Variance-Reduction Methods: SGD(+SWA) vs Nesterov vs SVRG

Author: Shtykov Pavel

Problem: SGD does not converge to the minimum, but instead oscillates around it.

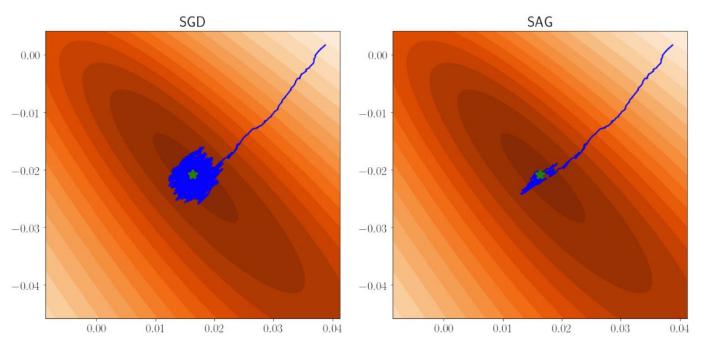


Fig. 2. Level set plot of 2D logistic regression with the iterates of SGD (left) and SAG (right) with constant stepsize. The green star is the x_* solution.

Typical Solutions to This Problem and their disadvantages (according to authors*)

- Scheduling LR it is difficult to tune
- Momentum it does not converge to the full gradient $\nabla f(x_k)$ whatever
- Mini-batching the cost of this iteration increases proportionally to the batch size.

Authors' Solution: Variance Reduction Methods

Let's use estimate $g_k \in \mathbb{R}^d$ gradient such that $g_k \approx \nabla f(x_k)$.

Then iteration step looks like: $x_{k+1} = x_k - \gamma g_k$,

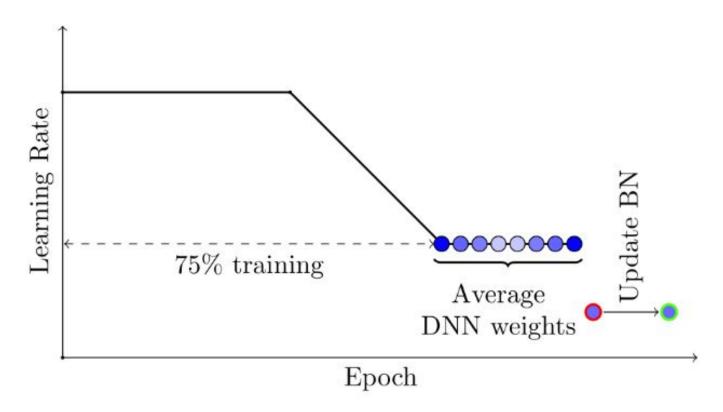
To make such algorithm converge with a constant stepsize, we need to ensure that the variance of our gradient estimate g_k converges to zero:

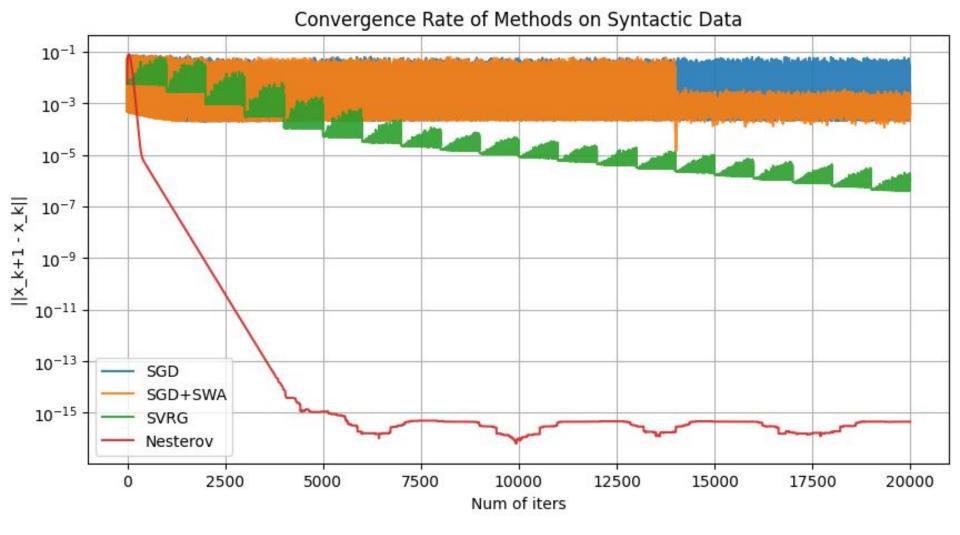
$$\mathbf{E}\left[\left\|g_k - \nabla f(x_k)\right\|^2\right] \quad \underset{k \to \infty}{\longrightarrow} \quad 0,$$

