

Projekt SAP

Tema 2 - Uloga izvoza i uvoza u gospodarstvu

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Učitavanje podataka i deskriptivna analiza

Na početku učitavamo podatke i analiziramo kako izgledaju podaci.

```
export.data = read.csv("Export_data.csv")
# head(export.data)

import.data = read.csv("Import_data.csv")
# head(import.data)

gdp.data = read.csv("GDP_data.csv")
# head(gdp.data)

gdp.pc.data = read.csv("GDPpercapita_data.csv")
# head(gdp.pc.data)
```

Sljedeći blok koda generira dataframe sa brojem upisanih podataka te brojem procjena među upisanim podacima.

```
export.loc.cnt = export.data %>% group_by(LOCATION) %>%
  summarise(exp_n = n(), exp_est = sum(Flag.Codes == 'E')) %>%
  arrange(desc(exp_n), exp_est)
import.loc.cnt = import.data %>% group_by(LOCATION) %>%
  summarise(imp_n = n(), imp_est = sum(Flag.Codes == 'E')) %>%
  arrange(desc(imp_n), imp_est)
gdp.loc.cnt = gdp.data %>% group_by(LOCATION) %>%
  summarise(gdp_n = n(), gdp_est = sum(Flag.Codes == 'E')) %>%
  arrange(desc(gdp_n), gdp_est)
gdp.pc.loc.cnt = gdp.pc.data %>% group_by(LOCATION) %>%
  summarise(gdp_pc_n = n(), gdp_pc_est = sum(Flag.Codes == 'E')) %>%
  arrange(desc(gdp_pc_n), gdp_pc_est)
loc.cnt = merge(merge(export.loc.cnt, import.loc.cnt), merge(gdp.loc.cnt, gdp.pc.loc.cnt))
knitr::kable(
  head(arrange(loc.cnt,
    desc(loc.cnt[,2]), desc(loc.cnt[,4]), desc(loc.cnt[,6]), desc(loc.cnt[,8]),
    loc.cnt[,3], loc.cnt[,5], loc.cnt[,7], loc.cnt[,9]), 20),
  caption = "Broj podataka za pojedinu državu"
)
```

Table 1: Broj podataka za pojedinu državu

LOCATION	exp_n	exp_est	imp_n	imp_est	gdp_n	gdp_est	gdp_pc_n	gdp_pc_est
CAN	41	0	41	0	41	0	41	0

LOCATION	exp_n	exp_est	imp_n	imp_est	gdp_n	gdp_est	gdp_pc_n	gdp_pc_est
DNK	41	0	41	0	41	0	41	0
FRA	41	0	41	0	41	0	41	0
CHE	41	1	41	1	41	1	41	1
FIN	41	1	41	1	41	1	41	1
DEU	41	12	41	12	41	12	41	12
SWE	41	14	41	14	41	14	41	14
GBR	41	16	41	16	41	0	41	0
AUT	41	16	41	16	41	16	41	16
BEL	41	16	41	16	41	16	41	16
ESP	41	16	41	16	41	16	41	16
GRC	41	16	41	16	41	16	41	16
IRL	41	16	41	16	41	16	41	16
ITA	41	16	41	16	41	16	41	16
NLD	41	16	41	16	41	16	41	16
ISL	41	16	41	16	41	16	41	17
PRT	41	17	41	17	41	17	41	17
AUS	40	0	40	0	40	0	40	0
NOR	40	0	40	0	40	0	40	0
USA	40	0	40	0	40	0	40	0

