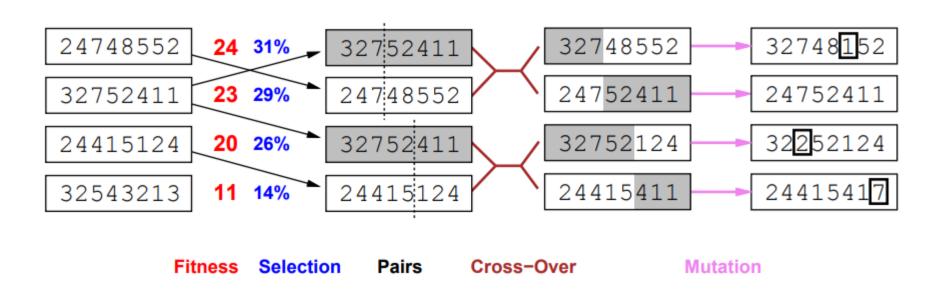
Chapter 4b (based on AIMA Slides)

- = stochastic local beam search
 - + generate successors from pairs of states



 In computer science and operations research, a genetic algorithm (GA) is a metaheuristic inspired by the process of <u>natural selection</u> that belongs to the larger class of evolutionary algorithms (EA). Genetic algorithms commonly used to generate high-quality solutions to optimization and search problems by relying on bio-inspired operators such as mutation, crossover and selection.

A Genetic Algorithm is a type of <u>local search</u> that <u>mimics evolution</u> by taking a <u>population of strings</u>, which encode <u>possible solutions</u> and combines them based on a <u>fitness function</u> to produce individuals that are more fit.

Selection

Selection is the stage of a genetic algorithm in which individual genomes are chosen from a population for later breeding (using the crossover operator).

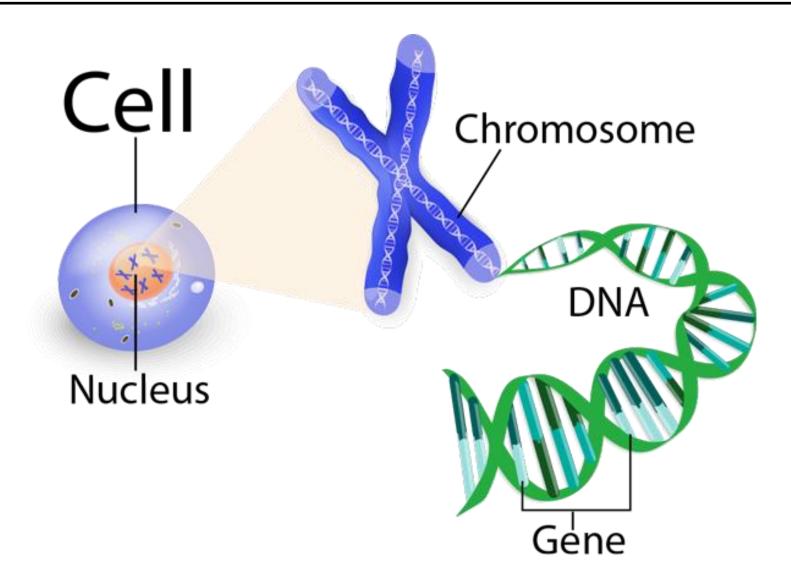
Crossover

- In GAs, crossover is a genetic operator used to vary the programming of a chromosome (or chromosomes) from one generation to the next. It is analogous to reproduction and biological crossover, upon which GA are based.
- Crossover is a process of taking more than one parent solutions and producing a child solution from them.

Mutation

• Mutation is a genetic operator used to maintain genetic diversity from one generation of a population of genetic algorithm chromosomes to the next. It is analogous to biological mutation. Mutation alters one or more gene values in a chromosome from its initial state.

GAs & Biology



GAs & Biology

Population

```
1 1 2 3 4 5
```

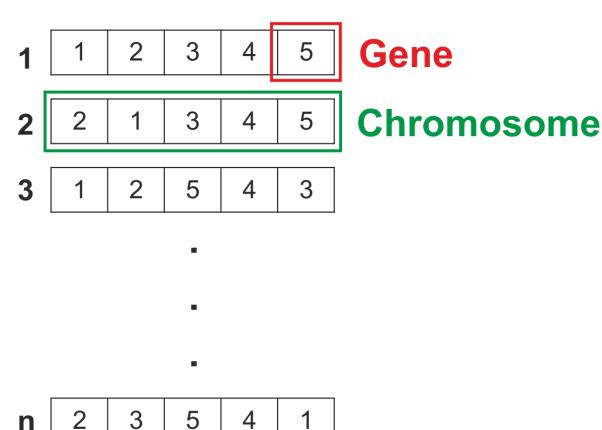
•

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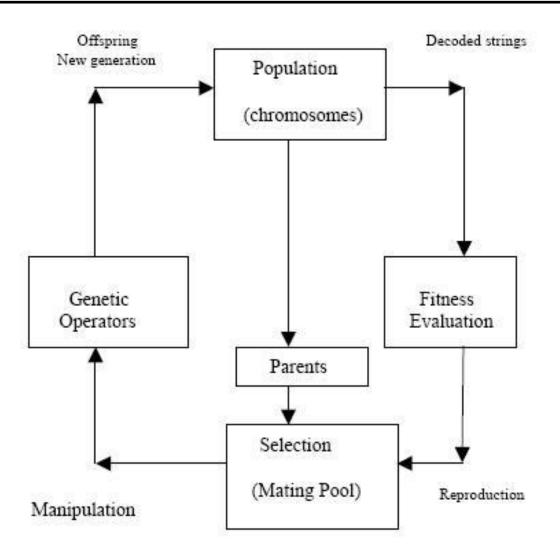
n 2 3 5 4 1

