Task 4. Subquery and its type:

1. Write an SQL query to find out which customers have not placed any orders.

SELECT *

FROM customers

WHERE customer id NOT IN (SELECT DISTINCT customer id FROM orders);

2. Write an SQL query to find the total number of products available for sale.

SELECT COUNT(*) AS total products

FROM products

WHERE product id IN (SELECT product id FROM inventory WHERE quantityinstock > 0);

3. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by TechShop.

SELECT SUM(o.total_amount) AS total_revenue

FROM orders o;

4. Write an SQL query to calculate the average quantity ordered for products in a specific category. Allow users to input the category name as a parameter.

SELECT AVG(quantity) AS averageQuantity

FROM orderDetails

WHERE product id IN (

SELECT product_id FROM products WHERE description = @description);

5. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by a specific customer. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.

SET @customerIDinput=4;

SELECT SUM(total_amount)as totalRevenue FROM orders WHERE customer_id=@customerIDinput GROUP BY customer_id;

6. Write an SQL query to find the customers who have placed the most orders. List their names and the number of orders they've placed.

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SELECT c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name,
  COUNT(o.order_id) AS total_orders
FROM customers c
JOIN orders o ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id
GROUP BY c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name
ORDER BY total orders DESC
LIMIT 1;
7. Write an SQL query to find the most popular product category, which is the one with the highest
total quantity ordered across all orders.
SELECT p.description, SUM(od.quantity) AS total_quantity_ordered
FROM orderdetails od
JOIN products p ON od.product_id = p.product_id
GROUP BY p.description
ORDER BY total_quantity_ordered DESC
LIMIT 1;
8. Write an SQL query to find the customer who has spent the most money (highest total revenue)
on electronic gadgets. List their name and total spending.
SELECT c.customer_id, c.first_name, o.total_amount
FROM customers AS c
JOIN orders AS o using (Customer_id)
WHERE o.total_amount = (
       SELECT max(total_amount) FROM orders
);
9. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value (total revenue divided by the number of
orders) for all customers.
SELECT AVG(o.total_amount) AS average_order_value
FROM orders o;
```

10. Write an SQL query to find the total number of orders placed by each customer and list their names along with the order count.

SELECT c.first_name, c.last_name, COUNT(o.order_id) AS total_orders

FROM customers c

LEFT JOIN orders o ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id

GROUP BY c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name

ORDER BY total_orders DESC;