Odabrane drzave

Odabrali smo USA, Njemačku(DEU) i Grčku(GRC) za analizu.

```
time = 1979:2019
usa = data.frame(export.mln_usd = export.data$Value[export.data$LOCATION == "USA"],
  import.mln_usd = import.data$Value[import.data$LOCATION == "USA"],
  gdp.mln_usd = gdp.data$Value[gdp.data$LOCATION == "USA"],
  gdp.pc.usd_cap = gdp.pc.data$Value[gdp.pc.data$LOCATION == "USA"])
usa$net.trade = usa$export.mln_usd - usa$import.mln_usd
deu = data.frame(export.mln_usd = export.data$Value[export.data$LOCATION == "DEU"],
  import.mln_usd = import.data$Value[import.data$LOCATION == "DEU"],
  gdp.mln_usd = gdp.data$Value[gdp.data$LOCATION == "DEU"],
  gdp.pc.usd_cap = gdp.pc.data$Value[gdp.pc.data$LOCATION == "DEU"])
deu$net.trade = deu$export.mln_usd - deu$import.mln_usd
grc = data.frame(export.mln_usd = export.data$Value[export.data$LOCATION == "GRC"],
  import.mln_usd = import.data$Value[import.data$LOCATION == "GRC"],
  gdp.mln_usd = gdp.data$Value[gdp.data$LOCATION == "GRC"],
  gdp.pc.usd_cap = gdp.pc.data$Value[gdp.pc.data$LOCATION == "GRC"])
grc$net.trade = grc$export.mln_usd - grc$import.mln_usd

usa = usa %>% mutate(import.mln_usd,
  import.growth = import.mln_usd - lag(import.mln_usd),
  import.growth.percentage = import.growth / lag(import.mln_usd) * 100)
deu = deu %>% mutate(import.mln_usd,
  import.growth = import.mln_usd - lag(import.mln_usd),
  import.growth.percentage = import.growth / lag(import.mln_usd) * 100)
grc = grc %>% mutate(import.mln_usd,
  import.growth = import.mln_usd - lag(import.mln_usd),
  import.growth.percentage = import.growth / lag(import.mln_usd) * 100)
```

```

interpolate.usa = data.frame(t(rep(NA, length(names(usa)))))
names(interpolate.usa) = names(usa)
interpolate.usa$import.growth.percentage = mean(usa$import.growth.percentage
                                                [time >= 2013 & time < 2019])
interpolate.usa$import.mln_usd = usa$import.mln_usd[nrow(usa)] *
                                (1 + interpolate.usa$import.growth.percentage / 100)
interpolate.usa$import.growth = interpolate.usa$import.mln_usd - usa$import.mln_usd[nrow(usa)]
usa = rbind(usa, interpolate.usa)

```

```
summary(usa)
```

```

## export.mln_usd  import.mln_usd  gdp.mln_usd  gdp.pc.usd_cap
## Min.   : 347872  Min.   : 366207  Min.   : 2627334  Min.   :11672
## 1st Qu.: 591516  1st Qu.: 690188  1st Qu.: 5540294  1st Qu.:22445
## Median :1185694  Median :1538060  Median : 9346740  Median :33648
## Mean   :1206334  Mean   :1545274  Mean   :10103023  Mean   :34815
## 3rd Qu.:1762818  3rd Qu.:2326964  3rd Qu.:14517106  3rd Qu.:48004
## Max.   :2416053  Max.   :3224342  Max.   :20580223  Max.   :62853
## NA's   :1
## net.trade      import.growth  import.growth.percentage
## Min.   : -722881  Min.   : -304448  Min.   : -13.084
## 1st Qu.: -497748  1st Qu.:  32563   1st Qu.:  2.683
## Median : -274298  Median :  65733   Median :  5.143
## Mean   : -296964  Mean    :  70801   Mean    :  5.592
## 3rd Qu.: -77556   3rd Qu.: 130815   3rd Qu.:  8.659
## Max.   :  19122   Max.    : 265511   Max.    : 24.343
## NA's   :1        NA's    :1        NA's    :1