GAs & Biology

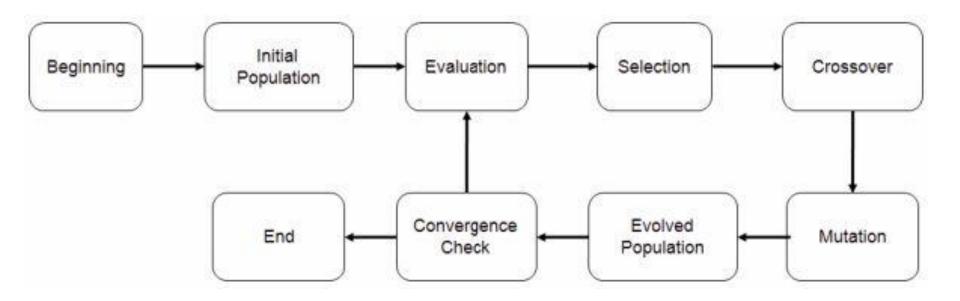
Population



GAs: The "Reproduction" Cycle



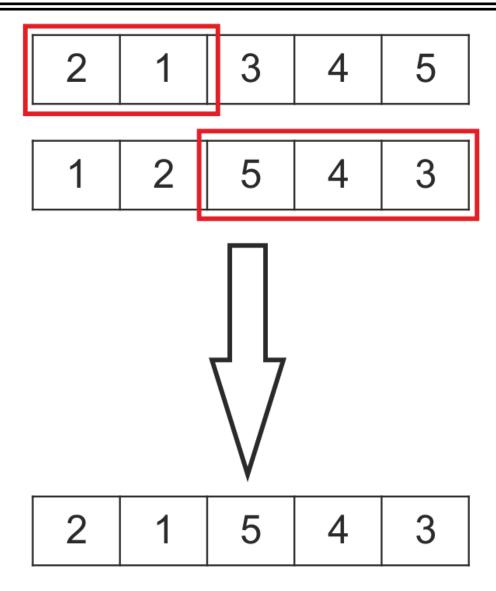
GAs: The "Reproduction" Cycle



GAs: Main Steps

- Initialization
 - Population
- Selection
 - Fitness Function
- Crossover
- Mutation

Crossover



1 2 3 4 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 4 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3

1 2 3 4 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 _

1 2 3 4 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 5

1 2 3 4 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 5 _

1 2 3 4 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 5 4

1 2 3 4 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 5 4

1 2 3 4 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 5 4

5 4 3 _

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 5 4

5 4 3 1

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 5 4

5 4 3 1 _

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 5 4

5 4 3 1 2

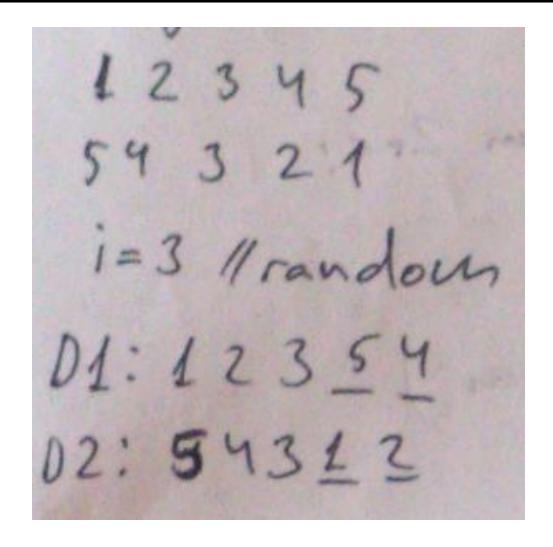
1 2 3 4 5

5 4 3 2 1

Let's *i=3*

1 2 3 5 4

5 4 3 1 2



1 2 3 4 5 6 7

7 6 2 4 3 5 1

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7

 7
 6
 2
 4
 3
 5
 1

Let's *i=3, j=5*

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

7 6 2 4 3 5 1

Let's *i=3, j=5*

3 4 5

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
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7 6 2 4 3 5 1

Let's *i=3, j=5*

3 4 5 _

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7 6 **2 4 3** 5 **1**

Let's *i=3, j=5*

3 4 5 _

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7 6 **2 4 3** 5 **1**

Let's *i=3, j=5*

3 4 5 1

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

7 6 2 4 3 5 1

Let's *i=3, j=5*

3 4 5 1 _

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7 6 2 4 3 5 1

Let's *i=3, j=5*

3 4 5 1 7

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

7 6 2 4 3 5 1

Let's *i=3, j=5*

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7 6 2 4 3 5 1

Let's *i=3, j=5*

6 3 4 5 1 7

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7 6 2 4 3 5 1

Let's *i=3, j=5*

6 _ 3 4 5 1 7

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

7 6 2 4 3 5 1

Let's *i=3, j=5*

6 2 3 4 5 1 7

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

7 6 2 4 3 5 1

Let's *i=3, j=5*

6 2 3 4 5 1 7

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7 6 243 51 Koc re cre cromman

