Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FD

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Implement a program for a retail store that needs to find the highest even price in a list of product prices. Your goal is to efficiently determine the maximum even price from a series of product prices. Utilize the max() inbuilt function in the program.

For example, if the prices are 10 15 24 8 37 16, the even prices are 10 24 8 16. So, the maximum even price is 24.

Input Format

The input consists of a series of product prices separated by a space.

The prices should be entered as a space-separated string of numbers.

Output Format

If there are no even prices in the input, the output prints "No even prices were found". If there are even prices in the input, the output prints "The maximum even price

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10 15 24 8 37 16

Output: The maximum even price is: 24

Answer

```
# You are using Python
# Input: Space-separated product prices as a string
prices = input()
# Convert the input string to a list of integers
price_list = list(map(int, prices.split()))
# Filter out the even prices using list comprehension
even_prices = [price for price in price_list if price % 2 == 0]
# Check if we have any even prices
if even_prices:
  # Find the
  max_even_price = max(even_prices)
  print(f"The maximum even price is: {max_even_price}")
else:
  print("No even prices were found")
```

Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

2. Problem Statement

Arjun is working on a mathematical tool to manipulate lists of numbers. He needs a program that reads a list of integers and generates two lists: one

containing the squares of the input numbers, and another containing the cubes. Arjun wants to use lambda functions for both tasks.

Write a program that computes the square and cube of each number in the input list using lambda functions.

Input Format

The input consists of a single line of space-separated integers representing the list of input numbers.

Output Format

The first line contains a list of the squared values of the input numbers.

The second line contains a list of the cubed values of the input numbers.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1 2 3 Output: [1, 4, 9] [1, 8, 27]

Answer

```
# You are using Python
# Input: Space-separated list of integers
numbers = list(map(int, input().split()))

# Lambda function to calculate square of a number
squares = list(map(lambda x: x ** 2, numbers))

# Lambda function to calculate cube of a number
cubes = list(map(lambda x: x ** 3, numbers))

# Output the results
print(squares, cubes)
```

Status : Correct Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

You are tasked with designing a shipping cost calculator program that calculates the shipping cost for packages based on their weight and destination. The program utilizes different shipping rates for domestic, international, and remote destinations. The rates for each destination type are provided as global constants.

Constant Values:

DOMESTIC_RATE = 5.0 INTERNATIONAL_RATE = 10.0 REMOTE_RATE = 15.0

Function Signature: calculate_shipping(weight, destination)

Formula: shipping cost = weight * destination rate

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a float representing the weight of the package.

The second line consists of a string representing the destinations(Domestic or International or Remote).

Output Format

The program outputs any one of the following:

- 1. If the input is valid and the destination is recognized, the output should consist of a single line stating the calculated shipping cost for the given weight and destination in the format: "Shipping cost to [destination] for a [weight] kg package: \$[calculated cost]" with two decimal places.
- 2. If the input weight is not a positive float, print "Invalid weight. Weight must be greater than 0."
- 3. If the input destination is not one of the valid options, print "Invalid destination."

```
Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.
Sample Test Case
Input: 5.5
Domestic
Output: Shipping cost to Domestic for a 5.5 kg package: $27.50
Answer
#
# Global constants
DOMESTIC RATE = 5.0
INTERNATIONAL_RATE = 10.0
REMOTE_RATE = 15.0
def calculate_shipping(weight, destination):
  if weight <= 0:
    print("Invalid weight. Weight must be greater than 0.")
    return None
  if destination == "Domestic":
    rate = DOMESTIC_RATE
  elif destination == "International":
    rate = INTERNATIONAL RATE
  elif destination == "Remote":
    rate = REMOTE_RATE
  else:
    print("Invalid destination.")
    return None
  return weight * rate
# Input
weight = float(input())
destination = input()
# Call function and print only if valid
shipping_cost = calculate_shipping(weight, destination)
```

print(f"Shipping cost to {destination} for a {weight} kg package:

if shipping_cost is not None:

\${shipping_cost:.2f}")

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Imagine you are tasked with developing a function for calculating the total cost of an item after applying a sales tax. The sales tax rate is equal to 0.08 and it is defined as a global variable.

The function should accept the cost of the item as a parameter, calculate the tax amount, and return the total cost.

Additionally, the program should display the item cost, sales tax rate, and total cost to the user.

Function Signature: total_cost(item_cost)

Input Format

The input consists of a single line containing a positive floating-point number representing the cost of the item.

Output Format

The output consists of three lines:

"Item Cost:" followed by the cost of the item formatted to two decimal places.

"Sales Tax Rate:" followed by the sales tax rate in percentage.

"Total Cost:" followed by the calculated total cost after applying the sales tax, formatted to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 50.00

Output: Item Cost: \$50.00 Sales Tax Rate: 8.0%

```
240701381
    Total Cost: $54.00
Answer
    SALES_TAX_RATE = 0.08
    def total_cost(item_cost):
      return item_cost + (item_cost * SALES_TAX_RATE)
    item_cost = float(input())
                                                   240701381
    total_cost = total_cost(item_cost)
    print(f"Item Cost: ${item_cost:.2f}")
    print(f"Sales Tax Rate: {SALES_TAX_RATE * 100}%")
    print(f"Total Cost: ${total_cost:.2f}")
                                                                      Marks: 10/10
    Status: Correct
```

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