```

```
summary(deu)
```

```

## export.mln_usd  import.mln_usd  gdp.mln_usd  gdp.pc.usd_cap
## Min.   : 277599  Min.   : 303002  Min.   : 736116  Min.   : 9425
## 1st Qu.: 439432  1st Qu.: 421397  1st Qu.:1413237  1st Qu.:17963
## Median : 789414  Median : 780127  Median :2158516  Median :26510
## Mean   : 961808  Mean    : 851788  Mean    :2344231  Mean    :28963
## 3rd Qu.:1466601  3rd Qu.:1237522  3rd Qu.:3103958  3rd Qu.:38432
## Max.   :2019336  Max.    :1773266  Max.    :4632060  Max.    :55737
##
## net.trade      import.growth  import.growth.percentage
## Min.   : -27681  Min.   : -119972  Min.   : -9.695
## 1st Qu.: 12702   1st Qu.: 12657   1st Qu.: 2.694
## Median : 38067   Median : 36879   Median : 4.881
## Mean   :110020   Mean    : 36700   Mean    : 4.605
## 3rd Qu.:235195   3rd Qu.: 62129   3rd Qu.: 7.926
## Max.   :294551   Max.    :143844   Max.    :12.871
##
## NA's   :1        NA's    :1        NA's    :1

```

```
summary(grc)
```

```

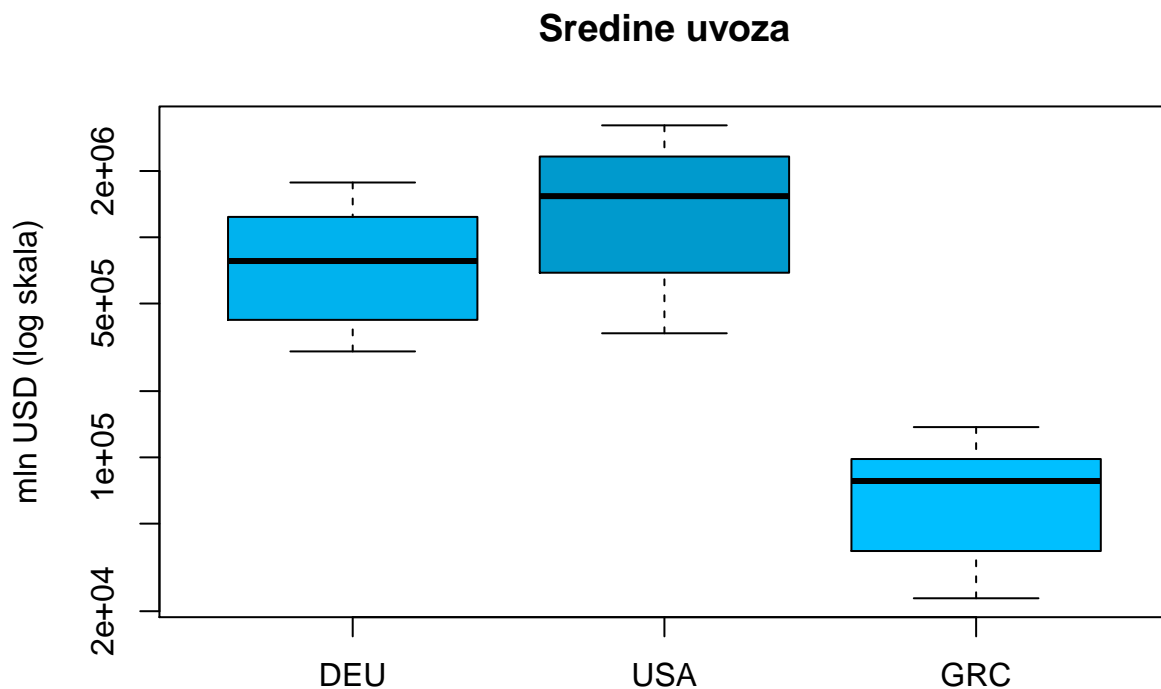
## export.mln_usd  import.mln_usd  gdp.mln_usd  gdp.pc.usd_cap
## Min.   : 20482  Min.   : 22900  Min.   : 76529  Min.   : 7933
## 1st Qu.: 28580  1st Qu.: 37540  1st Qu.:130598  1st Qu.:12811
## Median : 56743  Median : 78096  Median :198712  Median :18465
## Mean   : 56376  Mean    : 70093  Mean    :210316  Mean    :19609
## 3rd Qu.: 81461  3rd Qu.: 98300  3rd Qu.:291109  3rd Qu.:26839