D1: 62 345 17

D2: 15 243 67
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7

6 3 4 1 2 7 5

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

6 3 4 1 2 7 5

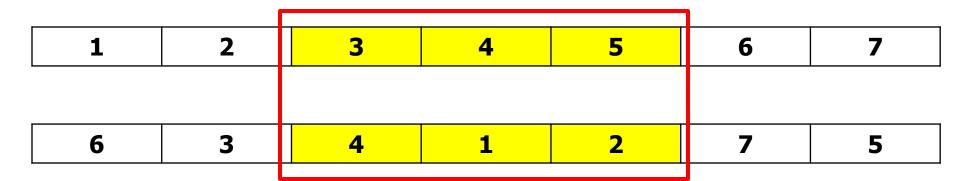
Let's *i=3, j=5*

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

6 3 4 **1** 2 7 5

Let's *i=3, j=5*

3 4 5



Let's *i=3, j=5*

| 3 | 4 | 5 | |
|---|---|---|--|
| | | | |
| 4 | 1 | 2 | |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | <u>4</u> | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---|---|---|----------|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | |
| 6 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 5 |

Let's *i=3, j=5*

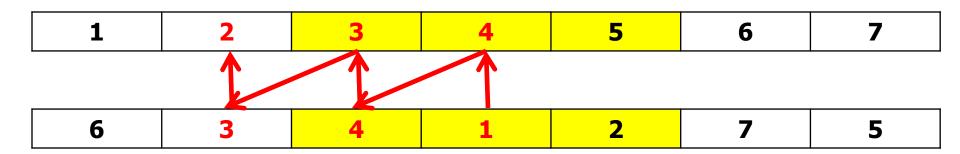
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|---|---|---|--|
| | | | |
| 4 | 1 | 2 | |

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

6 3 4 1 2 7 5

Let's *i=3, j=5*

3 4 5



Let's *i=3, j=5*

| 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | |
| | 4 | 1 | 2 | |

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

6 3 4 1 2 7 5

Let's *i=3, j=5*

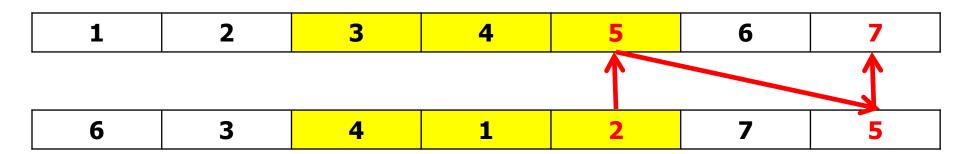
1 3 4 5

 1
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 7

6 3 4 1 2 7 5

Let's *i=3, j=5*

1 3 4 5



Let's *i=3, j=5*

| 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | |
| | 4 | 1 | 2 | |

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

6 3 4 1 2 7 5

Let's *i=3, j=5*

1 3 4 5 2

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6 3 4 1 2 7 5

Let's *i=3, j=5*

_ 1 3 4 5 _ 2

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

6 3 4 1 2 7 5

Let's *i=3, j=5*

6 1 3 4 5 7 2

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

6 3 4 **1** 2 7 5

Let's *i=3, j=5*

6 1 3 4 5 7 2

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 =>D1: -1,345 -2
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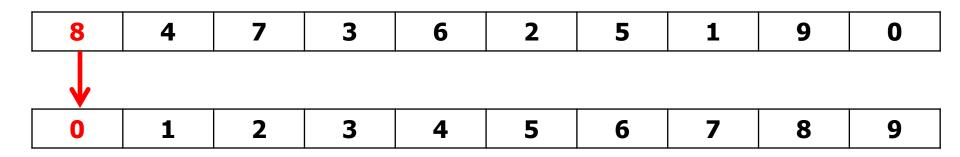
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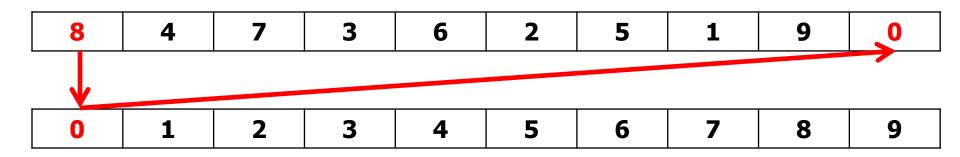
8 4 7 3 6 2 5 1 9 0

