = n
evalExp(e:+:f) = evalExp(e:+:evalExp)f
evalExp (e: *: f) = evalExp e * evalExp f
showExp :: Exp -> String
showExp (Lit n) = show n
showExp (e :+: f) = par (showExp e ++ "+" ++ showExp f)
showExp (e : * : f) = par (showExp e ++ "*" ++ showExp f)
par :: String -> String
par s = "(" ++ s ++ ")"
```

Expresii ca operatori

Exemple

```
e0, e1 :: Exp
e0 = Lit 2 :+: (Lit 3 :*: Lit 3)
e1 = (Lit 2 :+: Lit 3) :_*: Lit 3
*Main> showExp e0
"(2+(3*3))"
*Main> evalExp e0
11
*Main> showExp e1
"((2+3)*3)"
*Main> evalExp e1
15
```

Logică propozițională

Propoziții

```
type Name = String
data Prop = Var Name
            Not Prop
           Prop : |: Prop
           Prop :&: Prop
          deriving (Eq, Ord)
type Names = [Name]
type Env = [(Name, Bool)]
```

Afișarea unei propoziții

```
showProp :: Prop -> String
showProp (Var x) = x
               = "F"
showProp
showProp T
             = "T"
showProp (Not p) = par ("\sim" ++ showProp p)
showProp (p : | : q) = par (showProp p ++ "|" ++ showProp
   q)
showProp (p : \&: q) = par (showProp p ++ "\&" ++ showProp
   q)
par :: String -> String
par s = "(" ++ s ++ ")"
```

Multimea variabilelor unei propoziții

```
names :: Prop \rightarrow Names

names (Var x) = [x]

names F = []

names T = []

names (Not p) = names p

names (p :|: q) = nub (names p ++ names q)

names (p :&: q) = nub (names p ++ names q)
```

Evaluarea unei propoziții

Valuatie

```
eval :: Env -> Prop -> Bool
eval e (Var x) = lookUp e x
eval e F
                 = False
eval e T
                 = True
eval e (Not p) = not (eval e p)
eval e(p:|:q) = eval e p || eval e q
eval e (p : \& : q) = eval e p \& \& eval e q
lookUp :: Eq a => [(a,b)] -> a -> b
lookUp xys x = the [y | (x',y) \leftarrow xys, x == x']
 where
 the [x] = x
```

Propoziții

Exemple

```
p0 :: Prop
p0 = (Var "a" : \&: Not (Var "a"))
e0 :: Env
e0 = [("a", True)]
*Main> showProp p0
"(a&(~a))"
*Main> names p0
["a"]
*Main> eval e0 p0
False
*Main> lookUp e0 "a"
```

True
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Cum funcționează evaluarea?

```
eval e (Var x) = lookUp e x
eval e
          F
                   = False
eval e T
                   = True
eval e (Not p) = not (eval e p)
eval e (p : | : q) = eval e p | | eval e q
eval e (p : \& : q) = eval e p \& eval e q
   eval e0 (Var "a" :&: Not (Var "a"))
=
   (eval e0 (Var "a")) && (eval e0 (Not (Var "a")))
=
   (lookup e0 "a") && (eval e0 (Not (Var "a")))
=
   True && (eval e0 (Not (Var "a")))
=
 True && (not (eval e0 (Var "a")))
 . . . =
 True && False
```

Propoziții

Alte exemple

```
p1 :: Prop
p1 = (Var "a" :&: Var "b") :|:
      (Not (Var "a") :&: Not (Var "b"))
e1 :: Env
e1 = [("a", False), ("b", False)]
*Main> showProp p1
"((a&b)|((\sima)&(\simb)))"
*Main> names p1
["a","b"]
*Main> eval e1 p1
True
*Main> lookUp e1 "a"
```

Generarea tuturor valuațiilor

Alternativă

Valuații

```
envs []
= [[]]
  envs ["b"]
= [("b", False):[]] ++ [("b", True):[]]
= [[("b", False)],
  [("b",True )]]
  envs ["a","b"]
= [("a", False):e | e <- envs ["b"] ] ++
  [("a", True ):e | e <- envs ["b"] ]
= [("a",False):[("b",False)],("a",False):[("b",True)]] ++
  [("a",True):[("b",False)],("a",True):[("b",True)]]
= [[("a", False),("b", False)],
   [("a", False),("b", True)],
   [("a", True ),("b", False)],
   [("a".True ).("b".True )]]
```

Satisfiabilitate