```

```
## Max. :109674 Max. :137267 Max. :341818 Max. :31172
##
## net.trade import.growth import.growth.percentage
## Min. :-44429 Min. :-27939.2 Min. :-20.3539
## 1st Qu.: -24525 1st Qu.: 345.2 1st Qu.: 0.5721
## Median : -11914 Median : 1963.6 Median : 4.2862
## Mean : -13717 Mean : 2054.5 Mean : 4.1784
## 3rd Qu.: -3016 3rd Qu.: 4379.9 3rd Qu.: 8.5646
## Max. : 4592 Max. : 18180.4 Max. : 20.1801
## NA's :1 NA's :1
```

Deskriptivna statistika

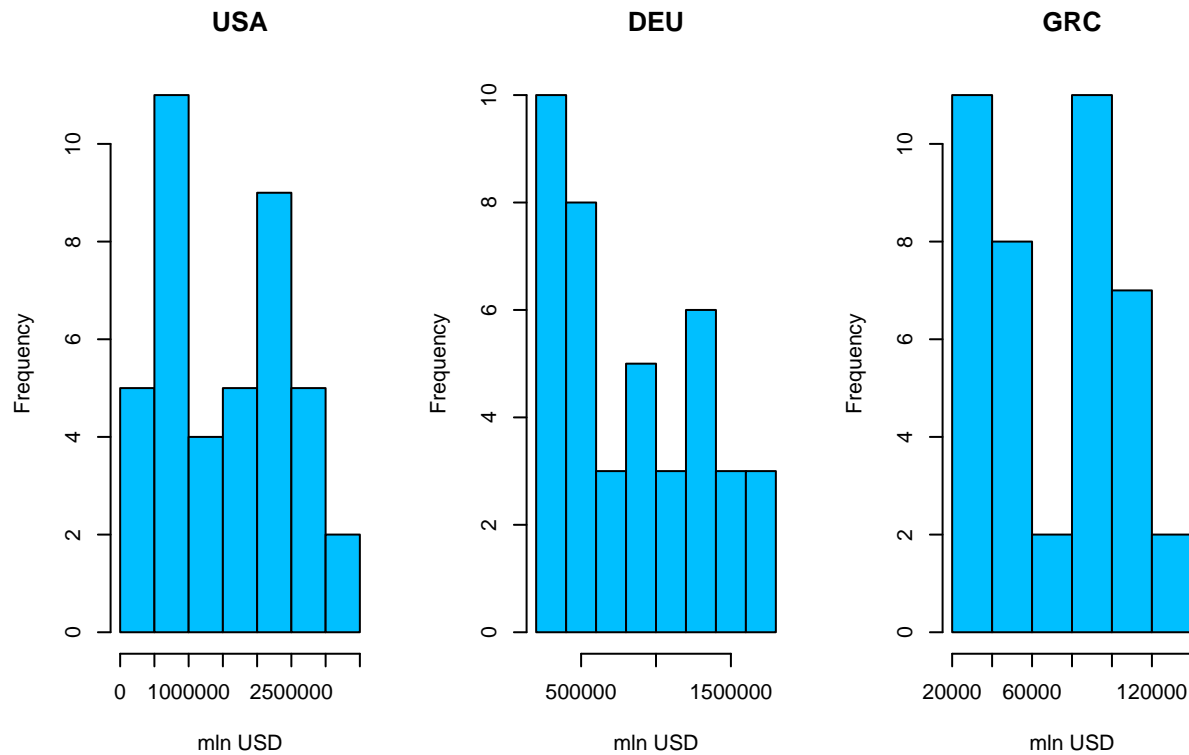
```
boxplot(deu$import.mln_usd,
        usa$import.mln_usd,
        grc$import.mln_usd,
        names = c("DEU", "USA", "GRC"), main = "Sredine uvoza",
        col = c("deepskyblue2", "deepskyblue3", "deepskyblue"),
        ylab = "mln USD (log skala)",
        log = "y")
```



Vidimo da im se čisti izvoz u mil. USD razlikuje jako čak i na logaritamskoj skali.