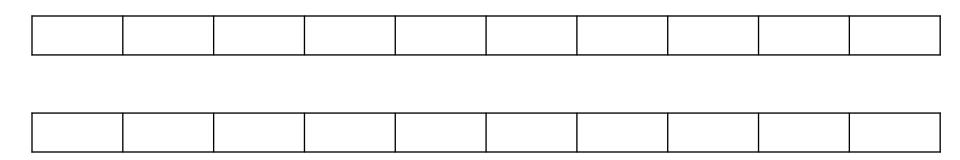
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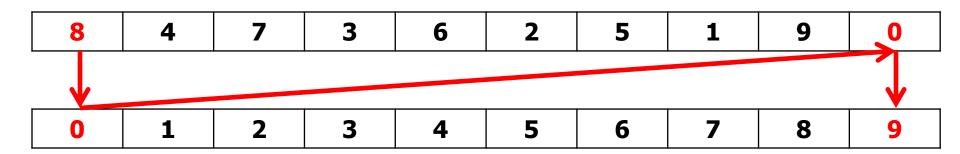
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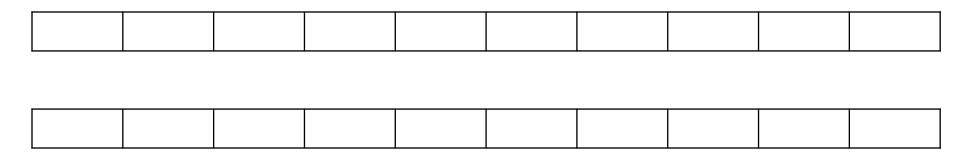
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

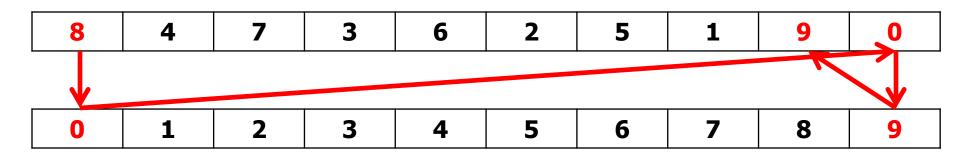


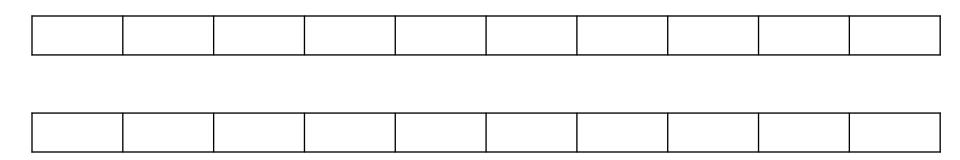


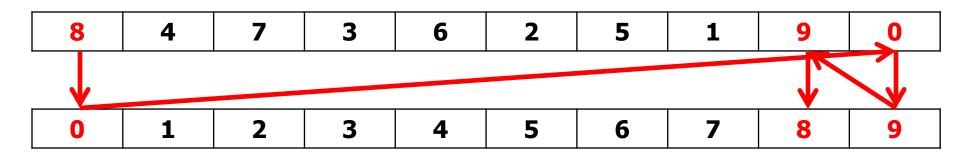


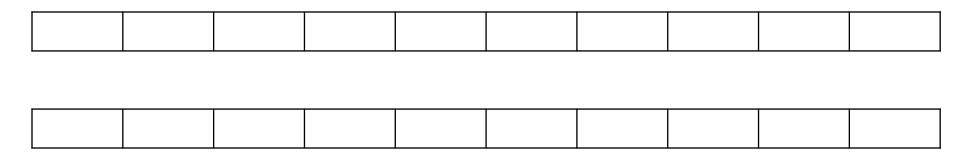


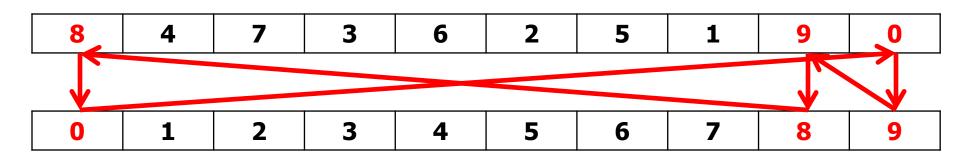


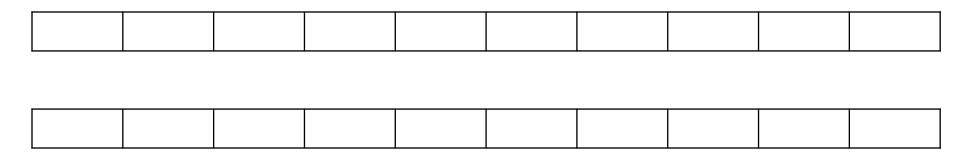


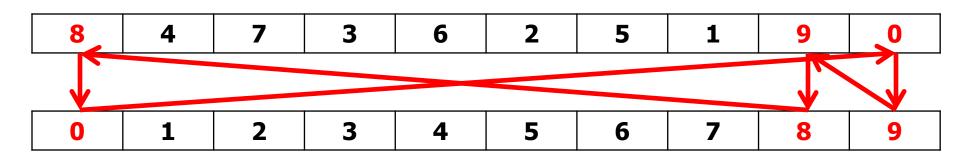


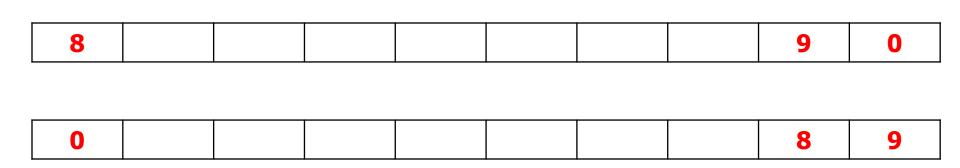












8 4 7 3 6 2 5 1 <u>9</u> <u>0</u>

<u>0</u> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 <u>8</u> <u>9</u>

8 9 0

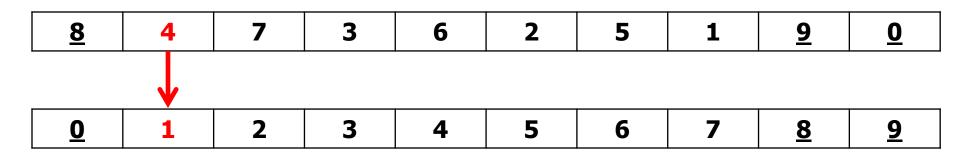
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<u>8</u> 4 7 3 6 2 5 1 <u>9</u> <u>0</u>

