Bagging	Boosting
Various training data subsets are randomly	Each new subset contains the
drawn with replacement from the whole	components that were misclassified by
training dataset.	previous models.
Bagging attempts to tackle the over-fitting issue.	Boosting tries to reduce bias.
If the classifier is unstable (high variance),	If the classifier is steady and
then we need to apply bagging.	straightforward (high bias), then we
	need to apply boosting.
Every model receives an equal weight.	Models are weighted by their
	performance.
Objective to decrease variance, not bias.	Objective to decrease bias, not
	variance.
It is the easiest way of connecting	It is a way of connecting predictions
predictions that belong to the same type.	that belong to the different types.
Every model is constructed independently.	New models are affected by the
	performance of the previously
	developed model.