```
satisfiable :: Prop \rightarrow Bool satisfiable p = or [ eval e p | e <- envs (names p) ]
```

Satisfiabilitate

Exemplu

```
p1 :: Prop
p1 = (Var "a" : \&: Var "b") : |:
      (Not (Var "a") :&: Not (Var "b"))
*Main> envs (names p1)
[[("a", False),("b", False)],
 [("a".False).("b".True)].
 [("a".True ).("b".False)].
 [("a", True ),("b", True )]]
*Main> [ eval e p1 | e <- envs (names p1) ]
[True,
 False.
 False.
True 1
*Main> satisfiable p1
```

True

Parțialitate

Tipul Opțiune

```
data Maybe a = Nothing \mid Just a
```

Argumente opționale

```
power :: Maybe Int \rightarrow Int \rightarrow Int power Nothing n = 2 ^{n} n power (Just m) n = m ^{n} n
```

Rezultate optionale

```
divide :: Int -> Int -> Maybe Int divide n 0 = Nothing divide n m = Just (n 'div' m)
```

Folosirea unui rezultat opțional

Variante

A sau B

```
data Either a b = Left a | Right b
mylist :: [Either Int String]
mylist = [Left 4, Left 1, Right "hello", Left 2,
           Right " ", Right "world", Left 17]
addints :: [Either Int String] -> Int
addints []
addints (Left n : xs) = n + addints xs
addints (Right s : xs) = addints xs
addints ':: [Either Int String] -> Int
addints' xs = sum [n | Left n <- xs]
```

A sau B

```
data Either a b = Left a | Right b
mylist :: [Either Int String]
mylist = [Left 4, Left 1, Right "hello", Left 2,
           Right " ", Right "world", Left 17]
addstrs :: [Either Int String] -> String
addstrs []
addstrs (Left n : xs) = addstrs xs
addstrs (Right s : xs) = s ++ addstrs xs
addstrs' :: [Either Int String] -> String
addstrs' xs = concat [s | Right s <- xs]
```

Mini-Haskell

Mini-Haskell

Sintaxă și Memorie

```
data
      Hask
             = HTrue
                  HFalse
                  HIf Hask Hask Hask
                  HLit Int
                  HEq Hask Hask
                  HAdd Hask Hask
                  HVar Name
                  HLam Name Hask
                  HApp Hask Hask
data
              = VBool Bool
      Value
                 VInt Int
                  VList [Value]
                  VFun (Value -> Value)
      HEnv
            = [(Name, Value)]
type
```

Afișare și Egalitate pentru valori

```
showValue :: Value -> String
showValue (VBool b) = show b
showValue (VInt i) = show i
showValue (VList us) =
  "[" ++ concat (intersperse "," (map show Value us)) ++ "]"
eqValue :: Value -> Value -> Bool
eqValue (VBool b) (VBool c) = b == c
eqValue (VInt i) (VInt j) = i == j
eqValue (VList us) (VList vs) =
 and [eqValue u v | (u,v) \leftarrow zip us vs ]
eqValue _ _
                          = False
```

Observatie

Funcțiile nu pot fi afișate nici testate dacă sunt egale.

Evaluarea expresiilor Mini-Haskell în Haskell

```
hEval :: Hask -> HEnv -> Value
hEval HTrue r = VBool True
hEval HFalse r = VBool False
hEval (HIf c d e) r =
  hif (hEval c r) (hEval d r) (hEval e r)
 where hif (VBool b) v w = if b then v else w
hEval (HLit i) r = VInt i
hEval (HEq d e) r = heq (hEval d r) (hEval e r)
 where heq (VInt i) (VInt j) = VBool (i == j)
hEval (HAdd d e) r = hadd (hEval d r) (hEval e r)
 where hadd (VInt i) (VInt j) = VInt (i + j)
hEval (HVar x) r = lookUp r x
hEval (HLam x e) r = VFun (\ v -> hEval e ((x,v):r))
hEval (HApp d e) r = happ (hEval d r) (hEval e r)
 where happ (VFun f) v = f v
lookUp :: HEnv -> Name -> Value
```

Evaluarea expresiilor Mini-Haskell în Haskell

Test

```
h0 =
(HApp
(HApp
(HLam "x" (HLam "y" (HAdd (HVar "x") (HVar "y"))))
(HLit 3))
(HLit 4))

test_h0 = eqValue (hEval h0 []) (VInt 7)
```