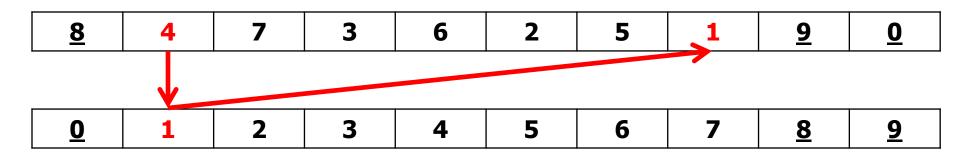
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8 9 0

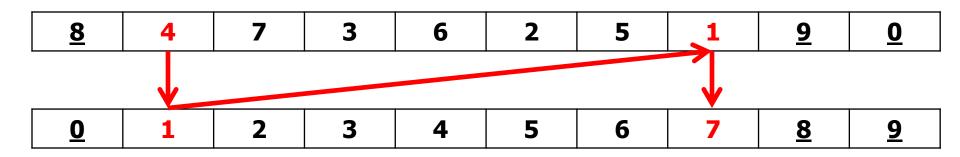
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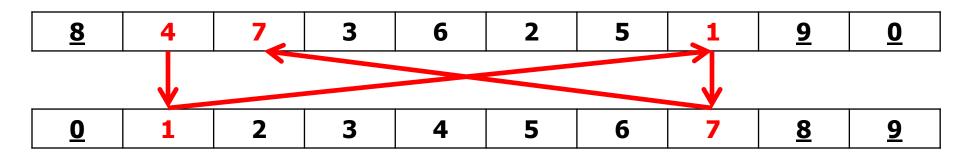
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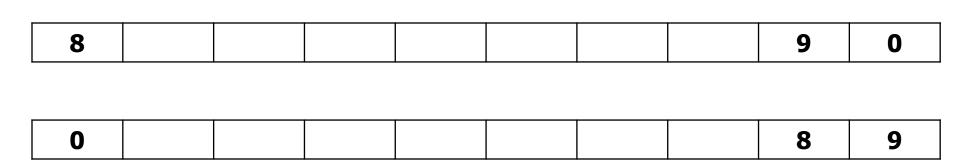


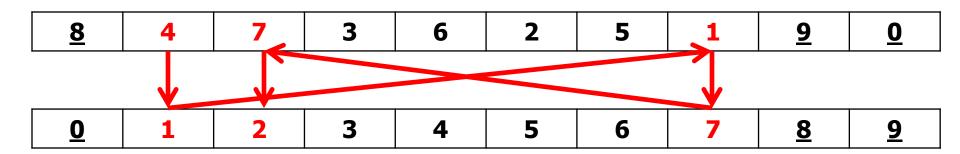
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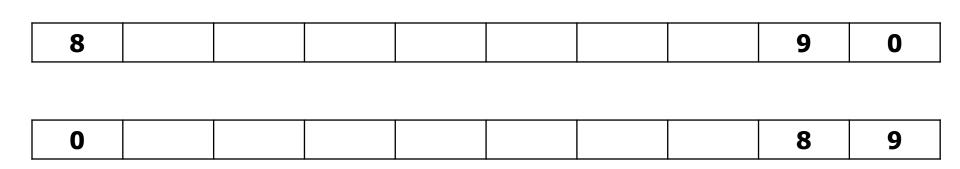


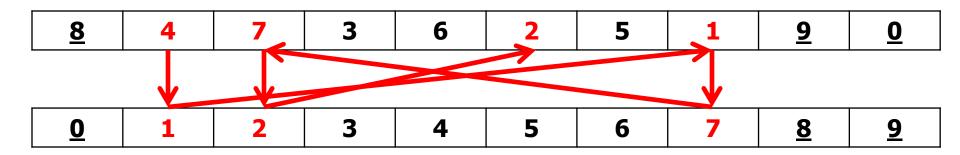
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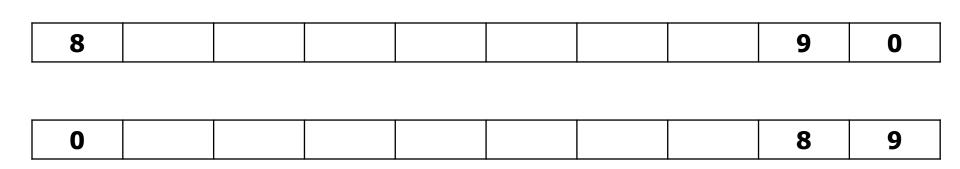