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 3), oma = c(0, 0, 2, 0))
hist(usa$import.mln_usd, main="USA", xlab="mln USD", col="deepskyblue")
hist(deu$import.mln_usd, main="DEU", xlab="mln USD", col="deepskyblue")
hist(grc$import.mln_usd, main="GRC", xlab="mln USD", col="deepskyblue")
mtext("Ukupan uvoz", outer = T, cex = 1.5)
```

Ukupan uvoz

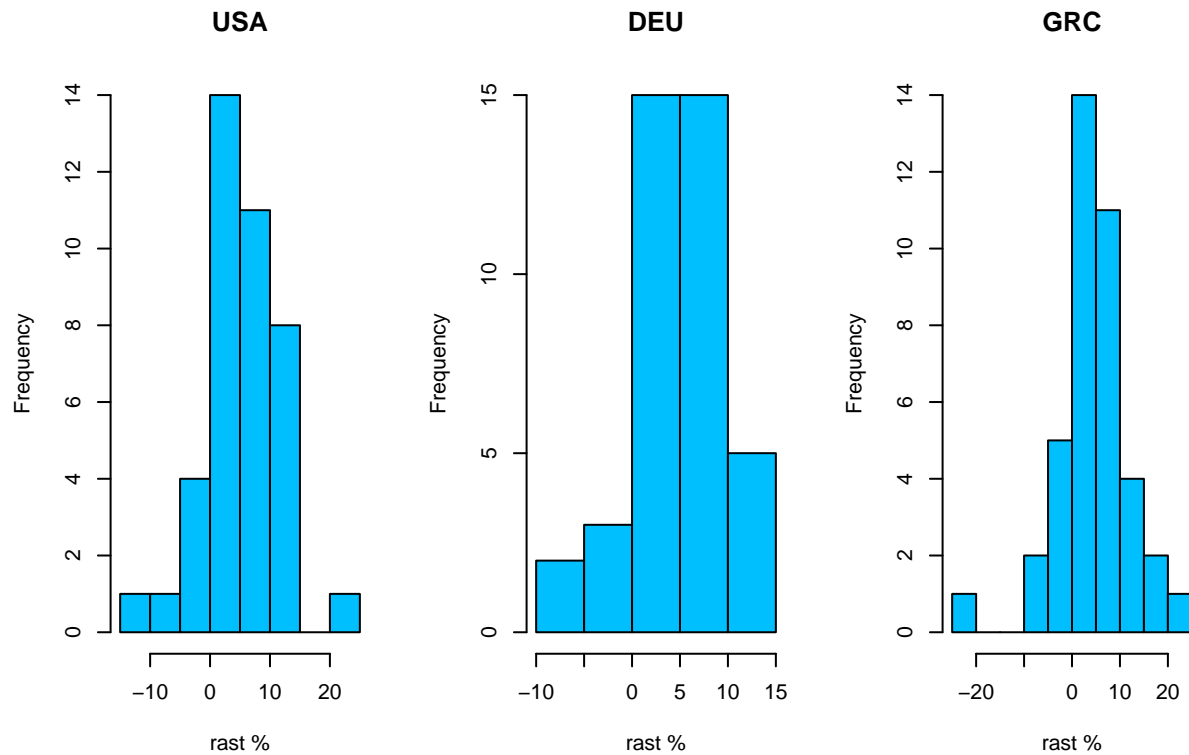


Za distribucije ukupnog izvoza ne možemo pretpostaviti normalnost, pa nema smisla raditi parametarske testove.

Usporedimo sada postotnu promjenu izvoza.

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 3), oma = c(0, 0, 2, 0))
hist(usa$import.growth.percentage, main="USA", xlab="rast %", col="deepskyblue")
hist(deu$import.growth.percentage, main="DEU", xlab="rast %", col="deepskyblue")
hist(grc$import.growth.percentage, main="GRC", xlab="rast %", col="deepskyblue")
mtext("Ukupan uvoz", outer = T, cex = 1.5)
```

