

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023

OR ☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
Commission File No. 000-17948

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

209 Redwood Shores Parkway  
Redwood City California

(Address of principal executive offices)

94-2838567

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

94065

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:  
(650) 628-1500

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	EA	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer ☒ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐  
Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value, held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of September 30, 2022, the last business day of our second fiscal quarter, was \$32,154 million.

As of May 22, 2023, there were 272,712,152 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding.

Documents Incorporated by Reference

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for its 2023 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "2023 Proxy") are incorporated by reference into Part III hereof. The 2023 Proxy is expected to be filed not later than 120 days after the registrant's fiscal year end. Except with respect to information specifically incorporated by reference into this Form 10-K, the 2023 Proxy is not deemed to be filed as part hereof.



**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.  
2023 FORM 10-K ANNUAL REPORT**

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## CAUTIONARY NOTE ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements. We use words such as “anticipate”, “believe”, “expect”, “intend”, “estimate”, “plan”, “predict”, “seek”, “goal”, “will”, “may”, “likely”, “should”, “could”, “continue”, “potential” (and the negative of any of these terms), “future” and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. In addition, any statements that refer to projections of our future financial performance, trends in our business, projections of markets relevant to our business, uncertain events and assumptions and other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements consist of, among other things, statements related to our business, operations and financial results, industry prospects, our future financial performance, and our business plans and objectives, and may include certain assumptions that underlie the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and reflect management’s current expectations. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause or contribute to such differences include those discussed in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report under the heading “Risk Factors” beginning on Page 8. We assume no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statement for any reason, except as required by law.

## PART I

### Item 1: *Business*

#### Overview

Electronic Arts is a global leader in digital interactive entertainment. We develop, market, publish and deliver games, content and services that can be experienced on game consoles, PCs, mobile phones and tablets.

#### What We Offer

At our core is a portfolio of intellectual property from which we create innovative games and experiences that deliver high-quality entertainment and drive engagement across our network of hundreds of millions of unique active accounts. Our portfolio includes brands that we either wholly own (such as *Apex Legends*, *Battlefield*, and *The Sims*) or license from others (such as *Madden NFL*, *Star Wars*, and the 300+ licenses within our global football ecosystem). We are focusing on building games and experiences that grow the global online communities around our key franchises; reaching more players through connecting interactive storytelling to key intellectual property; and building re-occurring revenue from our annualized sports franchises, our console, PC and mobile catalog titles, and our live services. We develop and publish games and services across diverse genres, such as sports, racing, first-person shooter, action, role-playing and simulation. We believe that our portfolio, talent, live services offerings, use of multiple business models and distribution channels, and network of hundreds of millions of unique active accounts provide us with strategic advantages.

Revenue from our global football franchise, which is consistently one of the top franchises in the marketplace and includes the annualized console, PC and mobile games, as well as *FIFA Ultimate Team*, is material to our business and will continue to be so. Starting in fiscal year 2024, our global football franchise will transition to a new EA SPORTS FC brand. Our vision for the future of interactive football with EA SPORTS FC is to create the largest football club in the world, and we believe this is the right opportunity for us so that we can continue delivering innovation and growing to connect more fans on a global scale.

Live services net revenue, particularly extra content net revenue, has been material to our business, and we expect it to continue to be so. Through our live services offerings, we offer our players high-quality experiences designed to provide value to players and extend and enhance gameplay. These live services include extra content, subscription offerings and other revenue generated outside of the sale of our base games. Our digital live services and other net revenue represented 74 percent of our total net revenue during fiscal year 2023. Our most popular live services are the extra content purchased for the *Ultimate Team* mode associated with our sports franchises and extra content purchased for our *Apex Legends* franchise. *Ultimate Team* allows players to collect current and former professional players in order to build and compete as a personalized team. Live services net revenue generated from extra content purchased within *Ultimate Team*, a substantial portion of which was derived from *FIFA Ultimate Team*, and for our *Apex Legends* franchise, is material to our business.

We believe that we can add value to our network by making it easier for players to connect by offering choices of business model, distribution channel and device. Our games and services can be experienced on consoles, PCs, mobile phones, tablets, and reach our players through both digital distribution channels and retail channels. Players can access our games and services through traditional single-game purchase or through subscription offerings; and certain of our games and services are available through a “free-to-play” model whereby players download the game for free and engage with services provided on an ongoing basis. For example, we develop products and services within our global football franchise that allow players to engage through

multiple business models, distribution channels and devices, including: (1) our annualized console and PC games and associated services, which can be purchased through both digital distribution and retail channels and also is available through subscription services; (2) a mobile free-to-play offering; and (3) a PC free-to-play game available in certain countries.

Digitally, our console games and live services can be purchased through third-party storefronts, such as the digital stores of our console partners. Our direct sales to Sony and Microsoft represented approximately 32 percent and 16 percent of total net revenue, respectively, in fiscal year 2023. Our mobile and tablet games and services are available through third-party application storefronts such as the Apple App Store and Google Play. Our PC games and services can be downloaded directly through the EA app, EA's digital storefront, as well as through third-party online download stores, such as Steam. We also partner with third parties to publish our mobile and PC games and services in certain Asian territories, such as our partnerships with Tencent Holdings Limited for *FIFA Online* in China and Nexon Co. Ltd. for *FIFA Online* in Korea. From time to time, third parties will publish games and services under a license to certain of our intellectual property assets.

We also offer our EA Play subscription service on consoles and PC. EA Play allows players access to a selection of our console and PC games and services for a monthly or annual fee. Our packaged goods games are sold directly to mass market retailers, specialty stores and through distribution arrangements. New distribution methods and business models are expected to continue to emerge in the future, and we intend to evaluate these opportunities on a case-by-case basis.

We believe that the future of entertainment is interactive and that the consumption of entertainment and sports is deeply social. We are investing towards a future of accelerated content generation and increased player engagement - with players across our network using games to stay connected to friends, and to express themselves. While we continue to anchor our business on delivering amazing content and services to more players, our goal is to build from our core and invest in new areas of opportunity.

### **Significant Relationships**

*Sony & Microsoft.* Under the terms of publishing agreements we have entered into with Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC and its affiliates and with Microsoft Corporation and its affiliates, we are authorized to develop, market, publish, and distribute disc-based products and services, and we authorize Sony and Microsoft to distribute our digital products and services, compatible with PlayStation and Xbox consoles, respectively. Under these agreements with Sony and Microsoft, we have the non-exclusive right to use, for a fixed term and in a designated territory, technology that is owned or licensed by them to publish our games on their respective consoles. With respect to our digitally-delivered products and services, the console manufacturers pay us either a wholesale price or a royalty percentage on the revenue they derive from their sales of our products and services. Our transactions for packaged goods products are made pursuant to individual purchase orders, which are accepted on a case-by case basis by Sony or Microsoft (or their designated replicators), as the case may be. For packaged goods products, we pay the console manufacturers a per-unit royalty for each unit manufactured. Many key commercial terms of our relationships with Sony and Microsoft — such as manufacturing terms, delivery times, policies and approval conditions — are determined unilaterally, and are subject to change by the console manufacturers.

The publishing agreements also require us to indemnify the console manufacturers for any loss, liability and expense resulting from any claim against the console manufacturer regarding our games and services, including any claims for patent, copyright or trademark infringement brought against the console manufacturer. Each agreement may be terminated by the console manufacturer if a breach or default by us is not cured after we receive written notice from the console manufacturer, or if we become insolvent. The console manufacturers are not obligated to enter into license agreements with us for any future consoles, products or services.

*Apple, Google and Other App Stores.* We have agreements to distribute our mobile applications and additional content through distributors such as Apple and Google. Our applications are downloaded for mobile devices from third party application storefronts. The distributor collects payment from consumers for content purchased within the application or charges consumers a one-time fee to download the application. Our distribution agreements establish the amounts that are retained by the distributor and the amounts passed through to us. These arrangements are typically terminable on short notice. The agreements generally do not obligate the distributors to market or distribute any of our applications. Application storefront policies are determined unilaterally by the distributors and are subject to change.

*Publishing Partners in Asia.* We have entered into agreements whereby we partner with certain companies, including Tencent Holdings Limited, Nexon Co., Ltd and Garena Online Private Limited, or their respective affiliates, pursuant to which these companies publish our mobile and PC free-to-play games in certain countries, including China, Korea and certain countries in Southeast Asia. Our players access games from the publishers' online storefronts and are charged for additional content

purchased within our game environment. The agreements generally establish the amounts that are retained by the publisher, and the amounts passed through to us.

## **Competition**

The market for interactive entertainment is intensely competitive and changes rapidly as new products, business models and distribution channels are introduced. We also face competition for the right to use certain intellectual property included in our products. In order to remain successful, we are required to anticipate, sometimes years in advance, the ways in which our products and services will compete in the market. We face significant competition from companies that focus on developing games and services available on consoles, PCs and/or mobile devices. In addition, the convergence of the gaming, technology/internet, social networking and entertainment industries in recent years has brought us into more direct competition with larger, well-funded technology companies. These companies have strengthened their interactive entertainment capabilities, and we expect them to continue to do so. Their greater financial and other resources may provide larger budgets to develop and market tools, technologies, products and services that gain consumer success and shift player time and engagement away from our products and services. We also continue to expect new entrants to emerge.

More broadly, we compete against providers of different sources of entertainment, such as movies, television, online casual entertainment and music that our players could enjoy in their free time. Important competitive factors in our industry include the ability to attract creative and technical talent, game quality and ease of use, innovation, compatibility of products with certain consoles and other distribution channels, brand recognition, reputation, reliability, security, creativity, price, marketing, and quality of customer service.

In the past several years, our industry has undergone a period of increased consolidation which increases competitive pressure on us as interactive entertainment companies grow through acquisition or as larger, well-funded technology companies strengthen their interactive entertainment capabilities.

Risks related to competitive factors affecting our business are described in Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors.

## **Research and Development**

Because the industries in which we compete are characterized by rapid technological advances, our ability to compete successfully is linked to our ability to deliver a flow of competitive products, services and technologies to the marketplace. We have teams focused on developing new technologies, such as self-learning artificial intelligence for our games, to enhance existing products and services and to expand the range of our offerings.

## **Intellectual Property and Technology**

To establish and protect our intellectual property, we rely on a combination of copyrights, trademarks, patents, patent applications, trade secrets, know-how, license agreements, confidentiality provisions and procedures and other contractual provisions. We actively engage in enforcement and other activities to protect our intellectual property, but the laws of some countries in which we operate, particularly in Asia, either do not protect our intellectual property to the same extent as the laws of the United States or are poorly enforced. As our digital business has grown, our games and services increasingly depend on the reliability, availability and security of our technological infrastructure. Our industry is prone to, and our systems and networks are subject to actions by malevolent actors, such as cyber-attacks and other information security incidents, including ransomware attacks. While we devote financial and operational resources to implement systems, processes and technologies to guard against cyber events and to help protect our intellectual property, employee and consumer data and information technology systems against intrusions or other security breaches, we have experienced such events in the past and expect future events to occur. In addition, we engage in activities designed to limit the impact of abuse of our digital products and services, including monitoring our games for evidence of exploitation and re-balancing our game environments in the event that such abuse is discovered.

## **Governmental Regulation**

We are a global company subject to various and complex laws and regulations domestically and internationally, including laws and regulations related to gaming, user privacy, data collection and retention, consumer protection, protection of minors, online safety, content, advertising, localization, information security, intellectual property, competition, sanctions, addressing climate change, taxation, and employment, among others. Many of these laws and regulations are continuously evolving and developing, and the application to, and impact on, us is uncertain. Certain of our business models are subject to new laws or regulations or evolving interpretations and application of existing laws and regulations. The growth and development of

electronic commerce, virtual items and virtual currency has prompted calls for new laws and regulations and resulted in the application of existing laws or regulations that have limited or restricted the sale of our products and services in certain territories.

### **Seasonality**

We have historically experienced the highest percentage of our net bookings in our third fiscal quarter due to seasonal holiday demand and the launch timing of our games. While we expect this trend to continue in fiscal year 2024, there is no assurance that it will.

### **Human Capital**

Our ability to attract and retain qualified employees is a critical factor in the successful development of our products and services. As of March 31, 2023, we employed approximately 13,400 people globally, with 65 percent located internationally. Our Board and its committees oversee our human capital management programs, practices and strategies and additional information on how they oversee these matters can be found in our annual Proxy Statement. We're committed to (1) integrating diversity, equity and inclusion in our people practices to drive results, (2) a safe, healthy and supportive culture that prioritizes engagement, listening and action, and (3) inclusive talent practices to support the development of our people and the growth of our business.

Our most recently published Company-wide gender and racial/ethnic representation, as well as our EEO-1 report (U.S. government reporting), are available on our website. Our commitments to diversity, equity and inclusion extend to compensating our employees fairly based on the work that they perform. We consider our pay equity philosophy at each stage at which compensation decisions are made, including when hiring and promoting employees and through our annual review cycle. In addition, we annually partner with an independent outside firm to review employees' pay and promote fairness in our compensation philosophy and practices.

We are committed to the development and growth of the next generation of diverse talent through community outreach and STEAM (Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts and Mathematics) education. Substantially all of our hiring includes diverse candidates in the initial pool, and we go further by setting aspirational targets for the inclusion of candidates from underrepresented communities at later stages of the recruiting process that we believe can lead to better outcomes. We consistently hire underrepresented talent above our current representation rates.

We aim to create a work environment and culture in which our people can do their best work. We aim to build a reciprocal relationship in which we engage, listen, respond, and work together to create a culture that supports our people and delivers on our business goals. All regular, full-time employees are asked to complete an Engagement Survey twice per year. 77 percent of employees participated in our most recent Engagement Survey, conducted in December 2022. We also conduct regular manager surveys. Results of all employee surveys are evaluated and inform opportunities for further improvement in our people practices.

We invest in developing and retaining employees through access to professional growth resources, skills learning, and other job-specific and general training. We also build technical onboarding and job-specific programs to help our employees onboard to technical roles and grow in their specific domains. We maintain resources, programs and services to support employees' physical, mental, familial and financial health. We offer a wide range of benefits, such as comprehensive health insurance and time-off and leave programs, including specialized programs around key life events.

We also design ways to collaborate across work models, whether working virtually, on-site, or using a hybrid approach. We empower leadership to determine the most appropriate workplace strategy for their teams, intended to facilitate productivity and engagement and deliver on business priorities.

### **Investor Information**

Our website address is [www.ea.com](http://www.ea.com). Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K, and any amendments to those reports filed pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended, are available free of charge on the Investor Relations section of our website at <http://ir.ea.com> as soon as reasonably practicable after they are electronically filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The SEC maintains a website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding

issuers that file electronically with the SEC. We announce material financial information and business updates through our SEC filings, press releases, public conference calls and webcasts, the Investor Relations section of our website at <http://ir.ea.com>, our blog at <https://www.ea.com/news> and through our Twitter account @EA. Except as expressly set forth in this Form 10-K annual report, the contents of our website, 2022 Impact Report and/or social media accounts are not incorporated into, or otherwise to be regarded as part of this Form 10-K.

## Company Information

We were incorporated originally in California in 1982. In September 1991, we were reincorporated under the laws of Delaware. Our principal executive offices are located at 209 Redwood Shores Parkway, Redwood City, California 94065 and our telephone number is (650) 628-1500.

## Information About Our Executive Officers

The following table sets forth information regarding our executive officers as of May 24, 2023:

Name	Age	Position
Andrew Wilson	48	Chief Executive Officer, Chair of the Board
Christopher Suh	52	Chief Financial Officer
Laura Miele	53	Chief Operating Officer
Mala Singh	52	Chief People Officer
Jacob Schatz	54	Chief Legal Officer & Corporate Secretary
Eric Kelly	51	Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer

**Mr. Wilson** has served as EA's Chief Executive Officer and as a director of EA since September 2013 and was appointed Chair of the Board of Directors in August 2021. Prior to his appointment as our Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Wilson held several positions within the Company since joining EA in May 2000, including Executive Vice President, EA SPORTS from August 2011 to September 2013. Mr. Wilson also serves as chairman of the board of the privately-held World Surf League and is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Paley Center for Media. Mr. Wilson has served on the board of directors of Intel Corporation within the last five years.

**Mr. Suh** has served as EA's Chief Financial Officer since March 2022. Prior to joining EA, Mr. Suh had a 25-year career at Microsoft Corporation, a technology company, serving most recently as Corporate Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of its Cloud & AI division from January 2018 to February 2022 and as General Manager, Investor Relations from January 2013 to January 2018. Mr. Suh received both his MBA and undergraduate degrees from the University of Washington. Mr. Suh also serves on the Board of Directors of Cardlytics, Inc.

**Ms. Miele** has served as EA's Chief Operating Officer since October 2021. Ms. Miele joined the Company in March 1996 and has held several positions at the Company, including Chief Studios Officer from April 2018 to October 2021, Executive Vice President, Global Publishing from April 2016 to April 2018, and several senior roles in the Company's marketing organization.

**Ms. Singh** has served as EA's Chief People Officer since October 2016. Ms. Singh was previously employed by EA from 2009 to 2013, serving as Vice President, Human Resources, EA Labels from 2011 to 2013. Prior to rejoining EA, Ms. Singh served as the Chief People Officer of Minted, LLC from January 2014 to October 2016. Ms. Singh earned both her undergraduate and graduate degrees from Rutgers University - New Brunswick. Ms. Singh also serves on the Board of Directors of Sovos Brands.

**Mr. Schatz**, EA's Chief Legal Officer, has led EA's legal function and served as Corporate Secretary since June 2014. Mr. Schatz joined EA in 1999, holding several roles within EA's legal department until his appointment as General Counsel in 2014. Mr. Schatz earned his J.D. from Georgetown University Law Center, and received his undergraduate degree from Pomona College. Mr. Schatz is a member of the Bar of the State of California and is admitted to practice in the United States Supreme Court, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals and several United States District Courts.

**Mr. Kelly** has served as EA's Chief Accounting Officer since August 2021. Since joining EA in 2003, Mr. Kelly has held several positions within EA's finance organization, including Vice President and Worldwide Controller from January 2014 to August 2021 and finance leadership roles such as CFO of Asia and European Financial Controller. Mr. Kelly holds a B.S. in Accounting from Villanova University and is a licensed Certified Public Accountant.



## **Item 1A: Risk Factors**

Our business is subject to many risks and uncertainties, which may affect our future financial performance. In the past, we have experienced certain of the events and circumstances described below, which adversely impacted our business and financial performance. If any of the events or circumstances described below occur, our business or financial performance could be harmed, our actual results could differ materially from our expectations and the market value of our stock could decline. The risks and uncertainties discussed below are not the only ones we face. There may be additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently do not believe could be material that may harm our business or financial performance.

### **STRATEGIC RISKS**

#### **Our business is intensely competitive. We may not deliver successful and engaging products and services, or consumers may prefer our competitors' products or services over our own.**

Competition in our business is intense. Many new products and services are regularly introduced, but only a relatively small number of products and associated services drive significant engagement and account for a significant portion of total revenue. Our competitors range from established interactive entertainment companies to emerging start-ups. In addition, the gaming, technology/internet, and entertainment industries have converged in recent years and larger, well-funded technology companies have strengthened their interactive entertainment capabilities resulting in more direct competition with us. We expect them to continue to pursue and strengthen these businesses. Their greater financial and other resources may provide larger budgets to recruit our key creative and technical talent, develop and market products and services that gain consumer success and shift player time and engagement away from our products and services, or otherwise disrupt our operations. We also expect new competitors to continue to emerge throughout the world. If our competitors develop more successful and engaging products or services, offer competitive products or services at lower price points, or if we do not continue to develop consistently high-quality, well-received and engaging products and services, or if our marketing strategies are not innovative or fail to resonate with players, particularly during key selling periods, our revenue, margins, and profitability will decline.

We strive to create innovative and high-quality products and services that allow us to grow the global online communities around our key franchises and reach more players. However, innovative and high-quality titles, even if highly-reviewed, may not meet our expectations or the expectations of our players. Many financially successful products and services within our industry are iterations of prior titles with large established consumer bases and significant brand recognition, which makes competing in certain categories challenging. In addition, products or services of our direct competitors or other entertainment companies may take a larger portion of consumer spending or time than we anticipate, which could cause our products and services to underperform relative to our expectations. A significant portion of our revenue historically has been derived from products and services based on a few popular franchises, and the underperformance of a single major title has had, and could in the future have, a material adverse impact on our financial results. For example, we have historically derived a significant portion of our net revenue from sales related to our global football franchise, annualized versions of which are consistently one of the best-selling games in the marketplace. Any events or circumstances that negatively impact our global football franchise, including *Ultimate Team*, such as product or service quality, our transition to a new EA SPORTS FC brand, other products that take a portion of consumer spending and time, the delay or cancellation of a product or service launch, increased competition for key licenses, or real or perceived security risks, could negatively impact our financial results to a disproportionate extent.

#### **We may not meet our product and live service development schedules.**

Our ability to meet product and live service development schedules is affected by a number of factors both within and outside our control, including feedback from our players, the creative processes involved, the coordination of large and sometimes geographically dispersed development teams, evolving work models, the complexity of our products and the platforms for which they are developed, the need to fine-tune our products prior to their release, and, in certain cases, approvals from third parties. We have experienced development delays for our products and services in the past which caused us to delay or cancel release dates. Any failure to meet anticipated production or release schedules likely would result in a delay of revenue and/or possibly a significant shortfall in our revenue, increase our development and/or marketing expenses, harm our profitability, and cause our operating results to be materially different than anticipated. If we miss key selling periods for products or services, including product delays or product cancellations our sales likely will suffer significantly.

#### **Our industry changes rapidly and we may fail to anticipate or successfully implement new or evolving technologies, or adopt successful business strategies, distribution methods or services.**

Rapid changes in our industry require us to anticipate, sometimes years in advance, the ways in which our business can remain competitive in the market. We have invested, and in the future may invest, in new business and marketing strategies, tools and technologies, distribution methods, products, and services. There can be no assurance that these strategic investments will achieve expected returns. No assurance can be given that the tools and technology we choose to implement, the business and marketing strategies we choose to adopt and the products, services and platform strategies that we pursue will achieve financial results that meet or exceed our expectations. We also may miss opportunities or fail to respond quickly enough to industry change, including the adoption of tools and technology or distribution methods or develop products, services or new ways to engage with our games that become popular with consumers, which could adversely affect our financial results.

**Stakeholders have high expectations for the quality and integrity of our business, culture, products and services and we may be unsuccessful in meeting these expectations.**

Expectations regarding the quality, performance and integrity of our business, brand, reputation, culture, products and services are high. Players and other stakeholders have sometimes been critical of our industry, brands, products, services, online communities, business models and/or practices for a wide variety of reasons, including perceptions about gameplay fun, fairness, game content, features or services, or objections to certain of our practices. These negative responses may not be foreseeable. We also may not effectively manage our responses because of reasons within or outside of our control. In addition, we have taken actions, including delaying the release of our games and delaying or discontinuing content, features and services for our games, after taking into consideration, among other things, feedback from our community or geopolitical events even if those decisions negatively impacted our operating results in the short term. These actions have had a negative impact on our financial results and may impact our future development processes. We expect to continue to take actions as appropriate, including actions that may result in additional expenditures and the loss of revenue.

Certain of our games and features on our platforms support online features that allow players and viewers to communicate with one another and post content, in real time, that is visible to other players and viewers. From time to time, this “user generated content” may contain objectionable and offensive content that is distributed and disseminated by third parties and our brands may be negatively affected by such actions. If we fail to appropriately respond to the dissemination of such content, we may be subject to lawsuits and governmental regulation, our players may not engage with our products and services and/or may lose confidence in our brands and our financial results may be adversely affected.

Additionally, our products and services are extremely complex software programs and are difficult to develop and distribute. We have quality controls in place to detect defects, bugs or other errors in our products and services before they are released. Nonetheless, these quality controls are subject to human error, overriding, and resource or technical constraints. In addition, the effectiveness of our quality controls and preventative measures may be negatively affected by the distribution of our workforce resulting from evolving work models. As such, these quality controls and preventative measures may not be effective in detecting all defects, bugs or errors in our products and services before they have been released into the marketplace. In such an event, the technological reliability and stability of our products and services could be below our standards and the standards of our players and our reputation, brand and sales could be adversely affected. In addition, we could be required to, or may find it necessary to, offer a refund for the product or service, suspend the availability or sale of the product or service or expend significant resources to cure the defect, bug or error each of which could significantly harm our business and operating results.

**External game developers may not meet product development schedules or otherwise honor their obligations.**

We contract with external game developers to develop our games or to publish or distribute their games. While we maintain contractual protections, we have less control over the product development schedules of games developed by external developers. We depend on their ability to meet product development schedules which could be negatively affected by, among other things, distributed workforce models. If we have disputes with external developers or they cannot meet product development schedules, acquire certain approvals or are otherwise unable or unwilling to honor their obligations to us, we may delay or cancel previously announced games, alter our launch schedule or experience increased costs and expenses, which could result in a delay or significant shortfall in anticipated revenue, harm our profitability and reputation, and cause our financial results to be materially affected.

**Our business depends on the success and availability of consoles, platforms and devices developed by third parties and our ability to develop commercially successful products and services for those consoles, platforms and devices.**

The success of our business is driven in part by the commercial success and adequate supply of third-party consoles, platforms and devices for which we develop our products and services or through which our products and services are distributed. Our success depends in part on accurately predicting which consoles, platforms and devices will be successful in the marketplace

and providing engaging and commercially successful games and services for those consoles, platforms and devices. We must make product development decisions and commit significant resources well in advance of the commercial availability of new consoles, platforms and devices, and we may incur significant expense to adjust our product portfolio and development efforts in response to changing consumer preferences. We may enter into certain exclusive licensing arrangements that affect our ability to deliver or market products or services on certain consoles, platforms or devices. A console, platform or device for which we are developing products and services may not succeed as expected and we may be unable to fully recover the investments we have made in developing our products and services; or new consoles, platforms or devices may take market share away from those for which we have devoted significant resources, causing us to not be able to reach our intended audience and take advantage of meaningful revenue opportunities.

**We may experience declines or fluctuations in the re-occurring portion of our business.**

Our business model includes revenue that we deem re-occurring in nature, such as revenue from our live services, annualized sports franchises (e.g., Madden NFL, global football), and our console, PC and mobile catalog titles (i.e., titles that did not launch in the current fiscal year). While we have been able to forecast the revenue from these areas of our business with greater relative confidence than for new games, services and business models, we cannot provide assurances that consumer demand will remain consistent, including in connection with circumstances outside of our control. Furthermore, we may cease to offer games and services that we previously had deemed to be re-occurring in nature. Any decline or fluctuation in the re-occurring portion of our business may have a negative impact on our financial and operating results.

**We could fail to successfully adopt new business models.**

From time to time we seek to establish and implement new business models. Forecasting the success of any new business model is inherently uncertain and depends on a number of factors both within and outside of our control. Our actual revenue and profit for these businesses may be significantly greater or less than our forecasts. In addition, these new business models could fail, resulting in the loss of our investment in the development and infrastructure needed to support these new business models, as well as the opportunity cost of diverting management and financial resources away from more successful and established businesses. While we anticipate growth in this area of our business, consumer demand is difficult to predict. Any failure to successfully implement new business models could materially impact our financial and operating results.

**Acquisitions, investments, divestitures and other strategic transactions could result in operating difficulties and other negative consequences.**

We have made and may continue to make acquisitions or enter into other strategic transactions including (1) acquisitions of companies, businesses, intellectual properties, and other assets, (2) investments in, or transactions with, strategic partners, and (3) investments in new businesses as part of our long-term business strategy. These acquisitions and other transactions involve significant challenges and risks including that the transaction does not advance our business strategy or strategic goals, that we do not realize a satisfactory return on our investment or cannot realize anticipated tax benefits, that we acquire liabilities and/or litigation from acquired companies or liabilities and/or litigation results from the transactions, that our due diligence process does not identify significant issues, liabilities or other challenges, diversion of management's attention from our other businesses, and the incurrence of debt, contingent liabilities or amortization expenses, write-offs of goodwill, intangibles, or acquired in-process technology, or other increased cash and non-cash expenses. In addition, we may not integrate these businesses successfully or achieve expected synergies.

We may fund strategic transactions with (1) cash, which would reduce cash available for other corporate purposes, (2) debt, which would increase our interest expense and leverage and/or (3) equity which would dilute current shareholders' percentage ownership and also dilute our earnings per share. We also may divest or sell assets or a business and we may have difficulty selling such assets or business on acceptable terms in a timely manner. This could result in a delay in the achievement of our strategic objectives, cause us to incur additional expense, or the sale of such assets or business at a price or on terms that are less favorable than we anticipated.

**We may be unable to maintain or acquire licenses to include intellectual property owned by others in our games, or to maintain or acquire the rights to publish or distribute games developed by others.**

Many of our products and services are based on or incorporate intellectual property owned by others. For example, our EA Sports products include rights licensed from major sports leagues, teams and players' associations and our Star Wars products include rights licensed from Disney. Competition for these licenses and rights is intense. If we are unable to maintain these licenses and rights or obtain additional licenses or rights with significant commercial value, our ability to develop successful and engaging products and services may be adversely affected and our revenue, profitability and cash flows may decline.

significantly. Other competitors may assume certain licenses and create competing products, impacting our sales. Competition for these licenses has increased, and may continue to increase, the amounts that we must pay to licensors and developers, through higher minimum guarantees or royalty rates, which could significantly increase our costs and reduce our profitability.

**Our business partners may not honor their obligations to us or their actions may put us at risk.**

We rely on various business partners, including platform partners, third-party service providers, vendors, licensing partners, development partners and licensees. Their actions may put our business and our reputation and brand at risk. In many cases, our business partners may be given access to sensitive and proprietary information in order to provide services and support, and they may misappropriate our information and engage in unauthorized use of it. In addition, the failure of these third parties to provide adequate services and technologies, or the failure of the third parties to adequately maintain or update their services and technologies, could result in a disruption to our business operations. Further, disruptions in the financial markets, economic downturns, poor business decisions, or reputational harm may adversely affect our business partners and they may not be able to continue honoring their obligations to us or we may cease our arrangements with them. Alternative arrangements and services may not be available to us on commercially reasonable terms or we may experience business interruptions upon a transition to an alternative partner or vendor.

