

Online Sources of Information

External Class Website:

- Contact information
- Syllabus
- office hours
- exam dates

www-bcf.usc.edu/~adamchik/csci570.html

DEN Website:

- lecture videos
- lecture notes
- HW assignments
- any other documents

Roles and Responsibilities

- Instructors	Lectures & Discussions
- TAs	HWs & Exams
- Course producers	?
- Graders	HWs
- C.S Dept advisers	registration issues
- DEN	DEN issues

Text books

- o Algorithm Design by Jon Kleinberg & Eva Tardos
- o Supplemental textbook: Introduction to Algorithms, 3rd edition by Cormen

Your Responsibilities

- Attend lectures and discussion sessions
- Study the material from textbook
- Do HW problems
- Do as many other problems from the textbook as possible

Your grade

Exam 1 30% Sept 30

Exam 2 30% Nov 4

Exam 3 40% Dec 2

Prerequisites

- Discrete Math - Mathematical Induction
- Asymptotic notation
- Sorting methods
- Basic data structures: Arrays, stacks, queues, linked lists
- Basics of graphs: Trees, cycles, DAG, adjacency list, adjacency matrix, etc.
- Graph search alg's: BFS, DFS

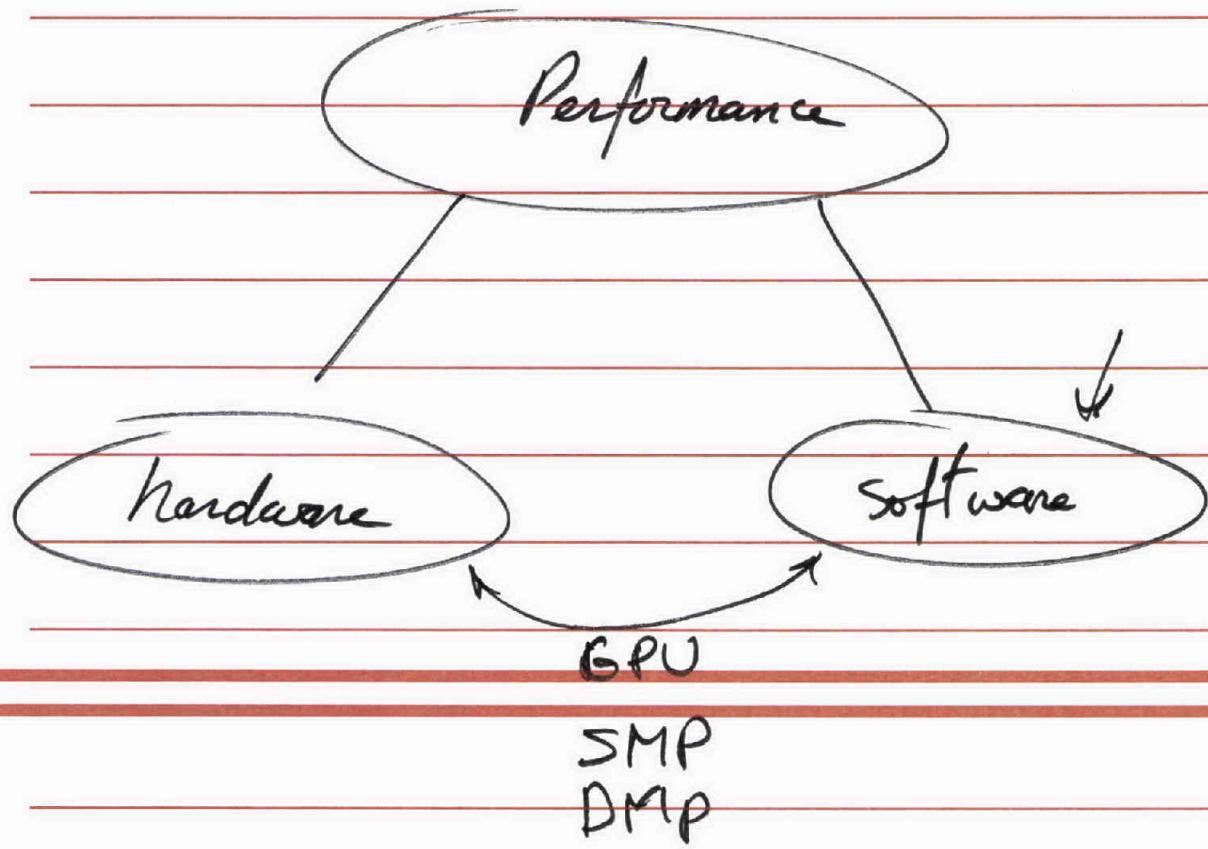
~~1- An alg. is a set of instructions in machine language.~~