Ukupan uvoz

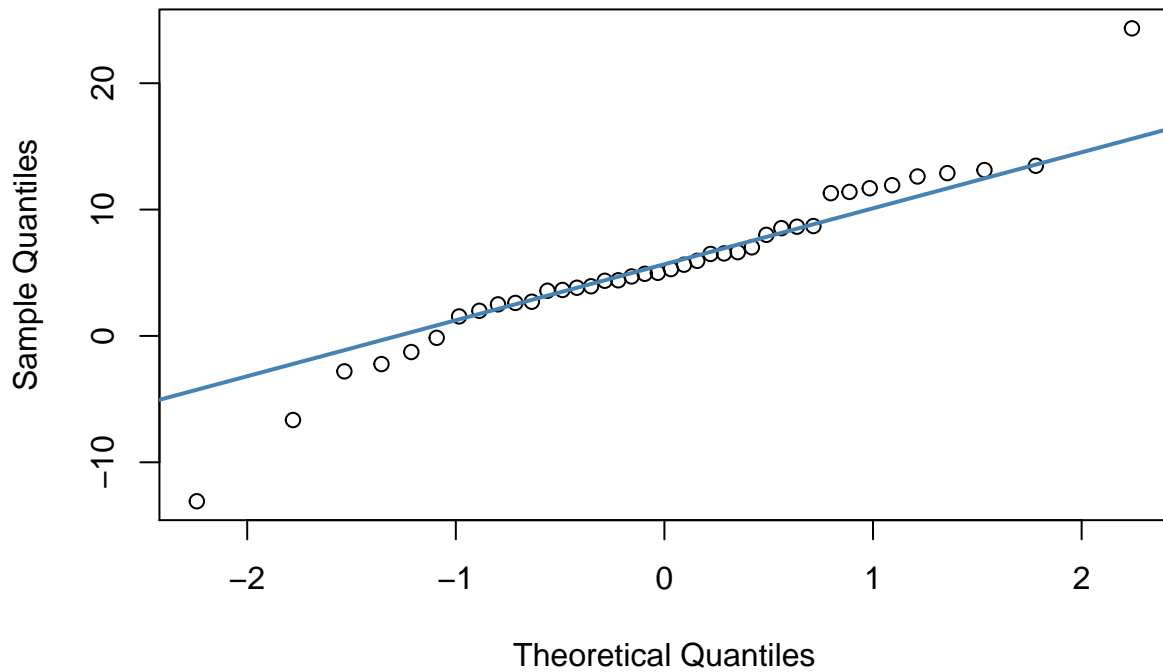


Distribucije nisu previše zakrivljene i imamo dovoljno podataka da možemo pretpostaviti normalnost distribucije.

Taj zaključak potvrđuju i qq plotovi.

