

Домашняя работа №7

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Задача 1 (3 балла). Найдите все экстремумы функции $f(x, y, z) = x + 2y + 3z$ при условии, что $\ln x + \ln y + \ln z = 0$ и классифицируйте их.

Решение:

$$\begin{cases} f(x, y, z) = x + 2y + 3z \\ \ln x + \ln y + \ln z = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \text{ext}_2_{x, y, z} \rightarrow \begin{cases} f(x, y, z) = x + 2y + 3z \\ xyz = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$L = x + 2y + 3z + \lambda(xyz - 1)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 1 + \lambda yz = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda yz = -1 \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{xz}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = 2 + \lambda xz = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda xz = -2 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{2}{\lambda z}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z} = 3 + \lambda xy = 0 \quad \frac{1}{xz} \cdot \frac{2}{xz} \cdot z = 1 \Rightarrow \lambda^2 z = 2 \quad z = \frac{2}{\lambda^2}$$

$$xyz = 1 \quad y = -\frac{1}{xz} \cdot \frac{2}{xz} = -\frac{2}{z^2} \Rightarrow \lambda = -2y$$

$$x = -\frac{2}{\lambda} \cdot \frac{2}{z^2} = -\lambda \Rightarrow \lambda = -x$$

$$3 - x \cdot x \cdot \frac{x}{z} = 0 \rightarrow x^3 = 6 \quad x = \sqrt[3]{6}$$

$$y = \frac{x}{2} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{6}}{2} \quad z = \frac{2}{x^2} = \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{36}} \quad xyz = \frac{\sqrt[3]{6} \cdot \sqrt[3]{6} \cdot 2}{2 + \sqrt[3]{36}} = 1$$

Критическая точка: $\left(\frac{3\sqrt{6}}{2}, \frac{3\sqrt{6}}{2}, \frac{2}{3\sqrt{36}} \right)$ $\lambda = -\sqrt{6}$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial^2 x} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial^2 y} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial^2 z} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial x \partial y} = \lambda z = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{6}}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial y \partial x} = \lambda z = -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{6}}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial z \partial x} = \lambda y = -\frac{\sqrt{36}}{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial x \partial z} = \lambda y = -\frac{\sqrt{36}}{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial y \partial z} = \lambda x = -\frac{\sqrt{36}}{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial z \partial y} = \lambda x = -\frac{\sqrt{36}}{2}$$

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{\sqrt{36}}{2} \\ -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{6}} & 0 & -\frac{\sqrt{36}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{36}}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{36}}{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Delta_0 = 0$$

$$\Delta_1 < 0$$

максимумная точка - седло

Задача 2 (4 балла). Найдите все экстремумы функции $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + 2y^2 - 3z$ при условиях, что $x - y + z = -1$ и $-2x + 12y + 3z = 7$. Классифицируйте их.

Решение:

$$\begin{cases} x^2 + 2y^2 - 3z \rightarrow \text{ext} z \\ x, y, z \\ x - y + z + 1 = 0 \\ -2x + 12y + 3z - 7 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = x^2 + 2y^2 - 3z + \lambda_1(x - y + z + 1) + \lambda_2(-2x + 12y + 3z - 7)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} = 2x + \lambda_1 - 2\lambda_2 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial y} = 2y - \lambda_1 + 12\lambda_2 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial h}{\partial z} = -3 + \lambda_1 + 5\lambda_2 = 0 \\ x - y + 2 + 1 = 0 \\ -2x + 12y + 3z - 7 = 0 \end{cases}$$

Демонстрация СЛАУ

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & -1 & 12 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 12 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 7 \end{array} \right)$$

$$x = -1,1 \quad y = 0,3 \quad z = 0,4 \quad \lambda_1 = 2,52 \quad \lambda_2 = 0,16$$

Критическая точка: $(-1,1, 0,3, 0,4)$

$$\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} = 2 \quad \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x \partial y} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x \partial z} = 0$$

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial y \partial x} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial y^2} = 2 \quad \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial y \partial z} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial z \partial x} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial z \partial y} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial z^2} = 0$$

$$\Delta_0 = 2 \quad \Delta_1 = 4$$

$\Delta_2 = 0 \Rightarrow$ майтремная
точка - середина

Задача 3 (3 балла). Найдите минимум функции

$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 + 3y^2 + 5z^2, \text{ при ограничении } x + y + z \leq -23.$$

Демонстрация:

$$\begin{cases} f(x, y, z) = x^2 + 3y^2 + 5z^2 \rightarrow \min_{x, y, z} \\ x + y + z \leq -23 \end{cases}$$

$$L = x^2 + 3y^2 + 5z^2 + \mu(x + y + z + 23)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 2x + \mu \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial y} = 6y + \mu \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial z} = 10z + \mu$$

$$x + y + z - 23 \leq 0 \quad \mu \geq 0 \quad \mu(x + y + z - 23) = 0$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \begin{cases} 2x + \mu = 0 \\ 6y + \mu = 0 \\ 10z + \mu = 0 \\ x + y + z - 23 = 0 \\ \mu \geq 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} -\frac{\mu}{2} - \frac{\mu}{6} - \frac{\mu}{10} = 23 \rightarrow \mu = -30 \\ 2x + \mu = 0 \\ 6y + \mu = 0 \\ 10z + \mu = 0 \\ \mu \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad \mu < 0 \Rightarrow \emptyset$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \begin{cases} 2x + \mu = 0 \\ 6y + \mu = 0 \\ 10z + \mu = 0 \\ x + y + z - 23 \geq 0 \\ \mu = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 0 \\ y = 0 \\ z = 0 \\ \mu = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} x + y + z - 23 = -23 \\ -23 < 0 \Rightarrow \emptyset \end{array}$$