Kharazmi 780-850
↓
Algorithms

~~2- Alg. science advanced on Wallst.~~

3- Invite 5 million Alg's for a listen

- 1- Corrections
- 2- Performance



1- Come up w/ problem statement

2 - Present a solution

3 - Proof of Correctness

4 - Analyze complexity

Stable Matching

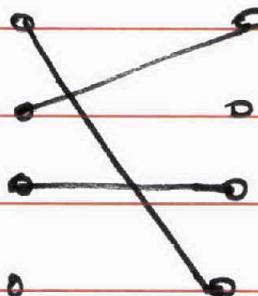
Problem We are interested in matching n men with n women so that they could stay happily married ever after.

We have a set of n men $M = \{m_1, \dots, m_n\}$

" " " " n women $W = \{w_1, \dots, w_n\}$

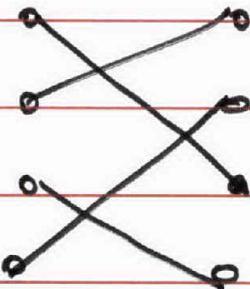
Def. A Matching S is a set of ordered pairs.

$M \quad W$



Def. A perfect matching S' is a matching with the property that each member of M and each member of W appear in exactly one pair in S' .

$M \quad W$



Add action of preferences

Each man $m \in M$ ranks all women

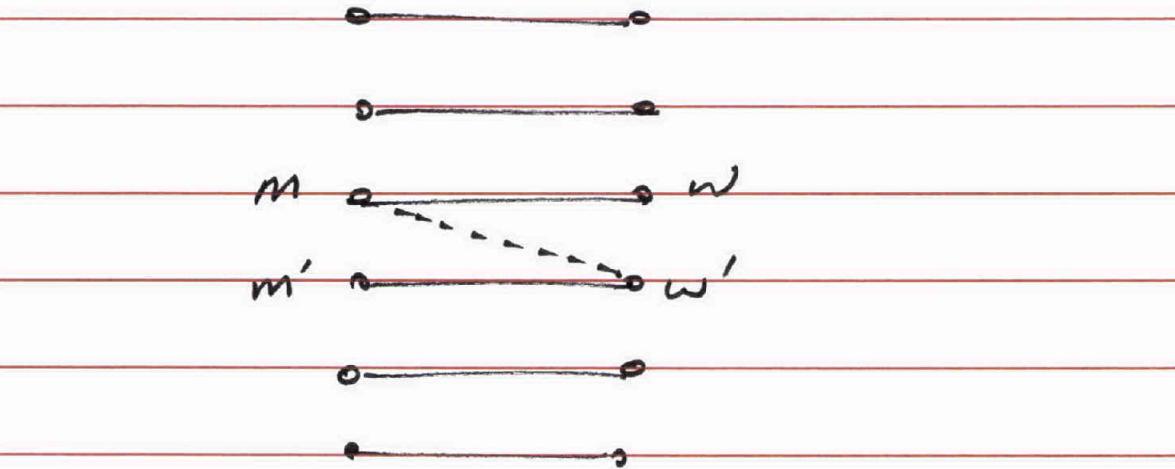
- m prefers w to w' if m ranks w higher than w' .
- ordered ranking of m in his preference list

$$P_{m_i} = \{w_{i_1}, w_{i_2}, \dots, w_{i_n}\}$$

Same for women, i.e. each woman $w \in W$ ranks all men ...

Stable Matching

S



Def. such a pair (m, w') is an instability WRT S .

Def. Matching S is stable if

1- It is perfect

2- There are no instabilities
WRT S

Step 1: Input: Preference lists for a set of n men & n women.

Output: Set of \hat{n} marriages w/
no instabilities

Step 2

Gale-Shapley Alg.