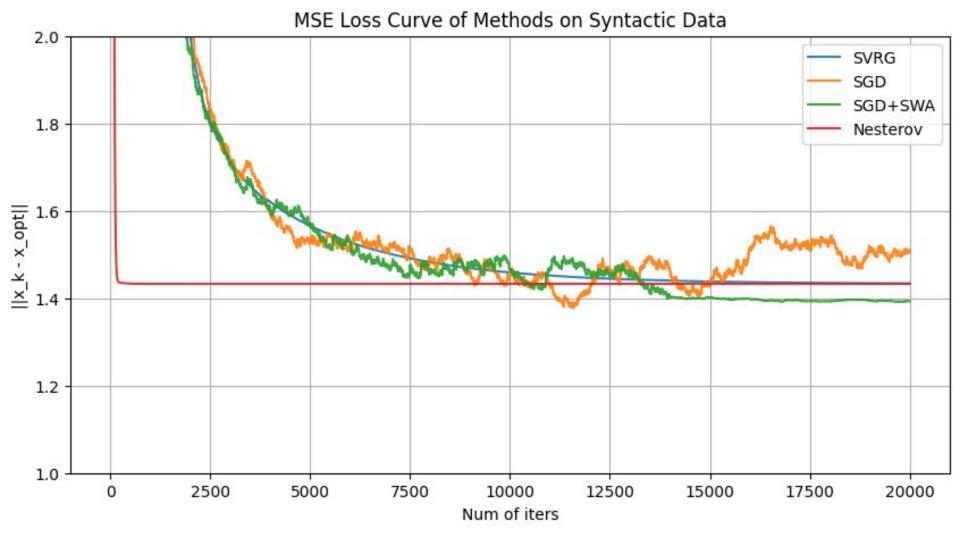
SVRG: Stochastic Variance-Reduced Gradient method

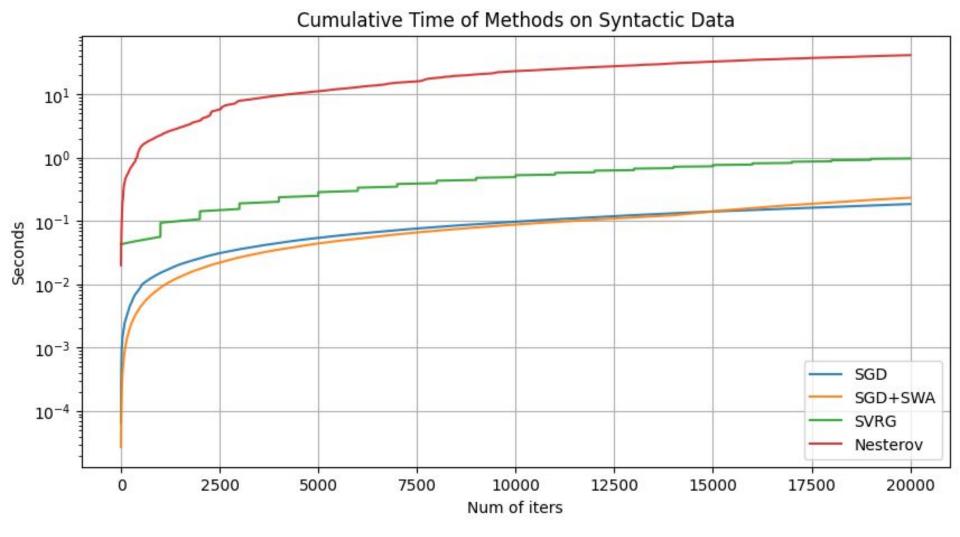
- 1: Parameters stepsize $\gamma > 0$ 2: Initialization $\bar{x}_0 = x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^d$
- 3: **for** $s = 1, 2, \dots$ **do**
- 4: Compute and store $\nabla f(\bar{x}_{s-1})$
- 5: $x_0 = \bar{x}_{s-1}$
- 6: Choose the number of inner-loop iterations t
- 7: **for** k = 0, 1, ..., t 1 **do**
- 8: Sample $i_k \in \{1, ..., n\}$
- 9: $g_k = \nabla f_{i_k}(x_k) \nabla f_{i_k}(\bar{x}_{s-1}) + \nabla f(\bar{x}_{s-1})$
- $x_{k+1} = x_k \gamma g_k$
- 11: $\bar{x}_s = x_t$.

For a more interesting baseline, I used **SWA** for **SGD**









Real Data: Student Depression Dataset

- Binary classification, 27k samples, 18 features (categorical & numerical)
- Basic preprocessing: drop NaNs, One-Hot encoded, standard scaled
- Set same LR and number of iterations for each method

ROC-AUC Score on test set for methods:

| SGD | SGD + SWA | Nesterov | SVRG |
|-------|-----------|----------|-------|
| 0.731 | 0.900 | 0.920 | 0.917 |

Conclusion

- SVRG has clear idea and fast iterations, and it produces good results.
 However, Nesterov Momentum has slightly better results quality and faster convergence, although its iterations are much slower.
- SWA can significantly improve SGD performance on real data.