**OPERATIONAL RISKS**

**Events such as the COVID-19 pandemic and the various responses to it have previously affected and may in the future affect how we are operating our business.**

We are subject to unforeseen events such as the COVID-19 pandemic, which has significantly impacted, and may in the future impact, our business and results of operations. The COVID-19 pandemic and the various responses to it have affected how we and our partners are operating our businesses. As we have re-opened our offices, employees are offered more flexibility in the amount of time they work in an office. Further, the increased availability of hybrid or remote working arrangements has expanded the pool of companies that can compete for our employees and employment candidates. The long-term effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the future of work may present operational challenges and impact our ability to attract and retain talent, and our teams' ability to collaborate creatively, each of which may adversely affect our business.

Certain of our development teams have worked for an extended period in a distributed environment, whereas these teams historically collaborated in-person on the creative and technical process required to develop high-quality products and services at scale. This has disrupted, and may continue to disrupt, the productivity of our workforce and the creative process to which our teams are accustomed. Companies in our industry have experienced issues related to game and service quality associated with the period during which employees primarily worked-from-home, and we have changed the launch date of key products in part because of challenges associated with a distributed development environment. The longer-term impact to our creative and technical development processes associated with more distributed work models is unknown and the associated risks, including with respect to game quality and developmental delays, which may cause us to delay or cancel additional release dates, may be heightened. If we are not able to respond to and manage the impact of these and other currently unknown impacts related to events such as the COVID-19 pandemic, our business will be harmed.

**Catastrophic events may disrupt our business.**

Natural disasters, cyber-incidents, weather events, wildfires, power disruptions, telecommunications failures, pandemics, health crises and other public health events, failed upgrades of existing systems or migrations to new systems, acts of terrorism or other events could cause outages, disruptions and/or degradations of our infrastructure (including our or our partners' information technology and network systems), a failure in our ability to conduct normal business operations, or the closure of public spaces in which players engage with our games and services all of which could materially impact our reputation and brand, financial condition and operating result. The health and safety of our employees, players, third-party organizations with whom we partner, or regulatory agencies on which we rely could be also affected, any of which may prevent us from executing against our business strategies and/or cause a decrease in consumer demand for our products and services. We recognize the inherent physical risks associated with climate change. Our business relies on the reliable transmission of energy worldwide and is susceptible to weather-related events that could stress the power grid. Natural disasters and weather events, such as wildfires and hurricanes, are increasing in size and scope and certain of our office locations are located in areas that are vulnerable to these effects. System redundancy may be ineffective, and our disaster recovery and business continuity planning may not be sufficient for all eventualities. In addition, our corporate headquarters and several of our key studios also are located in seismically active regions. These catastrophic events could disrupt our business and operations, and/or the businesses and operations of our partners and may cause us to incur additional costs to maintain or resume operations.

**We have and may continue to experience security breaches and cyber threats.**

The integrity of our and our partners' information technology networks and systems is critical to our ongoing operations, products, and services. Our industry is prone to, and our systems and networks are subject to actions by malevolent actors, which may include individuals or groups, including state-sponsored attackers. These actions include cyber-attacks, including ransomware, and other information security incidents that seek to exploit, disable, damage, and/or disrupt our networks, business operations, products and services and supporting technological infrastructure, or gain access to consumer and employee personal information, our intellectual property and other assets. In addition, our systems and networks could be harmed or improperly accessed due to error by employees or third parties that are authorized to access these networks and systems. We also rely on technological infrastructure provided by third-party business partners to support the online functionality of our products and services, who are also subject to these same cyber risks. Both our partners and we have expended, and expect to continue to expend, financial and operational resources to guard against cyber risks and to help protect our data and systems. However, the techniques used by malevolent actors change frequently, continue to evolve in sophistication and volume, and often are not detected for long periods of time.

Remote access to our networks and systems, and the networks and systems of our partners, has increased substantially. While we and our partners have taken steps to secure our networks and systems, these networks and systems may be more vulnerable to a successful cyber-attack or information security incident in a hybrid working model. The costs to respond to, mitigate, and/or notify affected parties of cyber-attacks and other security vulnerabilities are significant. It may also be necessary for us to take additional extraordinary measures and make additional expenditures to take appropriate responsive and preventative steps. Consequences of such events, responsive measures and preventative measures have included, and could in the future include, the loss of proprietary and personal data and interruptions or delays in our business operations, exploitation of our data, as well as loss of player confidence and damage to our brand and reputation, financial expenses and financial loss. In addition, such events could cause us to be non-compliant with applicable regulations, and subject us to legal claims or penalties under laws protecting the privacy or security of personal information or proprietary material information. We have experienced such events in the past and expect future events to occur.

In addition, the virtual economies that we have established in many of our games are subject to abuse, exploitation and other forms of fraudulent activity that can negatively impact our business. Virtual economies involve the use of virtual currency and/or virtual assets that can be used or redeemed by a player within a particular game or service. The abuse or exploitation of our virtual economies have included the illegitimate or unauthorized generation and sale of virtual items, including in black markets. Our online services have been impacted by in-game exploits and the use of automated or other fraudulent processes designed to generate virtual items or currency illegitimately or to execute account takeover attacks against our players. We anticipate such activity to continue. These abuses and exploits, and the steps that we take to address these abuses and exploits may result in a loss of anticipated revenue, increased costs to protect against or remediate these issues, interfere with players' enjoyment of a balanced game environment or cause harm to our reputation and brand.

**We may experience outages, disruptions or degradations in our services, products and/or technological infrastructure.**

The reliable performance of our products and services depends on the continuing operation and availability of our information technology systems and those of our external service providers, including third-party "cloud" computing services. Our games and services are complex software products and maintaining the sophisticated internal and external technological infrastructure required to reliably deliver these games and services is expensive and complicated. The reliable delivery and stability of our products and services has been, and could in the future be, adversely impacted by outages, disruptions, failures or degradations in our network and related infrastructure, as well as in the online platforms or services of key business partners that offer, support or host our products and services. The reliability and stability of our products and services has been affected by events outside of our control as well as by events within our control, such as the migration of data among data centers and to third-party hosted environments, the performance of upgrades and maintenance on our systems, and online demand for our products and services that exceeds the capabilities of our technological infrastructure.

If we or our external business partners were to experience an event that caused a significant system outage, disruption or degradation or if a transition among data centers or service providers or an upgrade or maintenance session encountered unexpected interruptions, unforeseen complexity or unplanned disruptions, our products and services may not be available to consumers or may not be delivered reliably and stably. As a result, our reputation and brand may be harmed, consumer engagement with our products and services may be reduced, and our revenue and profitability could be negatively impacted. We do not have redundancy for all our systems, many of our critical applications reside in only one of our data centers, and our disaster recovery planning may not account for all eventualities.

As our digital business grows, we will require an increasing amount of internal and external technical infrastructure, including network capacity and computing power to continue to satisfy the needs of our players. We are investing, and expect to continue to invest, in our own technology, hardware and software and the technology, hardware and software of external service providers to support our business. It is possible that we may fail to scale effectively and grow this technical infrastructure to accommodate increased demands, which may adversely affect the reliable and stable performance of our games and services, therefore negatively impacting engagement, reputation, brand and revenue growth.

**Attracting, managing and retaining our talent is critical to our success.**

Our business depends on our ability to attract, train, motivate and retain executive, technical, creative, marketing and other personnel that are essential to the development, marketing and support of our products and services. The market for highly-skilled workers and leaders in our industry is extremely competitive, particularly in the geographic locations in which many of our key personnel are located and has recently intensified further due to industry trends. In addition, our leading position within the interactive entertainment industry makes us a prime target for recruiting our executives, as well as key creative and technical talent. If we cannot successfully recruit, train, motivate, attract and retain qualified employees, develop and maintain a healthy culture, or replace key employees following their departure, our reputation, brand and culture may be negatively impacted and our business will be impaired. Our global workforce is primarily non-unionized, but we have unions and works councils outside of the United States. In the U.S., there has been an increase in prominence in certain sectors of workers exercising their right to form or join a union. If significant employee populations were to unionize, we could experience operational changes that may materially impact our business.

**We rely on the consoles, systems and devices of partners who have significant influence over the products and services that we offer in the marketplace.**

A significant percentage of our digital net revenue is attributable to sales of products and services through our significant partners, including Sony, Microsoft, Apple and Google. The concentration of a material portion of our digital sales in these partners exposes us to risks associated with these businesses. Any deterioration in the businesses of our significant partners could disrupt and harm our business, including by limiting the methods through which our digital products and services are offered and exposing us to collection risks.

In addition, our license agreements typically provide these partners with significant control over the approval and distribution of the products and services that we develop for their consoles, systems and devices. For products and services delivered via digital channels, each respective partner has policies and guidelines that control the promotion and distribution of these titles and the features and functionalities that we are permitted to offer through the channel. Our partners could choose to exclude our products and services from, or de-emphasize the promotion of our products and services within, some or all of their distribution channels in order to promote their own products and services or those of our competitors. In addition, we are dependent on these partners to invest in, and upgrade, the capabilities of their systems in a manner that corresponds to the preferences of consumers. Failure by these partners to keep pace with consumer preferences could have an adverse impact on the engagement with our products and services and our ability to merchandise and commercialize our products and services which could harm our business and/or financial results.

Moreover, certain significant partners can determine and change unilaterally certain key terms and conditions, including the ability to change their user and developer policies and guidelines. In many cases these partners also set the rates that we must pay to provide our games and services through their online channels, and retain flexibility to change their fee structures or adopt different fee structures for their online channels, which could adversely impact our costs, profitability and margins. These partners also control the information technology systems through which online sales of our products and service channels are captured. If our partners establish terms that restrict our offerings, significantly impact the financial terms on which these products or services are offered to our customers, or their information technology systems experience outages that impact our players' ability to access our games or purchase extra content or cause an unanticipated delay in reporting, our business and/or financial results could be materially affected.

**A significant portion of our packaged goods sales are made to a relatively small number of retail and distribution partners, and these sales may be disrupted.**

We derive a significant percentage of our net revenue attributable to sales of our packaged goods products to our top retail and distribution partners. The concentration of a significant percentage of these sales through a few large partners could lead to a short-term disruption to our business if certain of these partners significantly reduced their purchases or ceased to offer our products. The financial position of certain partners has deteriorated and while we maintain protections such as monitoring the credit extended to these partners, we could be vulnerable to collection risk if one or more of these partners experienced



continued deterioration of their business or declared bankruptcy. Additionally, receivables from these partners generally increase in our December fiscal quarter as sales of our products generally increase in anticipation of the holiday season which exposes us to heightened risk at that time of year. Having a significant portion of our packaged goods sales concentrated in a few partners could reduce our negotiating leverage with them. If one or more of these partners experience deterioration in their business or become unable to obtain sufficient financing to maintain their operations, our business could be harmed.

## **LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE RISKS**

**Our business is subject to complex and prescriptive regulations regarding consumer protection and data privacy practices, and could be adversely affected if our consumer protection, data privacy and security practices are not adequate, or perceived as being inadequate.**

We are subject to global data privacy, data protection, security and consumer-protection laws and regulations worldwide. These laws and regulations are emerging and evolving and the interpretation, application and enforcement of these laws and regulations often are uncertain, contradictory and changing. The failure to maintain data practices that are compliant with applicable laws and regulations, or evolving interpretations of applicable laws and regulations, could result in inquiries from enforcement agencies or direct consumer complaints, resulting in civil or criminal penalties, and could adversely impact our reputation and brand. In addition, the operational costs of compliance with these regulations is high and will likely continue to increase. Even if we remain in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, consumer sensitivity to the collection and processing of their personal information continues to increase. Any real or perceived failures in maintaining acceptable data privacy practices, including allowing improper or unauthorized access, acquisition or misuse and/or uninformed disclosure of consumer, employee and other information, or a perception that we do not adequately secure this information or provide consumers with adequate notice about the information that they authorize us to collect and disclose could result in brand, reputational, or other harms to the business, result in costly remedial measures, deter current and potential customers from using our products and services and cause our financial results to be materially affected.

Third party vendors and business partners receive access to certain information that we collect. These vendors and business partners may not prevent data security breaches with respect to the information we provide them or fully enforce our policies, contractual obligations and disclosures regarding the collection, use, storage, transfer and retention of personal data. A data security breach of one of our vendors or business partners could cause reputational and financial harm to them and us, negatively impact our ability to offer our products and services, and could result in legal liability, costly remedial measures, governmental and regulatory investigations, harm our profitability, reputation and brand, and/or cause our financial results to be materially affected.

**Government regulations applicable to us may negatively impact our business.**

We are a global company subject to various and complex laws and regulations domestically and internationally, including laws and regulations related to consumer protection, protection of minors, online safety, content, advertising, information security, intellectual property, competition, sanctions, taxation, and employment, among others. Many of these laws and regulations are continuously evolving and developing, and the application to, and impact on, us is uncertain. Enforcement of these laws could harm our business by limiting the products and services we can offer consumers or the manner in which we offer them. The costs of compliance with these laws may increase in the future as a result of changes in applicable laws or changes to interpretation. Any failure on our part to comply with these laws or the application of these laws in an unanticipated manner may harm our business and result in penalties or significant legal liability.

Certain of our business models and features within our games and services are subject to new laws or regulations or evolving interpretations and application of existing laws and regulations. The growth and development of electronic commerce, virtual items and virtual currency has prompted calls for new laws and regulations and resulted in the application of existing laws or regulations that have limited or restricted the sale of our products and services in certain territories. Additionally, in our current phase of innovation, artificial intelligence capabilities are rapidly advancing, and it is possible that we could become subject to new regulations, or the interpretation of existing regulations, aimed at how we incorporate artificial intelligence into our games and development processes, that could negatively impact our operation and results. We are also introducing features into our games and services that allow players to create and share user-generated content. Such content may be objectionable or offensive and decrease engagement with our products and services, cause a loss of confidence in our brands and expose us to liability and regulatory oversight, particularly as applicable global laws and regulations are introduced and evolve. New laws related to these business models and features or the interpretation or application of current laws could subject us to additional regulation and oversight, cause us to further limit or restrict the sale of our products and services or otherwise impact our

products and services, lessen the engagement with, and growth of, profitable business models, and expose us to increased compliance costs, significant liability, fines, penalties and harm to our reputation and brand.

We are subject to laws in certain foreign countries, and adhere to industry standards in the United States, that mandate rating requirements or set other restrictions on the advertisement, publication or distribution of interactive entertainment software based on content. In addition, certain foreign countries allow government censorship of interactive entertainment software products or require pre-approval processes of uncertain length before our games and services can be offered. Adoption and enforcement of ratings systems, censorship, restrictions on publication or distribution, and changes to approval processes or the status of any approvals could harm our business by limiting the products we are able to offer to our consumers. In addition, compliance with new and possibly inconsistent regulations for different territories could be costly, delay or prevent the release of our products in those territories.

**We may be subject to claims of infringement of third-party intellectual property rights.**

From time to time, third parties may claim that we have infringed their intellectual property rights. Although we take steps to avoid knowingly violating the intellectual property rights of others, it is possible that third parties still may claim infringement. Existing or future infringement claims against us may be expensive to defend and divert the attention of our employees from business operations. Such claims or litigation could require us to pay damages and other costs. We also could be required to stop selling, distributing or supporting products, features or services which incorporate the affected intellectual property rights, redesign products, features or services to avoid infringement, or obtain a license, all of which could be costly and harm our business.

In addition, many patents have been issued that may apply to potential new modes of delivering, playing or monetizing products and services such as those that we produce or would like to offer in the future. We may discover that future opportunities to provide new and innovative modes of game play and game delivery may be precluded by existing patents that we are unable to acquire or license on reasonable terms.

**From time to time we may become involved in other legal proceedings.**

We are currently, and from time to time in the future may become, subject to legal proceedings, claims, litigation and government investigations or inquiries, which could be expensive, lengthy, disruptive to normal business operations and occupy a significant amount of our employees' time and attention. In addition, the outcome of any legal proceedings, claims, litigation, investigations or inquiries may be difficult to predict and could have a material adverse effect on our business, reputation, operating results, or financial condition.

**Our products and brands are subject to intellectual property infringement, including in jurisdictions that do not adequately protect our products and intellectual property rights.**

We regard our products, brands and intellectual property as proprietary and take measures to protect our assets from infringement. We are aware that some unauthorized copying of our products and brands occurs, and if a significantly greater amount were to occur, it could negatively impact our business. Further, our products and services are available worldwide and the laws of some countries, particularly in Asia, either do not protect our products, brands and intellectual property to the same extent as the laws of the United States or are poorly enforced. Legal protection of our rights may be ineffective in countries with weaker intellectual property enforcement mechanisms. In addition, certain third parties have registered our intellectual property rights without authorization in foreign countries. Successfully registering such intellectual property rights could limit or restrict our ability to offer products and services based on such rights in those countries. Although we take steps to enforce and police our rights, our practices and methodologies may not be effective against all eventualities.

**FINANCIAL RISKS**

**Our financial results are subject to currency and interest rate fluctuations.**

International sales are a fundamental part of our business. For our fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, international net revenue comprised 58 percent of our total net revenue, and we expect our international business to continue to account for a significant portion of our total net revenue. As a result of our international sales, and also the denomination of our foreign investments and our cash and cash equivalents in foreign currencies, we are exposed to the effects of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, and volatility in foreign currency exchange rates remains elevated as compared to historic levels. Strengthening of the U.S. dollar, particularly relative to the Euro and British pound sterling, has a negative impact on our reported international net revenue but a positive impact on our reported international operating expenses because these amounts are translated at lower



rates. We use foreign currency hedging contracts to mitigate some foreign currency risk. However, these activities are limited in the protection they provide us from foreign currency fluctuations and can themselves result in losses. In addition, interest rate volatility can decrease the amount of interest earned on our cash, cash equivalents and short-term investment portfolio.

**We utilize debt financing and such indebtedness could adversely impact our business and financial condition.**

We have senior unsecured notes outstanding, as well as an unsecured revolving credit facility. While the facility is currently undrawn, we may use the proceeds of any future borrowings for general corporate purposes. We may also enter into other financial instruments in the future. This indebtedness and any indebtedness that we may incur in the future could affect our financial condition and future financial results by, among other things, requiring the dedication of a substantial portion of any cash flow from operations to the repayment of indebtedness and increasing our vulnerability to downturns in our business or adverse changes in general economic and industry conditions.

The agreements governing our indebtedness impose restrictions on us and require us to maintain compliance with specified covenants. In particular, the revolving credit facility requires us to maintain compliance with a debt to EBITDA ratio. Our ability to comply with these covenants may be affected by events beyond our control. If we breach any of these covenants and do not obtain a waiver from the lenders or noteholders, then, subject to applicable cure periods, our outstanding indebtedness may be declared immediately due and payable. There can be no assurance that any refinancing or additional financing would be available on terms that are favorable or acceptable to us, if at all. In addition, changes by any rating agency to our credit rating may negatively impact the value and liquidity of both our debt and equity securities, as well as the potential costs associated with any potential refinancing of our indebtedness. Downgrades in our credit rating could also restrict our ability to obtain additional financing in the future and could affect the terms of any such financing.

**Changes in our tax rates or exposure to additional tax liabilities, and changes to tax laws and interpretations of tax laws could adversely affect our earnings and financial condition.**

We are subject to taxes in the United States and in various foreign jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining our worldwide income tax provision, tax assets, and accruals for other taxes, and the ultimate tax determination is uncertain for many transactions. Our effective income tax rate is based in part on our corporate operating structure and how we operate our business and develop, value, and use our intellectual property. Taxing authorities in jurisdictions in which we operate have challenged and audited, and may continue to, challenge and audit our methodologies for calculating our income taxes, which could increase our effective income tax rate. In addition, our provision for income taxes is materially affected by our profit levels, changes in our business, changes in our geographic mix of earnings, changes in the elections we make, changes in our corporate structure, or changes in applicable accounting rules, as well as other factors.

Changes to enacted U.S. federal, state or international tax laws, as well as changes to interpretations of existing tax laws, particularly in Switzerland, where our international business is headquartered, and actions we have taken in our business with respect to such laws, have affected, and could continue to affect, our effective tax rates and cash taxes, and could cause us to change the way in which we structure our business and result in other costs. In particular, recent changes to tax law and regulations in the United States and among other countries in the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development could materially impact our provision for income taxes and cash taxes. Our effective tax rate also could be adversely affected by changes in the measurement of our deferred income taxes, including the need for valuation allowances against deferred tax assets. Our valuation allowances, in turn, are impacted by several factors with respect to our business, industry, and the macroeconomic environment, including rising interest rates. Significant judgment is involved in determining the amount of valuation allowances, and actual financial results also may differ materially from our current estimates and could have a material impact on our assessments.

We are required to pay taxes other than income taxes, such as payroll, sales, use, value-added, net worth, property, transfer, and goods and services taxes, in both the United States and foreign jurisdictions. Several foreign jurisdictions have introduced new digital services taxes on revenue of companies that provide certain digital services or expanded their interpretation of existing tax laws with regard to other non-income taxes. There is limited guidance about the applicability of these new taxes or changing interpretations to our business and significant uncertainty as to what will be deemed in scope. If these foreign taxes are applied to us, it could have an adverse and material impact on our business and financial performance.

## GENERAL RISKS

### **Our business is subject to economic, market, public health and geopolitical conditions.**

Our business is subject to economic, market, public health and geopolitical conditions, which are beyond our control. The United States and other international economies have experienced cyclical downturns from time to time. Worsening economic conditions, political instability, and adverse political developments in or around any of the countries in which we do business, particularly conditions that negatively impact discretionary consumer spending and consumer demand or increase our operating costs, including conflicts, inflation, slower growth, recession and other macroeconomic conditions have had, and could continue to have, a material adverse impact on our business and operating results. In addition, relations between the United States and countries in which we have operations and sales have been impacted by events such as the adoption or expansion of trade restrictions, including economic sanctions, that have had a negative impact on our financial results and development processes.

We are particularly susceptible to market conditions and risks associated with the entertainment industry, which, in addition to general macroeconomic downturns, also include the popularity, price and timing of our games, changes in consumer demographics, the availability and popularity of other forms of entertainment, and critical reviews and public tastes and preferences, which may change rapidly and cannot necessarily be predicted.

### **Our stock price has been volatile and may continue to fluctuate significantly.**

The market price of our common stock historically has been, and we expect will continue to be, subject to significant fluctuations. These fluctuations may be due to our operating results or factors specific to our operating results (including those discussed in the risk factors above), changes in securities analysts' estimates of our future financial performance, ratings or recommendations, our results or future financial guidance falling below our expectations and analysts' and investors' expectations, the failure of our capital return programs to meet analysts' and investors' expectations, the announcement and integration of any acquisitions we may make, departure of key personnel, cyberattacks, or factors largely outside of our control including, those affecting interactive gaming, entertainment, and/or technology companies generally, national or international economic conditions, investor sentiment or other factors related or unrelated to our operating performance. In particular, economic downturns may contribute to the public stock markets experiencing extreme price and trading volume volatility. These fluctuations could adversely affect the price of our common stock.

**Item 1B: *Unresolved Staff Comments***

None.

**Item 2: *Properties***

Not applicable.

**Item 3: *Legal Proceedings***

Refer to [Note 14](#) of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for disclosures regarding our legal proceedings.

**Item 4: *Mine Safety Disclosures***

Not applicable.

## PART II

### Item 5: *Market for Registrant’s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities*

#### **Holders**

There were approximately 642 holders of record of our common stock as of May 22, 2023. In addition, a significant number of beneficial owners of our common stock hold their shares in street name. Our common stock is traded on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol “EA”.

#### **Dividends**

Our quarterly cash dividend was \$0.19 per share of common stock in fiscal year 2023. We paid aggregate cash dividends of \$210 million during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. We currently expect to continue to pay comparable cash dividends on a quarterly basis in the future; however, future declarations of dividends and the establishment of future record dates and payment dates are subject to the final determination of our Board of Directors or a designated Committee of our Board of Directors.

#### **Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

In August 2022, our Board of Directors authorized a program to repurchase up to \$2.6 billion of our common stock. This stock repurchase program expires on November 4, 2024. Under this program, we may purchase stock in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions in accordance with applicable securities laws, including pursuant to pre-arranged stock trading plans. The timing and actual amount of the stock repurchases will depend on several factors including price, capital availability, regulatory requirements, alternative investment opportunities and other market conditions. We are not obligated to repurchase a specific number of shares under this program and it may be modified, suspended or discontinued at any time. We repurchased approximately 5.3 million shares for approximately \$645 million under this program during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. We are actively repurchasing shares under this program.

The following table summarizes the number of shares repurchased in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023:

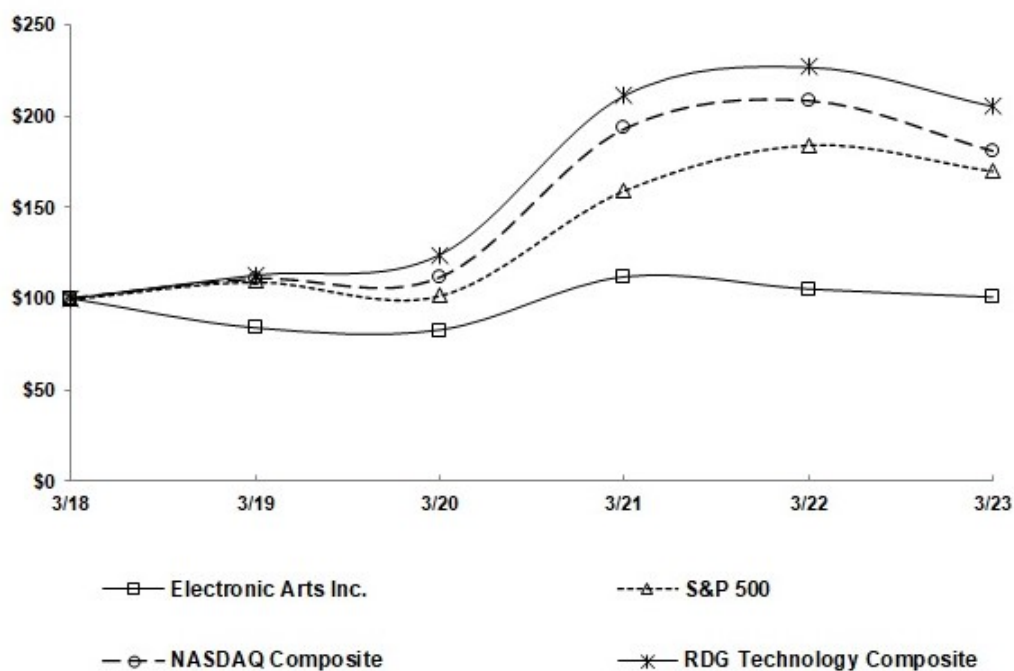
<b><u>Fiscal Month</u></b>	<b><u>Total Number of Shares Purchased</u></b>	<b><u>Average Price Paid per Share</u></b>	<b><u>Total Number of Shares Purchased as part of Publicly Announced Programs</u></b>	<b><u>Maximum Dollar Value that May Still Be Purchased Under the Programs (in millions)</u></b>
January 1, 2023 - January 28, 2023	756,877	\$ 124.67	756,877	\$ 2,185
January 29, 2023 - February 25, 2023	859,389	\$ 115.90	859,389	\$ 2,086
February 26, 2023 - April 1, 2023	1,158,552	\$ 113.11	1,158,552	\$ 1,955
	<u>2,774,818</u>	<u>\$ 117.13</u>	<u>2,774,818</u>	

#### **Stock Performance Graph**

The following information shall not be deemed to be “filed” with the SEC nor shall this information be incorporated by reference into any future filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, as amended, except to the extent that we specifically incorporate it by reference into a filing.

The following graph shows a five-year comparison of cumulative total returns during the period from March 31, 2018 through March 31, 2023, for our common stock, the S&P 500 Index (to which EA was added in July 2002), the Nasdaq Composite Index, and the RDG Technology Composite Index, each of which assumes an initial value of \$100. Each measurement point is as of the end of each fiscal year. The performance of our stock depicted in the following graph is not necessarily indicative of the future performance of our stock.

**COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN\***  
Among Electronic Arts Inc., the S&P 500 Index, the Nasdaq Composite Index,  
and the RDG Technology Composite Index



\* Based on \$100 invested on March 31, 2018 in stock or index, including reinvestment of dividends.

	March 31,					
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Electronic Arts Inc.	\$ 100	\$ 84	\$ 83	\$ 112	\$ 105	\$ 101
S&P 500 Index	100	110	102	159	184	170
Nasdaq Composite Index	100	111	111	193	209	181
RDG Technology Composite Index	100	113	124	211	227	205

**Item 6: [Reserved]**

**Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations****OVERVIEW**

The following overview is a high-level discussion of our operating results, as well as some of the trends and drivers that affect our business. Management believes that an understanding of these trends and drivers provides important context for our results for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, as well as our future prospects. This summary is not intended to be exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a substitute for the detailed discussion and analysis provided elsewhere in this Form 10-K, including in the "Business" section and the "Risk Factors" above, the remainder of "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A")" or the Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes.

***About Electronic Arts***

Electronic Arts is a global leader in digital interactive entertainment. We develop, market, publish and deliver games, content and services that can be experienced on game consoles, PCs, mobile phones and tablets. At our core is a portfolio of intellectual property from which we create innovative games and experiences that deliver high-quality entertainment and drive engagement across our network of hundreds of millions of unique active accounts. Our portfolio includes brands that we either wholly own (such as *Apex Legends*, *Battlefield*, and *The Sims*) or license from others (such as *Madden NFL*, *Star Wars*, and the 300+ licenses within our global football ecosystem). Through our live services offerings, we offer our players high-quality experiences designed to provide value to players, and extend and enhance gameplay. These live services include extra content, subscription offerings and other revenue generated in addition to the sale of our base games. We are focusing on building games and experiences that grow the global online communities around our key franchises; reaching more players through connecting interactive storytelling to key intellectual property; and building re-occurring revenue from our annualized sports franchises, our console, PC and mobile catalog titles, and our live services.