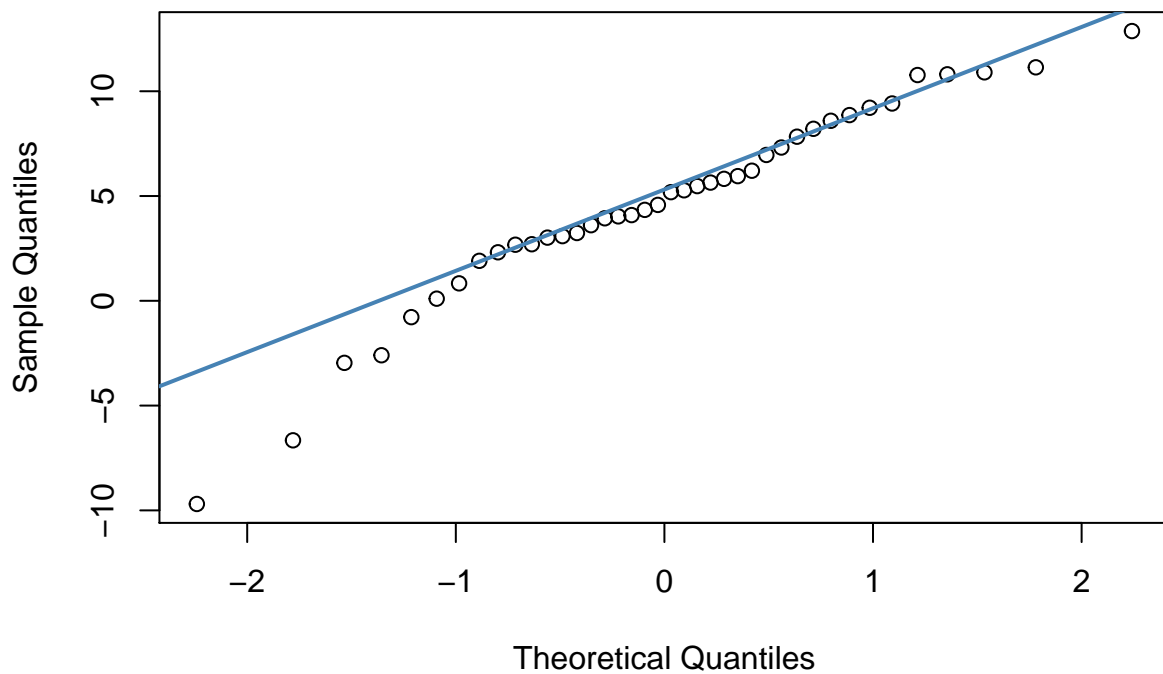
```
qqnorm(usa$import.growth.percentage)
qqline(usa$import.growth.percentage, col = "steelblue", lwd = 2)
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



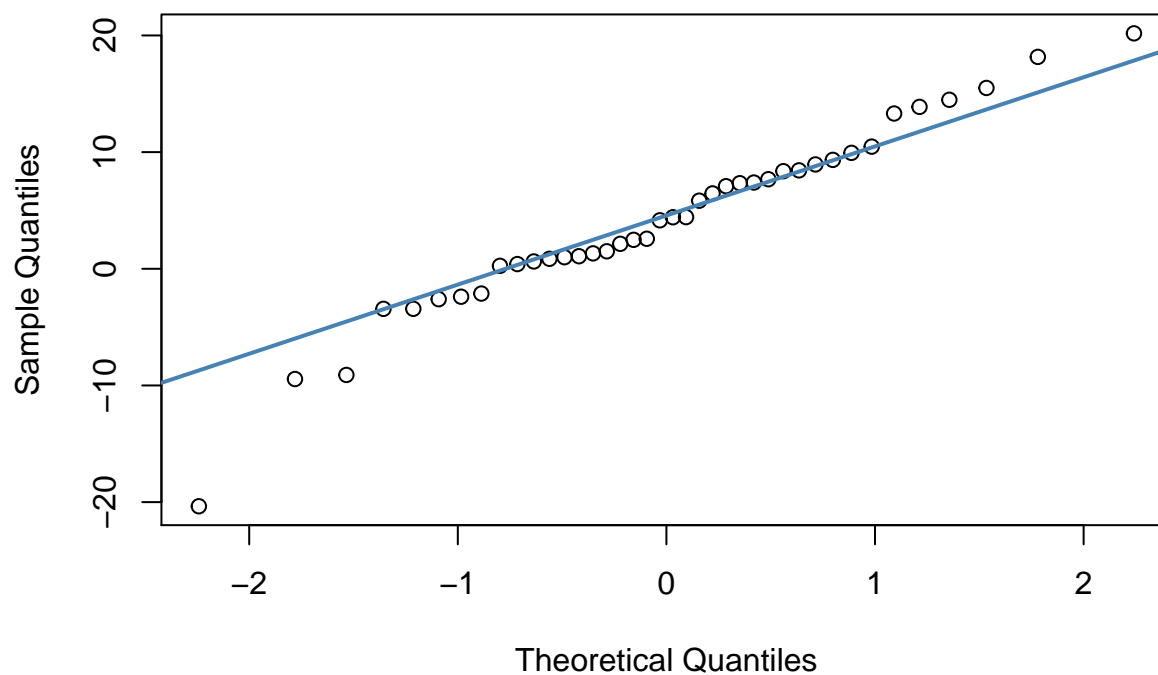
```
qqnorm(deustat.import.growth.percentage)
qqline(deustat.import.growth.percentage, col = "steelblue", lwd = 2)
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



