

# CPROGRAMING

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## Escape sequences

• \'	-	Single quotation mark	prints '
• \"	-	Prints Double quotation mark	prints"
• \\	-	Backslash Character	Prints\
• \a	-	Alert	Alerts by Generating beep
• \b	-	Backspace	Movers cursor one postion to the left of its current position
• \f	-	Form Feed	Moves cursor to the beginning of next page
• \n	-	New line	Moves cursor to the beginning of next line
• \r	-	Carraige return	Moves the cursor to the beginning of current line
• \t	-	Horizontal tab	Moves the cursor to next horizontal tab stop
• \V	_	Vertical tab	Vertical tab



### **Operators**

- An expression in C is made up of operands, for eg a=2+3 is a meaningful expression which involves 3 operands 2, 3, a and 2 operators i.e =,+, Thus expression is sequence of Operators and operands
- Precedence of Operators:-Each Operator in C has a precedence associated with it, In a compound expression operator involved are of different precedence so operator with highest priority is evaluated first.
- Associativity: In compound expression when several operator are of same precedence operators are evaluated according to there associativity either left to right or right to left.

#### **Classification of operators**

- Unary Operators Unary Operator operates on only one operand for example in the expression -3 is a unary minus operator examples of unary operator are &,sizeof,!(logical negation),~(bitwise negation),++(increment),--(decrement) operator
- Binary Operators Binary operator operates on 2 operands for example expression 2-3, acts as a binary minus operator as it operates on 2 operands 2 and 3 for exampe \*,/,<<(left shift),>>(Right shift),Logical And(&), Bitwise And(&)
- Ternary Operator A ternary operator operates on three operands for example Condtional operator (?:) is the only ternary operator in C



Classification Based on operator

Based on there role operators are classified as

- Arithmetic Operators
- Relational Operators
- Logical Operators
- Bitwise Operators
- Assignment Operators



## Operators Precedence and Associativity

OPERATOR	ТҮРЕ	ASSOCIAVITY
() []>		left-to-right
++ +- ! ~ (type) * & sizeof	Unary Operator	right-to-left
* / %	Arithmetic Operator	left-to-right
+ -	Arithmetic Operator	left-to-right
<< >>	Shift Operator	left-to-right
< <= > >=	Relational Operator	left-to-right
== !=	Relational Operator	left-to-right
&	Bitwise AND Operator	left-to-right
۸	Bitwise EX-OR Operator	left-to-right
I	Bitwise OR Operator	left-to-right
&&	Logical AND Operator	left-to-right
II	Logical OR Operator	left-to-right
?:	Ternary Conditional Operator	right-to-left
= += -= *= /= %= &= ^=  = <<= >>=	Assignment Operator	right-to-left
,	Comma	left-to-right



## Arithmetic operators

- Arithmetic operators work with all primitive data types i.e. int, float, char, double.
- Precedence of \* & / is higher than + & -.
- % operator doesn't work with float and double type.
- % operator follows sign of numerator
- If two operands are of different types, the lower type is promoted temporarily for computation.
- char and short are promoted is promoted temporarily for computation.
- Char types are treated as integers (ASCII values) for calculation.
- If result exceed range of data type (overflow), then it rollback.





# Thank you!

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