***Financial Results***

Our key financial results for our fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 were as follows:

- Total net revenue was \$7,426 million, up 6 percent year-over-year.
- Live services and other net revenue was \$5,489 million, up 10 percent year-over-year.
- Gross margin was 75.9 percent, up 2.5 percentage points year-over-year.
- Operating expenses were \$4,302 million, up 7 percent year-over-year.
- Operating income was \$1,332 million, up 18 percent year-over-year.
- Net income was \$802 million, up 2 percent year-over-year.
- Diluted earnings per share was \$2.88, up 4 percent year-over-year.
- Operating cash flow was \$1,550 million, down 18 percent year-over-year.
- Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments were \$2,767 million.
- We repurchased 10.4 million shares of our common stock for \$1,295 million.
- We paid cash dividends of \$210 million during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.

***Trends in Our Business***

**Live Services Business.** We offer our players high-quality experiences designed to provide value to players and to extend and enhance gameplay. These live services include extra content, subscription offerings and other revenue generated in addition to the sale of our base games and free-to-play games. Our net revenue attributable to live services and other was \$5,489 million, \$4,998 million, and \$4,016 million for fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, and we expect that live services net revenue will continue to be material to our business. Within live services and other, net revenue attributable to extra content was \$4,277 million, \$3,910 million, and \$3,068 million for fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. Extra content net revenue has increased as more players engage with our games and services, and purchase additional content designed to provide value to players and extend and enhance gameplay. Our most popular live services are the extra content purchased for the *Ultimate Team* mode associated with our sports franchises and extra content purchased for our *Apex Legends* franchise. *Ultimate Team* allows players to collect current and former professional players in order to build and compete as a personalized team. Live services net revenue generated from extra content purchased within the *Ultimate Team* mode associated with our sports franchises, a substantial portion of which was derived from *FIFA Ultimate Team*, and from our *Apex Legends* franchise, is material to our business.

*Digital Delivery of Games.* In our industry, players increasingly purchase games digitally as opposed to purchasing physical discs. While this trend, as applied to our business, may not be linear due to a mix of products during a fiscal year, consumer buying patterns and other factors, over time we expect players to purchase an increasingly higher proportion of our games digitally. As a result, we expect net revenue attributable to digital full game downloads to increase over time and net revenue attributable to sales of packaged goods to decrease.

Our net revenue attributable to digital full game downloads was \$1,262 million, \$1,282 million, and \$918 million during fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively; while our net revenue attributable to packaged goods sales was \$675 million, \$711 million, and \$695 million in fiscal year 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. In addition, as measured based on total units sold on Microsoft's Xbox One and Xbox Series X and Sony's PlayStation 4 and 5 rather than by net revenue, we estimate that 68 percent, 65 percent, and 62 percent of our total units sold during fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021 were sold digitally. Digital full game units are based on sales information provided by Microsoft and Sony; packaged goods units sold through are estimated by obtaining data from significant retail partners in North America, Europe and Asia, and applying internal sales estimates with respect to retail partners from which we do not obtain data. We believe that these percentages are reasonable estimates of the proportion of our games that are digitally downloaded in relation to our total number of units sold for the applicable period of measurement.

Increases in consumer adoption of digital purchase of games combined with increases in our live services revenue generally results in expansion of our gross margin, as costs associated with selling a game digitally is generally less than selling the same game through traditional retail and distribution channels.

*Increased Competition.* Competition in our business is intense. Our competitors range from established interactive entertainment companies to emerging start-ups. In addition, the gaming, technology/internet, and entertainment industries have converged in recent years and larger, well-funded technology companies have strengthened their interactive entertainment capabilities resulting in more direct competition with us. Their greater financial or other resources may provide larger budgets to develop and market tools, technologies, products and services that gain consumer success and shift player time and engagement away from our products and services. In addition, our leading position within the interactive entertainment industry makes us a prime target for recruiting our executives, as well as key creative and technical talent, resulting in retention challenges and increased cost to retain and incentivize our key people.

In the past several years, our industry has undergone a period of increased consolidation which increases competitive pressure on us as interactive entertainment companies grow through acquisition or as larger, well-funded technology companies strengthen their interactive entertainment capabilities.

*Concentration of Sales Among the Most Popular Games.* In all major segments of our industry, we see a large portion of games sales concentrated on the most popular titles. Similarly, a significant portion of our revenue historically has been derived from games based on a few popular franchises, several of which we have released on an annual or bi-annual basis. In particular, we have historically derived a significant portion of our net revenue from our global football franchise, the annualized version of which is consistently one of the best-selling games in the marketplace. We have invested in over 300 individual partnerships and licenses to create our global football ecosystem and starting in fiscal year 2024, our global football franchise will transition to a new EA SPORTS FC brand. Our vision for the future of interactive football with EA SPORTS FC is to create the largest football club in the world, and we believe this is the right opportunity for us so that we can continue delivering innovation and growing to connect more fans on a global scale.

*Re-occurring Revenue Sources.* Our business model includes revenue that we deem re-occurring in nature, such as revenue from our live services, annualized sports franchises (e.g., global football, Madden NFL), and our console, PC and mobile catalog titles (i.e., titles that did not launch in the current fiscal year). We have been able to forecast revenue from these areas of our business with greater relative confidence than for new games, services and business models. As we continue to incorporate new business models and modalities of play into our games, our goal is to continue to look for opportunities to expand the re-occurring portion of our business.

*Free-to-Play and Free-to-Enter Games.* We offer games in some of our largest franchises, including the PC version of our global football franchise, *The Sims 4*, and *Apex Legends*, through business models that allow consumers to access games with no-upfront cost. These games are then monetized through a live service associated with the game, particularly extra content sales. These business models are dominant in the mobile gaming industry and are becoming increasingly accepted in the online PC and console market. We expect to continue offering games through these business models across console, PC and mobile and expect extra content revenue generated through these business models to continue to be an important part of our business.

**Restructuring.** In March 2023, our Board of Directors approved a restructuring plan (the "2023 Restructuring Plan" or the "Plan") focused on prioritizing investments to the Company's growth opportunities and optimizing its real estate portfolio. The Plan includes actions driven by portfolio rationalization, including intellectual property impairment charges and headcount reductions, in addition to office space reductions. The actions associated with the Plan are expected to be substantially complete by September 30, 2023.

**Net Bookings.** In order to improve transparency into our business, we disclose an operating performance metric, net bookings. Net bookings is defined as the net amount of products and services sold digitally or sold-in physically in the period. Net bookings is calculated by adding total net revenue to the change in deferred net revenue for online-enabled games.

The following is a calculation of our total net bookings for the periods presented:

(In millions)	Year Ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Total net revenue	\$ 7,426	\$ 6,991
Change in deferred net revenue (online-enabled games)	(85)	524
Net bookings	\$ 7,341	\$ 7,515

Net bookings were \$7,341 million for fiscal year 2023 primarily driven by sales related to our FIFA and Madden franchises, *Apex Legends*, and *The Sims 4*. Net bookings decreased \$174 million or 2 percent as compared to fiscal year 2022 primarily due to the prior year release of *Battlefield 2042*, and a \$244 million impact related to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, net of hedging activities, partially offset by strength in our FIFA franchise. Live services and other net bookings were \$5,530 million for fiscal year 2023, and increased \$160 million or 3 percent as compared to fiscal year 2022. The increase in live services and other net bookings was due primarily to strength in our FIFA franchise across all platforms (console, PC, and mobile), and the addition of *Golf Clash*. This strength was partially offset by fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, net of hedging activities, and softness in sales of extra content within the rest of our mobile catalog portfolio. Full game net bookings were \$1,811 million for fiscal year 2023, and decreased \$334 million or 16 percent as compared to fiscal year 2022 primarily due to the prior year releases of *Battlefield 2042* and *Mass Effect Trilogy Remaster*, partially offset by the release of *Dead Space Remake* and sales related to our FIFA franchise.

## **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES**

Our Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"). The preparation of these Consolidated Financial Statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, contingent assets and liabilities, and revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. The policies discussed below are considered by management to be critical because they are not only important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations, but also because application and interpretation of these policies requires both management judgment and estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain and unknown. As a result, actual results may differ materially from our estimates.

### ***Revenue Recognition***

We derive revenue principally from sales of our games, and related extra content and services that can be experienced on game consoles, PCs, mobile phones and tablets. Our product and service offerings include, but are not limited to, the following:

- full games with both online and offline functionality ("Games with Services"), which generally includes (1) the initial game delivered digitally or via physical disc at the time of sale and typically provide access to offline core game content ("software license"); (2) updates on a when-and-if-available basis, such as software patches or updates, and/or additional free content to be delivered in the future ("future update rights"); and (3) a hosted connection for online playability ("online hosting");
- full games with online-only functionality which require an Internet connection to access all gameplay and functionality ("Online-Hosted Service Games");
- extra content related to Games with Services and Online-Hosted Service Games which provides access to additional in-game content;
- subscriptions, such as EA Play and EA Play Pro, that generally offer access to a selection of full games, in-game content, online services and other benefits typically for a recurring monthly or annual fee; and
- licensing to third parties to distribute and host our games and content.



We evaluate and recognize revenue by:

- identifying the contract(s) with the customer;
- identifying the performance obligations in the contract;
- determining the transaction price;
- allocating the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract; and
- recognizing revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied through the transfer of a promised good or service to a customer (i.e., “transfer of control”).

Certain of our full game and/or extra content are sold to resellers with a contingency that the full game and/or extra content cannot be resold prior to a specific date (“Street Date Contingency”). We recognize revenue for transactions that have a Street Date Contingency when the Street Date Contingency is removed and the full game and/or extra content can be resold by the reseller. For digital full game and/or extra content downloads sold to customers, we recognize revenue when the full game and/or extra content is made available for download to the customer.

#### *Online-Enabled Games*

*Games with Services.* Our sales of Games with Services are evaluated to determine whether the software license, future update rights and the online hosting are distinct and separable. Sales of Games with Services are generally determined to have three distinct performance obligations: software license, future update rights, and the online hosting.

Since we do not sell the performance obligations on a stand-alone basis, we consider market conditions and other observable inputs to estimate the stand-alone selling price for each performance obligation. For Games with Services, generally 75 percent of the sales price is allocated to the software license performance obligation and recognized at a point in time when control of the license has been transferred to the customer. The remaining 25 percent is allocated to the future update rights and the online hosting performance obligations and recognized ratably as the service is provided (over the Estimated Offering Period).

*Online-Hosted Service Games.* Sales of our Online-Hosted Service Games are determined to have one distinct performance obligation: the online hosting. We recognize revenue from these arrangements as the service is provided.

*Extra Content.* Revenue received from sales of downloadable content are derived primarily from the sale of virtual currencies and digital in-game content that are designed to extend and enhance players’ game experience. Sales of extra content are accounted for in a manner consistent with the treatment for our Games with Services and Online-Hosted Service Games as discussed above, depending upon whether or not the extra content has offline functionality. That is, if the extra content has offline functionality, then the extra content is accounted for similarly to Games with Services (generally determined to have three distinct performance obligations: software license, future update rights, and the online hosting). If the extra content does not have offline functionality, then the extra content is determined to have one distinct performance obligation: the online-hosted service.

#### *Subscriptions*

Sales of our subscriptions are deemed to be one performance obligation and we recognize revenue from these arrangements ratably over the subscription term as the performance obligation is satisfied.

#### *Licensing Revenue*

We utilize third-party licensees to distribute and host our games and content in accordance with license agreements, for which the licensees typically pay us a fixed minimum guarantee and/or sales-based royalties. These arrangements typically include multiple performance obligations, such as a time-based license of software and future update rights. We recognize as revenue a portion of the minimum guarantee when we transfer control of the license of software (generally upon commercial launch) and the remaining portion ratably over the contractual term in which we provide the licensee with future update rights. Any sales-based royalties are generally recognized as the related sales occur by the licensee.

### *Significant Judgments around Revenue Arrangements*

*Identifying performance obligations.* Performance obligations promised in a contract are identified based on the goods and services that will be transferred to the customer that are both capable of being distinct, (i.e., the customer can benefit from the goods or services either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available), and are distinct in the context of the contract (i.e., it is separately identifiable from other goods or services in the contract). To the extent a contract includes multiple promises, we must apply judgment to determine whether those promises are separate and distinct performance obligations. If these criteria are not met, the promises are accounted for as a combined performance obligation.

*Determining the transaction price.* The transaction price is determined based on the consideration that we will be entitled to receive in exchange for transferring our goods and services to the customer. Determining the transaction price often requires judgment, based on an assessment of contractual terms and business practices. It further includes review of variable consideration such as discounts, sales returns, price protection, and rebates, which is estimated at the time of the transaction. In addition, the transaction price does not include an estimate of the variable consideration related to sales-based royalties. Sales-based royalties are recognized as the sales occur.

*Allocating the transaction price.* Allocating the transaction price requires that we determine an estimate of the relative stand-alone selling price for each distinct performance obligation. Determining the relative stand-alone selling price is inherently subjective, especially in situations where we do not sell the performance obligation on a stand-alone basis (which occurs in the majority of our transactions). In those situations, we determine the relative stand-alone selling price based on various observable inputs using all information that is reasonably available. Examples of observable inputs and information include: historical internal pricing data, cost plus margin analysis, pre-release versus post-release costs, and pricing data from competitors to the extent the data is available. The results of our analysis resulted in a specific percentage of the transaction price being allocated to each performance obligation.

*Determining the Estimated Offering Period.* The offering period is the period in which we offer to provide the future update rights and/or online hosting for the game and related extra content sold. Because the offering period is not an explicitly defined period, we must make an estimate of the offering period for the service-related performance obligations (i.e., future update rights and online hosting). Determining the Estimated Offering Period is inherently subjective and is subject to regular revision. Generally, we consider the average period of time customers are online when estimating the offering period. We also consider the estimated period of time between the date a game unit is sold to a reseller and the date the reseller sells the game unit to the customer (i.e., time in channel). Based on these two factors, we then consider the method of distribution. For example, games and extra content sold at retail would have a composite offering period equal to the online gameplay period plus time in channel as opposed to digitally-distributed games and extra content which are delivered immediately via digital download and therefore, the offering period is estimated to be only the online gameplay period.

Additionally, we consider results from prior analyses, known and expected online gameplay trends, as well as disclosed service periods for competitors' games in determining the Estimated Offering Period for future sales. We believe this provides a reasonable depiction of the transfer of future update rights and online hosting to our customers, as it is the best representation of the time period during which our games and extra content are experienced. We recognize revenue for future update rights and online hosting performance obligations ratably on a straight-line basis over this period as there is a consistent pattern of delivery for these performance obligations. Revenue for service-related performance obligations for games and extra content sold through retail is recognized over an estimated ten-month period beginning in the month of sale, revenue for service-related performance obligations for digitally-distributed games and extra content is recognized over an estimated eight-month period beginning in the month of sale.

During the three months ended September 30, 2021, we completed our annual evaluation of the Estimated Offering Period and noted consumers are playing certain of our Online Hosted Service Games, such as PC and console free-to-play games, for longer periods of time than in previous years. This extended consumer gameplay is due to players engaging with services we provide that are designed to enhance and extend gameplay, and as such, concluded that the Estimated Offering Period for such games should be lengthened. As a result, for all new sales after July 1, 2021, the revenue that we recognize for service-related performance obligations related to our PC and console free-to-play games is recognized generally over a twelve-month period. The fiscal year 2022 change in Estimated Offering Period did not impact the amount of net bookings or the operating cash flows that we report. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, this increase to our Estimated Offering Period resulted in increases in net revenue of \$103 million, net income of \$79 million, and diluted earnings per share of \$0.28. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, this increase to our Estimated Offering Period resulted in decreases in net revenue of \$131 million, net income of \$100 million, and diluted earnings per share of \$0.35.

### *Principal Agent Considerations*

We evaluate sales to end customers of our full games and related content via third-party storefronts, including digital storefronts such as Microsoft's Xbox Store, Sony's PlayStation Store, Apple App Store, and Google Play Store, in order to determine whether or not we are acting as the principal in the sale to the end customer, which we consider in determining if revenue should be reported gross or net of fees retained by the third-party storefront. An entity is the principal if it controls a good or service before it is transferred to the end customer. Key indicators that we evaluate in determining gross versus net treatment include but are not limited to the following:

- the underlying contract terms and conditions between the various parties to the transaction;
- which party is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified good or service to the end customer;
- which party has discretion in establishing the price for the specified good or service; and
- which party has inventory risk before the specified good or service has been transferred to the end customer.

Based on an evaluation of the above indicators, except as discussed below, we have determined that generally the third party is considered the principal to end customers for the sale of our full games and related content. We therefore report revenue related to these arrangements net of the fees retained by the storefront. However, for sales arrangements via Apple App Store and Google Play Store, EA is considered the principal to the end customer and thus, we report revenue on a gross basis and mobile platform fees are reported within cost of revenue.

### *Income Taxes*

We recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for both (1) the expected impact of differences between the financial statement amount and the tax basis of assets and liabilities and (2) the expected future tax benefit to be derived from tax losses and tax credit carryforwards. We do not recognize any deferred taxes related to the U.S. taxes on foreign earnings as we recognize these taxes as a period cost.

We record a valuation allowance against deferred tax assets when it is considered more likely than not that all or a portion of our deferred tax assets will not be realized. In making this determination, we are required to give significant weight to evidence that can be objectively verified. It is generally difficult to conclude that a valuation allowance is not needed when there is significant negative evidence, such as cumulative losses in recent years. Forecasts of future taxable income are considered to be less objective than past results. Therefore, cumulative losses weigh heavily in the overall assessment.

In addition to considering forecasts of future taxable income, we are also required to evaluate and quantify other possible sources of taxable income in order to assess the realization of our deferred tax assets, namely the reversal of existing deferred tax liabilities, the carryback of losses and credits as allowed under current tax law, and the implementation of tax planning strategies. Evaluating and quantifying these amounts involves significant judgments. Each source of income must be evaluated based on all positive and negative evidence and this evaluation may involve assumptions about future activity. Certain taxable temporary differences that are not expected to reverse during the carry forward periods permitted by tax law cannot be considered as a source of future taxable income that may be available to realize the benefit of deferred tax assets.

Every quarter, we perform a realizability analysis to evaluate whether it is more likely than not that all or a portion of our deferred tax assets will not be realized. Our Swiss deferred tax asset realizability analysis relies upon future Swiss taxable income as the primary source of taxable income but considers all available sources of Swiss income based on the positive and negative evidence. We give more weight to evidence that can be objectively verified. However, estimating future Swiss taxable income requires judgment, specifically related to assumptions about expected growth rates of future Swiss taxable income, which are based primarily on third party market and industry growth data. Actual results that differ materially from those estimates could have a material impact on our valuation allowance assessment. Swiss interest rates have an impact on the valuation allowance and are based on published Swiss guidance, which generally occurs in the fourth quarter of our fiscal year. Any significant changes to such interest rates could result in a material impact to the valuation allowance and to our Consolidated Financial Statements. We have adjusted our valuation allowance for changes in the published interest rates in the past and it is probable that we will do so again based on current global interest rate trends. Switzerland has a seven-year carryforward period and does not permit the carry back of losses. Actions we take in connection with acquisitions could also impact the utilization of our Swiss deferred tax asset.

As part of the process of preparing our Consolidated Financial Statements, we are required to estimate our income taxes in each jurisdiction in which we operate prior to the completion and filing of tax returns for such periods. This process requires

estimating both our geographic mix of income and our uncertain tax positions in each jurisdiction where we operate. These estimates require us to make judgments about the likely application of the tax law to our situation, as well as with respect to other matters, such as anticipating the positions that we will take on tax returns prior to our preparing the returns and the outcomes of disputes with tax authorities. The ultimate resolution of these issues may take extended periods of time due to examinations by tax authorities and statutes of limitations. In addition, changes in our business, including acquisitions, changes in our international corporate structure, changes in the geographic location of business functions or assets, changes in the geographic mix and amount of income, as well as changes in our agreements with tax authorities, valuation allowances, applicable accounting rules, applicable tax laws and regulations, rulings and interpretations thereof, developments in tax audit and other matters, and variations in the estimated and actual level of annual pre-tax income can affect the overall effective tax rate.

#### **IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS**

The information under the subheading “Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards” in [Note 1 — Description of Business and Basis of Presentation](#) to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-K is incorporated by reference into this Item 7.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Our fiscal year is reported on a 52- or 53-week period that ends on the Saturday nearest March 31. Our results of operations for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 contained 52 weeks and ended on April 1, 2023. Our results of operations for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 contained 52 weeks and ended on April 2, 2022. For simplicity of disclosure, all fiscal periods are referred to as ending on a calendar month end.

### Net Revenue

Net revenue consists of sales generated from (1) full games sold as digital downloads or as packaged goods and designed for play on game consoles, PCs and mobile phones and tablets (2) live services associated with these games, such as extra-content, (3) subscriptions that generally offer access to a selection of full games, in-game content, online services and other benefits, and (4) licensing our games to third parties to distribute and host our games.

### Comparison of Fiscal Year 2023 to Fiscal Year 2022

#### Net Revenue

Net revenue for fiscal year 2023 was \$7,426 million, primarily driven by sales related to *FIFA 23*, *FIFA 22*, *Apex Legends*, *The Sims 4*, and *Madden NFL 23*. Net revenue for fiscal year 2023 increased \$435 million, as compared to fiscal year 2022. This increase was driven by an \$868 million increase in net revenue primarily driven by year-over-year growth in the FIFA franchise and sales of extra content for *Apex Legends*, and the addition of *Golf Clash*, partially offset by a \$433 million decrease in net revenue primarily due to the prior year release of *Mass Effect Trilogy Remaster*, the Star Wars franchise, and *The Sims 4*.

#### Net Revenue by Composition

Our net revenue by composition for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 was as follows (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,			
	2023	2022	\$ Change	% Change
Net revenue:				
Full game downloads	\$ 1,262	\$ 1,282	\$ (20)	(2)%
Packaged goods	675	711	(36)	(5)%
Full game	\$ 1,937	\$ 1,993	\$ (56)	(3)%
Live services and other	\$ 5,489	\$ 4,998	\$ 491	10 %
Total net revenue	\$ 7,426	\$ 6,991	\$ 435	6 %

#### Full Game Net Revenue

Full game net revenue includes full game downloads and packaged goods. Full game downloads primarily includes revenue from digital sales of full games on console, PC, mobile phones and tablets. Packaged goods primarily includes revenue from software that is sold physically through traditional channels such as brick and mortar retailers and certain licensing revenue.

Full game net revenue for fiscal year 2023 was \$1,937 million, primarily driven by *FIFA 23*, *Madden NFL 23*, *Battlefield 2042*, and *FIFA 22*. Full game net revenue for fiscal year 2023 decreased \$56 million, or 3 percent, as compared to fiscal year 2022. This decrease was primarily due to the prior year releases of *Mass Effect Trilogy Remaster* and *It Takes Two*, and *The Sims 4*, partially offset by the release of *Dead Space Remake* and growth in the FIFA franchise.

#### Live Services and Other Net Revenue

Live services and other net revenue primarily includes revenue from sales of extra content for console, PC, and mobile games, certain licensing revenue, subscriptions, and advertising.

Live services and other net revenue for fiscal year 2023 was \$5,489 million, primarily driven by sales of extra content for *FIFA Ultimate Team*, *Apex Legends*, *The Sims 4*, and *Madden Ultimate Team*. Live services and other net revenue for fiscal year 2023 increased \$491 million, or 10 percent, as compared to fiscal year 2022. This increase was primarily driven by sales of

extra content for *Apex Legends*, extra content and licensing for our FIFA franchise, and the addition of *Golf Clash*, partially offset by the Star Wars franchise.

### **Cost of Revenue**

Cost of revenue consists of (1) certain royalty expenses for celebrities, professional sports leagues, movie studios and other organizations, and independent software developers, (2) mobile platform fees associated with our mobile revenue (for transactions in which we are acting as the principal in the sale to the end customer), (3) data center, bandwidth and server costs associated with hosting our online games and websites, (4) inventory costs, including manufacturing royalties, (5) payment processing fees, (6) amortization and impairment of certain intangible assets, (7) personnel-related costs, and (8) warehousing and distribution costs.

Cost of revenue for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 was as follows (in millions):

March 31, 2023	% of Net Revenue	March 31, 2022	% of Net Revenue	% Change	Change as a % of Net Revenue
\$ 1,792	24 %	\$ 1,859	27 %	(4)%	(3)%

Cost of revenue decreased by \$67 million during fiscal year 2023, as compared to fiscal year 2022. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in inventory costs driven by the prior year releases of *Battlefield 2042* and *Mass Effect Trilogy Remaster* and the FIFA franchise, and lower royalty costs due to the mix in sales from royalty bearing titles, partially offset by an increase in platform and hosting fees.

Cost of revenue as a percentage of total net revenue decreased by 3 percent during fiscal year 2023, as compared to fiscal year 2022. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in inventory costs driven by the prior year releases of *Battlefield 2042* and *Mass Effect Trilogy Remaster*, lower royalty costs due to the mix in sales from royalty bearing titles, and a decrease in the proportion of sales derived from packaged goods, partially offset by an increase in platform and hosting fees.

### **Research and Development**

Research and development expenses consist of expenses incurred by our production studios for personnel-related costs, related overhead costs, external third-party development costs, contracted services, and depreciation. Research and development expenses for our online products include expenses incurred by our studios consisting of direct development and related overhead costs in connection with the development and production of our online games. Research and development expenses also include expenses associated with our digital platform, software licenses and maintenance, and management overhead.

Research and development expenses for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 were as follows (in millions):

March 31, 2023	% of Net Revenue	March 31, 2022	% of Net Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
\$ 2,328	31 %	\$ 2,186	31 %	\$ 142	6 %

Research and development expenses increased by \$142 million, or 6 percent, in fiscal year 2023, as compared to fiscal year 2022. This increase was primarily due to a net \$56 million increase in personnel-related costs primarily resulting from continued investment in our studios, offset by decreased variable compensation and related costs, a \$30 million increase due to hedging activities, and a \$14 million increase in studio related contracted services.

### **Marketing and Sales**

Marketing and sales expenses consist of advertising, marketing and promotional expenses, personnel-related costs, and related overhead costs, net of qualified advertising cost reimbursements from third parties.

Marketing and sales expenses for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 were as follows (in millions):

March 31, 2023	% of Net Revenue	March 31, 2022	% of Net Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
\$ 978	13 %	\$ 961	14 %	\$ 17	2 %

Marketing and sales expenses increased by \$17 million, or 2 percent, in fiscal year 2023, as compared to fiscal year 2022. This increase was primarily due to an increase in advertising and promotional spending related to the release of our *Apex Legends Mobile* title in the first quarter of fiscal year 2023 and our FIFA franchise, partially offset by a decrease in advertising and promotional spending primarily related to our mobile portfolio, and *Battlefield 2042*, *Mass Effect Trilogy Remaster* and *It Takes Two*, which were released in prior fiscal years.

### **General and Administrative**

General and administrative expenses consist of personnel and related expenses of executive and administrative staff, corporate functions such as finance, legal, human resources, and information technology (“IT”), related overhead costs, fees for professional services such as legal and accounting, and allowances for doubtful accounts.

General and administrative expenses for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 were as follows (in millions):

March 31, 2023	% of Net Revenue	March 31, 2022	% of Net Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
\$ 727	10 %	\$ 673	10 %	\$ 54	8 %

General and administrative expenses increased by \$54 million, or 8 percent, in fiscal year 2023, as compared to fiscal year 2022. This increase was primarily due to \$44 million of accelerated amortization and depreciation associated with office space reductions related to our fiscal 2023 Restructuring Plan, a \$14 million increase in personnel-related costs primarily resulting from an increase in headcount, offset by a \$36 million decrease in contracted services driven by prior year acquisition-related transaction and integration costs.

### **Restructuring**

Restructuring expenses for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 were as follows (in millions):

March 31, 2023	% of Net Revenue	March 31, 2022	% of Net Revenue	\$ Change	% Change
\$ 111	1 %	\$ —	— %	\$ 111	— %

Restructuring expenses of \$111 million were incurred in fiscal year 2023 related to our fiscal 2023 Restructuring Plan, of which, \$68 million related to impairment charges associated with acquisition-related intangible assets and other charges, and \$43 million related to employee severance and employee-related costs.

### **Income Taxes**

Provision for income taxes for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 was as follows (in millions):

March 31, 2023	Effective Tax Rate	March 31, 2022	Effective Tax Rate
\$ 524	39.5 %	\$ 292	27.0 %

Our effective tax rate for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 was 39.5 percent as compared to 27.0 percent for the same period in fiscal year 2022.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, we recognized a \$118 million tax charge to increase the valuation allowance on Swiss deferred tax assets, primarily as a result of an increase in Swiss interest rates. The change in valuation allowance had the effect of increasing our effective tax rate for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 by 8.9 percentage points.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, we completed intra-entity sales of intellectual property rights related to recent acquisitions to our U.S. and Swiss intellectual property owners (the “Acquired IP intra-entity sales”). The transactions resulted in overall taxable gains. Under U.S. GAAP, any profit resulting from the Acquired IP intra-entity sales was eliminated upon consolidation. However, the transactions resulted in a step-up of the U.S. and Swiss tax-deductible basis in the transferred intellectual property rights and, accordingly, created a temporary difference between the book basis and the tax basis of such intellectual property rights. As a result, we recognized a \$64 million net tax benefit for the current and deferred tax impacts of the sales.

In addition, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, we recognized a \$29 million tax charge to increase the valuation allowance on Swiss deferred tax assets that are not more likely than not to be realized. The Acquired IP intra-entity sales and the change in valuation allowance had the effect of reducing our effective tax rate for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 by 3.2 percentage points.

Our effective tax rates for future periods will continue to depend on a variety of factors, including changes in our business, such as acquisitions and intercompany transactions, our corporate structure, the geographic location of business functions or assets, the geographic mix of income, our agreements with tax authorities, applicable accounting rules, applicable tax laws and regulations, rulings and interpretations thereof, developments in tax audit and other matters, and variations in our annual pre-tax income or loss. We anticipate that the impact of excess tax benefits, tax deficiencies, and changes in valuation allowances may result in significant fluctuations to our effective tax rate in the future.

