

Maths Assessment Year 4 Term 3: Geometry – Properties of Shapes

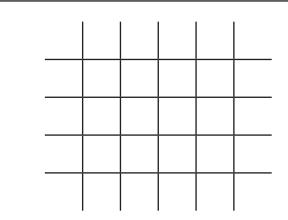
- 1. Compare and classify geometric shapes, based on their properties and sizes (including triangles and quadrilaterals).
- 2. Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles.
- 3. Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations
- 4. Complete a simple symmetrical figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.

15 total marks

Maths Assessment Year 4 Term 3: Geometry – Properties of Shapes



- 1. Compare and classify geometric shapes, based on their properties and sizes (including triangles and quadrilaterals).
- a) Draw an isosceles triangle.



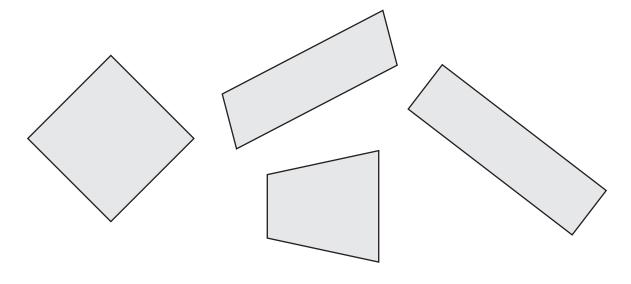
Complete this sentence:

An equilateral triangle has equal _____ and equal _____.



b) Complete the following Carroll diagram by writing the names of the shapes below.

| | Has at least 1 right angle | Has no right angles |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Rectangle | | |
| Not a Rectangle | | |



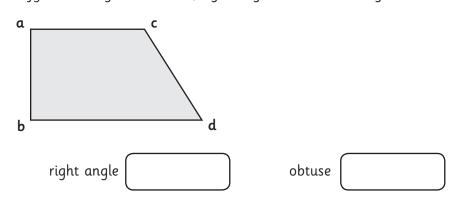






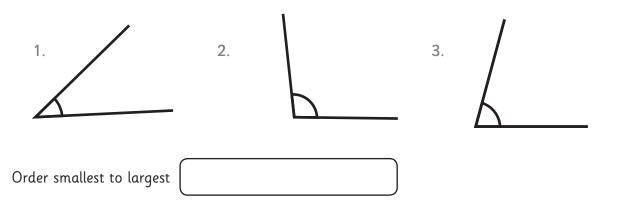
acute

a) In this quadrilateral, identify which angles are acute, right angles and obtuse angles.



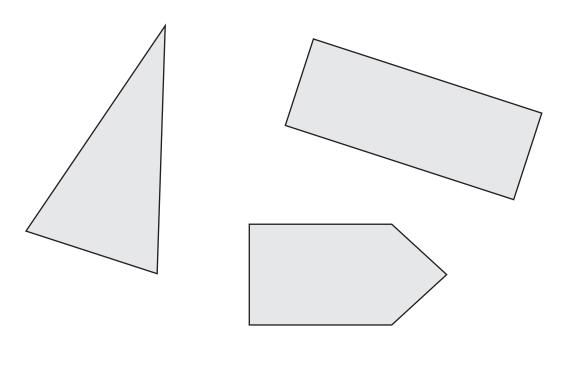


 ${\bf b}$) Order these angles from smallest angle to largest – write the numbers on the line.



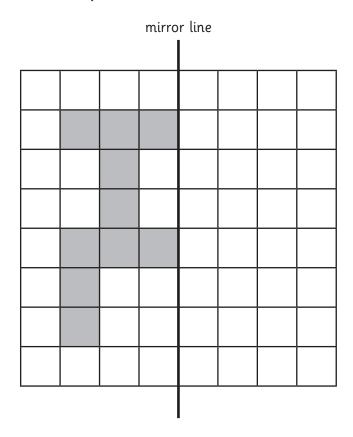


- **3.** Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations.
- a) Draw in all lines of symmetry on each shape. Use a pencil and ruler, if there are no lines of symmetry leave the shape blank. You can use a mirror and/or tracing paper to help.





- **4.** Complete a simple symmetrical figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.
- a) Reflect the shaded squares across the mirror line:





b) mirror line





Answer Sheet: Maths Assessment Year 4 Term 3: Geometry -





| question | answer | marks | notes | | | |
|---|--|------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 1. Compare and classify geometric shapes, based on their properties and sizes (including triangles and quadrilaterals). | | | | | | |
| | Any triangle with 2 equal sides. | 2 | Award 1 mark if the intention is clear. | | | |
| a | An equilateral triangle has equal (length) sides and equal angles. | | Award 1 mark for triangle with 2 sides the same. | | | |
| | Has at least 1 right angle Has no right angles | Up to 2 marks | Award 2 marks for all correct answers. | | | |
| b | Rectangle Square, Rectangle | | Award 1 mark for 2 or 3 correct answers. | | | |
| | Not a Rectangle Trapezium Parallelogram | | (Note a square is a "special" rectangle.) | | | |
| 2. Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and compare and order angles. | | | | | | |
| а | acute d right angle a, b obtuse c | 3 | 1 mark for each correct answer. | | | |
| р | 1; 3; 2 | 1 | | | | |
| 3. Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations. | | | | | | |
| | | | Accept a line drawn near to the central position. Accept 2 lines drawn near to the central position. Both must be drawn. Accept a line drawn near to the central position | | | |



| question | answer | | notes | | |
|--|--------|----------|---|--|--|
| 4. Complete a simple symmetrical figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry. | | | | | |
| a | | 2 | All squares to be correctly shaded to award 2 marks. 1 mark if one error. | | |
| b | | 2 | All squares to be correctly shaded to award 2 marks. 1 mark if one error. | | |
| | | Total 15 | | | |