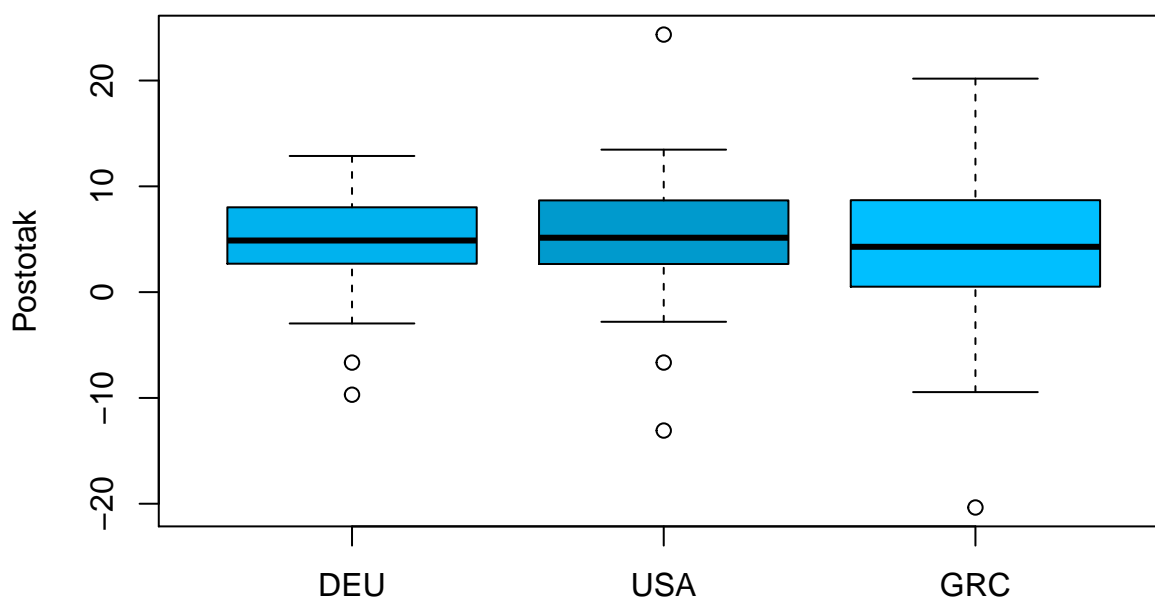
```
qqnorm(grcstat.import.growth.percentage)
qqline(grcstat.import.growth.percentage, col = "steelblue", lwd = 2)
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



```
boxplot(deu$import.growth.percentage,
        usa$import.growth.percentage,
        grc$import.growth.percentage,
        names = c("DEU", "USA", "GRC"), main = "Boxplot postotnog porasta uvoza",
        col = c("deepskyblue2", "deepskyblue3", "deepskyblue"),
        ylab = "Postotak")
```

Boxplot postotnog porasta uvoza



Ovaj plot pokazuje da bi varijable USA i DEU mogle imati istu sredinu. Proverimo to sa t testom.


```
t.test(usa$import.growth.percentage[-c(1)], deu$import.growth.percentage[-c(1)],
       alternative = "g")

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: usa$import.growth.percentage[-c(1)] and deu$import.growth.percentage[-c(1)]
## t = 0.79157, df = 72.659, p-value = 0.2156
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is greater than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -1.089884      Inf
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##  5.591600  4.605104

deu[-c(1), ] %>% with(hist(import.growth.percentage,
                           breaks = seq(min(import.growth.percentage) - 0.5,
                                         max(import.growth.percentage) + 0.5, length.out = 9)))
```

Histogram of import.growth.percentage

