ॐ श्री गणेशाय नमः

```
In [1]:
    from time import time
    import math
    def time_random():
        return time() - float(str(time()).split('.')[0])

def gen_random_range(min, max):
        return int(time_random() * (max - min) + min)
```

Question-1

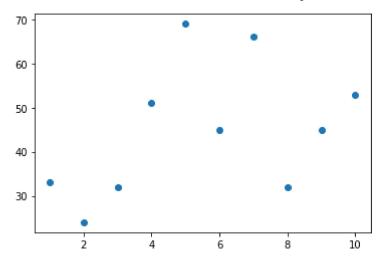
```
In [2]: from time import time
In [3]: def randomNumber(M, N):
    t = time() - float(str(time()).split('.')[0])
    random = t * (N - M) + M
    return round(random,2)

In [4]: randomNumber(23, 70)
Out[4]: 32.25
```

Question-2

```
In [5]: x=[]
        y=[]
        r=0
        N = 10
        i=0
        while i!= N:
            R=int(randomNumber(23, 70))
            if R==r:
                 for j in range(9999999):
                     R
            else:
                 r=R
                 i=i+1
                 x.append(i)
                 y.append(r)
         print(f"x :{x} \ny:{y}")
        x : [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
        y:[33, 24, 32, 51, 69, 45, 66, 32, 45, 53]
In [6]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        plt.scatter(x, y)
```

Out[6]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x173b8191960>



Question-3

```
In [7]:
         INTERVAL= 1000
          circle points= 0
          square points= 0
         # Total Random numbers generated= possible x
          # values* possible y values
         for i in range(INTERVAL**2):
             \# Randomly generated x and y values from a
             # uniform distribution
             # Range of x and y values is -1 to 1
             rand x= round(randomNumber(-1, 1),1)
             rand y=round(randomNumber(-1, 1),1)
             # Distance between (x, y) from the origin
             origin dist= rand x^{**2} + rand y^{**2}
             # Checking if (x, y) lies inside the circle
             if origin dist<= 1:</pre>
                  circle_points+= 1
             square points+= 1
             # Estimating value of pi,
             # pi= 4*(no. of points generated inside the circle)/ (no. of points generated inside
             pi = 4* circle_points/square_points
             #print(rand_x, rand_y, circle_points, square_points, "-", round(pi,2))
              #print("\n")
          print("Final Estimation of Pi=", round(pi,2))
         Final Estimation of Pi= 3.02
         import numpy as np
 In [8]:
         import pandas as pd
         data = pd.read_csv("text_data.csv", encoding= 'unicode_escape', index_col = [0])
In [10]:
         #data = pd.read_clipboard(index_col=[0])
```

data

Out[10]: Message_body Label

S.No.

1	UpgrdCentre Orange customer, you may now claim	Spam			
2	Loan for any purpose £500 - £75,000. Homeowner	Spam			
3	Congrats! Nokia 3650 video camera phone is you	Spam			
4	URGENT! Your Mobile number has been awarded wi	Spam			
5	Someone has contacted our dating service and e	Spam			
•••		•••			
121	7 wonders in My WORLD 7th You 6th Ur style 5th	Non-Spam			
122	Try to do something dear. You read something f	Non-Spam			
123	Sun ah Thk mayb can if dun have anythin on	Non-Spam			
124	SYMPTOMS when U are in love: "1.U like listeni	Non-Spam			
125	Great. Have a safe trip. Dont panic surrender	Non-Spam			

