# Week 11 Lab

## Intro to Perl

## Task 1. Perl types and truth values

Try to identify Perl scalars that are:

- a) strings, defined, and true
- b) strings, defined, and false
- c) numbers, defined, and true
- d) numbers, defined, and false
- e) undefined and false
- f) undefined and true

If you can't find an example of any one of these, see if you can determine whether that particular combination is impossible.

#### Task 2. Control structures and arithmetic

The value of  $\pi$  can be computed using the following infinite series:

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots$$

Write a Perl script that computes the value of  $\pi$  accurate to five decimal places.

# Task 3. \$\_

The following Perl code uses the implicit variable \$\_ in several places. Rewrite it, replacing all implicit variable references with an explicit one, i.e. a variable that has been declared.

```
#! /usr/bin/perl -w
while (<STDIN>) {
    if (80 < length) {
        print scalar reverse;
    }
    else {
        print;
    }
}</pre>
```

### Task 4. Context

For each of the following, state whether the highlighted expression is being evaluated in scalar or list context, and what its value would be:

```
a) print "Hello world!";
b) @a = (1, 2, 3);
c) @a = 1;
d) $a = sort @a;
```

```
e) $len = length $a;
f) $a = reverse $a;
```

#### Task 5. Subroutines

Write a Perl subroutine whose arguments are a list of numbers, and returns the median<sup>1</sup> value of that set. Use your subroutine in a Perl script that takes numbers as command-line arguments and prints the median.

For example, if you've called your script median, then running

```
median 4 -3 2 6 4 1 -1
should result in your script printing
2
```

#### Task 6. Recursive subroutines

Write a Perl subroutine that recursively computes the factorial<sup>2</sup> of its single argument, which should be a number. Check your arguments!

## Task 7. Perl standard library

Locate the documentation for the Perl library functions opendir and readdir. Use them to write a Perl script that prints the names of the files in the current directory.

<sup>1</sup>https://www.mathsisfun.com/median.html

<sup>2</sup>https://www.mathsisfun.com/numbers/factorial.html