### **Comparison of Fiscal Year 2022 to Fiscal Year 2021**

For the comparison of fiscal year 2022 to fiscal year 2021, refer to Part II, Item 7 “[Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations](#)” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on May 25, 2022 under the subheading “*Comparison of Fiscal Year 2022 to Fiscal Year 2021.*”

### **LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

(In millions)	As of March 31,		Increase/(Decrease)
	2023	2022	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,424	\$ 2,732	\$ (308)
Short-term investments	343	330	13
Total	\$ 2,767	\$ 3,062	\$ (295)
Percentage of total assets	21 %	22 %	

(In millions)	Year Ended March 31,		Change
	2023	2022	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,550	\$ 1,899	\$ (349)
Net cash used in investing activities	(217)	(2,804)	2,587
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,600)	(1,620)	20
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents	(41)	(3)	(38)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (308)	\$ (2,528)	\$ 2,220

For the comparison of fiscal year 2022 to fiscal year 2021, refer to Part II, Item 7 “[Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations](#)” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on May 25, 2022 under the subheading “*Liquidity and Capital Resources.*”

#### ***Changes in Cash Flow***

**Operating Activities.** Net cash provided by operating activities decreased by \$349 million during fiscal year 2023, as compared to fiscal year 2022, primarily driven by lower cash receipts and higher personnel-related payments primarily from continued investment in our studios, partially offset by cash inflows from hedging activities and a decrease in prepayments for contracted services.

**Investing Activities.** Net cash used in investing activities decreased by \$2,587 million during fiscal year 2023, as compared to fiscal year 2022, primarily driven by payments of \$3,391 million in connection with acquisitions completed in prior year, and a \$149 million decrease in the purchase of short-term investments, partially offset by a \$934 million increase in proceeds from maturities and sales of short-term investments.

**Financing Activities.** Net cash used in financing activities decreased by \$20 million during fiscal year 2023, as compared to fiscal year 2022, primarily due to a \$29 million reduction in cash paid to taxing authorities in connection with withholding taxes for stock-based compensation, partially offset by a \$17 million increase in cash dividend payments.

#### ***Short-term Investments***



Due to our mix of fixed and variable rate securities, our short-term investment portfolio is susceptible to changes in short-term interest rates. As of March 31, 2023, our short-term investments had gross unrealized losses of \$1 million or less than 1 percent of total short-term investments. From time to time, we may liquidate some or all of our short-term investments to fund operational needs or other activities, such as capital expenditures, business acquisitions or stock repurchase programs.

### ***Senior Notes***

In February 2021, we issued \$750 million aggregate principal amount of the 2031 Notes and \$750 million aggregate principal amount of the 2051 Notes. The effective interest rate is 1.98% for the 2031 Notes and 3.04% for the 2051 Notes. Interest is payable semiannually in arrears, on February 15 and August 15 of each year.

In February 2016, we issued \$400 million aggregate principal amount of the 2026 Notes. The effective interest rate is 4.97% for the 2026 Notes. Interest is payable semiannually in arrears, on March 1 and September 1 of each year.

See [Note 12 — Financing Arrangements](#) to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-K as it relates to our Senior Notes, which is incorporated by reference into this Item 7.

### ***Credit Facility***

On March 22, 2023, we entered into a \$500 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with a syndicate of banks. The Credit Facility terminates on March 22, 2028 unless the maturity is extended in accordance with its terms. As of March 31, 2023, no amounts were outstanding. The Credit Facility contains an option to arrange with existing lenders and/or new lenders to provide up to an aggregate of \$500 million in additional commitments for revolving loans. Proceeds of loans made under the Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes. See [Note 12 — Financing Arrangements](#) to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-K as it relates to our Credit Facility, which is incorporated by reference into this Item 7.

### ***Financial Condition***

Our material cash requirements, including commitments for capital expenditure, as of March 31, 2023 are set forth in our [Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies](#) to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-K, which is incorporated by reference into this Item 7. We expect capital expenditures to be approximately \$275 million in fiscal year 2024 primarily due to facility buildouts. We believe that our cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments, cash generated from operations and available financing facilities will be sufficient to meet these material cash requirements, which include licensing intellectual property from professional sports organizations and players associations used in our EA SPORTS titles (e.g., the 300+ licenses within our global football ecosystem, NFL Properties LLC, NFL Players Association and NFL Players Inc.) and third-party content and celebrities (e.g., Disney Interactive), debt repayment obligations of \$1.9 billion, and to fund our operating requirements for the next 12 months and beyond. Our operating requirements include working capital requirements, capital expenditures, the remaining portion of our \$2.6 billion share repurchase program, quarterly cash dividend, which is currently \$0.19 per share, subject to declaration by our Board of Directors or a designated Committee of the Board of Directors, and potentially, future acquisitions or strategic investments. We may choose at any time to raise additional capital to repay debt, strengthen our financial position, facilitate expansion, repurchase our stock, pursue strategic acquisitions and investments, and/or to take advantage of business opportunities as they arise. There can be no assurance, however, that such additional capital will be available to us on favorable terms, if at all, or that it will not result in substantial dilution to our existing stockholders.

During fiscal year 2023, we returned \$1,505 million to stockholders through our capital return programs, repurchasing 10.4 million shares for approximately \$1,295 million and returning \$210 million through our quarterly cash dividend program which was initiated in November 2020.

Our foreign subsidiaries are generally subject to U.S. tax, and to the extent earnings from these subsidiaries can be repatriated without a material tax cost, such earnings will not be indefinitely reinvested. As of March 31, 2023, approximately \$925 million of our cash and cash equivalents were domiciled in foreign tax jurisdictions. All of our foreign cash is available for repatriation without a material tax cost.

We have a “shelf” registration statement on Form S-3 on file with the SEC. This shelf registration statement, which includes a base prospectus, allows us at any time to offer any combination of securities described in the prospectus in one or more offerings. Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement accompanying the base prospectus, we would use the net proceeds from the sale of any securities offered pursuant to the shelf registration statement for general corporate purposes, which may include funding for working capital, financing capital expenditures, research and development, marketing and distribution efforts, and if opportunities arise, for acquisitions or strategic alliances. Pending such uses, we may invest the net proceeds in interest-bearing securities. In addition, we may conduct concurrent or other financings at any time.

Our ability to maintain sufficient liquidity could be affected by various risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to, customer demand and acceptance of our products, our ability to collect our accounts receivable as they become due, successfully achieving our product release schedules and attaining our forecasted sales objectives, economic conditions in the United States and abroad, the impact of acquisitions and other strategic transactions in which we may engage, the impact of competition, the seasonal and cyclical nature of our business and operating results, and the other risks described in the “[Risk Factors](#)” section, included in Part I, Item 1A of this report.

As of March 31, 2023, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

**Item 7A: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

**MARKET RISK**

We are exposed to various market risks, including changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and market prices, which have experienced significant volatility. Market risk is the potential loss arising from changes in market rates and market prices. We employ established policies and practices to manage these risks. Foreign currency forward contracts are used to hedge anticipated exposures or mitigate some existing exposures subject to foreign exchange risk as discussed below. While we do not hedge our short-term investment portfolio, we protect our short-term investment portfolio against different market risks, including interest rate risk as discussed below. Our cash and cash equivalents portfolio consists of highly liquid investments with insignificant interest rate risk and original or remaining maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase. We do not enter into derivatives or other financial instruments for speculative trading purposes and do not hedge our market price risk relating to marketable equity securities, if any.

***Foreign Currency Exchange Risk***

*Foreign Currency Exchange Rates.* International sales are a fundamental part of our business, and the strengthening of the U.S. dollar (particularly relative to the Euro, British pound sterling, Australian dollar, Japanese yen, Chinese yuan, South Korean won and Polish zloty) has a negative impact on our reported international net revenue, but a positive impact on our reported international operating expenses (particularly the Swedish krona and the Canadian dollar) because these amounts are translated at lower rates as compared to periods in which the U.S. dollar is weaker. While we use foreign currency hedging contracts to mitigate some foreign currency exchange risk, these activities are limited in the protection that they provide us and can themselves result in losses.

*Cash Flow Hedging Activities.* We hedge a portion of our foreign currency risk related to forecasted foreign currency-denominated sales and expense transactions by purchasing foreign currency forward contracts that generally have maturities of 18 months or less. These transactions are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges. Our hedging programs are designed to reduce, but do not entirely eliminate, the impact of currency exchange rate movements in net revenue and research and development expenses.

*Balance Sheet Hedging Activities.* We use foreign currency forward contracts to mitigate foreign currency exchange risk associated with foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities, primarily intercompany receivables and payables. These foreign currency forward contracts generally have a contractual term of three months or less and are transacted near month-end.

We believe the counterparties to our foreign currency forward contracts are creditworthy multinational commercial banks. While we believe the risk of counterparty nonperformance is not material, a sustained decline in the financial stability of financial institutions as a result of disruption in the financial markets could affect our ability to secure creditworthy counterparties for our foreign currency hedging programs.

Notwithstanding our efforts to mitigate some foreign currency exchange risks, there can be no assurance that our hedging activities will adequately protect us against the risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations. As of March 31, 2023, a hypothetical adverse foreign currency exchange rate movement of 10 percent or 20 percent would have resulted in potential declines in the fair value on our foreign currency forward contracts used in cash flow hedging of \$262 million or \$523 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2023, a hypothetical adverse foreign currency exchange rate movement of 10 percent or 20 percent would have resulted in potential losses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations on our foreign currency forward contracts used in balance sheet hedging of \$100 million or \$199 million, respectively. This sensitivity analysis assumes an adverse shift of all foreign currency exchange rates; however, all foreign currency exchange rates do not always move in the same manner and actual results may differ materially. See [Note 5 — Derivative Financial Instruments](#) to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-K as it relates to our derivative financial instruments, which is incorporated by reference into this Item 7A.

### ***Interest Rate Risk***

Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our short-term investment portfolio. We manage our interest rate risk by maintaining an investment portfolio generally consisting of debt instruments of high credit quality and relatively short maturities. However, because short-term investments mature relatively quickly and, if reinvested, are invested at the then-current market rates, interest income on a portfolio consisting of short-term investments is subject to market fluctuations to a greater extent than a portfolio of longer term investments. Additionally, the contractual terms of the investments do not permit the issuer to call, prepay or otherwise settle the investments at prices less than the stated par value. Our investments are held for purposes other than trading. We do not use derivative financial instruments in our short-term investment portfolio.

As of March 31, 2023, our short-term investments were classified as available-for-sale securities and, consequently, were recorded at fair value with changes in fair value, including unrealized gains and unrealized losses not related to credit losses, reported as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, in stockholders' equity.

Notwithstanding our efforts to manage interest rate risks, there can be no assurance that we will be adequately protected against risks associated with interest rate fluctuations. Changes in interest rates affect the fair value of our short-term investment portfolio. To provide a meaningful assessment of the interest rate risk associated with our short-term investment portfolio, we performed a sensitivity analysis to determine the impact a change in interest rates would have on the value of the portfolio assuming a 150 basis point parallel shift in the yield curve. As of March 31, 2023, a hypothetical 150 basis point increase in interest rates would have resulted in a \$3 million, or 1% decrease in the fair market value of our short-term investments.

**Item 8:   *Financial Statements and Supplementary Data***

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**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(In millions, except par value data)

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,424	\$ 2,732
Short-term investments	343	330
Receivables, net	684	650
Other current assets	518	439
Total current assets	3,969	4,151
Property and equipment, net	549	550
Goodwill	5,380	5,387
Acquisition-related intangibles, net	618	962
Deferred income taxes, net	2,462	2,243
Other assets	481	507
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 13,459</b>	<b>\$ 13,800</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 99	\$ 101
Accrued and other current liabilities	1,285	1,388
Deferred net revenue (online-enabled games)	1,901	2,024
Total current liabilities	3,285	3,513
Senior notes, net	1,880	1,878
Income tax obligations	607	386
Deferred income taxes, net	1	1
Other liabilities	393	397
Total liabilities	6,166	6,175
Commitments and contingencies (See <a href="#">Note 14</a> )		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value. 10 shares authorized	—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value. 1,000 shares authorized; 273 and 280 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	3	3
Additional paid-in capital	—	—
Retained earnings	7,357	7,607
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(67)	15
Total stockholders' equity	7,293	7,625
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 13,459</b>	<b>\$ 13,800</b>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(In millions, except per share data)	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Net revenue	\$ 7,426	\$ 6,991	\$ 5,629
Cost of revenue	1,792	1,859	1,494
Gross profit	5,634	5,132	4,135
Operating expenses:			
Research and development	2,328	2,186	1,778
Marketing and sales	978	961	689
General and administrative	727	673	592
Amortization and impairment of intangibles	158	183	30
Restructuring (See <a href="#">Note 8</a> )	111	—	—
Total operating expenses	4,302	4,003	3,089
Operating income	1,332	1,129	1,046
Interest and other income (expense), net	(6)	(48)	(29)
Income before provision for income taxes	1,326	1,081	1,017
Provision for income taxes	524	292	180
Net income	\$ 802	\$ 789	\$ 837
Earnings per share:			
Basic	\$ 2.90	\$ 2.78	\$ 2.90
Diluted	\$ 2.88	\$ 2.76	\$ 2.87
Number of shares used in computation:			
Basic	277	284	289
Diluted	278	286	292

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

(In millions)	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Net income	\$ 802	\$ 789	\$ 837
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Net gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	2	(3)	4
Net gains (losses) on derivative instruments	(34)	76	(68)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(50)	(8)	64
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(82)	65	—
Total comprehensive income	\$ 720	\$ 854	\$ 837

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.



**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

(In millions, except share data in thousands)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				
<b>Balances as of March 31, 2020</b>	288,413	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 7,508	\$ (50)	\$ 7,461
Total comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	837	—	837
Stock-based compensation	—	—	435	—	—	435
Issuance of common stock	3,685	—	(66)	—	—	(66)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(5,633)	—	(369)	(360)	—	(729)
Cash dividends declared (\$0.34 per common share)	—	—	—	(98)	—	(98)
<b>Balances as of March 31, 2021</b>	286,465	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 7,887	\$ (50)	\$ 7,840
Total comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	789	65	854
Stock-based compensation	—	—	528	—	—	528
Awards assumed upon acquisition	—	—	23	—	—	23
Issuance of common stock	3,108	—	(127)	—	—	(127)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(9,522)	—	(424)	(876)	—	(1,300)
Cash dividends declared (\$0.68 per common share)	—	—	—	(193)	—	(193)
<b>Balances as of March 31, 2022</b>	280,051	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 7,607	\$ 15	\$ 7,625
Total comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	802	(82)	720
Stock-based compensation	—	—	548	—	—	548
Issuance of common stock	3,311	—	(95)	—	—	(95)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(10,448)	—	(453)	(842)	—	(1,295)
Cash dividends declared (\$0.76 per common share)	—	—	—	(210)	—	(210)
<b>Balances as of March 31, 2023</b>	272,914	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 7,357	\$ (67)	\$ 7,293

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(In millions)	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net income	\$ 802	\$ 789	\$ 837
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation, amortization, accretion and impairment	536	486	181
Stock-based compensation	548	528	435
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables, net	(34)	(77)	(41)
Other assets	(103)	(157)	(70)
Accounts payable	10	(7)	18
Accrued and other liabilities	134	169	136
Deferred income taxes, net	(221)	(329)	(143)
Deferred net revenue (online-enabled games)	(122)	497	581
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,550	1,899	1,934
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Capital expenditures	(207)	(188)	(124)
Proceeds from maturities and sales of short-term investments	395	1,329	3,686
Purchase of short-term investments	(405)	(554)	(2,828)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	—	(3,391)	(1,239)
Net cash used in investing activities	(217)	(2,804)	(505)
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes, net of issuance costs	—	—	1,478
Payment of senior notes	—	—	(600)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	80	77	86
Cash dividends paid	(210)	(193)	(98)
Cash paid to taxing authorities for shares withheld from employees	(175)	(204)	(152)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(1,295)	(1,300)	(729)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,600)	(1,620)	(15)
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents	(41)	(3)	78
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(308)	(2,528)	1,492
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	2,732	5,260	3,768
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,424	\$ 2,732	\$ 5,260
<b>Supplemental cash flow information:</b>			
Cash paid during the year for income taxes, net	\$ 583	\$ 629	\$ 340
Cash paid during the year for interest	56	56	40
<b>Non-cash investing activities:</b>			
Change in accrued capital expenditures	\$ (3)	\$ 19	\$ 17

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **ELECTRONIC ARTS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

### **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **(1) DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

Electronic Arts is a global leader in digital interactive entertainment. We develop, market, publish and deliver games, content and services that can be experienced on game consoles, PCs, mobile phones and tablets. At our core is a portfolio of intellectual property from which we create innovative games and experiences that deliver high-quality entertainment and drive engagement across our network of hundreds of millions of unique active accounts. Our portfolio includes brands that we either wholly own (such as *Apex Legends*, *Battlefield*, and *The Sims*) or license from others (such as Madden NFL, Star Wars, and the 300+ licenses within our global football ecosystem). Through our live services offerings, we offer our players high-quality experiences designed to provide value to players, and extend and enhance gameplay. These live services include extra content, subscription offerings and other revenue generated in addition to the sale of our base games. We are focusing on building games and experiences that grow the global online communities around our key franchises; reaching more players through connecting interactive storytelling to key intellectual property; and building re-occurring revenue from our annualized sports franchises, our console, PC and mobile catalog titles, and our live services.

##### ***Consolidation***

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Electronic Arts Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

##### ***Fiscal Year***

Our fiscal year is reported on a 52- or 53-week period that ends on the Saturday nearest March 31. Our results of operations for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 contained 52 weeks and ended on April 1, 2023. Our results of operations for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 contained 52 and 53 weeks and ended on April 2, 2022 and April 3, 2021, respectively. For simplicity of disclosure, all fiscal periods are referred to as ending on a calendar month end.

##### ***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“U.S. GAAP”) requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in our consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. Such estimates include offering periods for deferred net revenue, sales returns and allowances, provisions for doubtful accounts, accrued liabilities, relative stand-alone selling price for identified performance obligations in our revenue transactions, losses on royalty commitments, estimates regarding the recoverability of prepaid royalties, inventories, long-lived assets, discount rates used in the measurement and recognition of lease liabilities, assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations, certain estimates related to the measurement and recognition of costs resulting from our stock-based payment awards, unrecognized tax benefits, deferred income tax assets and associated valuation allowances, as well as estimates used in our goodwill, intangibles and short-term investment impairment tests. These estimates require us to make judgments, involve analysis of historical and future trends, can require extended periods of time to resolve, and are subject to change from period to period. In all cases, actual results could differ materially from our estimates.

### ***Recently Adopted Accounting Standards***

In October 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-08, *Business Combinations: Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers* (Topic 805). The amendments in this update require that an acquirer recognize and measure contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination in accordance with Topic 606. For business combinations prior to fiscal year 2023, we recorded deferred net revenue related to contracts from acquired entities at fair value on the date of acquisition. As a result, we did not recognize certain revenues related to these contracts that the acquired entities would have otherwise recorded as an independent entity. We adopted ASU 2021-08 in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, and the amendments apply retrospectively to all business combinations with an acquisition date in the fiscal year of adoption. The adoption did not have an impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures, since we did not have any acquisitions in fiscal year 2023.

In November 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-10, *Disclosures by Business Entities about Government Assistance* (Topic 832). The amendments in this update establish Topic 832 and require additional disclosures regarding government grants and money contributions when entities accounted for transactions with a government by analogizing to a grant or contribution accounting model. We adopted ASU 2021-10 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2023 and elected to apply the amendments prospectively to all transactions within the scope of the amendment that are reflected in the financial statements at the date of adoption. The adoption did not have a material impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

## (2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### *Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Short-Term Investments*

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with insignificant interest rate risk and original or remaining maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase.

Short-term investments consist of debt securities with original or remaining maturities of greater than three months at the time of purchase and less than a year, and are accounted for as available-for-sale securities and are recorded at fair value. Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments are available for use in current operations or other activities such as capital expenditures, business combinations and share repurchases.

Unrealized gains and losses on our short-term investments are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity, net of tax, until either (1) the security is sold, (2) the security has matured, (3) we determine that the fair value of the security has declined below its adjusted cost basis and the decline is due to an expected credit loss, or (4) we intend to, or more likely than not would be required to, sell a security in an unrealized loss position before the recovery of its amortized cost basis. Realized gains and losses on our short-term investments are calculated based on the specific identification method and are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to interest and other income (expense), net. Determining whether a decline in fair value is due to an expected credit loss requires management judgment based on the specific facts and circumstances of each security. The ultimate value realized on these securities is subject to market price volatility until they are sold.

Our short-term investments are evaluated for allowances and impairment quarterly. For investments in an unrealized loss position, we consider various factors in determining whether we should recognize an allowance for expected credit losses or an impairment charge, including the credit quality of the issuer, changes to the rating of the security by rating agencies, the extent to which fair value is less than amortized cost, reason for the decline in value and potential recovery period, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the investees, our intent to sell and ability to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value, and any contractual terms impacting the prepayment or settlement process, among other factors. We recognize an allowance for credit losses, up to the amount of unrealized loss when appropriate, and write down the amortized cost basis of the investment if we intend to, or it is more likely than not we will be required to, sell the investment before the recovery of its amortized cost basis. Allowances for credit losses and write-downs are recognized in our Consolidated Statements of Operations, and unrealized losses not related to credit losses are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss). Based on our evaluation, we did not recognize an allowance for credit losses, nor did we recognize any impairments, as of March 31, 2023 and 2022.

### *Property and Equipment, Net*

Property and equipment, net, are stated at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	20 to 25 years
Computer equipment and software	2 to 6 years
Equipment, furniture and fixtures, and other	3 to 5 years
Leasehold improvements	Lesser of the lease term or the estimated useful lives of the improvements, generally 1 to 15 years

We capitalize costs associated with internal-use software development once a project has reached the application development stage. Such capitalized costs include external direct costs utilized in developing or obtaining the software, and payroll and payroll-related expenses for employees who are directly associated with the development of the software. Capitalization of such costs begins when the preliminary project stage is complete and ceases at the point in which the project is substantially complete and is ready for its intended purpose. Once internal-use software is ready for its intended use, the assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over each asset's estimated useful life, which is generally three years. We also capitalize costs associated with the purchase of possessable internal-use software licenses. The net book value of capitalized costs associated with internal-use software was \$90 million and \$86 million as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

### ***Acquisition-Related Intangibles and Other Long-Lived Assets***

We recognize acquisition-related intangible assets, such as acquired developed and core technology, in connection with business combinations. We amortize the cost of acquisition-related intangible assets that have finite useful lives generally on a straight-line basis over the lesser of their estimated useful lives or the agreement terms, currently from two to seven years. We evaluate acquisition-related intangibles and other long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset group. This includes assumptions about future prospects for the business that the asset relates to and typically involves computations of the estimated future cash flows to be generated by these businesses. Based on these judgments and assumptions, we determine whether we need to take an impairment charge to reduce the value of the asset stated on our Consolidated Balance Sheets to reflect its estimated fair value. When we consider such assets to be impaired, the amount of impairment we recognize is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value.

### ***Goodwill Impairment***

In assessing impairment on our goodwill, we first analyze qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform a goodwill impairment test. The qualitative factors we assess include long-term prospects of our performance, share price trends and market capitalization, and Company specific events. If we conclude it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying amount, we do not need to perform an impairment test. If based on that assessment, we believe it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value we will measure goodwill for impairment by applying fair value-based tests at the reporting unit level. Reporting units are determined by the components of operating segments that constitute a business for which (1) discrete financial information is available, (2) segment management regularly reviews the operating results of that component, and (3) whether the component has dissimilar economic characteristics to other components. As of March 31, 2023, we have only one reportable segment, which represents our only operating segment.

### ***Revenue Recognition***

We derive revenue principally from sales of our games, and related extra content and services that can be experienced on game consoles, PCs, mobile phones and tablets. Our product and service offerings include, but are not limited to, the following:

- full games with both online and offline functionality (“Games with Services”), which generally includes (1) the initial game delivered digitally or via physical disc at the time of sale and typically provide access to offline core game content (“software license”); (2) updates on a when-and-if-available basis, such as software patches or updates, and/or additional free content to be delivered in the future (“future update rights”); and (3) a hosted connection for online playability (“online hosting”);
- full games with online-only functionality which require an Internet connection to access all gameplay and functionality (“Online-Hosted Service Games”);
- extra content related to Games with Services and Online-Hosted Service Games which provides access to additional in-game content;
- subscriptions, such as EA Play and EA Play Pro, that generally offer access to a selection of full games, in-game content, online services and other benefits typically for a recurring monthly or annual fee; and
- licensing to third parties to distribute and host our games and content.

We evaluate and recognize revenue by:

- identifying the contract(s) with the customer;
- identifying the performance obligations in the contract;
- determining the transaction price;
- allocating the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract; and
- recognizing revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied through the transfer of a promised good or service to a customer (i.e., “transfer of control”).

Certain of our full game and/or extra content are sold to resellers with a contingency that the full game and/or extra content cannot be resold prior to a specific date (“Street Date Contingency”). We recognize revenue for transactions that have a Street Date Contingency when the Street Date Contingency is removed and the full game and/or extra content can be resold by the reseller. For digital full game and/or extra content downloads sold to customers, we recognize revenue when the full game and/or extra content is made available for download to the customer.

#### *Online-Enabled Games*

*Games with Services.* Our sales of Games with Services are evaluated to determine whether the software license, future update rights and the online hosting are distinct and separable. Sales of Games with Services are generally determined to have three distinct performance obligations: software license, future update rights, and the online hosting.

Since we do not sell the performance obligations on a stand-alone basis, we consider market conditions and other observable inputs to estimate the stand-alone selling price for each performance obligation. For Games with Services, generally 75 percent of the sales price is allocated to the software license performance obligation and recognized at a point in time when control of the license has been transferred to the customer. The remaining 25 percent is allocated to the future update rights and the online hosting performance obligations and recognized ratably as the service is provided (over the Estimated Offering Period).

*Online-Hosted Service Games.* Sales of our Online-Hosted Service Games are determined to have one distinct performance obligation: the online hosting. We recognize revenue from these arrangements as the service is provided.

*Extra Content.* Revenue received from sales of downloadable content are derived primarily from the sale of virtual currencies and digital in-game content that are designed to extend and enhance players’ game experience. Sales of extra content are accounted for in a manner consistent with the treatment for our Games with Services and Online-Hosted Service Games as discussed above, depending upon whether or not the extra content has offline functionality. That is, if the extra content has offline functionality, then the extra content is accounted for similarly to Games with Services (generally determined to have three distinct performance obligations: software license, future update rights, and the online hosting). If the extra content does not have offline functionality, then the extra content is determined to have one distinct performance obligation: the online-hosted service.

#### *Subscriptions*

Sales of our subscriptions are deemed to be one performance obligation and we recognize revenue from these arrangements ratably over the subscription term as the performance obligation is satisfied.

#### *Licensing Revenue*

We utilize third-party licensees to distribute and host our games and content in accordance with license agreements, for which the licensees typically pay us a fixed minimum guarantee and/or sales-based royalties. These arrangements typically include multiple performance obligations, such as a time-based license of software and future update rights. We recognize as revenue a portion of the minimum guarantee when we transfer control of the license of software (generally upon commercial launch) and the remaining portion ratably over the contractual term in which we provide the licensee with future update rights. Any sales-based royalties are generally recognized as the related sales occur by the licensee.

#### *Significant Judgments around Revenue Arrangements*

*Identifying performance obligations.* Performance obligations promised in a contract are identified based on the goods and services that will be transferred to the customer that are both capable of being distinct, (i.e., the customer can benefit from the goods or services either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available), and are distinct in the context of the contract (i.e., it is separately identifiable from other goods or services in the contract). To the extent a contract includes multiple promises, we must apply judgment to determine whether those promises are separate and distinct performance obligations. If these criteria are not met, the promises are accounted for as a combined performance obligation.

*Determining the transaction price.* The transaction price is determined based on the consideration that we will be entitled to receive in exchange for transferring our goods and services to the customer. Determining the transaction price often requires judgment, based on an assessment of contractual terms and business practices. It further includes review of variable consideration such as discounts, sales returns, price protection, and rebates, which is estimated at the time of the transaction. In addition, the transaction price does not include an estimate of the variable consideration related to sales-based royalties. Sales-based royalties are recognized as the sales occur.



*Allocating the transaction price.* Allocating the transaction price requires that we determine an estimate of the relative stand-alone selling price for each distinct performance obligation. Determining the relative stand-alone selling price is inherently subjective, especially in situations where we do not sell the performance obligation on a stand-alone basis (which occurs in the majority of our transactions). In those situations, we determine the relative stand-alone selling price based on various observable inputs using all information that is reasonably available. Examples of observable inputs and information include: historical internal pricing data, cost plus margin analysis, pre-release versus post-release costs, and pricing data from competitors to the extent the data is available. The results of our analysis resulted in a specific percentage of the transaction price being allocated to each performance obligation.

*Determining the Estimated Offering Period.* The offering period is the period in which we offer to provide the future update rights and/or online hosting for the game and related extra content sold. Because the offering period is not an explicitly defined period, we must make an estimate of the offering period for the service-related performance obligations (i.e., future update rights and online hosting). Determining the Estimated Offering Period is inherently subjective and is subject to regular revision. Generally, we consider the average period of time customers are online when estimating the offering period. We also consider the estimated period of time between the date a game unit is sold to a reseller and the date the reseller sells the game unit to the customer (i.e., time in channel). Based on these two factors, we then consider the method of distribution. For example, games and extra content sold at retail would have a composite offering period equal to the online gameplay period plus time in channel as opposed to digitally-distributed games and extra content which are delivered immediately via digital download and therefore, the offering period is estimated to be only the online gameplay period.