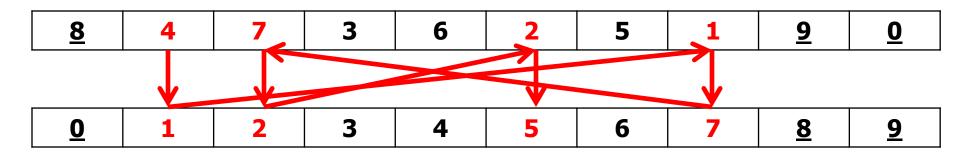


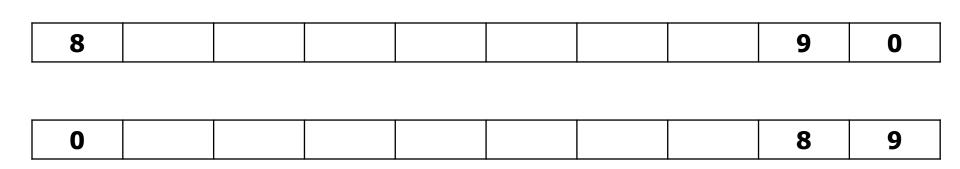


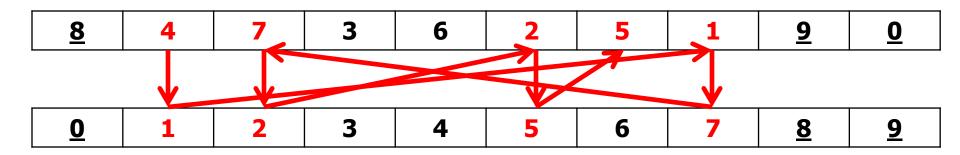




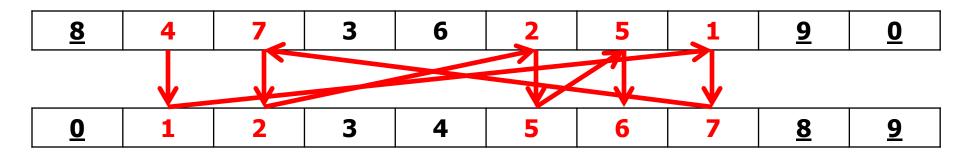




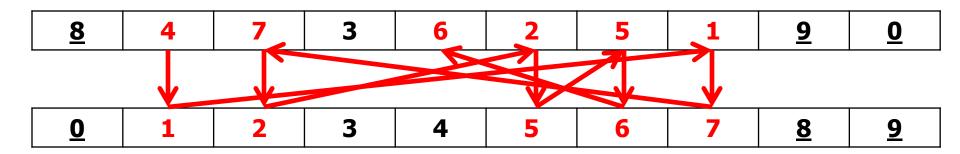




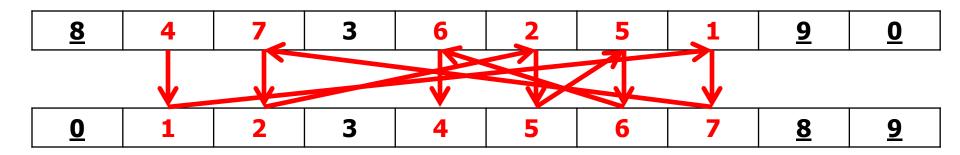
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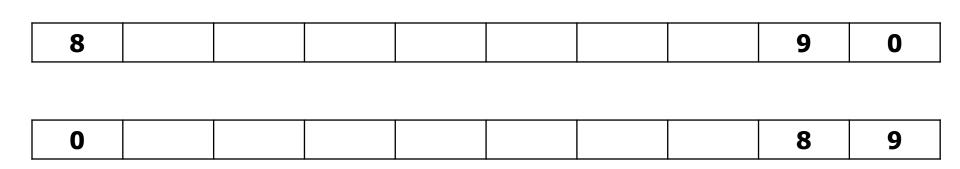


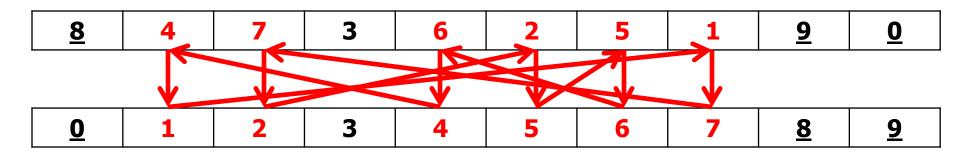
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| 0 | | | | 8 | 9 |

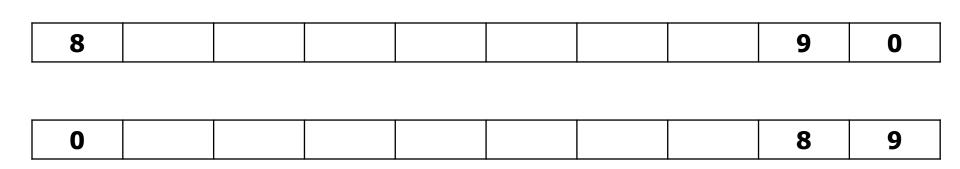


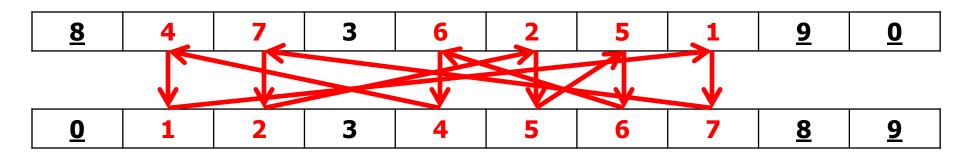
| 8 | | | | 9 | 0 |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| | | | | | |
| 0 | | | | 8 | 9 |











| 8 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 9 |

8 4 <u>7</u> 3 <u>6</u> <u>2</u> <u>5</u> <u>1</u> <u>9</u> <u>0</u>

<u>0</u> <u>1</u> <u>2</u> 3 <u>4</u> <u>5</u> <u>6</u> <u>7</u> <u>8</u> <u>9</u>

