$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{a}^{x} 4(t)dt = 4(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_0^t \sqrt{t^2 + h} dt$$

$$\oint (t) = \sqrt{t^2 + 4}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\int_0^x f(t) dx = \frac{d}{dt}\left(F(t)\Big|_0^x\right) = \frac{d}{dx}\left(F(x) - F(0)\right) = f(x) - O = f(x)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 4}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_0^t \sqrt{t^2 + h} dt = \sqrt{x^2 + h}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\int_{x}^{h}\sqrt{t^{3}+5}\,dt\right)=-\sqrt{\lambda^{3}+5}$$

$$f(t) = \sqrt{t^3 + 5}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(-\int_{h}^{x}4(t)\,dt\right)=\frac{d}{dx}\left(-F(t)\int_{h}^{x}\right)=\frac{d}{dx}\left(-F(x)+F(h)\right)=-f(x)+O=-f(x)$$

$$-4(x) = -\sqrt{x^3+5}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\int_{-1}^{x^2} \sqrt{t^3-t} dt\right) = 2x \cdot \sqrt{x^6-t} \qquad 4(t) = \sqrt{t^3-t}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_{5}^{x^{2}} 4(t) dt \right) = \frac{d}{dx} \left(F_{(t)} \Big|_{5}^{x^{2}} \right) = \frac{d}{dx} \left(F_{(x^{2})} - F_{(5)} \right) = 4(x^{2}) \cdot 2x - 0 = 4(x^{2}) \cdot 2x$$

$$2x \cdot 4(x^{2}) = \sqrt{(x^{2})^{3} - 4} \cdot 2x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_{x^2}^{x^3} \sqrt{t^4 - 2} dt \right)$$

$$4(t) = \sqrt{t^{h}-2}$$

x³ , (x³)

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\int_{x^2} f(\epsilon) dt\right) = \frac{d}{dx}\left(F(t)\Big|_{x^2}\right) = \frac{d}{dx}\left(F(x^3) - F(x^3)\right) = 3x^2 f(x^3) - 2x f(x^2) =$$

$$=3x^2\sqrt{x^{12}-2}$$
 $-2x\sqrt{x^8-2}$