Additionally, we consider results from prior analyses, known and expected online gameplay trends, as well as disclosed service periods for competitors' games in determining the Estimated Offering Period for future sales. We believe this provides a reasonable depiction of the transfer of future update rights and online hosting to our customers, as it is the best representation of the time period during which our games and extra content are experienced. We recognize revenue for future update rights and online hosting performance obligations ratably on a straight-line basis over this period as there is a consistent pattern of delivery for these performance obligations. Revenue for service-related performance obligations for games and extra content sold through retail is recognized over an estimated ten-month period beginning in the month of sale, revenue for service-related performance obligations for digitally-distributed games and extra content is recognized over an estimated eight-month period beginning in the month of sale.

During the three months ended September 30, 2021, we completed our annual evaluation of the Estimated Offering Period and noted consumers are playing certain of our Online Hosted Service Games, such as PC and console free-to-play games, for longer periods of time than in previous years. This extended consumer gameplay is due to players engaging with services we provide that are designed to enhance and extend gameplay, and as such, concluded that the Estimated Offering Period for such games should be lengthened. As a result, for all new sales after July 1, 2021, the revenue that we recognize for service-related performance obligations related to our PC and console free-to-play games is recognized generally over a twelve-month period. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, this increase to our Estimated Offering Period resulted in increases in net revenue of \$103 million, net income of \$79 million, and diluted earnings per share of \$0.28. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, this increase to our Estimated Offering Period resulted in decreases in net revenue of \$131 million, net income of \$100 million, and diluted earnings per share of \$0.35.

### *Deferred Net Revenue*

Because the majority of our sales transactions include future update rights and online hosting performance obligations, which are subject to deferral and recognized over the Estimated Offering Period, our deferred net revenue balance is material. This balance increases from period to period by revenue being deferred for current sales with these service obligations and is reduced by the recognition of revenue from prior sales that were previously deferred. Generally, revenue is recognized as the services are provided.

### *Principal Agent Considerations*

We evaluate sales to end customers of our full games and related content via third-party storefronts, including digital storefronts such as Microsoft's Xbox Store, Sony's PlayStation Store, Apple App Store, and Google Play Store, in order to determine whether or not we are acting as the principal in the sale to the end customer, which we consider in determining if revenue should be reported gross or net of fees retained by the third-party storefront. An entity is the principal if it controls a good or service before it is transferred to the end customer. Key indicators that we evaluate in determining gross versus net treatment include but are not limited to the following:

- the underlying contract terms and conditions between the various parties to the transaction;

- which party is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified good or service to the end customer;
- which party has discretion in establishing the price for the specified good or service; and
- which party has inventory risk before the specified good or service has been transferred to the end customer.

Based on an evaluation of the above indicators, except as discussed below, we have determined that generally the third party is considered the principal to end customers for the sale of our full games and related content. We therefore report revenue related to these arrangements net of the fees retained by the storefront. However, for sales arrangements via Apple App Store and Google Play Store, EA is considered the principal to the end customer and thus, we report revenue on a gross basis and mobile platform fees are reported within cost of revenue.

#### *Payment Terms*

Substantially all of our transactions have payment terms, whether customary or on an extended basis, of less than one year; therefore, we generally do not adjust the transaction price for the effects of any potential financing components that may exist.

#### *Sales and Value-Added Taxes*

Revenue is recorded net of taxes assessed by governmental authorities that are imposed at the time of the specific revenue-producing transaction between us and our customer, such as sales and value-added taxes.

#### *Sales Returns and Price Protection Reserves*

Sales returns and price protection are considered variable consideration under ASC 606. We reduce revenue for estimated future returns and price protection which may occur with our distributors and retailers (“channel partners”). Price protection represents our practice to provide our channel partners with a credit allowance to lower their wholesale price on a particular game unit that they have not resold to customers. The amount of the price protection for permanent markdowns is the difference between the old wholesale price and the new reduced wholesale price. Credits are also given for short-term promotions that temporarily reduce the wholesale price. In certain countries we also have a practice for allowing channel partners to return older products in the channel in exchange for a credit allowance.

When evaluating the adequacy of sales returns and price protection reserves, we analyze the following: historical credit allowances, current sell-through of our channel partners’ inventory of our products, current trends in retail and the video game industry, changes in customer demand, acceptance of our products, and other related factors. In addition, we monitor the volume of sales to our channel partners and their inventories, as substantial overstocking in the distribution channel could result in high returns or higher price protection in subsequent periods.

#### *Taxes Collected from Customers and Remitted to Governmental Authorities*

Taxes assessed by a government authority that are both imposed on and concurrent with specific revenue transactions between us and our customers are presented on a net basis in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

#### *Concentration of Credit Risk and Significant Customers*

We extend credit to various customers. Collection of trade receivables may be affected by changes in economic or other industry conditions and may, accordingly, impact our overall credit risk. Although we generally do not require collateral, we perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers and maintain reserves for potential credit losses. Invoices are aged based on contractual terms with our customers. The provision for doubtful accounts is recorded as a charge to general and administrative expense when a potential loss is identified. Losses are written off against the allowance when the receivable is determined to be uncollectible. At March 31, 2023, we had two customers who accounted for approximately 32 percent and 30 percent of our consolidated gross receivables, respectively. At March 31, 2022, we had two customers who accounted for approximately 32 percent and 29 percent of our consolidated gross receivables, respectively.

A majority of our sales are made via digital resellers, channel and platform partners. During the fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021, approximately 81 percent, 77 percent, and 78 percent, respectively, of our net revenue was derived from our top ten customers and/or platform partners.

Currently, a majority of our revenue is derived through sales of products and services playable on hardware consoles from Sony and Microsoft. For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, our net revenue for products and services on Sony's PlayStation 3, 4 and 5, and Microsoft's Xbox 360, One and Series X consoles (combined across all six platforms) was approximately 58 percent, 60 percent, and 64 percent, respectively. These platform partners have significant influence over the products and services that we offer on their platforms.

Short-term investments are placed with high quality financial institutions or in short-duration, investment-grade securities. We limit the amount of credit exposure in any one financial institution or type of investment instrument.

### ***Royalties and Licenses***

Royalty-based obligations with content licensors and distribution affiliates are either paid in advance and capitalized as prepaid royalties or are accrued as incurred and subsequently paid. These royalty-based obligations are generally expensed to cost of revenue at the greater of the contractual rate or an effective royalty rate based on the total projected net revenue for contracts with guaranteed minimums. Prepayments made to thinly capitalized independent software developers and co-publishing affiliates are generally made in connection with the development of a particular product, and therefore, we are subject to development risk prior to the release of the product. Accordingly, payments that are due prior to completion of a product are generally expensed to research and development over the development period as the services are incurred. Payments due after completion of the product (primarily royalty-based in nature) are generally expensed as cost of revenue.

Our contracts with some licensors include minimum guaranteed royalty payments, which are initially recorded as an asset and as a liability at the contractual amount when no performance remains with the licensor. When performance remains with the licensor, we record guarantee payments as an asset when actually paid and as a liability when incurred, rather than recording the asset and liability upon execution of the contract.

Each quarter, we also evaluate the expected future realization of our royalty-based assets, as well as any unrecognized minimum commitments not yet paid to determine amounts we deem unlikely to be realized through future revenue. Any impairments or losses determined before the launch of a product are generally charged to research and development expense. Impairments or losses determined post-launch are charged to cost of revenue. We evaluate long-lived royalty-based assets for impairment using undiscounted cash flows when impairment indicators exist. If an impairment exists, then the related assets are written down to fair value. Unrecognized minimum royalty-based commitments are accounted for as executory contracts, and therefore, any losses on these commitments are recognized when the underlying intellectual property is abandoned (i.e., cease use) or the contractual rights to use the intellectual property are terminated.

### ***Advertising Costs***

We generally expense advertising costs as incurred, except for production costs associated with media campaigns, which are recognized as prepaid assets (to the extent paid in advance) and expensed at the first run of the advertisement. Cooperative advertising costs are recognized when incurred and are classified as marketing and sales expense if there is a separate identifiable benefit for which we can reasonably estimate the fair value of the benefit identified. Otherwise, they are classified as a reduction of revenue and are generally accrued when revenue is recognized. We then reimburse the channel partner when qualifying claims are submitted.

We are also reimbursed by our vendors for certain advertising costs incurred by us that benefit our vendors. Such amounts are recognized as a reduction of marketing and sales expense if the advertising (1) is specific to the vendor, (2) represents an identifiable benefit to us, and (3) represents an incremental cost to us. Otherwise, vendor reimbursements are recognized as a reduction of the cost incurred with the same vendor. Vendor reimbursements of advertising costs of \$37 million, \$37 million, and \$22 million reduced marketing and sales expense for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. For the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, advertising expense, net of vendor reimbursements, totaled approximately \$348 million, \$396 million, and \$222 million, respectively.

### ***Software Development Costs***

Research and development costs, which consist primarily of software development costs, are expensed as incurred. We are required to capitalize software development costs incurred for computer software to be sold, leased or otherwise marketed after technological feasibility of the software is established or for development costs that have alternative future uses. Under our current practice of developing new games, the technological feasibility of the underlying software is not established until substantially all product development and testing is complete, which generally includes the development of a working model. Software development costs that have been capitalized to date have been insignificant.

### ***Foreign Currency Translation***

Generally, the functional currency for our foreign operating subsidiaries is its local currency. Assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into U.S. dollars using month-end exchange rates, and revenue and expenses are translated into U.S. dollars using average exchange rates. The effects of foreign currency translation adjustments are included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity.

Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are a result of the effect of exchange rate changes on transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency. Net gains (losses) on foreign currency transactions of \$31 million, \$(22) million, and \$9 million for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, are included in interest and other income (expense), net, in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. These net gains (losses) on foreign currency transactions are partially offset by net gains (losses) on our foreign currency forward contracts of \$(29) million, \$21 million, and \$(19) million for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. See [Note 5](#) for additional information on our foreign currency forward contracts.

### ***Income Taxes***

We recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for both the expected impact of differences between the financial statement amount and the tax basis of assets and liabilities and for the expected future tax benefit to be derived from tax losses and tax credit carryforwards. We do not recognize any deferred taxes related to the U.S. taxes on foreign earnings as we recognize these taxes as a period cost.

Every quarter, we perform a realizability analysis to evaluate whether it is more likely than not that all or a portion of our deferred tax assets will not be realized. Our Swiss deferred tax asset realizability analysis relies upon future Swiss taxable income as the primary source of taxable income but considers all available sources of Swiss income based on the positive and negative evidence. We give more weight to evidence that can be objectively verified. However, estimating future Swiss taxable income requires judgment, specifically related to assumptions about expected growth rates of future Swiss taxable income, which are based primarily on third party market and industry growth data. Actual results that differ materially from those estimates could have a material impact on our valuation allowance assessment. Although objectively verifiable, Swiss interest rates have an impact on the valuation allowance and are based on published Swiss guidance. Any significant changes to such interest rates could result in a material impact to the valuation allowance. Switzerland has a seven-year carryforward period and does not permit the carry back of losses. Actions we take in connection with acquisitions could also impact the utilization of our Swiss deferred tax asset.

### ***Share Repurchases***

Shares of our common stock repurchased pursuant to our repurchase program, if any, are retired. The purchase price of such repurchased shares of common stock is recorded as a reduction to additional paid-in capital. If the balance in additional paid-in capital is exhausted, the excess is recorded as a reduction to retained earnings.

### ***Restructuring***

We generally recognize employee severance costs when payments are probable and amounts are estimable or when notification occurs, depending on the region in which an employee works. Costs related to non-lease contracts without future benefit or contract termination are recognized at the earlier of the contract termination or the cease-use dates. Other exit-related costs are recognized as incurred.

### (3) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

There are various valuation techniques used to estimate fair value, the primary one being the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining fair value, we consider the principal or most advantageous market in which we would transact and consider assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability. We measure certain financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis.

#### *Fair Value Hierarchy*

The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are as follows:

- *Level 1.* Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- *Level 2.* Observable inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets), or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated with observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- *Level 3.* Unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of assets or liabilities.

#### *Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis*

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, our assets and liabilities that were measured and recorded at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows (in millions):

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using			
	As of March 31, 2023	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Financial Instruments (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance Sheet Classification
Assets					
Bank and time deposits	\$ 56	\$ 56	\$ —	\$ —	Cash equivalents
Money market funds	956	956	—	—	Cash equivalents
Available-for-sale securities:					
Corporate bonds	113	—	113	—	Short-term investments
U.S. Treasury securities	80	80	—	—	Short-term investments
U.S. agency securities	28	—	28	—	Short-term investments and cash equivalents
Commercial paper	66	—	66	—	Short-term investments and cash equivalents
Foreign government securities	11	—	11	—	Short-term investments
Asset-backed securities	37	—	37	—	Short-term investments
Certificates of deposit	14	—	14	—	Short-term investments
Foreign currency derivatives	29	—	29	—	Other current assets and other assets
Deferred compensation plan assets <sup>(a)</sup>	23	23	—	—	Other assets
Total assets at fair value	\$ 1,413	\$ 1,115	\$ 298	\$ —	
Liabilities					
Foreign currency derivatives	\$ 65	\$ —	\$ 65	\$ —	Accrued and other current liabilities and other liabilities
Deferred compensation plan liabilities <sup>(a)</sup>	24	24	—	—	Other liabilities
Total liabilities at fair value	\$ 89	\$ 24	\$ 65	\$ —	

	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using				
	As of March 31, 2022	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Financial Instruments (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance Sheet Classification
Assets					
Bank and time deposits	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ —	\$ —	Cash equivalents
Money market funds	257	257	—	—	Cash equivalents
Available-for-sale securities:					
Corporate bonds	116	—	116	—	Short-term investments and cash equivalents
U.S. Treasury securities	104	104	—	—	Short-term investments and cash equivalents
Commercial paper	51	—	51	—	Short-term investments and cash equivalents
Foreign government securities	17	—	17	—	Short-term investments
Asset-backed securities	38	—	38	—	Short-term investments
Certificates of deposit	18	—	18	—	Short-term investments
Foreign currency derivatives	63	—	63	—	Other current assets and other assets
Deferred compensation plan assets <sup>(a)</sup>	21	21	—	—	Other assets
Total assets at fair value	<u>\$ 740</u>	<u>\$ 437</u>	<u>\$ 303</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	
Liabilities					
Foreign currency derivatives	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ 14	\$ —	Accrued and other current liabilities and other liabilities
Deferred compensation plan liabilities <sup>(a)</sup>	22	22	—	—	Other liabilities
Total liabilities at fair value	<u>\$ 36</u>	<u>\$ 22</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	

(a) The Deferred Compensation Plan consists of various mutual funds. See [Note 15](#) for additional information regarding our Deferred Compensation Plan.

#### (4) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

##### *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, our cash and cash equivalents were \$2,424 million and \$2,732 million, respectively. Cash equivalents were valued using quoted market prices or other readily available market information.

##### *Short-Term Investments*

Short-term investments consisted of the following as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2023				As of March 31, 2022			
	Cost or Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized		Fair Value	Cost or Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized		Fair Value
		Gains	Losses			Gains	Losses	
Corporate bonds	\$ 114	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ 113	\$ 117	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ 116
U.S. Treasury securities	80	—	—	80	103	—	(1)	102
U.S. agency securities	25	—	—	25	—	—	—	—
Commercial paper	63	—	—	63	39	—	—	39
Foreign government securities	11	—	—	11	17	—	—	17
Asset-backed securities	37	—	—	37	38	—	—	38
Certificates of deposit	14	—	—	14	18	—	—	18
Short-term investments	<u>\$ 344</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ 343</u>	<u>\$ 332</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (2)</u>	<u>\$ 330</u>

The following table summarizes the amortized cost and fair value of our short-term investments, classified by stated maturity as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2023		As of March 31, 2022	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Short-term investments				
Due within 1 year	\$ 267	\$ 266	\$ 250	\$ 249
Due 1 year through 5 years	72	72	77	76
Due after 5 years	5	5	5	5
Short-term investments	<u>\$ 344</u>	<u>\$ 343</u>	<u>\$ 332</u>	<u>\$ 330</u>



## (5) DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Assets or liabilities associated with our derivative instruments and hedging activities are recorded at fair value in other current assets/other assets, or accrued and other current liabilities/other liabilities, respectively, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. As discussed below, the accounting for gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value depends on the use of the derivative instrument and whether it is designated and qualifies for hedge accounting.

We transact business in various foreign currencies and have significant international sales and expenses denominated in foreign currencies, subjecting us to foreign currency risk. We purchase foreign currency forward contracts, generally with maturities of 18 months or less, to reduce the volatility of cash flows primarily related to forecasted revenue and expenses denominated in certain foreign currencies. Our cash flow risks are primarily related to fluctuations in the Euro, British pound sterling, Canadian dollar, Swedish krona, Australian dollar, Japanese yen, Chinese yuan, South Korean won and Polish zloty. In addition, we utilize foreign currency forward contracts to mitigate foreign currency exchange risk associated with foreign-currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities, primarily intercompany receivables and payables. The foreign currency forward contracts not designated as hedging instruments generally have a contractual term of approximately three months or less and are transacted near month-end. We do not use foreign currency forward contracts for speculative trading purposes.

### *Cash Flow Hedging Activities*

Certain of our forward contracts are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges. To qualify for hedge accounting treatment, all hedging relationships are formally documented at the inception of the hedges and must be highly effective in offsetting changes to future cash flows on hedged transactions. The derivative assets or liabilities associated with our hedging activities are recorded at fair value in other current assets/other assets, or accrued and other current liabilities/other liabilities, respectively, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair value of these hedges is initially reported, net of tax, as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity. The gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair value of these hedges are subsequently reclassified into net revenue or research and development expenses, as appropriate, in the period when the forecasted transaction is recognized in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. In the event that the underlying forecasted transactions do not occur, or it becomes remote that they will occur within the defined hedge period, the gains or losses on the related cash flow hedges are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net revenue or research and development expenses, in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Total gross notional amounts and fair values for currency derivatives with cash flow hedge accounting designation are as follows (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2023			As of March 31, 2022		
	Notional Amount	Fair Value		Notional Amount	Fair Value	
		Asset	Liability		Asset	Liability
Forward contracts to purchase	\$ 371	\$ 2	\$ 9	\$ 375	\$ 4	\$ 3
Forward contracts to sell	\$ 2,255	\$ 23	\$ 46	\$ 1,829	\$ 52	\$ 6

The effects of cash flow hedge accounting in our Consolidated Statements of Operations for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are as follows (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
	Net revenue	Research and development	Net revenue	Research and development	Net revenue	Research and development
Total amounts presented in our Consolidated Statements of Operations in which the effects of cash flow hedges are recorded	\$ 7,426	\$ 2,328	\$ 6,991	\$ 2,186	\$ 5,629	\$ 1,778
Gains (losses) on foreign currency forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges	\$ 185	\$ (18)	\$ (14)	\$ 12	\$ (30)	\$ 4

### *Balance Sheet Hedging Activities*

Our foreign currency forward contracts that are not designated as hedging instruments are accounted for as derivatives whereby the fair value of the contracts are reported as other current assets or accrued and other current liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, and gains and losses resulting from changes in the fair value are reported in interest and other income (expense), net, in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. The gains and losses on these foreign currency forward contracts generally offset the gains and losses in the underlying foreign-currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities, which are also reported in interest and other income (expense), net, in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Total gross notional amounts and fair values for currency derivatives that are not designated as hedging instruments are accounted for as follows (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2023			As of March 31, 2022		
	Notional Amount	Fair Value		Notional Amount	Fair Value	
		Asset	Liability		Asset	Liability
Forward contracts to purchase	\$ 504	\$ 4	\$ —	\$ 496	\$ 6	\$ —
Forward contracts to sell	\$ 587	\$ —	\$ 10	\$ 400	\$ 1	\$ 5

The effect of foreign currency forward contracts not designated as hedging instruments in our Consolidated Statements of Operations for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, was as follows (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
	Interest and other income (expense), net					
Total amounts presented in our Consolidated Statements of Operations in which the effects of balance sheet hedges are recorded	\$	(6)	\$	(48)	\$	(29)
Gains (losses) on foreign currency forward contracts not designated as hedging instruments	\$	(29)	\$	21	\$	(19)

## (6) ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component, net of tax, for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are as follows (in millions):

	Unrealized Net Gains (Losses) on Available- for-Sale Securities	Unrealized Net Gains (Losses) on Derivative Instruments	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Total
Balances as of March 31, 2020	\$ (4)	\$ 39	\$ (85)	\$ (50)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	5	(94)	64	(25)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(1)	26	—	25
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	4	(68)	64	—
Balances as of March 31, 2021	\$ —	\$ (29)	\$ (21)	\$ (50)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(3)	74	(8)	63
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	—	2	—	2
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(3)	76	(8)	65
Balances as of March 31, 2022	\$ (3)	\$ 47	\$ (29)	\$ 15
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	1	133	(50)	84
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	1	(167)	—	(166)
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	2	(34)	(50)	(82)
Balances as of March 31, 2023	\$ (1)	\$ 13	\$ (79)	\$ (67)

The effects on net income of amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were as follows (in millions):

Statement of Operations Classification	Amount Reclassified From Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		
	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
(Gains) losses on available-for-sale securities:			
Interest and other income (expense), net	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ (1)
Total, net of tax	1	—	(1)
(Gains) losses on foreign currency forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges			
Net revenue	(185)	14	30
Research and development	18	(12)	(4)
Total, net of tax	(167)	2	26
Total net (gain) loss reclassified, net of tax	\$ (166)	\$ 2	\$ 25

## (7) GOODWILL AND ACQUISITION-RELATED INTANGIBLES, NET

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 are as follows (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2022	Activity	Effects of Foreign Currency Translation	As of March 31, 2023
Goodwill	\$ 5,755	\$ —	\$ (7)	\$ 5,748
Accumulated impairment	(368)	—	—	(368)
Total	\$ 5,387	\$ —	\$ (7)	\$ 5,380

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 are as follows (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2021	Activity	Effects of Foreign Currency Translation	As of March 31, 2022
Goodwill	\$ 3,236	\$ 2,519	\$ —	\$ 5,755
Accumulated impairment	(368)	—	—	(368)
Total	\$ 2,868	\$ 2,519	\$ —	\$ 5,387

Acquisition-related intangibles consisted of the following (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2023			As of March 31, 2022		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Acquisition- Related Intangibles, Net	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Acquisition- Related Intangibles, Net
<b>Finite-lived acquisition-related intangibles</b>						
Developed and core technology	\$ 1,051	\$ (754)	\$ 297	\$ 1,102	\$ (643)	\$ 459
Trade names and trademarks	596	(285)	311	609	(212)	397
Registered user base and other intangibles	56	(50)	6	56	(30)	26
Total finite-lived acquisition-related intangibles	\$ 1,703	\$ (1,089)	\$ 614	\$ 1,767	\$ (885)	\$ 882
<b>Indefinite-lived acquisition-related intangibles</b>						
In-process research and development	\$ 4	\$ —	\$ 4	\$ 80	\$ —	\$ 80
Total acquisition-related intangibles, net	\$ 1,707	\$ (1,089)	\$ 618	\$ 1,847	\$ (885)	\$ 962

Amortization of intangibles, including impairments, for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are classified in the Consolidated Statements of Operations as follows (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Cost of revenue	\$ 120	\$ 133	\$ 4
Operating expenses	158	183	30
Restructuring	66	—	—
Total	\$ 344	\$ 316	\$ 34

During fiscal year 2023, we recorded impairment charges of \$106 million for acquisition-related intangible assets, of which \$66 million was recorded within restructuring, \$28 million was recorded within operating expenses, and \$12 million was recorded within cost of revenue. See [Note 8 — Restructuring Activities](#) for additional information on the impairment charge related to our 2023 Restructuring Plan.

During fiscal year 2022, we recorded impairment charges of \$45 million for acquisition-related intangible assets, of which \$34 million was recorded within operating expenses and \$11 million was recorded within cost of revenue. During fiscal year 2021, there were no impairment charges for acquisition-related intangible assets.

Acquisition-related intangible assets are generally amortized using the straight-line method over the lesser of their estimated useful lives or the agreement terms, currently ranging from 2 to 7 years. As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, the weighted-average remaining useful life for acquisition-related intangible assets was approximately 4.8 and 5.2 years years, respectively.

As of March 31, 2023, future amortization of finite-lived acquisition-related intangibles that will be recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations is estimated as follows (in millions):

<b>Fiscal Year Ending March 31,</b>		
2024	\$	150
2025		122
2026		118
2027		99
2028		96
Thereafter		29
Total	\$	614

## (8) RESTRUCTURING ACTIVITIES

In fiscal year 2023, we announced a restructuring plan (the “2023 Restructuring Plan” or the “Plan”) focused on prioritizing investments to our growth opportunities and optimizing our real estate portfolio. The Plan includes actions driven by portfolio rationalization including headcount reductions, in addition to office space reductions. The actions associated with the Plan are expected to be substantially completed by September 30, 2023.

Under this plan, we estimate that we will incur approximately \$170 million to \$200 million in charges, consisting primarily of:

- A \$66 million impairment charge related to an acquisition-related in-process research & development intangible asset as part of our portfolio rationalization activities;
- \$55 million to \$65 million related to employee severance and employee-related costs;
- \$45 million to \$55 million associated with office space reductions; and
- \$5 million to \$10 million of other charges, including contract cancellations.

Restructuring activities as of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 was as follows (in millions):

	Acquisition-Related Intangibles Impairments and Other Charges <sup>(a)</sup>	Workforce <sup>(a)</sup>	Office Space Reductions <sup>(b)</sup>	Total
Charges to operations	\$ 68	\$ 43	\$ 44	\$ 155
Charges settled in cash	—	(10)	—	(10)
Non-cash items	(66)	—	(44)	(110)
Liability as of March 31, 2023	\$ 2	\$ 33	\$ —	\$ 35

(a) Charges are recorded within Restructuring in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

(b) Charges are recorded within General and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

The restructuring liability of \$35 million as of March 31, 2023, is included in accrued and other current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. See [Note 13 — Leases](#) for additional information on our office space reduction activities, and remaining lease liabilities associated with those activities continue to be recognized and disclosed in that note.

## (9) ROYALTIES AND LICENSES

Our royalty expenses consist of payments to (1) content licensors, (2) independent software developers, and (3) co-publishing and distribution affiliates. Content license royalties consist of payments made to celebrities, professional sports organizations, movie studios and other organizations for our use of their trademarks, copyrights, personal publicity rights, content and/or other intellectual property. Royalty payments to independent software developers are payments for the development of intellectual property related to our games. Co-publishing and distribution royalties are payments made to third parties for the delivery of products.

During fiscal years 2023, 2022 and 2021, we did not recognize any material losses or impairment charges on royalty-based commitments.

The current and long-term portions of prepaid royalties and minimum guaranteed royalty-related assets, included in other current assets and other assets, consisted of (in millions):

	As of March 31,	
	2023	2022
Other current assets	\$ 105	\$ 35
Other assets	31	28
Royalty-related assets	<u>\$ 136</u>	<u>\$ 63</u>

At any given time, depending on the timing of our payments to our co-publishing and/or distribution affiliates, content licensors, and/or independent software developers, we classify any recognized unpaid royalty amounts due to these parties as accrued liabilities. The current and long-term portions of accrued royalties, included in accrued and other current liabilities and other liabilities, consisted of (in millions):

	As of March 31,	
	2023	2022
Accrued and other current liabilities	\$ 208	\$ 203
Other liabilities	—	3
Royalty-related liabilities	<u>\$ 208</u>	<u>\$ 206</u>

As of March 31, 2023, we were committed to pay approximately \$2,011 million to content licensors, independent software developers, and co-publishing and/or distribution affiliates, but performance remained with the counterparty (i.e., delivery of the product or content or other factors) and such commitments were therefore not recorded in our Consolidated Financial Statements. See [Note 14](#) for further information on our developer and licensor commitments.

## (10) BALANCE SHEET DETAILS

### *Property and Equipment, Net*

Property and equipment, net, as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 consisted of (in millions):

	As of March 31,	
	2023	2022
Computer, equipment and software	\$ 892	\$ 853
Buildings	369	375
Leasehold improvements	186	202
Equipment, furniture and fixtures, and other	92	95
Land	66	66
Construction in progress	11	30
	1,616	1,621
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,067)	(1,071)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 549	\$ 550

Depreciation expense associated with property and equipment was \$193 million, \$162 million and \$138 million for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

### *Accrued and Other Current Liabilities*

Accrued and other current liabilities as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 consisted of (in millions):

	As of March 31,	
	2023	2022
Accrued compensation and benefits	\$ 436	\$ 500
Accrued royalties	208	203
Deferred net revenue (other)	103	156
Operating lease liabilities (See <a href="#">Note 13</a> )	66	81
Other accrued expenses	382	304
Sales returns and price protection reserves	90	144
Accrued and other current liabilities	\$ 1,285	\$ 1,388

Deferred net revenue (other) includes the deferral of licensing arrangements, subscription revenue, and other revenue for which revenue recognition criteria has not been met.

### *Deferred net revenue*

Deferred net revenue as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, consisted of (in millions):

	As of March 31,	
	2023	2022
Deferred net revenue (online-enabled games)	\$ 1,901	\$ 2,024
Deferred net revenue (other)	103	156
Deferred net revenue (noncurrent)	67	68
Total deferred net revenue	\$ 2,071	\$ 2,248

During the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, we recognized \$2,176 million and \$1,613 million of revenue, respectively, that were included in the deferred net revenue balance at the beginning of the period.



***Remaining Performance Obligations***

As of March 31, 2023, revenue allocated to remaining performance obligations consists of our deferred revenue balance of \$2,071 million. These balances exclude any estimates for future variable consideration as we have elected the optional exemption to exclude sales-based royalty revenue. We expect to recognize substantially all of the current portion of deferred net revenue as revenue over the next 12 months.