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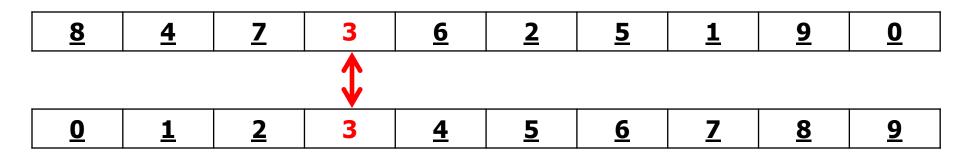
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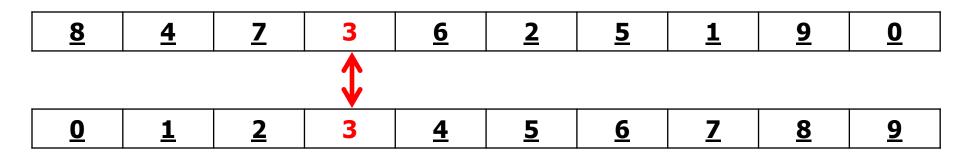
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0 4 7 6 2 5 1 8 9



| 8 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 0 |
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| 0 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 9 |



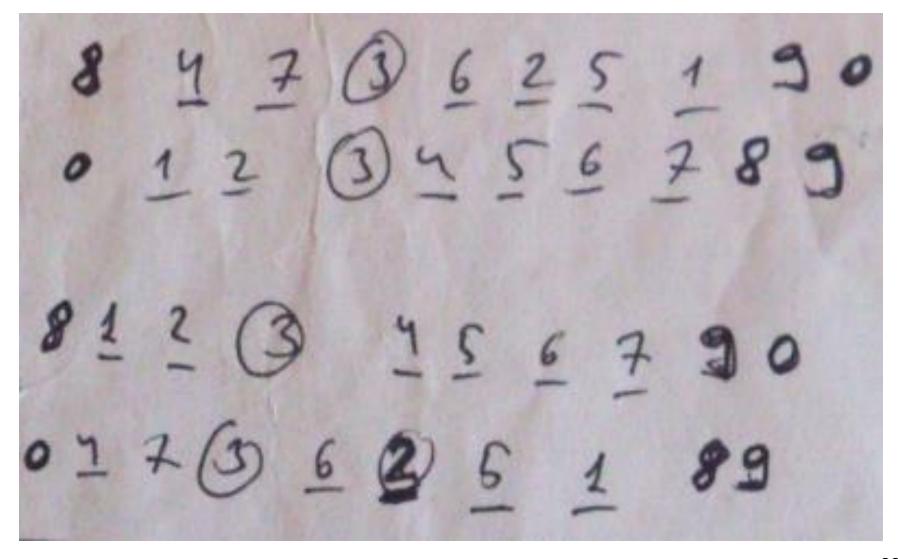
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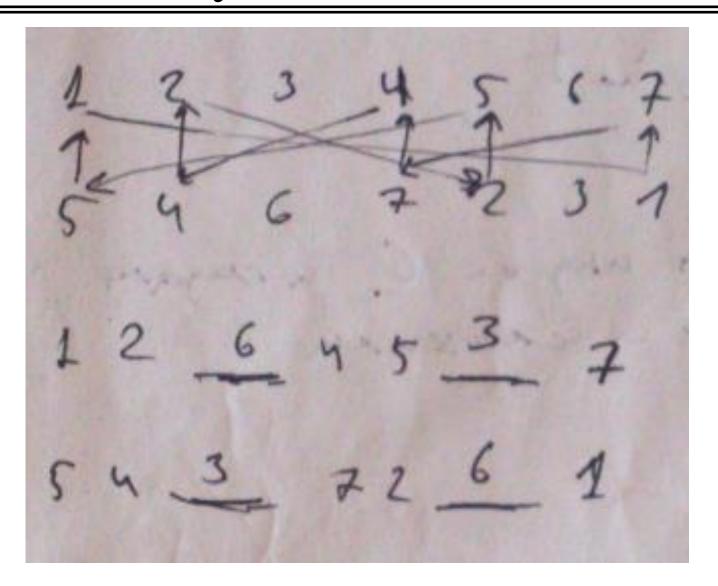
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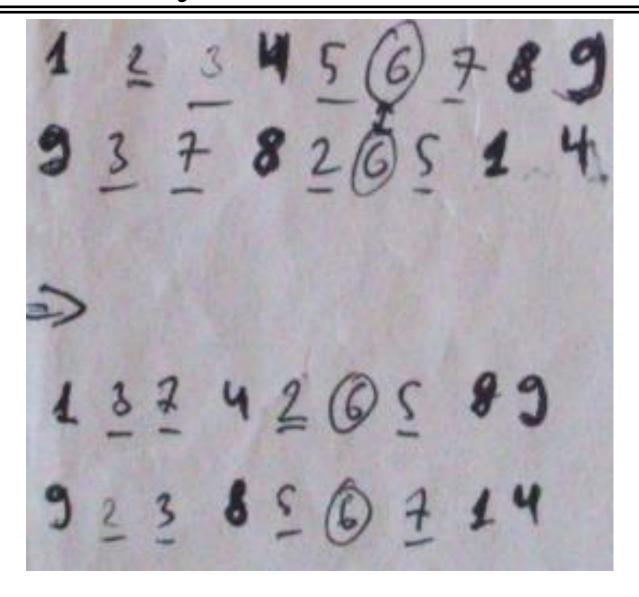
<u>0</u> <u>1</u> <u>2</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u> <u>5</u> <u>6</u> <u>7</u> <u>8</u> <u>9</u>

