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Report

Laboratory work n.4

Variant - 1

Formal Languages & Finite Automata

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Objectives

- 1. Write and cover what regular expressions are, what they are used for;
- 2. Below you will find 3 complex regular expressions per each variant. Take a variant depending on your number in the list of students and do the following:
- a. Write a code that will generate valid combinations of symbols conform given regular expressions (examples will be shown).
- b. In case you have an example, where symbol may be written undefined number of times, take a limit of 5 times (to evade generation of extremely long combinations);
- c. Bonus point: write a function that will show sequence of processing regular expression (like, what you do first, second and so on)

Implementation Description

The Java program is designed to generate valid combinations of symbols based on given regular expressions. It consists of a generateCombinations method responsible for creating these combinations and a main method to demonstrate the functionality with specific regular expressions.

The code begins by importing the necessary packages, specifically java.util.Random and java.util.HashSet. These packages are crucial for randomization operations and handling grouped characters efficiently.

Next, the code defines the generateCombinations method, which serves as the core logic for generating valid combinations based on the provided regular expression. This method takes the regular expression as input and uses a StringBuilder to construct the resulting valid combinations. Using a StringBuilder is advantageous as it allows for efficient string manipulation, especially when dealing with large strings.

```
public static String generateCombinations(String regex) {
    StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
    Random random = new Random();

    for (int <u>i</u> = 0; <u>i</u> < regex.length(); <u>i</u>++) {...}
    return result.toString();
}
```

As the code processes each character in the regular expression, it employs several checks to handle alphanumeric characters. For instance, if a character is alphanumeric (a letter or digit), the code checks for special operators such as ^, *, +, and ?. These operators are crucial for determining repetitions and optional characters within the regular expression. For example, the ^ operator indicates a specific number of repetitions, while * and + signify zero or more repetitions and one or more repetitions, respectively. Additionally, the ? operator denotes an optional character.

```
if (Character.isLetterOrDigit(ch)) {
   if (i + 1 < regex.length() && regex.charAt(i + 1) == '^') {
     int power = Math.min(Character.getNumericValue(regex.charAt(i + 2)), 5);
     currentBuilder.append(String.valueOf(ch).repeat(power));
     i += 2;</pre>
```

One notable aspect of the code is its handling of grouped characters within parentheses. When encountering grouped characters, the code intelligently skips characters until it reaches the closing parenthesis. This functionality ensures that the code correctly interprets and processes grouped characters according to the regular expression rules.

Moreover, the code incorporates randomization techniques for characters with random repetitions (denoted by * and + operators). It utilizes the Random class to generate random numbers for repetitions, thus adding variability to the generated combinations. This randomness factor is essential for creating diverse and unpredictable valid combinations while adhering to the specified regular expression constraints.

Additionally, the code includes a mechanism to output each step of processing. This step-by-step output provides valuable insights into how the regular expression is interpreted and processed. It aids in understanding the code's behavior and facilitates debugging if any issues arise during execution.

In the main method, the code demonstrates the functionality by applying specific regular expressions (re1, re2, re3) and generating multiple valid combinations for each. This demonstration illustrates how the generateCombinations method can effectively interpret diverse regular expression patterns and produce corresponding valid combinations.

```
String re1 = "(a|b)(c|d)E+G?";
String re2 = "P(Q|R|S)T(UV|W|X)*Z+";
String re3 = "1(0|1)*2(3|4)^5 36";
```

Results

The code employs regular expressions to generate strings, each accompanied by a processing sequence illustrating the steps involved. For the first regular expression (a|b)(c|d)E+G?, the generated strings exhibit variations of 'a' or 'b' followed by 'c' or 'd', then 'E' repeated an arbitrary number of times, optionally ending with 'G'. Similarly, the second regular expression P(Q|R|S)T(UV|W|X)*Z+ yields strings starting with 'P' succeeded by 'Q', 'R', or 'S', then 'T', and followed by a randomized repetition of 'UV', 'W', or 'X', culminating in 'Z' repeated at least once. Finally, for the third regular expression 1(0|1)*2(3|4)^5 36, the strings commence with '1', are proceeded by zero or more instances of '0' or '1', then '2', and are concluded by either '3' or '4' iterated exactly five times, ending with '36'. These outputs provide comprehensive insights into string generation processes aligned with the specified regular expressions.

```
PSTUVUVWWXZZZZ
Processing Sequence:
- P
- S
- T
- UVUVWWX
- Z- Z- Z- Z

PRTWXUVXWZZ

Processing Sequence:
- P
- R
- T
- WXUVXW
- Z- Z
```

Overall, the results demonstrate that the Java code effectively interprets and processes complex regular expressions, generating valid combinations that conform to the specified patterns and constraints. The randomness introduced in certain repetitions adds variability and richness to the generated combinations, enhancing the code's versatility and practicality.

These results validate the code's functionality and its relevance in applications

requiring regular expression parsing and valid combination generation, highlighting its utility in formal languages and finite automata contexts.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the Java code presented a robust implementation for generating valid combinations based on given regular expressions. By leveraging string manipulation techniques, randomization functionalities, and meticulous pattern interpretation, the code successfully fulfilled the objectives of the laboratory work. The incorporation of randomization techniques for characters with random repetitions added an element of variability to the generated combinations, ensuring diversity and unpredictability while still adhering to the specified regular expression rules. The step-by-step output of processing provided transparency and facilitated understanding of how the code interprets and processes regular expressions, aiding in debugging and comprehension. Overall, the code exemplified effective utilization of Java's string manipulation capabilities, randomization functionalities, and pattern interpretation logic to generate valid combinations from regular expressions, showcasing a practical application of formal languages and finite automata concepts.