## (11) INCOME TAXES

The components of our income before provision for income taxes for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are as follows (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Domestic	\$ 315	\$ 204	\$ 299
Foreign	1,011	877	718
Income before provision for income taxes	<u>\$ 1,326</u>	<u>\$ 1,081</u>	<u>\$ 1,017</u>

Provision for income taxes for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 consisted of (in millions):

	Current	Deferred	Total
Year Ended March 31, 2023			
Federal	\$ 570	\$ (339)	\$ 231
State	92	(76)	16
Foreign	75	202	277
	<u>\$ 737</u>	<u>\$ (213)</u>	<u>\$ 524</u>
Year Ended March 31, 2022			
Federal	\$ 203	\$ (190)	\$ 13
State	36	(26)	10
Foreign	381	(112)	269
	<u>\$ 620</u>	<u>\$ (328)</u>	<u>\$ 292</u>
Year Ended March 31, 2021			
Federal	\$ 251	\$ (26)	\$ 225
State	24	(2)	22
Foreign	47	(114)	(67)
	<u>\$ 322</u>	<u>\$ (142)</u>	<u>\$ 180</u>

The differences between the statutory tax rate and our effective tax rate, expressed as a percentage of income before provision for income taxes, for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Statutory federal tax expense rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
State taxes, net of federal benefit	1.1 %	1.9 %	1.7 %
Differences between statutory rate and foreign effective tax rate	7.6 %	6.8 %	7.0 %
Excess tax benefit from equity compensation	(0.3)%	(1.2)%	(2.7)%
Research and development credits	(3.0)%	(2.8)%	(2.4)%
Swiss valuation allowance	8.9 %	2.7 %	(10.1)%
Acquired IP intra-entity sales	— %	(5.9)%	— %
Non-deductible stock-based compensation	3.2 %	3.8 %	3.3 %
Other	1.0 %	0.7 %	(0.1)%
Effective tax rate	<u>39.5 %</u>	<u>27.0 %</u>	<u>17.7 %</u>

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, we recognized a \$118 million tax charge to increase the valuation allowance on Swiss deferred tax assets, primarily as a result of an increase in Swiss interest rates.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, we completed intra-entity sales of intellectual property rights related to acquisitions to our U.S. and Swiss intellectual property owners (the “Acquired IP intra-entity sales”). The transactions resulted in overall taxable gains. Under U.S. GAAP, any profit resulting from the Acquired IP intra-entity sales was eliminated upon

consolidation. However, the transactions resulted in a step-up of the U.S. and Swiss tax-deductible basis in the transferred intellectual property rights and, accordingly, created a temporary difference between the book basis and the tax basis of such intellectual property rights. As a result, we recognized a \$64 million net tax benefit for the current and deferred tax impacts of the sales.

In addition, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, we recognized a \$29 million tax charge to increase the valuation allowance on Swiss deferred tax assets that are not more likely than not to be realized.

Our effective tax rate and resulting provision for income taxes for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 included a \$141 million tax benefit for changes in uncertain tax positions and the valuation allowance related to our Swiss deferred tax assets.

Our foreign subsidiaries are generally subject to U.S. tax, and to the extent earnings from these subsidiaries can be repatriated without a material tax cost, such earnings will not be indefinitely reinvested. As of March 31, 2023, approximately \$925 million of our cash and cash equivalents were domiciled in foreign tax jurisdictions. All of our foreign cash is available for repatriation without a material tax cost.

The components of net deferred tax assets, as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 consisted of (in millions):

	As of March 31,	
	2023	2022
Deferred tax assets:		
Accruals, reserves and other expenses	\$ 197	\$ 185
Tax credit carryforwards	218	198
Research and development capitalization	461	66
Stock-based compensation	39	43
Net operating loss and capital loss carryforwards	371	349
Swiss intra-entity tax asset	1,665	1,782
Total	2,951	2,623
Valuation allowance	(446)	(296)
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance	2,505	2,327
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Amortization and depreciation	(41)	(79)
Other	(3)	(7)
Total	(44)	(86)
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance and deferred tax liabilities	\$ 2,461	\$ 2,241

As of March 31, 2023, we have net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$2.6 billion of which approximately \$213 million is attributable to various acquired companies. The net operating loss carry forwards include \$2.3 billion related to Switzerland, \$99 million related to U.S. federal, and \$133 million related to California. Substantially all of these carryforwards, if not fully realized, will begin to expire in fiscal year 2027. Switzerland has a seven-year carryforward period and does not permit the carry back of losses. We also have U.S. federal credit carryforwards of \$12 million and California credit carryforwards of \$194 million. The California tax credit carryforwards can be carried forward indefinitely.

As of March 31, 2023, we maintained a total valuation allowance of \$446 million related to certain U.S. state deferred tax assets, Swiss deferred tax assets, and foreign capital loss carryovers, due to uncertainty about the future realization of these assets.

The total unrecognized tax benefits as of March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$867 million, \$636 million and \$584 million, respectively. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance of unrecognized tax benefits is summarized as follows (in millions):

Balance as of March 31, 2020	\$	983
Increases in unrecognized tax benefits related to prior year tax positions		12
Decreases in unrecognized tax benefits related to prior year tax positions		(444)
Increases in unrecognized tax benefits related to current year tax positions		55
Decreases in unrecognized tax benefits related to settlements with taxing authorities		(2)
Reductions in unrecognized tax benefits due to lapse of applicable statute of limitations		(27)
Changes in unrecognized tax benefits due to foreign currency translation		7
Balance as of March 31, 2021		584
Increases in unrecognized tax benefits related to prior year tax positions		5
Decreases in unrecognized tax benefits related to prior year tax positions		(21)
Increases in unrecognized tax benefits related to current year tax positions		139
Decreases in unrecognized tax benefits related to settlements with taxing authorities		(50)
Reductions in unrecognized tax benefits due to lapse of applicable statute of limitations		(18)
Changes in unrecognized tax benefits due to foreign currency translation		(3)
Balance as of March 31, 2022		636
Increases in unrecognized tax benefits related to current year tax positions		245
Decreases in unrecognized tax benefits related to settlements with taxing authorities		(2)
Reductions in unrecognized tax benefits due to lapse of applicable statute of limitations		(6)
Changes in unrecognized tax benefits due to foreign currency translation		(6)
Balance as of March 31, 2023	\$	867

As of March 31, 2023, approximately \$395 million of the unrecognized tax benefits would affect our effective tax rate, a portion of which would be impacted by a valuation allowance.

Interest and penalties related to estimated obligations for tax positions taken in our tax returns are recognized in income tax expense in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. The combined amount of accrued interest and penalties related to tax positions taken on our tax returns and included in non-current other liabilities was approximately \$54 million as of March 31, 2023 and \$36 million as of March 31, 2022.

We file income tax returns in the United States, including various state and local jurisdictions. As of March 31, 2023, our subsidiaries file tax returns in various foreign jurisdictions, including Switzerland, Canada, Sweden, Italy, France, Germany, and the United Kingdom. We remain subject to income tax examination by the IRS for fiscal years after 2017. In addition, as of the period ended March 31, 2023, we remain subject to income tax examination for several other jurisdictions including in Switzerland for fiscal years after 2013, Canada for fiscal years after 2015, Sweden for fiscal years after 2017, Italy for fiscal years after 2019, France for fiscal years after 2019, Germany for fiscal years after 2016, and the United Kingdom for fiscal years after 2021.

We are also currently under income tax examination in the United States for fiscal years 2018 through 2020 and Germany for fiscal years 2017 through 2019.

The timing and potential resolution of income tax examinations is highly uncertain. While we continue to measure our uncertain tax positions, the amounts ultimately paid, if any, upon resolution of the issues raised by the taxing authorities may differ materially from the amounts accrued.

In fiscal year 2021, the Supreme Court of the United States denied Altera’s appeal of the decision of the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals in *Altera Corp. v. Commissioner* (“the Altera Opinion”), resulting in a partial decrease of our unrecognized tax benefits. A complete resolution and settlement of the matters underlying the Altera Opinion is reasonably possible within the next 12 months, which would result in an additional reduction of our gross unrecognized tax benefits. However, it is uncertain whether a complete resolution and settlement of such matters would also result in resolution of all related and unrelated U.S. positions for all applicable years. Therefore, it is not possible to provide a range of potential outcomes associated with a reversal of our gross unrecognized tax benefits for Altera-related uncertain tax positions.

It is also reasonably possible that an additional immaterial reduction of unrecognized tax benefits may occur within the next 12 months, unrelated to the Altera Opinion, a portion of which would impact our effective tax rate. The actual amount could vary significantly depending on the ultimate timing and nature of any settlements and tax interpretations.

## (12) FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

### *Senior Notes*

In February 2021, we issued \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 1.85% Senior Notes due February 15, 2031 (the “2031 Notes”) and \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 2.95% Senior Notes due February 15, 2051 (the “2051 Notes”). Our proceeds were \$1,478 million, net of discount of \$6 million and issuance costs of \$16 million. Both the discount and issuance costs are being amortized to interest expense over the respective terms of the 2031 Notes and the 2051 Notes using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is 1.98% for the 2031 Notes and 3.04% for the 2051 Notes. Interest is payable semiannually in arrears, on February 15 and August 15 of each year.

In February 2016, we issued \$400 million aggregate principal amount of 4.80% Senior Notes due March 1, 2026 (the “2026 Notes”). Our proceeds were \$395 million, net of discount of \$1 million and issuance costs of \$4 million. Both the discount and issuance costs are being amortized to interest expense over the term of the 2026 Notes using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate was 4.97%. Interest is payable semiannually in arrears, on March 1 and September 1 of each year.

The carrying and fair values of the Senior Notes are as follows (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2023	As of March 31, 2022
Senior Notes:		
4.80% Senior Notes due 2026	\$ 400	\$ 400
1.85% Senior Notes due 2031	750	750
2.95% Senior Notes due 2051	750	750
Total principal amount	\$ 1,900	\$ 1,900
Unaccreted discount	(6)	(6)
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(14)	(16)
Net carrying value of Senior Notes	\$ 1,880	\$ 1,878
Fair value of Senior Notes (Level 2)	\$ 1,540	\$ 1,711

As of March 31, 2023, the remaining life of the 2026 Notes, 2031 Notes and 2051 Notes is approximately 2.9 years, 7.9 years, and 27.9 years, respectively.

The Senior Notes are senior unsecured obligations and rank equally with all our other existing and future unsubordinated obligations and any indebtedness that we may incur from time to time under our Credit Facility.

The 2026 Notes, 2031 Notes and 2051 Notes are redeemable at our option at any time prior to December 1, 2025, November 15, 2030, and August 15, 2050, respectively, subject to a make-whole premium. After such dates, we may redeem each such series of Notes, respectively, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, upon the occurrence of a change of control repurchase event, the holders of each such series of Notes may require us to repurchase all or a portion of these Notes, at a price equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of repurchase. Each such series of Notes also include covenants that limit our ability to incur liens on assets and to enter into sale and leaseback transactions, subject to certain allowances.

***Credit Facility***

On March 22, 2023, we entered into a \$500 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the “Credit Facility”) with a syndicate of banks. The Credit Facility terminates on March 22, 2028 unless the maturity is extended in accordance with its terms. The Credit Facility contains an option to arrange with existing lenders and/or new lenders to provide up to an aggregate of \$500 million in additional commitments for revolving loans. Proceeds of loans made under the Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes.

The loans denominated in U.S. dollars bear interest, at our option, at the base rate plus an applicable spread or at a forward-looking term rate based upon the secured overnight financing rate plus a credit spread adjustment of 0.10% per annum (the “Adjusted Term SOFR Rate”) plus an applicable spread, in each case with such spread based on our debt credit ratings. We are also obligated to pay other customary fees for a credit facility of this size and type. Interest is due and payable in arrears quarterly for loans bearing interest at the base rate and at the end of an interest period in the case of loans bearing interest at the Adjusted Term SOFR Rate. Principal, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, is due and payable on the maturity date, as such date may be extended in connection with the extension option. We may prepay the loans and terminate the commitments, in whole or in part, at any time without premium or penalty, subject to certain conditions.

The Credit Facility contains customary affirmative and negative covenants, including covenants that limit or restrict our ability to, among other things, incur subsidiary indebtedness, grant liens, and dispose of all or substantially all assets, in each case subject to customary exceptions for a credit facility of this size and type. We are also required to maintain compliance with a debt to EBITDA ratio. As of March 31, 2023, we were in compliance with the debt to EBITDA ratio.

The Credit Facility contains customary events of default, including among others, non-payment defaults, covenant defaults, cross-defaults to material indebtedness, bankruptcy and insolvency defaults, material judgment defaults and a change of control default, in each case, subject to customary exceptions for a credit facility of this size and type. The occurrence of an event of default could result in the acceleration of the obligations under the Credit Facility and an increase in the applicable interest rate.

As of March 31, 2023, no amounts were outstanding under the Credit Facility. \$2 million of debt issuance costs that were paid in connection with obtaining this credit facility are being amortized to interest expense over the 5-year term of the Credit Facility.

***Interest Expense***

The following table summarizes our interest expense recognized for fiscal years 2023, 2022 and 2021 that is included in interest and other income (expense), net on our Consolidated Statements of Operations (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Amortization of debt discount	\$ (1)	\$ (1)	\$ —
Amortization of debt issuance costs	(2)	(2)	(2)
Coupon interest expense	(55)	(55)	(43)
Total interest expense	<u>\$ (58)</u>	<u>\$ (58)</u>	<u>\$ (45)</u>

### (13) LEASES

Our leases primarily consist of facility leases for our offices and development studios, data centers, and server equipment, with remaining lease terms of up to 15 years. Our lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease. When it is reasonably certain that we will exercise those options, we include them in our measurement of lease payments and lease terms. Substantially all of our leases are classified as operating leases.

We determine if an arrangement is or contains a lease at contract inception. The contract is or contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. In determining if a contract is or contains a lease, we apply judgment whether the contract provides the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits, the right to direct, or control the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use.

Operating lease right-of-use (“ROU”) assets and liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of future lease payments over the lease term. In determining the present value of the future lease payments, we use our incremental borrowing rate as none of our leases provide an implicit rate. Our incremental borrowing rate is an assumed rate based on our credit rating, credit history, current economic environment, and the lease term. Operating lease ROU assets are further adjusted for any payments made, incentives received, and initial direct costs incurred prior to the commencement date.

Operating lease ROU assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term and recognized as lease expense within cost of revenue or operating expenses on our Consolidated Statements of Operations. Operating lease liabilities decrease by lease payments we make over the lease term. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet. When we commit to a plan to abandon an operating lease at a future date, the amortization of the operating lease ROU asset and depreciation of the associated leasehold improvements are accelerated based on the revised useful life of the operating lease.

Some of our operating leases contain lease and non-lease components. Non-lease components primarily include fixed payments for common area maintenance and utilities. We elected to account for lease and non-lease components as a single lease component. Variable lease and non-lease components are recognized on our Consolidated Statements of Operations as incurred.

The components of lease expenses for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 are as follows (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Operating lease costs	\$ 138	\$ 98	\$ 87
Variable lease costs	22	21	21
Short-term lease costs	7	2	2
Total lease expense	\$ 167	\$ 121	\$ 110

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, we recorded accelerated amortization of certain ROU Assets of \$34 million within the operating lease costs and accelerated depreciation of property, plant and equipment for \$10 million as part of our 2023 Restructuring Plan. See [Note 8 — Restructuring Activities](#) for additional information.

Supplemental cash and noncash information related to our operating leases for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 are as follows (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liability	\$ 97	\$ 97	\$ 85
ROU assets obtained in exchange for new lease obligations	\$ 97	\$ 150	\$ 90

Weighted average remaining lease term and discount rate at March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	At March 31, 2023	At March 31, 2022
Lease term	7.5 years	6.8 years
Discount rate	3.3 %	2.5 %



Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities recorded on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows (in millions):

	As of March 31,		Balance Sheet Classification
	2023	2022	
Operating lease ROU assets	\$ 276	\$ 314	Other assets
Operating lease liabilities	\$ 66	\$ 81	Accrued and other current liabilities
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	277	272	Other liabilities
Total operating lease liabilities	<u>\$ 343</u>	<u>\$ 353</u>	

Future minimum lease payments under operating leases as of March 31, 2023 were as follows (in millions):

**Fiscal Years Ending March 31,**

2024	\$ 73
2025	69
2026	56
2027	41
2028	32
Thereafter	116
Total future lease payments	<u>387</u>
Less imputed interest	(44)
Total operating lease liabilities	<u>\$ 343</u>

In addition to the amounts included in the table above, as of March 31, 2023, we have entered into an office lease that has not yet commenced with aggregate future lease payments of approximately \$98 million. This lease is expected to commence in fiscal year 2024, and will have a lease term of 12 years.

## (14) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### *Development, Celebrity, Professional Sports Organizations and Content Licenses: Payments and Commitments*

The products we produce in our studios are designed and created by our employee designers, artists, software programmers and by non-employee software developers (“independent artists” or “third-party developers”). We typically advance development funds to the independent artists and third-party developers during development of our games, usually in installment payments made upon the completion of specified development milestones. Contractually, these payments are generally considered advances against subsequent royalties on the sales of the products. These terms are set forth in written agreements entered into with the independent artists and third-party developers.

In addition, we have certain celebrity, professional sports organizations and content license contracts that contain minimum guarantee payments and marketing commitments to promote the games we publish that may not be dependent on any deliverables. These developer and content license commitments represent the sum of (1) the cash payments due under non-royalty-bearing licenses and services agreements and (2) the minimum guaranteed payments and advances against royalties due under royalty-bearing licenses and services agreements, the majority of which are conditional upon performance by the counterparty. These minimum guarantee payments and any related marketing commitments are included in the table below.

The following table summarizes our minimum contractual obligations as of March 31, 2023 (in millions):

	Fiscal Years Ending March 31,						
	Total	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Thereafter
Unrecognized commitments							
Developer/licensor commitments	\$ 2,011	\$ 349	\$ 480	\$ 434	\$ 384	\$ 146	\$ 218
Marketing commitments	971	256	245	197	154	67	52
Senior Notes interest	781	49	55	54	36	36	551
Operating lease imputed interest	44	10	8	7	5	4	10
Operating leases not yet commenced	98	—	3	8	8	8	71
Other purchase obligations	201	130	51	14	4	2	—
Total unrecognized commitments	4,106	794	842	714	591	263	902
Recognized commitments							
Senior Notes principal and interest	1,906	6	—	400	—	—	1,500
Operating leases	387	73	69	56	41	32	116
Transition Tax and other taxes	17	4	6	7	—	—	—
Total recognized commitments	2,310	83	75	463	41	32	1,616
Total Commitments	\$ 6,416	\$ 877	\$ 917	\$ 1,177	\$ 632	\$ 295	\$ 2,518

The unrecognized amounts represented in the table above reflect our minimum cash obligations for the respective fiscal years, but do not necessarily represent the periods in which they will be recognized and expensed in our Consolidated Financial Statements. In addition, the amounts in the table above are presented based on the dates the amounts are contractually due as of March 31, 2023; however, certain payment obligations may be accelerated depending on the performance of our operating results.

In addition to the amounts included in the table above, in our Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2023, we had a net liability for unrecognized tax benefits and an accrual for the payment of related interest totaling \$594 million, of which we are unable to make a reasonably reliable estimate of when cash settlement with a taxing authority will occur.

Subsequent to March 31, 2023, we entered into certain agreements with third parties which are not included in the table above, and contingently commit us to pay an additional \$125 million at various dates through fiscal year 2028.

### *Legal Proceedings*

We are subject to claims and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. We do not believe that any liability from any reasonably foreseeable disposition of such claims and litigation, individually or in the aggregate, would have a material adverse effect on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

## (15) STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION AND EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

### *Valuation Assumptions*

We recognize compensation cost for stock-based awards to employees based on the awards' estimated grant-date fair value using a straight-line approach over the service period for which such awards are expected to vest. We account for forfeitures as they occur.

The estimation of the fair value of market-based restricted stock units, stock options and ESPP purchase rights is affected by assumptions regarding subjective and complex variables. Generally, our assumptions are based on historical information and judgment is required to determine if historical trends may be indicators of future outcomes. We estimate the fair value of our stock-based awards as follows:

- *Restricted Stock Units and Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units.* The fair value of restricted stock units and performance-based restricted stock units (other than market-based restricted stock units) is determined based on the quoted market price of our common stock on the date of grant.
- *Market-Based Restricted Stock Units.* Market-based restricted stock units consist of grants of performance-based restricted stock units to certain members of executive management that vest contingent upon the achievement of pre-determined market and service conditions (referred to herein as "market-based restricted stock units"). The fair value of our market-based restricted stock units is estimated using a Monte-Carlo simulation model. Key assumptions for the Monte-Carlo simulation model are the risk-free interest rate, expected volatility, expected dividends and correlation coefficient.
- *Stock Options and Employee Stock Purchase Plan.* The fair value of stock options and stock purchase rights granted pursuant to our equity incentive plans and our 2000 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended ("ESPP"), respectively, is estimated using the Black-Scholes valuation model based on the multiple-award valuation method. Key assumptions of the Black-Scholes valuation model are the risk-free interest rate, expected volatility, expected term and expected dividends. The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S. Treasury yields in effect at the time of grant for the expected term of the option. Expected volatility is based on a combination of historical stock price volatility and implied volatility of publicly-traded options on our common stock. An expected term is estimated based on historical exercise behavior, post-vesting termination patterns, options outstanding and future expected exercise behavior.

There were an insignificant number of stock options granted during fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021.

The estimated assumptions used in the Black-Scholes valuation model to value our ESPP purchase rights were as follows:

	ESPP Purchase Rights		
	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Risk-free interest rate	3.1 - 5.0%	0.1 - 1.1%	0.1%
Expected volatility	27 - 31%	25 - 30%	32 - 39%
Weighted-average volatility	29%	27%	36%
Expected term	6 - 12 months	6 - 12 months	6 - 12 months
Expected dividends	0.8%	0.6 %	0.3 %

The assumptions used in the Monte-Carlo simulation model to value our market-based restricted stock units were as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Risk-free interest rate	3.3%	0.4 %	0.2%
Expected volatility	33 - 56%	24 - 76%	23 - 63%
Weighted-average volatility	43%	40%	37%
Expected dividends	None	None	None

## Summary of Plans and Plan Activity

### Equity Incentive Plans

We have equity awards outstanding under two incentive plans: our 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2019 Equity Plan”), as amended, and our 2000 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended (the “2000 Equity Plan”). Our 2019 Equity Plan allows us to grant options to purchase our common stock and to grant restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights to our employees, officers, and directors, up to a maximum of 29.5 million shares, plus any shares authorized for grant or subject to awards under the 2000 Equity Plan that are not delivered to participants for any reason. Pursuant to the 2019 Equity Plan, incentive stock options may be granted to employees and officers and non-qualified options may be granted to employees, officers, and directors, at not less than 100 percent of the fair market value on the date of grant.

Approximately 21.7 million options or 15.2 million restricted stock units were available for grant under our 2019 Equity Plan as of March 31, 2023.

### Stock Options

Options granted under the 2019 Equity Plan and the 2000 Equity Plan generally expire ten years from the date of grant. All outstanding options were fully vested and exercisable as of March 31, 2023.

The following table summarizes our stock option activity for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023:

	Options (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Exercise Prices	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)
Outstanding as of March 31, 2022	286	\$ 39.28		
Granted	4	123.23		
Exercised	(168)	40.10		
Forfeited, cancelled or expired	(1)	64.95		
Outstanding as of March 31, 2023	121	\$ 40.43	2.00	\$ 10
Vested and expected to vest	121	\$ 40.43	2.00	\$ 10
Exercisable as of March 31, 2023	120	\$ 40.25	1.99	\$ 10

The aggregate intrinsic value represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value based on our closing stock price as of March 31, 2023, which would have been received by the option holders had all the option holders exercised their options as of that date. The total intrinsic values of stock options exercised during fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$15 million, \$8 million, and \$76 million, respectively. We issue new common stock from our authorized shares upon the exercise of stock options.

### Restricted Stock Units

We grant restricted stock units under our 2019 Equity Plan to employees worldwide. Restricted stock units are unfunded, unsecured rights to receive common stock upon the satisfaction of certain vesting criteria. Upon vesting, a number of shares of common stock equivalent to the number of restricted stock units are typically issued net of required tax withholding requirements, if any. Restricted stock units are subject to forfeiture and transfer restrictions. Vesting for restricted stock units is based on the holders’ continued employment with us through each applicable vest date. If the vesting conditions are not met, unvested restricted stock units will be forfeited. Our restricted stock units generally vest over 35 months to four years.

Each restricted stock unit granted reduces the number of shares available for grant by 1.43 shares under our 2019 Equity Plan. The following table summarizes our restricted stock units activity, excluding performance-based and market-based restricted stock unit activity which is discussed below, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023:

	Restricted Stock Units (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Values
Outstanding as of March 31, 2022	6,682	\$ 129.57
Granted	5,391	126.41
Vested	(3,649)	126.50
Forfeited or cancelled	(922)	131.56
Outstanding as of March 31, 2023	7,502	\$ 128.54

The grant date fair value of restricted stock units is based on the quoted market price of our common stock on the date of grant. The weighted-average grant date fair values of restricted stock units granted during fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$126.41, \$136.78, and \$127.27 respectively. The fair values of restricted stock units that vested during fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$460 million, \$457 million, and \$420 million, respectively.

#### ***Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units***

Our performance-based restricted stock units vest upon the achievement of pre-determined performance-based milestones, including, but not limited to, management reporting milestones of net bookings and operating income metrics, as well as service conditions. If these performance-based milestones are not met but service conditions are met, the performance-based restricted stock units will not vest, in which case any compensation expense we have recognized to date will be reversed. Generally, the measurement periods of our performance-based restricted stock units are 3 to 4 years, with awards vesting after each annual measurement period or cliff-vesting after the completion of the total aggregate measurement period.

Each quarter, we update our assessment of the probability that the performance milestones will be achieved. We amortize the fair values of performance-based restricted stock units over the requisite service period. The performance-based restricted stock units contain threshold, target and maximum milestones for each performance-based milestone. The number of shares of common stock to be issued at vesting will range from zero to 200 percent of the target number of performance-based restricted stock units attributable to each performance-based milestone based on the company's performance as compared to these threshold, target and maximum performance-based milestones. Each performance-based milestone is weighted evenly and the number of shares that vest based on each performance-based milestone is independent from the other.

The following table summarizes our performance-based restricted stock unit activity, presented with the maximum number of shares that could potentially vest, for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023:

	Performance- Based Restricted Stock Units (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding as of March 31, 2022	190	\$ 142.60
Granted	509	127.98
Vested	(73)	142.60
Forfeited or cancelled	(69)	136.28
Outstanding as of March 31, 2023	557	\$ 130.03

The weighted-average grant date fair values of performance-based restricted stock units granted during fiscal years 2023 and 2022 were \$127.98 and \$140.48, respectively. The fair values of performance-based restricted stock units that vested during fiscal years 2023 and 2022 were \$9 million and \$38 million, respectively. There were no performance-based restricted stock units granted or vested during fiscal year 2021.

### ***Market-Based Restricted Stock Units***

Our market-based restricted stock units vest contingent upon the achievement of pre-determined market and service conditions. If these market conditions are not met but service conditions are met, the market-based restricted stock units will not vest; however, any compensation expense we have recognized to date will not be reversed. The number of shares of common stock to be issued at vesting will range from zero to 200 percent of the target number of market-based restricted stock units based on our total stockholder return (“TSR”) relative to the performance of companies in the Nasdaq-100 Index for each measurement period, over either a one-year, two-year cumulative and three-year cumulative period, a two-year and four-year cumulative period or a three-year period.

The following table summarizes our market-based restricted stock unit activity, presented with the maximum number of shares that could potentially vest, for the year ended March 31, 2023:

	<b>Market-Based Restricted Stock Units (in thousands)</b>	<b>Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value</b>
Outstanding as of March 31, 2022	1,321	\$ 134.69
Granted	178	176.70
Vested	(95)	114.97
Forfeited or cancelled	(582)	129.16
Outstanding as of March 31, 2023	822	\$ 149.98

The weighted-average grant date fair values of market-based restricted stock units granted during fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$176.70, \$170.44, and \$145.78, respectively. The fair values of market-based restricted stock units that vested during fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$12 million, \$37 million, and \$19 million, respectively.

### ***ESPP***

Pursuant to our ESPP, eligible employees may authorize payroll deductions of between 2 percent and 10 percent of their compensation to purchase shares of common stock at 85 percent of the lower of the market price of our common stock on the date of commencement of the applicable offering period or on the last day of each six-month purchase period.

The following table summarizes our ESPP activity for fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021:

	<b>Shares Issued (in millions)</b>	<b>Exercise Prices for Purchase Rights</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Fair Values of Purchase Rights</b>
Fiscal Year 2021	0.7	\$74.70 - \$119.37	\$ 29.80
Fiscal Year 2022	0.6	\$113.39 - \$118.14	\$ 35.94
Fiscal Year 2023	0.7	\$96.34 - \$111.86	\$ 33.91

The fair values were estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes valuation model. We issue new common stock out of the ESPP’s pool of authorized shares. As of March 31, 2023, 3.5 million shares were available for grant under our ESPP.

### ***Stock-Based Compensation Expense***

The following table summarizes stock-based compensation expense resulting from stock options, restricted stock units, market-based restricted stock units, performance-based restricted stock units, and the ESPP purchase rights included in our Consolidated Statements of Operations (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Cost of revenue	\$ 7	\$ 6	\$ 5
Research and development	367	356	285
Marketing and sales	59	54	46
General and administrative	115	112	99
Stock-based compensation expense	<u>\$ 548</u>	<u>\$ 528</u>	<u>\$ 435</u>

During the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, we recognized \$72 million, \$68 million, and \$56 million, respectively, of deferred income tax benefit related to our stock-based compensation expense.

As of March 31, 2023, our total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options, restricted stock units, market-based restricted stock units, and performance-based restricted stock units was \$740 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average service period of 1.8 years. Of the \$740 million of unrecognized compensation cost, \$714 million relates to restricted stock units, \$19 million relates to market-based restricted stock units, and \$7 million relates to performance-based restricted stock units.

### ***Deferred Compensation Plan***

We have a Deferred Compensation Plan (“DCP”) for the benefit of a select group of management or highly compensated employees and directors, which is unfunded and intended to be a plan that is not qualified within the meaning of section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The DCP permits the deferral of the annual base salary and/or director cash compensation up to a maximum amount. The deferrals are held in a separate trust, which has been established by us to administer the DCP. The trust is a grantor trust and the specific terms of the trust agreement provide that the assets of the trust are available to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the event of our insolvency. The assets held by the trust are classified as trading securities and are held at fair value on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The assets and liabilities of the DCP are presented in other assets and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, respectively, with changes in the fair value of the assets and in the deferred compensation liability recognized as compensation expense. The estimated fair value of the assets was \$23 million and \$21 million as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, \$24 million and \$22 million were recorded, respectively, to recognize undistributed deferred compensation due to employees.

