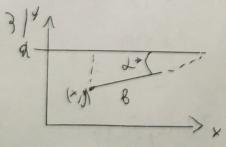
2) Lug toro mooth 3 representate representate to ognore Touse reodnogum mooth () when I puremu

$$\begin{array}{lll}
k_{1} \times + k_{1} = k_{2} \times + k_{2} \\
\times \left( k_{1} - k_{2} \right) = b_{2} - b_{1} \\
\times = \frac{b_{2} - b_{1}}{k_{1} - k_{2}} \\
\chi = \frac{b_{2} - b_{1}}{k_{1} - k_{2}} \\
\chi = \frac{b_{2} - b_{1}}{k_{1} - k_{2}} \\
\chi = \frac{b_{3} - b_{1}}{k_{1} - k_{3}} \\
\chi = \frac{b_{3} - b_{1}}{k$$

Type token yerrebru 3 njemmer repraymen to 1 tompe



Tpegno eouma, no Harrado kogzanni spoglogim

torgu parcon on norman mun go durum patris L = 6-512L

Mpn L=a-y unua spe hepeceraetuumm Mpn 8.5ihl = a-y [sinl=0) [8sinl] > y (sinl<0)

17.6.4  

$$x = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \text{Mpolling raparments our } x \text{ a gryp groups}$$
  
 $x = -\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \text{ is no representations.}$ 

$$17.6.7$$

$$2x^{2}-y^{2}+6y^{2}-0$$

$$2x^{2}-(y^{2}-6y+9)+10=0$$

$$2x^{2}-(y+3)^{2}=70-2/:-2$$

$$=x^{2}+(y+3)^{2}=1$$
Whipfam

17.6.6  

$$3x^{2}+5y^{2}+12x-30y+42=0$$
  
 $3(x^{2}+4x+4)+5(y^{2}-6y+9)-75=0$   
 $3(x+2)^{2}+5(y-3)^{2}=75$   
 $(x+2)^{2}+(y-3)^{2}=1$   
 $(x+2)^{2}+(y-3)^{2}=1$   
 $(x+2)^{2}+(y-3)^{2}=1$ 

17.6.8.  

$$2x^{2}-3y^{2}-28x-42y-55=6$$
  
 $2(x^{2}-14x+49-49)-3(y^{2}+14y+49-49)$   
 $-55=6$   
 $2(x^{2}-7)^{2}-3(y+7)^{2}=6$   
 $(x^{2}-7)^{2}-(y+7)^{2}=1$   
 $x^{2}-7$