125 rows × 2 columns

```
import nltk
In [11]:
         import re
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
         #from gensim.utils import lemmatize
In [12]: #pip install gensim
In [13]: #nltk.download('stopwords') # comment out if already downloaded
         nltk.download('punkt')
                                   # comment out if already downloaded
         [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to
         [nltk_data]
                         C:\Users\Pawan\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
         [nltk_data]
                       Package punkt is already up-to-date!
         True
Out[13]:
         # convert to lower case
In [14]:
         df = data.apply(lambda x: x.str.lower())
In [15]: # replace special characters (preserving only space)
         df = df.apply(lambda x: [re.sub('[^a-z0-9]', ' ', i) for i in x])
In [16]: # tokenize columns
         df = df.apply(lambda x:[word_tokenize(i) for i in x])
In [17]: # remove stop words from token list in each column
         df = df.apply(
             lambda x: [
                         w for w in tokenlist if w not in stopwords.words('english')]
                        for tokenlist in x])
```

```
In [18]: # Lemmatize columns
         # the Lemmatize method may fail during the first 3 to 4 iterations,
         # so try running it several times
         for attempt in range(1, 11):
             try:
                 print(f'Lemmatize attempt: {attempt}')
                 df = df.apply(
                     for word in tokenlist for 1 in lemmatize(word) ]
                                for tokenlist in x])
                 print(f'Attempt {attempt} success!')
                 break
             except:
                 pass
         Lemmatize attempt: 1
         Lemmatize attempt: 2
         Lemmatize attempt: 3
         Lemmatize attempt: 4
         Lemmatize attempt: 5
         Lemmatize attempt: 6
         Lemmatize attempt: 7
         Lemmatize attempt: 8
         Lemmatize attempt: 9
         Lemmatize attempt: 10
         df.info()
In [19]:
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         Int64Index: 125 entries, 1 to 125
         Data columns (total 2 columns):
          #
              Column
                            Non-Null Count Dtype
          0
              Message_body 125 non-null
                                           object
                            125 non-null
              Label
                                           object
          1
         dtypes: object(2)
         memory usage: 2.9+ KB
         df['Message body'][125][0]
In [20]:
         'great'
Out[20]:
         x=df['Message body'].apply(lambda x: ", ".join(x))
In [21]:
         y=df['Label'].apply(lambda x: " ".join(x))
         x.head(-5)
In [22]:
         S.No.
Out[22]:
                upgrdcentre, orange, customer, may, claim, fre...
         1
                loan, purpose, 500, 75, 000, homeowners, tenan...
         2
         3
                congrats, nokia, 3650, video, camera, phone, c...
         4
                urgent, mobile, number, awarded, 2000, prize, ...
         5
                someone, contacted, dating, service, entered, ...
         116
                                                       awake, oh
         117
                                                  think, da, wil
                piss, talking, someone, realise, u, point, rea...
         118
                              hospital, da, return, home, evening
         119
         120
                                          gettin, rdy, ship, comp
         Name: Message body, Length: 120, dtype: object
```

```
y.head()
In [23]:
          S.No.
Out[23]:
          1
               spam
          2
               spam
          3
               spam
          4
               spam
          5
               spam
          Name: Label, dtype: object
         from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
In [24]:
In [25]:
          cv = CountVectorizer()
          cv.fit(x)
          cv_transform= cv.transform(x)
          cv_transform
In [26]:
          <125x984 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.int64'>'
Out[26]:
                  with 1685 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>
          cv_transform.toarray()
In [27]:
          array([[0, 1, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0],
Out[27]:
                 [1, 0, 0, \ldots, 0, 0, 0],
                 [0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0]], dtype=int64)
In [28]:
          pd.DataFrame(cv_transform.toarray(),
                        columns=cv.get_feature_names_out()).head()
Out[28]:
                 0207 021 03 07046744435 07123456789 07732584351 07742676969 0800
                                                                                           0800083940
             000
          0
                                                                                  0
               0
                     1
                          0
                              0
                                           0
                                                        0
                                                                     0
                                                                                        0
          1
               1
                     0
                          0
                              0
                                                                     0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        1
          2
               0
                     0
                              0
                                           0
                                                        0
                                                                     0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
                          0
          3
               0
                     0
                              0
                                                                                  0
                          0
                                                                     0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                        0
          4
               0
                     0
                              0
                                           0
                                                        0
         5 rows × 984 columns
```

```
In [29]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfTransformer
In [30]: tf= TfidfTransformer()
    tf_fit = tf.fit(cv_transform)
    x_tf_transform = tf_fit.transform(cv_transform)
In [31]: pd.DataFrame(x_tf_transform.toarray(),columns = cv.get_feature_names_out()).head()
```

С	ut[31]:		000	0207	021	03	07046744435	07123456789	07732584351	07742676969	0800	0
		0	0.000000	0.254955	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00000	
		1	0.201213	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.22553	
		2	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00000	
		3	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00000	
		4	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00000	

5 rows × 984 columns

```
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
In [32]:
          clf = MultinomialNB()
In [33]:
          Model=clf.fit(x tf transform, y)
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
In [34]:
              ["Wow didn't think it was that common. I take it all back ur not a freak! Unless u
          array(['non spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[34]:
In [35]:
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
              ["You have lost 1 Millian $"]))
          array(['spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[35]:
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
In [36]:
              ["Your salary is debited to your account"]))
          array(['spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[36]:
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
In [37]:
              ["This is cat not dog"]))
          array(['spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[37]:
In [38]:
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
              ["This model is not good"]))
          array(['non spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[38]:
In [39]:
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
              ["Isq ne sathiya, mera Hala kya kar diya"]))
          array(['spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[39]:
In [40]:
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
              ["Describe the issue linked to the documentation.It is becoming increasingly diffi
          array(['non spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[40]:
```

```
Model.predict(cv.transform(
In [41]:
              ["Isq ne sathiya, mera Hala kya kar diya"]))
         array(['spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[41]:
In [42]:
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
              ["Deprecated: Read and write audio files in AIFF or AIFC format."]))
          array(['non spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[42]:
In [43]:
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
              ["Command line option and argument parsing library"]))
          array(['spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[43]:
In [44]:
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
              ["piss, talking, someone, realise, u, point,"]))
          array(['non spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[44]:
In [45]:
          Model.predict(cv.transform(
              ["Dog,cat, bat",'Cat']))
          array(['spam', 'spam'], dtype='<U8')</pre>
Out[45]:
          import pickle
In [46]:
          pickle.dump(cv, open('cv.pkl', 'wb'))
          pickle.dump(Model, open('Model.pkl', 'wb'))
In [47]:
          pwd()
          'E:\\Angel Al'
Out[47]:
          from flask import Flask, render template, request
 In [ ]:
          import pickle
          app = Flask(__name__, template_folder=r"E:\Angel Al\templates")
          clf = pickle.load(open('Model.pkl', "rb"))
          cv = pickle.load(open("cv.pkl", "rb"))
          @app.route('/')
          def Model():
              return render_template('Model.html')
          @app.route('/Label', methods=['POST', 'GET'])
          def Label():
              if request.method == 'POST':
                  #HTML ->.py
                  result = request.form['Data']
                  result_pred = clf.predict(cv.transform([result]))
              #.py -> HTML
              return render_template("Label.html", result=result_pred)
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run()

* Serving Flask app '__main__' (lazy loading)
    * Environment: production
    WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.
    Use a production WSGI server instead.
    * Debug mode: off

    * Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000 (Press CTRL+C to quit)
    127.0.0.1 - - [12/Apr/2022 18:40:37] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
    127.0.0.1 - - [12/Apr/2022 18:40:59] "POST /Label HTTP/1.1" 200 -
    127.0.0.1 - - [12/Apr/2022 18:40:59] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 -
In []: quit()
```