### ***401(k) Plan, Registered Retirement Savings Plan and ITP Plan***

We have a 401(k) plan covering substantially all of our U.S. employees, a Registered Retirement Savings Plan covering substantially all of our Canadian employees, and an ITP pension plan covering substantially all our Swedish employees. These plans may permit us to make discretionary contributions to employees’ accounts based on our financial performance. We contributed an aggregate of \$42 million, \$41 million, and \$40 million to these plans in fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

### ***Stock Repurchase Program***

In May 2018, a Special Committee of our Board of Directors, on behalf of the full Board of Directors, authorized a program to repurchase up to \$2.4 billion of our common stock. We completed repurchases under the May 2018 program in April 2020.

In November 2020, our Board of Directors authorized a program to repurchase up to \$2.6 billion of our common stock. We completed repurchases under the November 2020 program in October 2022.

In August 2022, our Board of Directors authorized a program to repurchase up to \$2.6 billion of our common stock. This stock repurchase program expires on November 4, 2024. Under this program, we may purchase stock in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions in accordance with applicable securities laws, including pursuant to pre-arranged stock trading plans. The timing and actual amount of the stock repurchases will depend on several factors including price, capital availability, regulatory requirements, alternative investment opportunities and other market conditions. We are not obligated to repurchase a specific number of shares under this program and it may be modified, suspended or discontinued at any time. We are actively repurchasing shares under this program.

The following table summarizes total shares repurchased during fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021:

(In millions)	May 2018 Program		November 2020 Program		August 2022 Program		Total	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Fiscal Year 2021	0.7	\$ 78	4.9	\$ 651	—	\$ —	5.6	\$ 729
Fiscal Year 2022	—	\$ —	9.5	\$ 1,300	—	\$ —	9.5	\$ 1,300
Fiscal Year 2023	—	\$ —	5.1	\$ 650	5.3	\$ 645	10.4	\$ 1,295



**(16) INTEREST AND OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), NET**

Interest and other income (expense), net, for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 consisted of (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Interest expense	(58)	(58)	(45)
Interest income	49	4	24
Net gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions	31	(22)	9
Net gain (loss) on foreign currency forward contracts	(29)	21	(19)
Other income (expense), net	1	7	2
Interest and other income (expense), net	<u>\$ (6)</u>	<u>\$ (48)</u>	<u>\$ (29)</u>

## (17) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table summarizes the computations of basic earnings per share (“Basic EPS”) and diluted earnings per share (“Diluted EPS”). Basic EPS is computed as net income divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur from common shares issuable through stock-based compensation plans including stock options, restricted stock units, market-based restricted stock units, performance-based restricted stock units, and ESPP purchase rights using the treasury stock method.

(In millions, except per share amounts)	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Net income	\$ 802	\$ 789	\$ 837
Shares used to compute earnings per share:			
Weighted-average common stock outstanding — basic	277	284	289
Dilutive potential common shares related to stock award plans	1	2	3
Weighted-average common stock outstanding — diluted	278	286	292
Earnings per share:			
Basic	\$ 2.90	\$ 2.78	\$ 2.90
Diluted	\$ 2.88	\$ 2.76	\$ 2.87

Certain restricted stock units, market-based restricted stock units and performance-based restricted stock units were excluded from the treasury stock method computation of diluted shares as their inclusion would have had an antidilutive effect. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, two million such shares were excluded, and for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, one million and two million such shares were excluded, respectively.

## (18) SEGMENT AND REVENUE INFORMATION

Our reporting segment is based upon: our internal organizational structure; the manner in which our operations are managed; the criteria used by our Chief Executive Officer, our Chief Operating Decision Maker (“CODM”), to evaluate segment performance; the availability of separate financial information; and overall materiality considerations. Our CODM currently reviews total company operating results to assess overall performance and allocate resources. As of March 31, 2023, we have only one reportable segment, which represents our only operating segment.

Information about our total net revenue by timing of recognition for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 is presented below (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
<b>Net revenue by timing of recognition</b>			
Revenue recognized at a point in time	\$ 2,389	\$ 2,326	\$ 2,006
Revenue recognized over time	5,037	4,665	3,623
Net revenue	<u>\$ 7,426</u>	<u>\$ 6,991</u>	<u>\$ 5,629</u>

Generally, performance obligations that are recognized upfront upon transfer of control are classified as revenue recognized at a point in time, while performance obligations that are recognized over either the estimated offering period, contractual term or subscription period as the services are provided are classified as revenue recognized over time.

*Revenue recognized at a point in time* includes revenue allocated to the software license performance obligation. This also includes revenue from the licensing of software to third-parties.

*Revenue recognized over time* includes service revenue allocated to the future update rights and the online hosting performance obligations. This also includes service revenue allocated to the future update rights from the licensing of software to third-parties, online-hosted services such as our *Ultimate Team* game mode, and subscription services.

Information about our total net revenue by composition for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 is presented below (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
<b>Net revenue by composition</b>			
Full game downloads	\$ 1,262	\$ 1,282	\$ 918
Packaged goods	675	711	695
Full game	<u>1,937</u>	<u>1,993</u>	<u>1,613</u>
Live services and other	5,489	4,998	4,016
Net revenue	<u>\$ 7,426</u>	<u>\$ 6,991</u>	<u>\$ 5,629</u>

Full game net revenue includes full game downloads and packaged goods. Full game downloads primarily includes revenue from digital sales of full games on console, PC, mobile phones and tablets. Packaged goods primarily includes revenue from software that is sold physically through traditional channels such as brick and mortar retailers and certain licensing revenue.

Live services and other net revenue primarily includes revenue from sales of extra content for console, PC, and mobile games, certain licensing revenue, subscriptions, and advertising.

Information about our total net revenue by platform for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 is presented below (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
<b>Platform net revenue</b>			
Console	\$ 4,443	\$ 4,400	\$ 3,716
PC and other	1,729	1,532	1,195
Mobile	1,254	1,059	718
Net revenue	<u>\$ 7,426</u>	<u>\$ 6,991</u>	<u>\$ 5,629</u>

Information about our operations in North America and internationally for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 is presented below (in millions):

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
<b>Net revenue from unaffiliated customers</b>			
North America	\$ 3,151	\$ 3,039	\$ 2,474
International	4,275	3,952	3,155
Net revenue	<u>\$ 7,426</u>	<u>\$ 6,991</u>	<u>\$ 5,629</u>

	As of March 31,	
	2023	2022
<b>Long-lived assets</b>		
North America	\$ 445	\$ 446
International	104	104
Total	<u>\$ 549</u>	<u>\$ 550</u>

We attribute net revenue from external customers to individual countries based on the location of the legal entity that sells the products and/or services. Note that revenue attributed to the legal entity that makes the sale is often not the country where the consumer resides. For example, revenue generated by our Swiss legal entity includes digital revenue from consumers who reside outside of Switzerland, including consumers who reside outside of Europe. Revenue generated by our Swiss legal entity during fiscal years 2023, 2022, and 2021 represents \$4,085 million, \$3,423 million and \$2,731 million or 55 percent, 49 percent and 49 percent of our total net revenue, respectively. Revenue generated in the United States represents over 99 percent of our total North America net revenue. There were no other countries with net revenue greater than 10 percent.

In fiscal year 2023, our direct sales to Sony and Microsoft represented approximately 32 percent and 16 percent of total net revenue, respectively. In fiscal year 2022, our direct sales to Sony and Microsoft represented approximately 33 percent and 16 percent of total net revenue, respectively. In fiscal year 2021, our direct sales to Sony and Microsoft represented approximately 36 percent and 18 percent of total net revenue, respectively.

## **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors  
Electronic Arts Inc.:

### *Opinions on the Consolidated Financial Statements and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Electronic Arts Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of April 1, 2023 and April 2, 2022, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the fiscal years in the three fiscal year period ended April 1, 2023, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of April 1, 2023, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of April 1, 2023 and April 2, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the fiscal years in the three fiscal year period ended April 1, 2023, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of April 1, 2023 based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

### *Basis for Opinions*

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

### *Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

*Critical Audit Matter*

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

*Assessment of the estimated offering period*

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, revenue for transactions that include future update rights and/or online hosting performance obligations are subject to deferral and recognized over the Estimated Offering Period. Determining the Estimated Offering Period is inherently subjective because it is not an explicitly defined period. The Company's determination of the Estimated Offering Period considers the following factors:

- the average period of time customers are online
- for physical games sold at retail, the period of time between the date a game unit is sold to a reseller and the date the reseller sells the game unit to the customer
- known and expected online gameplay trends
- disclosed service periods for competitors' games.

The Company reported net revenue of \$7,426 million for the year-ended April 1, 2023 and deferred net revenue of \$2,071 million as of April 1, 2023.

We identified the assessment of the Estimated Offering Period as a critical audit matter. A high degree of audit effort and subjective and complex auditor judgment was required to evaluate the sufficiency of audit evidence obtained over the Estimated Offering Period, including whether historical experience and other qualitative factors, such as those described above, are indicative of the time period during which the Company's games and extra content are played by its customers.

The following are the primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls over the Company's process to determine the Estimated Offering Period, including controls over the factors noted above and the Company's review of the Estimated Offering Period concluded for use in recognizing revenue. We evaluated the model the Company used to develop the Estimated Offering Period against the accounting requirements and for potential management bias. We computed the average period of time customers are online as well as the period of time between the date a game unit is sold to a reseller and the date the reseller sells the game unit to the customer by using the Company's internal data. We compared the results of these computations against the periods used by the Company in its Estimated Offering Period model. We obtained disclosed service periods for competitors' games and compared them against the data used by the Company. We compared known and expected online gameplay trends used in the determination of the Estimated Offering Period to historical Company information and publicly available industry information. We performed a sensitivity analysis over the Company's Estimated Offering Period to assess the impact of potential changes in the Estimated Offering Period on revenue. We assessed the sufficiency of evidence obtained related to the Estimated Offering Period by evaluating the results of the procedures performed.

/s/ KPMG LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 1987.

Santa Clara, California  
May 24, 2023

**Item 9: *Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure***

Not applicable.

**Item 9A: *Controls and Procedures***

**Definition and Limitations of Disclosure Controls**

Our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act, such as this report, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our management evaluates these controls and procedures on an ongoing basis.

There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures. These limitations include the possibility of human error, the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures and reasonable resource constraints. In addition, because we have designed our system of controls based on certain assumptions, which we believe are reasonable, about the likelihood of future events, our system of controls may not achieve its desired purpose under all possible future conditions. Accordingly, our disclosure controls and procedures provide reasonable assurance, but not absolute assurance, of achieving their objectives.

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, after evaluating the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, believe that as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in providing the requisite reasonable assurance that material information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding the required disclosure.

**Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act.

Our internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of internal control over financial reporting. These limitations include the possibility of human error, the circumvention or overriding of the system and reasonable resource constraints. Because of its inherent limitations, our internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risks that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with our policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of the end of our most recently completed fiscal year. In making its assessment, management used the criteria set forth in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013)*, issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on this assessment, our management has concluded that, as of the end of our most recently completed fiscal year, our internal control over financial reporting was effective and provided a reasonable level of assurance.

KPMG LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, has issued an auditors' report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. That report appears on Page 81.

**Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There has been no change in our internal controls over financial reporting identified in connection with our evaluation that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2023 that has materially affected or is reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

**Item 9B: *Other Information***

None.

**Item 9C: *Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections***

Not Applicable.



## PART III

### **Item 10: *Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance***

The information required by Item 10, other than the information regarding executive officers, which is included in Part I, Item 1 of this report, is incorporated herein by reference to the information to be included in our 2023 Proxy under the headings “Proxy Highlights”, “Board of Directors and Corporate Governance” and, as applicable, “Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports.

### **Item 11: *Executive Compensation***

The information required by Item 11 is incorporated herein by reference to the information to be included in the 2023 Proxy under the headings “Director Compensation”, “Compensation Discussion & Analysis” and “Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation.”

### **Item 12: *Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters***

The information required by Item 12 is incorporated herein by reference to the information to be included in the 2023 Proxy under the headings “Executive Compensation Tables” and “Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management.”

### **Item 13: *Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence***

The information required by Item 13 is incorporated herein by reference to the information to be included in the 2023 Proxy under the headings “Director Independence”, “Related Persons Transaction Policy”, and, as applicable, “Related Person Transactions.”

### **Item 14: *Principal Accountant Fees and Services***

The information required by Item 14 is incorporated herein by reference to the information to be included in Proposal 3 of the 2023 Proxy and under the heading “Audit Matters.”

## PART IV

### **Item 15: *Exhibits and Financial Statements***

#### **(a) Documents filed as part of this report**

1. Financial Statements: See [Index to Consolidated Financial Statements](#) under Item 8 on Page 36 of this report.
2. Financial Statement Schedules: The Financial Statement Schedules have been omitted because they are not applicable or are not required or are not present in material amounts or the information required to be set forth herein is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or Notes thereto.
3. Exhibits: The exhibits listed in the accompanying index to exhibits on Page 86 are filed or incorporated by reference as part of this report.

### **Item 16: *Form 10-K Summary***

None.

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.**  
**2023 FORM 10-K ANNUAL REPORT**  
**EXHIBIT INDEX**

Number	Exhibit Title	Incorporated by Reference			Filed Herewith
		Form	File No.	Filing Date	
<a href="#">2.01</a>	<a href="#">Share Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 23, 2021, by and among Electronic Arts Inc., Pine Interactive Ltd. and WB/TT Holdings, Inc.</a>	8-K	000-17948	6/23/2021	
<a href="#">3.01</a>	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation</a>	8-K	000-17948	8/13/2021	
<a href="#">3.02</a>	<a href="#">Certificate of Amendment to Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation</a>	8-K	000-17948	8/15/2022	
<a href="#">3.03</a>	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Bylaws</a>	8-K	000-17948	8/15/2022	
<a href="#">4.01</a>	<a href="#">Specimen Certificate of Registrant's Common Stock</a>	10-Q	000-17948	2/6/2018	
<a href="#">4.02</a>	<a href="#">Description of Securities</a>				X
<a href="#">4.03</a>	<a href="#">Indenture, dated as of February 24, 2016 by and between Electronic Arts Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee</a>	8-K	000-17948	2/24/2016	
<a href="#">4.04</a>	<a href="#">First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 24, 2016, between Electronic Arts Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee</a>	8-K	000-17948	2/24/2016	
<a href="#">4.05</a>	<a href="#">Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 11, 2021, between Electronic Arts Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee</a>	8-K	000-17948	2/11/2021	
<a href="#">10.01*</a>	<a href="#">Form of Indemnity Agreement with Directors</a>	10-K	000-17948	6/4/2004	
<a href="#">10.02*</a>	<a href="#">Electronic Arts Inc. Executive Bonus Plan</a>	8-K	000-17948	5/25/2021	
<a href="#">10.03*</a>	<a href="#">Electronic Arts Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan</a>	10-Q	000-17948	8/6/2007	
<a href="#">10.04*</a>	<a href="#">Electronic Arts Inc. Amended and Restated Change in Control Severance Plan</a>	8-K	000-17948	11/19/2021	
<a href="#">10.05*</a>	<a href="#">First Amendment to the Electronic Arts Deferred Compensation Plan, as amended and restated</a>	10-K	000-17948	5/22/2009	
<a href="#">10.06*</a>	<a href="#">EA Bonus Plan</a>	8-K	000-17948	5/18/2018	
<a href="#">10.07*</a>	<a href="#">Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement</a>	8-K	000-17948	5/25/2021	
<a href="#">10.08*</a>	<a href="#">Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement</a>	10-K	000-17948	5/25/2022	
<a href="#">10.09*</a>	<a href="#">Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement</a>				X
<a href="#">10.10*</a>	<a href="#">Form of November 2019 Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement</a>	8-K	000-17948	11/12/2019	
<a href="#">10.11*</a>	<a href="#">2000 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended, and related documents</a>	8-K	000-17948	8/1/2016	
<a href="#">10.12*</a>	<a href="#">2000 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended</a>	10-Q	000-17948	2/8/2022	
<a href="#">10.13*</a>	<a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement</a>				X
<a href="#">10.14*</a>	<a href="#">Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement For Non-Employee Directors</a>				X
<a href="#">10.15*</a>	<a href="#">Amended and Restated 2019 Equity Incentive Plan</a>	8-K	000-17948	8/15/2022	

Number	Exhibit Title	Incorporated by Reference			Filed Herewith
		Form	File No.	Filing Date	
<a href="#">10.16*</a>	<a href="#">Electronic Arts Inc. Executive Officer Cash Severance Policy</a>	8-K	000-17948	9/1/2022	
<a href="#">10.17*</a>	<a href="#">Offer Letter for Employment at Electronic Arts Inc. to Andrew Wilson, dated September 15, 2013</a>	8-K	000-17948	9/17/2013	
<a href="#">10.18*</a>	<a href="#">Offer Letter for Employment at Electronic Arts Inc. to Christopher Suh, dated January 14, 2022</a>	8-K	000-17948	1/31/2022	
<a href="#">10.19*</a>	<a href="#">Offer Letter for Employment at Electronic Arts Inc. to Ken Moss, dated June 6, 2014</a>	10-Q	000-17948	8/5/2014	
<a href="#">10.20*</a>	<a href="#">Offer Letter for Employment at Electronic Arts Inc. to Chris Bruzzo, dated July 21, 2014</a>	10-Q	000-17948	11/4/2014	
<a href="#">10.21*</a>	<a href="#">Offer Letter for Employment at Electronic Arts Inc. to Mala Singh, dated August 27, 2016</a>	10-Q	000-17948	11/8/2016	
<a href="#">10.22**</a>	<a href="#">Durango Publisher License Agreement, dated June 29, 2012, by and among Electronic Arts Inc., EA International (Studio &amp; Publishing) Ltd., Microsoft Licensing, GP and Microsoft Corporation</a>	10-K	000-17948	5/21/2014	
<a href="#">10.23**</a>	<a href="#">Xbox Console Publisher License Agreement, dated as of September 30, 2020, between Microsoft Corporation, Electronic Arts Inc. and EA Swiss Sarl</a>	10-Q	000-17948	11/10/2020	
<a href="#">10.24**</a>	<a href="#">Playstation Global Developer &amp; Publisher Agreement, dated April 1, 2018, by and among Electronic Arts Inc., EA International (Studio &amp; Publishing) Ltd., Sony Interactive Entertainment Inc., Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC, and Sony Interactive Entertainment Europe Ltd</a>	10-Q	000-17948	8/8/2018	
<a href="#">10.25**</a>	<a href="#">PlayStation 5 Amendment to the PlayStation Global Developer and Publisher Agreement, dated as of October 15, 2020, by and among Electronic Arts Inc., EA Swiss Sarl, Sony Interactive Entertainment, Inc., Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC, and Sony Interactive Entertainment Europe Limited</a>	10-Q	000-17948	11/10/2020	
<a href="#">10.26</a>	<a href="#">Credit Agreement, dated March 22, 2023, by and among Electronic Arts Inc., the lenders from time to time party thereto, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent</a>	8-K	000-17948	3/22/2023	
<a href="#">21.1</a>	<a href="#">Subsidiaries of the Registrant</a>				X
<a href="#">23.1</a>	<a href="#">Consent of KPMG LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</a>				X
<a href="#">31.1</a>	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>				X
<a href="#">31.2</a>	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>				X
Additional exhibits furnished with this report:					
<a href="#">32.1</a>	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>				X
<a href="#">32.2</a>	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>				X
101.INS <sup>†</sup>	Inline XBRL Instance Document				X
101.SCH <sup>†</sup>	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document				X

Number	Exhibit Title	Incorporated by Reference			Filed Herewith
		Form	File No.	Filing Date	
101.CAL <sup>†</sup>	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document				X
101.DEF <sup>†</sup>	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document				X
101.LAB <sup>†</sup>	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document				X
101.PRE <sup>†</sup>	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document				X
104	The Cover Page Interactive Data File, formatted in Inline XBRL (included in Exhibit 101)				
*	Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.				
**	Confidential portions of these documents have been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to a request for confidential treatment.				

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.

By: /s/ Andrew Wilson

Andrew Wilson

Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 24, 2023

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities indicated and on the 24<sup>th</sup> of May, 2023.

**Name**

**Title**

/s/ Andrew Wilson

Andrew Wilson

Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Chris Suh

Chris Suh

Executive Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer

/s/ Eric Kelly

Eric Kelly

Senior Vice President and  
Chief Accounting Officer

Directors:

/s/ Andrew Wilson

Andrew Wilson

Chair of the Board

/s/ Kofi A. Bruce

Kofi A. Bruce

Director

/s/ Rachel A. Gonzalez

Rachel A. Gonzalez

Director

/s/ Jeffrey T. Huber

Jeffrey T. Huber

Director

/s/ Talbott Roche

Talbott Roche

Director

/s/ Richard A. Simonson

Richard A. Simonson

Director

/s/ Luis A. Ubiñas

Luis A. Ubiñas

Director

/s/ Heidi Ueberroth

Heidi Ueberroth

Director

## DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Under our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, the Company is authorized to issue up to 1,000,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share. The following is a summary of some of the terms of the Company's common stock, which is the Company's only class of securities registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Company's common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "EA". This summary is not complete, and is subject to and qualified by the provisions of our [Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation](#) and our [Amended and Restated Bylaws](#). The terms of our common stock are also subject to and qualified by the applicable provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law.

### Common Stock

As of May 22, 2023, there were approximately 272,712,152 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

The holders of shares of common stock vote together as one class on all matters as to which common stockholders are entitled to vote. Each share of common stock is entitled to one vote in all elections of directors and on all other matters submitted to a stockholder vote. Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any outstanding preferred stock, the holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by the board of directors out of legally available funds therefore. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, holders of the common stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining after payment of liabilities, subject to prior liquidation rights of preferred stock, if any, then outstanding. The common stock has no preemptive or conversion rights or other subscription rights. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. The common stock currently outstanding is fully paid and nonassessable.

### Anti-Takeover Effects of our Charter and Bylaws

Certain provisions of our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated Bylaws could have the effect of delaying, deterring or preventing another party from acquiring or seeking to acquire control of the Company. For example, our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated Bylaws include provisions that:

- provide that, except as otherwise required by law, special meetings of the stockholders for any purpose or purposes may only be called by the chairman of our board of directors or by the board of directors upon written request by one or more stockholders owning, in the aggregate, at least 15% of the our outstanding shares entitled to vote on the matter or matters to be brought before the proposed special meeting, determined in accordance with the provisions of the our Amended and Restated Bylaws, and who otherwise comply with such other requirements and procedures set forth in our Amended and Restated Bylaws;
  - provide that, except as otherwise required by law, stockholders may act by written consent only if the applicable requirements and procedures set forth in our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation are followed, including the requirement that at least 25% of our outstanding shares of common stock must request that the Board of Directors set a record date to determine the stockholders entities to act by written consent;
  - provide that a stockholder, or group of up to 20 stockholders, that has owned continuously for at least three years shares of common stock representing an aggregate of at least 3% of the our outstanding shares of common stock, may nominate and include in our proxy materials director nominees; provided that the maximum number of such director nominees shall not exceed (A) two
-

or (B) 20% of the board of directors, and provided further that the stockholder(s) and nominee(s) satisfy the requirements in the our Amended and Restated Bylaws;

- establish advance notice procedures with respect to stockholder proposals and the nomination of candidates for election as directors; and
- authorize the Company's board of directors to cause the issuance of, in one or more series, preferred stock and to fix the designation, powers, preferences and rights of the shares of each such series and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof.

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.  
2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN**

**PERFORMANCE-BASED RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD NOTICE**

[Box with Participant Information]

Electronic Arts Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby grants on the date hereof (the “Award Date”) to the individual named above (“Participant”) Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units (“PRSUs”) issued under the Company’s 2019 Equity Incentive Plan, as may be amended from time to time (the “Plan”). Each Earned PRSU (as defined on Appendix B) represents the right to receive a share of the Company’s Common Stock (“Share”) upon vesting and settlement of the PRSU. The PRSUs are subject to all the terms and conditions set forth herein, including the terms and conditions in the attached Appendices A and B, and any special terms and conditions for Participant’s country set forth in the attached Appendix C (collectively, the “Award Agreement”) and in the Plan, the provisions of which are incorporated herein by reference. All capitalized terms used in this Award Agreement that are not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Plan.

Key features of the PRSUs are as follows:

**AWARD DATE:**

**TARGET NUMBER OF PRSUs:**

**MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PRSUs\*:**

\* The actual number of PRSUs that vest pursuant to the terms and condition of the PRSUs will be between 0% and 200% of the Target Number of PRSUs. The Maximum Number of PRSUs represents 200% of the Target Number of PRSUs.

Performance-based Vesting Schedule: Capitalized terms used in this paragraph that are not defined herein have the meanings set forth in Appendix B. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, Appendix A, Appendix B, and this paragraph, the number of PRSUs that vest on the Vest Date shall be based on (1) the Company’s Relative TSR for the Performance Period, (2) the Company’s Net Bookings during the Performance Period and (3) the Company’s Operating Income during the Performance Period, provided Participant has provided continuous active Service to the Company or a Subsidiary from the Award Date through the Vest Date (or such later date as may result from suspended vesting as provided below). Vesting will continue in accordance with the vesting schedule set forth herein during a leave of absence that is protected by Applicable Laws, provided that vesting shall cease if and when the leave of absence is no longer guaranteed by Applicable Laws. The Company may suspend vesting of the PRSUs during any unpaid personal leave of absence, except as otherwise required by Applicable Laws, in a manner that does not result in adverse tax consequences under Section 409A of the Code to the extent the Participant is subject to US taxation. Participant shall be deemed to have provided active Service with respect to a calendar month if Participant has worked any portion of that month. Following the completion of each Measurement Period, the Committee shall review and determine the Company’s Net Bookings and Operating Income and the number of PRSUs that are earned and eligible to vest according to the performance terms set forth in Appendix B, and, following completion of the Performance Period, the Committee shall review and determine the Company’s Relative TSR percentile ranking and the number of PRSUs that are earned and eligible to vest according to the performance terms set forth in Appendix B; provided, however, that the Committee retains discretion to adjust the number of PRSUs that would otherwise vest.



PLEASE READ ALL OF APPENDIX A, APPENDIX B AND APPENDIX C, WHICH CONTAIN THE SPECIFIC TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE PRSUs.

ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.

/s/ Jacob J. Schatz

Jacob J. Schatz

Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer

**ACCEPTANCE:**

By accepting the PRSUs, Participant acknowledges the grant of the PRSUs and agrees to voluntarily participate in the Plan. Participant hereby acknowledges that copies of the Plan and the Plan prospectus ("Prospectus"), are available upon request from the Company's Stock Administration Department at [StockAdmin@ea.com](mailto:StockAdmin@ea.com) and can also be accessed electronically. Participant represents that Participant has read and understands the contents of the Plan, the Prospectus and the Award Agreement, and accepts the PRSUs subject to all the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Award Agreement. Participant understands and acknowledges that there may be tax consequences related to the grant and vesting of the PRSUs and the sale of the underlying Shares and that Participant should consult a tax advisor to determine the actual tax consequences of participation in the Plan. Participant must accept the PRSUs by executing and delivering a signed copy of this Award Agreement to the Company or by electronically accepting this Award Agreement pursuant to the online acceptance procedure established by the Company within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Award Agreement. Otherwise, the Company may, at its discretion, rescind the Award Agreement and the PRSUs granted thereunder in its entirety.

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## APPENDIX A

### ELECTRONIC ARTS INC. 2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

#### PERFORMANCE-BASED RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

1. **PRSU Grant.** Each Earned PRSU represents the unsecured right to receive one Share, subject to the terms and conditions contained in this Award Agreement and the Plan. In the event of any conflict between the terms of the Plan and this Award Agreement, the terms of the Plan shall govern.

2. **No Shareholder Rights.** The PRSUs do not entitle Participant to any rights of a holder of Common Stock. The rights of Participant with respect to the PRSUs shall remain forfeitable at all times prior to the date on which such rights become vested.

3. **Settlement; Issuance of Shares.**

(a) *Settlement.* No Shares shall be issued to Participant prior to the date on which the PRSUs vest. After any PRSUs are earned and vest pursuant to the vesting terms set forth in the first page of the Award Agreement and Appendix B (and, if applicable, Sections 4(b), 4(c), 7(a), 7(b) or 7(c) below), the Company shall promptly cause to be issued in book-entry form, registered in Participant's name or in the name of Participant's legal representatives or heirs, as the case may be, Shares in payment of such vested whole PRSUs; provided, however, that in the event such PRSUs do not vest on a day during which the Common Stock is quoted on the Nasdaq Global Select Market (or traded on such other principal national securities market or exchange on which the Common Stock may then be listed) ("Trading Day"), the Company shall cause Shares to be issued on the next Trading Day following the date on which such PRSUs vest; provided, further, that in no event shall the Company cause such Shares to be issued later than the sixtieth (60) day following (i) the Vest Date (or such later date as may result from suspended vesting), or (ii) an earlier settlement date as a result of a vesting acceleration event pursuant to Section 7(b). For purposes of the PRSUs, the date on which the Shares underlying the PRSUs are issued shall be referred to as the "Settlement Date."

(b) *Fractional Shares.* Unless otherwise determined by the Committee in its sole discretion, no fractional shares shall be issued pursuant to the PRSUs, and any fractional share resulting from the vesting of the PRSUs in accordance with the terms of this Agreement shall be rounded down to the next whole share.

4. **Termination of Service.**

(a) *Forfeiture of Unvested PRSUs Upon Termination of Service, Other than Death or Disability.* Subject to Section 7(b) below, in the event that Participant's Service is Terminated for any reason other than death or Disability and the PRSUs are not yet fully vested as of the Termination Date, then any unvested PRSUs shall be forfeited immediately upon such Termination Date.