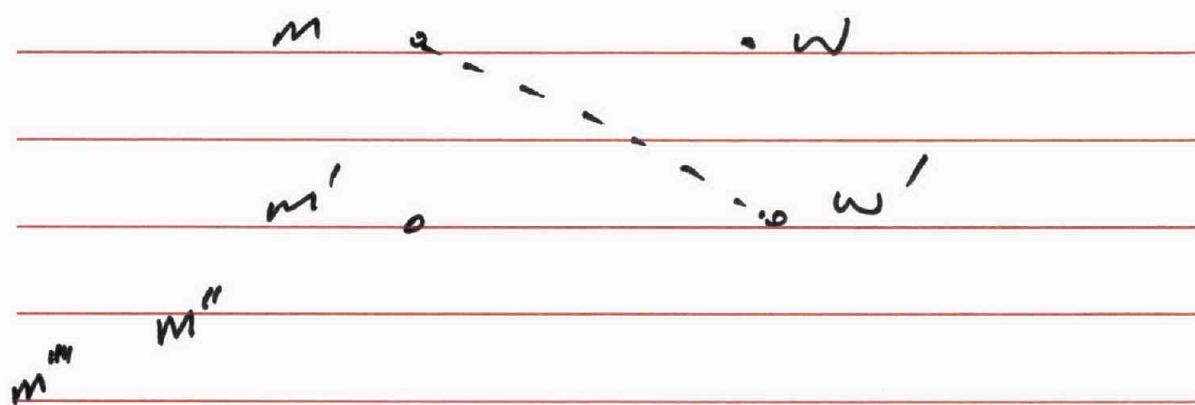
Step 3

Proof of Correctness

- ① From the woman's perspective, she starts single, and once she gets engaged She can only get into better engagements
- ② From the man's perspective, he starts single, gets engaged, and might be dropped repeatedly only to settle for a woman w/ lower rankings
- ③ Alg. terminates after n^2 iterations
- ④ Solution is a perfect matching
- ⑤ Solution is a stable matching

Proof by contradiction

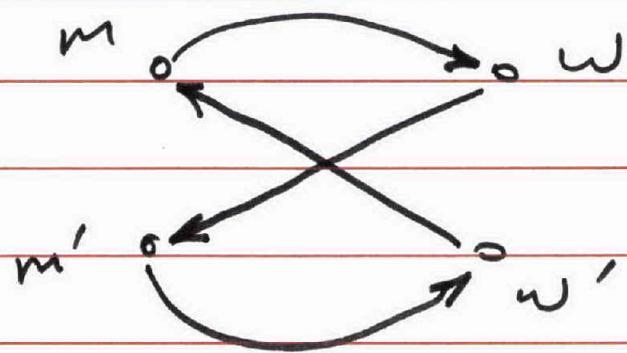
Assume instability exists in our solution involving two pairs $(m, w), (m', w')$



Q: Did m propose to w' at some point in the execution?

If no, then w must be higher than w' on his list \Rightarrow Contradiction!

If yes, he must have been rejected in favor of m'' and due to ① either $m'' = m'$ or m' is better than $m'' \Rightarrow$ contradiction!



$(m, w), (m', w')$

$(m, w'), (m', w)$

Step 4

Complexity Analysis

1- Identify a free man. $O(1)$

2- For a man m , identify the highest ranked woman to whom he has not yet proposed.

3- For a woman w , decide if w is engaged, and if so to whom.

4- For a woman w and two men $m & m'$, decide which man is preferred by w .

5- Place a man back in the list of free men. $O(1)$

3 - Keeps an array called $\text{Current}[1..n]$

$\text{current}[w]$ is Null if w is not engaged, and set to m if she is engaged to m .

$O(1)$

4 -

$\text{womanPref}_i = [3 | 8 | 1 | 22 | \dots]$

Create a Ranking array where
 $\text{Ranking}[w, m]$ contains the rank
of man m based on w 's preference.

This construction takes $O(n^2)$

1 - Could use an array
or a linked list
.. stack
.. queue

steps 1 & 5 will take $O(1)$

2 - Keep an array $\text{Next}[1..n]$
 $\text{Next}[m]$ points to the position of the
next woman he will be proposing to
on his ranked list

$\text{ManPref}[1..n, 1..n]$

~~that~~ $\text{ManPref}[m, i]$ denotes the

i^{th} woman on man m 's pref. list

$w = \text{ManPref}[m, \text{Next}[m]]$

takes $O(1)$

Rank list

(3)		1	1			2
1		3				8

takes $O(n^2)$ to create this array

Overall cost of Gale-shapley

$$\underbrace{O(n^2)}_{\text{preparation}} + O(n^2) = O(n^2)$$