8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 9 O

0 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 9







 1
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2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 1

2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

| | | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
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 8
 9
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 2
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 7
 9
 9
 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 1

2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2 2

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 1

2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2 2 4

 1
 2
 3
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 9
 1

2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2 2 4 4

 1
 2
 3
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 5
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 7
 8
 9
 1

2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2 2 4 4 5

 1
 2
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 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 1

2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2 2 4 4 5 7

 1
 2
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 8
 9
 1

2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2 2 4 4 5 7 7

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 8
 9
 1

2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2 2 4 4 5 7 7 9

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 1

2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2 2 4 4 5 7 7 9 9

 1
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 6
 7
 8
 9
 1

2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2 2 4 4 5 7 7 9 9 0

 1
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2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Getting a *gene* from one of the parents randomly!

2 2 4 4 5 7 7 9 9 0

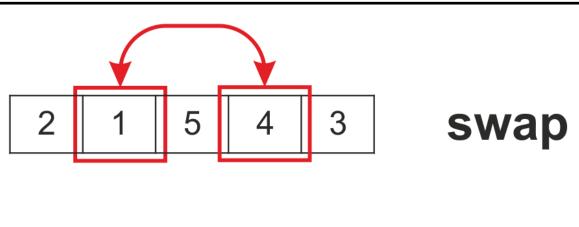
```
-> 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1

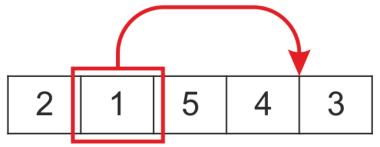
> 2 3 4 5 5 7 7 9 9 0

Fand (2) >> ma forman m modern usdamme Lom 2 re:

1 man 2; 2 mm 3; 3 mm 4 --.
```

Mutation





insertion

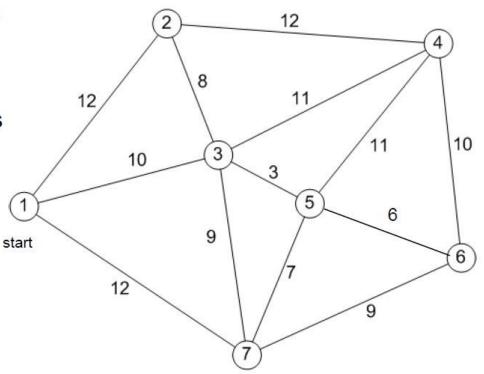
2 1 5 4 3

reverse

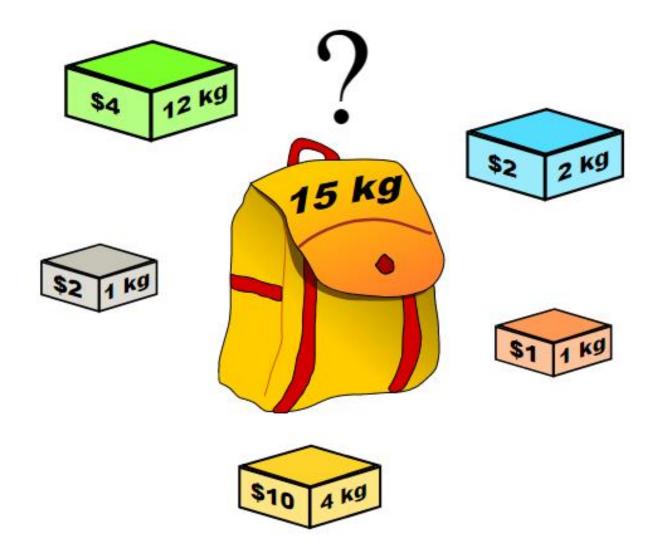
Travelling salesman problem

The Traveling Salesman Problem

- Starting from city 1, the salesman must travel to all cities once before returning home
- The distance between each city is given, and is assumed to be the same in both directions
- Only the links shown are to be used
- Objective Minimize the total distance to be travelled



Knapsack problem



```
t = 0;
initialize(P(t=0));
evaluate(P(t=0));
while isNotTerminated() do
   P_{p}(t) = P(t).selectParents();
   P_c(t) = \operatorname{reproduction}(P_p);
   mutate(P_c(t));
   evaluate(P_c(t));
   P(t+1) = buildNextGenerationFrom(P_c(t), P(t));
   t = t + 1;
end
```