(b) *Termination of Service Due to Death.* If Participant's Service is Terminated due to death and Participant has provided active Service as an Employee for at least twelve (12) months as of the Termination Date, all PRSUs shall become eligible to vest on the Vest Date, based upon actual performance, as set forth in Appendix B. If Participant's Service is Terminated

due to death and Participant has not provided active Service as an Employee for at least twelve (12) months as of the Termination Date, all PRSUs shall be forfeited immediately upon such Termination Date.

(c) *Termination of Service Due to Disability.* If Participant's Service is Terminated due to Disability, all earned PRSUs shall vest on the Vest Date and a pro-rated portion of any PRSUs that are unearned as of Termination Date shall become eligible to vest on the Vest Date, based upon actual performance, as set forth in Appendix B, and calculated based upon the following pro-ration formula (such formula, the "Pro-Ration Formula"):

- a. The number of Relative TSR PRSUs determined to vest on the Vest Date, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of calendar months that Participant provided active Service as an Employee from April 2, 2023 through the Termination Date, and the denominator of which is thirty-six (36); *plus*
- b. The number of Net Bookings PRSUs and Operating Income PRSUs determined to vest on the Vest Date, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of calendar months that Participant provided active Service as an Employee from April 2, 2023 through the Termination Date and the denominator of which is (i) twelve (12) for Net Bookings PRSUs and Operating Income PRSUs earned in the first Measurement Period, (ii) twenty-four (24) for Net Bookings PRSUs and Operating Income PRSUs earned in the second Measurement Period and (iii) thirty-six (36) for Net Booking PRSUs and Operating Income PRSUs earned in the third Measurement Period. For the avoidance of doubt, Participant shall vest in the total number of Net Bookings PRSUs and Operating Income PRSUs earned for any Measurement Period completed prior to Termination Date.

Participant shall be deemed to have provided active Service for a calendar month if Participant has worked any portion of that month. Any PRSUs that are not eligible to vest in accordance with this Section 4(c) shall be forfeited immediately upon the date Participant's Service is Terminated due to Disability.

5. **Forfeiture Of Unearned PRSUs.** Any PRSUs that are not earned and do not vest, pursuant to the terms of Appendix B shall be forfeited upon termination of the corresponding Measurement Period.

6. **Suspension of Award and Repayment of Proceeds.**

(a) **Contributing Misconduct.** All PRSUs granted pursuant to this Award Agreement, any payments made under this Award Agreement and any Shares issued upon settlement of PRSUs shall be subject to clawback or recoupment as permitted or mandated by applicable law, rules, regulations or Company policy as enacted, adopted or modified from time to time. Further, if at any time the Committee reasonably believes that Participant has engaged in an act of misconduct, including, but not limited to an act of embezzlement, fraud or breach of fiduciary duty during Participant's Service that contributed to an obligation to restate the Company's financial statements ("Contributing Misconduct"), the Committee may suspend the vesting of Participant's unvested PRSUs pending a determination of whether an act of Contributing Misconduct has been

committed. If the Committee determines that Participant has engaged in an act of Contributing Misconduct, then any unvested PRSUs will be forfeited immediately upon such determination and the Committee may require Participant to repay to the Company, in cash and upon demand, any PRSU Gains (as defined below) resulting from any sale or other disposition (including to the Company) of Shares issued or issuable upon the settlement of the PRSUs if the sale or disposition was effected during the twelve-month period following the first public issuance or filing with the SEC of the financial statements required to be restated. The term “PRSU Gains” means, with respect to any sale or other disposition (including to the Company) of Shares issued or issuable upon vesting of PRSUs, an amount determined appropriate by the Committee in its sole discretion to reflect the effect of the restatement on the Company’s stock price, up to the amount equal to the Fair Market Value per Share at the time of such sale or other disposition multiplied by the number of Shares sold or disposed of. The return of PRSU Gains is in addition to and separate from any other relief available to the Company due to Participant’s Contributing Misconduct. Any determination by the Committee with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive and binding on all interested parties. For any Participant who is designated as an “executive officer”, under Section 16 of the Exchange Act (“Section 16 Officer”), the determination of the Committee shall be subject to the approval of the Board.

(b) **Compliance with Law; Corporate Misconduct.** Without limiting the foregoing, the PRSUs and any Shares issued or cash payable pursuant to the PRSUs (or any proceeds from the sale of such Shares or other economic benefit derived from the PRSUs) shall be subject to recoupment, repayment, cancellation, forfeiture or similar requirements (i) to the extent required to comply with the requirements of any applicable law, including any implementing rules adopted by any securities exchange on which the Shares are listed or traded, as may be in effect from time to time or (ii) pursuant to any clawback or recoupment policy, whether in effect on the Award Date or adopted thereafter, applicable to circumstances involving corporate misconduct resulting from the Participant’s actions (or inactions), as determined by the Company.

## **7. Change in Control.**

(a) Upon a Change in Control prior to the expiration of the Performance Period, the performance goals applicable to any unvested PRSUs shall be deemed achieved at the levels of performance as specified below, and the number of any such earned PRSUs under clauses (i) and (ii) below shall be referred to as the “CIC Earned PRSUs”:

(i) if the Change in Control occurs within the first Measurement Period of the Performance Period, the target level of performance; and

(ii) if the Change in Control occurs on or after completion of the first Measurement Period of the Performance Period, then (x) with respect to the Relative TSR performance metric, the actual level of performance through the last business day preceding the Change in Control (with the determination of actual performance made by the Committee), and (y) with respect to the Net Bookings and Operating Income performance metrics, the actual level of performance for all completed Measurement Periods (with determinations of actual performance made by the Committee) and the greater of the target and actual level of performance for each remaining Measurement Period (with determinations of actual performance made by the Committee).

The Committee shall make all determinations pursuant to this Section 7(a) in its sole discretion. If the CIC Earned PRSUs are assumed or continued after the Change in Control, subject to Participant’s continued Service through the applicable Vest Date, the CIC Earned

PRSUs will continue to vest on the Vest Date (notwithstanding the prior determination of performance), and no other performance terms applicable to the PRSUs shall have any force or effect for purposes of determining the vesting of the PRSUs. If the CIC Earned PRSUs are not assumed, converted or replaced after a Change in Control, the CIC Earned PRSUs shall automatically vest as of the effective date of the Change in Control and be settled in accordance with Section 3.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the Electronic Arts Inc. Change in Control Plan, as amended from time to time (the “CiC Plan”), or subsection (a) above, if Participant experiences a Termination of Service that is initiated by the Company without Cause or by Participant for Good Reason, subject to the timely execution, return, and non-revocation of a Severance Agreement and Release in substantially the form attached to Appendix I to the CiC Plan (which release must become effective within such period of time that will allow for the settlement of the CIC Earned PRSUs within the period prescribed in Section 3): (i) if such Termination of Service occurs during the three (3) months preceding the Change in Control and is in connection with the Change in Control, the unvested CIC Earned PRSUs (determined as set forth above) shall automatically vest as of the effective date of the Change in Control, or (ii) if such Termination of Service occurs during the time period beginning on the effective date of the Change in Control and ending on the eighteenth (18<sup>th</sup>) month after the effective date of the Change in Control, the unvested CIC Earned PRSUs shall automatically vest as of Participant’s Termination Date. In the case of clause (i), the Committee shall, in its sole discretion, determine if such Termination is made in connection with the Change in Control.

(c) If, prior to a Change in Control, Participant’s Service was Terminated due to death or Disability, upon a Change in Control occurring after such Termination Date, the performance goals applicable to any PRSUs that remained outstanding pursuant to Section 4(b) or (c) shall be treated in accordance with Section 7(a), and all such CIC Earned PRSUs shall automatically vest as of the effective date of the Change in Control. If, after a Change in Control, (i) Participant’s Service is Terminated due to death and Participant has provided active Service as an Employee for at least twelve (12) months as of the Termination Date, all of Participant’s CIC Earned PRSUs shall vest on the Termination Date, or (ii) Participant’s Service is Terminated due to Disability, a pro-rated portion of the CIC Earned PRSUs (with such pro-rated portion calculated using the Pro-Ration Formula) will vest on the Termination Date. Any CIC Earned PRSUs that do not vest in accordance with this Section 7(c) (including if Participant’s Service is Terminated due to death and Participant has not provided active Service as an Employee for at least twelve (12) months as of the Termination Date), will be forfeited immediately upon the date such Participant’s Service is Terminated due to death or Disability.

**8. Section 280G Provision.** If Participant, upon taking into account the benefit provided under the PRSUs and all other payments that would be deemed to be “parachute payments” within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code (collectively, the “280G Payments”), would be subject to the excise tax under Section 4999 of the Code, notwithstanding any provision of the PRSUs to the contrary, Participant’s benefit under the PRSUs shall be reduced to an amount equal to (i) 2.99 times Participant’s “base amount” (within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code), (ii) minus the value of all other payments that would be deemed to be “parachute payments” within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code (but not below zero); provided, however, that the reduction provided by this sentence shall not be made if it would result in a smaller aggregate after-tax payment to Participant (taking into account all applicable federal, state and local taxes including the excise tax under Section 4999 of the Code). Participant’s benefit hereunder shall be reduced prior to any benefit owing to Participant under the CiC Plan may be reduced in the manner provided for in the CiC Plan. Unless the Company and Participant otherwise agree in writing, all determinations required to be made under this Section 8, and the assumptions to be used in arriving at such determinations, shall be made in writing in good faith by a nationally recognized certified public accounting firm or other professional organization that is a certified public accounting firm recognized as an expert in determinations and calculations

for purposes of Section 280G of the Code that is selected by the Company prior to a Change in Control for purposes of making the applicable determinations hereunder (the “Accountants”). For the purposes of making the calculations required under this Section 8, the Accountants may make reasonable assumptions and approximations concerning the application of Sections 280G and 4999 of the Code. The Company shall bear all costs the Accountants may reasonably incur in connection with any calculations contemplated by this Section 8. Participant agrees and acknowledges that the Accountants selected by the Company pursuant to this Section 8 shall also serve as the “Accountants” under the CiC Plan, to the extent applicable.

**9. Nature of Plan and Award.** In accepting the PRSUs, Participant acknowledges, understands and agrees that:

(a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature and it may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, to the extent permitted by the Plan;

(b) the grant of PRSUs is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future PRSUs, or benefits in lieu of PRSUs, even if PRSUs have been granted in the past;

(c) all decisions with respect to future grants of PRSUs or other grants, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company;

(d) nothing in the Plan or the PRSUs shall confer on Participant any right to continue in the Service of the Company or, if different, Participant’s employing Subsidiary (the “Employer”) or any Subsidiary, or limit in any way the ability of the Company, the Employer, or any Subsidiary to terminate Participant’s Service relationship;

(e) Participant is voluntarily participating in the Plan;

(f) the PRSUs and the Shares subject to the PRSUs and the income and the value of the same are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation under any pension arrangement;

(g) the PRSUs and the Shares subject to the PRSUs, and the income and value of same, are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purposes, including but not limited to, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, end-of-service payments, bonuses, long-service awards, holiday pay, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar payments and in no event should be considered as compensation for, or relating in any way to, past services for the Company, the Employer, or any other Subsidiary;

(h) unless otherwise agreed with the Company, the PRSUs and the Shares subject to the PRSUs, and the income and value of same, are not granted as consideration for, or in connection with, services Participant may provide as a director of any Subsidiary;

(i) the future value of the underlying Shares is unknown, indeterminable and cannot be predicted with certainty;

(j) no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from (i) forfeiture of the PRSUs resulting from Termination of Participant’s Service (for any reason

whatsoever and whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of employment laws in the jurisdiction where Participant provides Service or the terms of Participant's employment agreement, if any) and/or (ii) forfeiture, cancellation of the PRSUs or recoupment of any Shares, cash or other benefits acquired upon settlement of the PRSUs resulting from the application of Section 6 hereof;

(k) for purposes of the PRSUs, Participant's Service will be considered Terminated as of the date Participant is no longer providing active Service to the Company or any Subsidiary (regardless of the reason for such Termination and whether or not later to be found invalid or in breach of employment laws in the jurisdiction where Participant is providing Service or the terms of Participant's employment or service agreement, if any), and unless otherwise expressly provided in this Award Agreement or determined by the Committee, Participant's right to vest in the PRSUs under the Plan, if any, will terminate as of such date and will not be extended by any notice period (e.g., Participant's period of Service would not include any contractual notice period or any period of "garden leave" or similar period mandated under employment laws in the jurisdiction where Participant is providing Service or the terms of Participant's employment or service agreement, if any, unless Participant is providing bona fide services during such time); the Committee shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when Participant is no longer providing active Service for purposes of the PRSUs (including whether Participant may still be considered to be providing active Service while on a leave of absence);

(l) unless otherwise provided in the Plan or by the Committee in its discretion, the PRSUs and the benefits evidenced by this Award Agreement do not create any entitlement to have the PRSUs or any such benefits transferred to, or assumed by, another company nor be exchanged, cashed out or substituted for, in connection with any corporate transaction affecting the Shares; and

(m) neither the Company, the Employer, nor any Subsidiary shall be liable for any foreign exchange rate fluctuation between Participant's local currency and the United States Dollar that may affect the value of the PRSUs or of any amounts due to Participant pursuant to the settlement of the PRSUs or the subsequent sale of any Shares.

**10. No Advice Regarding Grant.** The Company is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding Participant's participation in the Plan, or Participant's acquisition or sale of the underlying Shares. Participant is hereby advised to consult with his or her own tax, legal and financial advisors regarding Participant's participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

**11. Responsibility for Taxes.** Participant acknowledges that, regardless of any action taken by the Company and/or the Employer, the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items is and remains Participant's responsibility and may exceed the amount actually withheld by the Company or the Employer. Participant further acknowledges that the Company and/or the Employer (a) make no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the PRSUs, including, but not limited to, the grant, vesting or settlement of the PRSUs, the issuance of Shares upon settlement of the PRSUs, the subsequent sale of Shares acquired pursuant to such settlement and the receipt of any dividends or dividend equivalent rights; and (b) do not commit to and are under no obligation to structure the terms of the grant or any aspect of the PRSUs to reduce or eliminate Participant's liability for Tax-Related Items or achieve any particular tax result. Further, if Participant is subject to Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction, Participant acknowledges that the

Company and/or the Employer (or former employer, as applicable) may be required to withhold or account for Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction.

Prior to any relevant taxable or tax withholding event, as applicable, Participant will pay or make adequate arrangements satisfactory to the Company and/or the Employer to satisfy all Tax-Related Items. In this regard, Participant authorizes the Company and/or the Employer, or their respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy their withholding obligations with regard to all Tax-Related Items by one or a combination of the following:

(i) withholding Shares from the vested PRSUs; or

(ii) withholding from Participant's wages or other cash compensation paid to Participant by the Company and/or the Employer; or

(iii) withholding from proceeds of the sale of Shares either through a voluntary sale or through a mandatory sale arranged by the Company (on Participant's behalf pursuant to this authorization without further consent); or

(iv) any other method determined by the Company, and to the extent required by Applicable Laws or the Plan, approved by the Committee;

provided, however, that if Participant is a Section 16 Officer, then withholding shall be done by the method set forth in (i) above, unless the use of such withholding method is prevented by Applicable Laws or has materially adverse accounting or tax consequences in which case withholding shall be done by one of the methods set forth in either (ii), (iii) or (iv), above.

The Company may withhold or account for Tax-Related Items by considering statutory or other withholding rates, including minimum or maximum rates that apply in the jurisdiction applicable to Participant. In the event of over-withholding, Participant may receive a refund from the Company of any over-withheld amount in cash (with no entitlement to the equivalent in Shares), or if not refunded by the Company, Participant must seek a refund from the local tax authorities to the extent Participant wishes to recover the over-withheld amount in the form of a refund. If the obligation for Tax-Related Items is satisfied by withholding in Shares, for tax purposes, Participant is deemed to have been issued the full number of Shares subject to the vested PRSUs, notwithstanding that a number of the Shares are held back solely for the purpose of paying the Tax-Related Items.

Finally, Participant agrees to pay to the Company or the Employer any amount of Tax-Related Items that the Company or the Employer may be required to withhold or account for as a result of Participant's participation in the Plan that cannot be satisfied by one or more of the means previously described. The Company may refuse to issue or deliver the Shares or the proceeds from the sale of Shares if Participant fails to comply with his or her obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items.

**12. Transferability.** Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, no right or interest of Participant in the PRSUs, may be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of by Participant other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and any such purported sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, hypothecation or other disposition shall be void and unenforceable against the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Participant may, in the manner established by the Committee, designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries to exercise the



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affected Participant's rights and receive any property distributable with respect to the PRSUs upon Participant's death.

**13. Insider Trading Restrictions/Market Abuse Laws.** Participant acknowledges that, depending on his or her country of residence, Participant may be subject to insider trading restrictions and/or market abuse laws, which may affect his or her ability to acquire or sell Shares or rights to Shares (*e.g.*, PRSUs) under the Plan during such times as Participant is considered to have "inside information" regarding the Company (as defined by the laws in Participant's country). Any restrictions under these laws or regulations are separate from and in addition to any restrictions that may be imposed under any applicable Company insider trading policy. Participant is solely responsible for ensuring his or her compliance with any applicable restrictions and is advised to consult his or her personal legal advisor on this matter.

**14. Foreign Asset/Account Reporting Requirements; Exchange Controls.** Depending on Participant's country, Participant may be subject to foreign asset/account, exchange control and/or tax reporting requirements as a result of the vesting of the PRSUs, the acquisition, holding and/or transfer of Shares or cash resulting from participation in the Plan and/or the opening and maintaining of a brokerage or bank account in connection with the Plan. Participant may be required to report such assets, accounts, account balances and values, and/or related transactions to the applicable authorities in his or her country. Participant may also be required to repatriate sale proceeds or other funds received as a result of his or her participation in the Plan to his or her country through a designated bank or broker and/or within a certain time after receipt. Participant acknowledges that he or she is responsible for ensuring compliance with any applicable foreign asset/account, exchange control and tax reporting and other requirements. Participant further understands that he or she should consult Participant's personal tax and legal advisors, as applicable, on these matters.

**15. Electronic Delivery and Participation.** The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to current or future participation in the Plan by electronic means. Participant hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and agrees to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company.

**16. Section 409A of the Code for U.S. Taxpayers.**

- a. The PRSUs are intended to qualify for the "short-term deferral" exemption from Section 409A of the Code. The Company reserves the right, to the extent the Company deems necessary or advisable in its sole discretion, to unilaterally interpret, amend or modify the Plan and/or this Award Agreement to ensure that the PRSUs qualify for exemption from or comply with Section 409A of the Code or to mitigate any additional tax, interest and/or penalties or other adverse tax consequences that may apply under Section 409A of the Code if compliance is not practical; provided, however, that the Company makes no representation that the PRSUs will be exempt from or compliant with Section 409A of the Code and makes no undertaking to preclude Section 409A of the Code from applying to the PRSUs. Nothing in the Plan or this Award Agreement shall provide a basis for any person to take any action against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries based on matters covered by Section 409A of the Code, including the tax treatment of any payments made under this Award Agreement, and neither the

Company nor any of its Subsidiaries will have any liability under any circumstances to Participant or any other party if the grant of the PRSUs, the settlement of the PRSUs or other event hereunder that is intended to be exempt from, or compliant with, Section 409A of the Code, is not so exempt or compliant or for any action taken by the Committee with respect thereto.

- a. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Award Agreement or the Plan, if necessary to exempt the PRSUs from Section 409A of the Code, or to comply with Section 409A of the Code, any PRSUs that become payable by reason of a Participant's Termination of Service shall not be made to a Participant unless a Participant's Termination of Service constitutes a "separation from service" (within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code and any the regulations or other guidance thereunder). In addition, if the PRSUs constitute an item of deferred compensation under Section 409A of the Code and become payable by reason of a Participant's separation from service, the PRSUs shall not be paid to Participant prior to the earlier of (a) the expiration of the six-month period measured from the date of Participant's separation from service or (b) the date of Participant's death, if a Participant is deemed at the time of such separation from service to be a "specified employee" (within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code and any the regulations or other guidance thereunder) and to the extent such delayed commencement is otherwise required in order to avoid a prohibited distribution under Section 409A of the Code and any the regulations or other guidance thereunder. All payments which had been delayed pursuant to the immediately preceding sentence shall be paid to Participant in a lump sum upon expiration of such six-month period (or, if earlier, upon Participant's death). Each payment made under this Award Agreement shall be treated as a separate payment and the right to a series of installment payments under this Award Agreement shall be treated as a right to a series of separate payments.

**17. Governing Law; Choice of Venue.** This Award Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to its conflict of laws principles. For purposes of any action, lawsuit or other proceedings brought to enforce this Award Agreement, relating to it, or arising from it, the parties hereby submit to and consent to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of San Mateo County, California, U.S.A., or the federal courts for the United States for the Northern District of California, U.S.A., and no other courts, where this grant is made and/or to be performed.

**18. Captions.** Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Award Agreement.

**19. Language.** Participant acknowledges that he or she is sufficiently proficient in English, or has consulted with an advisor who is sufficiently proficient in English, so as to allow Participant to understand the terms and conditions of this Award Agreement. Furthermore, if Participant has received this Award Agreement or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the meaning of the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control, unless otherwise required by applicable laws.

20. **Severability.** The provisions of this Award Agreement are severable and if any one or more provisions are determined to be illegal or otherwise unenforceable, in whole or in part, the remaining provisions shall nevertheless be binding and enforceable. Further, upon a determination that any term or other provision of this Award Agreement is illegal or otherwise incapable of being enforced, such term or other provision shall be deemed replaced by a term or provision that is valid and enforceable and that comes closest to expressing the intention of the illegal or unenforceable term or provision.

21. **Entire Agreement.** The Award Agreement, including this Appendix A, Appendix B, and Appendix C and the Plan constitute the entire agreement of the parties and supersede all prior undertakings and agreements with respect to the subject matter hereof.

22. **Committee's Authority.** The Committee shall have the power to interpret the Plan and this Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and application of the Plan as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules (including, but not limited to, the determination of whether or not any PRSUs have vested). All actions taken and all interpretations and determinations made by the Committee shall be final and binding upon Participant, the Company and all other interested persons. No member of the Committee shall be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made with respect to the Plan or this Agreement.

23. **Appendix C.** The PRSUs shall be subject to any special terms and conditions set forth in the Appendix C for Participant's country, if any. If Participant relocates to one of the other countries included in the Appendix C during the life of the PRSUs, the special terms and conditions for such country shall apply to Participant, to the extent the Company determines that the application of such terms and conditions is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons. The Appendix C constitutes part of this Award Agreement.

24. **Imposition of Other Requirements.** The Company reserves the right to impose other requirements on Participant's participation in the Plan, on the PRSUs and on any Shares acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Company determines it is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons, and to require Participant to sign any additional agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.

25. **Compliance with Law.** No PRSUs or Shares will be issued to Participant unless the issuance of the PRSUs or Shares is in compliance with Applicable Laws. Without limitation to the foregoing, in the event Participant relocates to or becomes ordinarily resident (or is about to relocate to or become ordinarily resident) in a country in which the grant and vesting of the PRSUs and/or the issuance of the Shares is not permitted under any Applicable Laws, regulations or government program, including, but not limited to, a country subject to comprehensive sanctions imposed from time to time by the U.S. Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC"): (a) any PRSUs that have already been issued to Participant will be immediately and automatically forfeited, (b) no further PRSUs, Shares or other benefit pursuant to the PRSUs or the Shares will be issued to Participant, and (c) the Company may, at its discretion, force the sale of any Shares that have already been issued to Participant pursuant to the PRSUs (on Participant's behalf pursuant to this authorization without further consent), in each case without any liability to the Company or the Employer. In the event that any Shares are subject to sale pursuant to the foregoing sentence, the Company and the Company's designated broker are under no obligation to sell the Shares for a particular price and the proceeds of such sale will be delivered to Participant in accordance with Applicable Laws.

26. **Waiver.** Participant acknowledges that a waiver by the Company or breach of any provision of this Award Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision of this Award Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by Participant or any other Plan participant.

27. **Notice.** Copies of the Plan and Prospectus are available electronically at <https://eaworld.work.ea.com/stock-administration-services/rsus>. The Company's most recent annual report and published financial statements are available electronically as soon as practicable after their publication by clicking the "Financial Reports" link at <http://investor.ea.com>. The Plan, Prospectus, the Company's annual report, and the Company's financial statements are also available at no charge by submitting a request to the Company's Stock Administration Department at [StockAdmin@ea.com](mailto:StockAdmin@ea.com).

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**APPENDIX B  
ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.  
2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN**

**PERFORMANCE-BASED RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD**

**PERFORMANCE VESTING TERMS**

B-1

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**APPENDIX C**

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.  
2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN  
PERFORMANCE-BASED RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT  
COUNTRY-SPECIFIC TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.  
2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN**

**GLOBAL RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD NOTICE**

[Box with Participant Information]

Electronic Arts Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby grants on the date hereof (the “Award Date”) to the individual named above (“Participant”) Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) issued under the Company’s 2019 Equity Incentive Plan, as may be amended from time to time (the “Plan”). Each RSU represents the right to receive a share of the Company’s Common Stock (“Share”) upon vesting and settlement of the RSU. The RSUs are subject to all the terms and conditions set forth herein, including the terms and conditions in the attached Appendix A, any special terms and conditions for Participant’s country set forth in the attached Appendix B (collectively, the “Award Agreement”) and in the Plan, the provisions of which are incorporated herein by reference. All capitalized terms used in this Award Agreement that are not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Plan.

Key features of the RSUs are as follows:

[Box with grant information Award Date/number of shares subject to Award]

**Vesting Schedule:** Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Award Agreement, the RSUs shall vest as to [one-third (1/3) of the Shares on the first anniversary of the Award Date and one-sixth (1/6) of the Shares every six months thereafter until the RSUs are fully vested], provided Participant has provided continuous active Service to the Company or a Subsidiary from the Award Date through each applicable vesting date (or such later date as may result from suspended vesting as provided below). Vesting will continue in accordance with the vesting schedule set forth herein during a leave of absence that is protected by Applicable Laws, provided that vesting shall cease if and when the leave of absence is no longer guaranteed by Applicable Laws. The Company may suspend vesting of the RSUs during any unpaid personal leave of absence, except as otherwise required by Applicable Laws, in a manner that does not result in adverse tax consequences under Section 409A of the Code to the extent the Participant is subject to US taxation. Participant shall be deemed to have provided active Service with respect to a calendar month if Participant has worked any portion of that month.

PLEASE READ ALL OF APPENDIX A AND APPENDIX B, WHICH CONTAIN THE SPECIFIC TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE RSUs.

ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.

/s/ Jacob J. Schatz

Jacob J. Schatz

Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer

**ACCEPTANCE:**

By accepting the RSUs, Participant acknowledges the grant of the RSUs and agrees to voluntarily participate in the Plan. Participant hereby acknowledges that copies of the Plan and the Plan prospectus (“Prospectus”) are available upon request from the Company’s Stock Administration Department at [StockAdmin@ea.com](mailto:StockAdmin@ea.com) and can also be accessed by Participant electronically. Participant represents that Participant has read and understands the contents of the Plan, the Prospectus and the Award Agreement, and accepts the RSUs subject to all the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Award Agreement.

Participant understands and acknowledges that there may be tax consequences related to the grant and vesting of the RSUs and the sale of the underlying Shares and that Participant should consult a tax advisor to determine the actual tax consequences of participation in the Plan. Participant must accept the RSUs by executing and delivering a signed copy of this Award Agreement to the Company or by electronically accepting this Award Agreement pursuant to the online acceptance procedure established by the Company within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Award Agreement. Otherwise, the Company may, at its discretion, rescind the Award Agreement and the RSUs granted thereunder in its entirety.

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## APPENDIX A

### ELECTRONIC ARTS INC. 2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

#### GLOBAL RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

1. **RSU Grant.** Each RSU represents the unsecured right to receive one Share, subject to certain restrictions and subject to the terms and conditions contained in this Award Agreement and the Plan. In the event of any conflict between the terms of the Plan and this Award Agreement, the terms of the Plan shall govern.

2. **No Shareholder Rights.** The RSUs do not entitle Participant to any rights of a holder of Common Stock. The rights of Participant with respect to the RSUs shall remain forfeitable at all times prior to the date on which such rights become vested.

3. **Settlement; Issuance of Shares.**

(a) *Settlement.* No Shares shall be issued to Participant prior to the date on which the RSUs vest. After any RSUs vest pursuant to the vesting schedule set forth in the first page of the Award Agreement, or, if earlier, pursuant to Section 4(b) and 4(c) below, the Company shall promptly cause to be issued in book-entry form, registered in Participant's name or in the name of Participant's legal representatives or heirs, as the case may be, Shares in payment of such vested whole RSUs; provided, however, that in the event such RSUs do not vest on a day during which the Common Stock is quoted on the Nasdaq Global Select Market (or traded on such other principal national securities market or exchange on which the Common Stock may then be listed) ("Trading Day"), the Company shall cause Shares to be issued on the next Trading Day following the date on which such RSUs vest; provided, further, that in no event shall the Company cause such Shares to be issued later than two and one-half (2 1/2) months after the date on which such RSUs vest. For purposes of the RSUs, the date on which the Shares underlying the RSUs are issued shall be referred to as the "Settlement Date."

(b) *Fractional Shares.* Unless otherwise determined by the Committee in its sole discretion, no fractional shares shall be issued pursuant to the RSUs, and any fractional share resulting from the vesting of the RSUs in accordance with the terms of this Agreement shall be rounded down to the next whole share.

4. **Termination of Service.**

(a) *Forfeiture of Unvested RSUs Upon Termination of Service, Other than Death or Disability.* In the event that Participant's Service is Terminated for any reason other than death or Disability and the RSUs are not yet fully vested as of the Termination Date, then any unvested RSUs shall be forfeited immediately upon such Termination Date.

(b) *Termination of Service Due to Death.* If Participant's Service is Terminated due to death and the Participant has provided active Service as an Employee for at least 12 months as of the Termination Date, any RSUs that are unvested as of such date will vest immediately as of the Termination Date and be settled in accordance with Section 3 above. If Participant's Service is Terminated due to death and Participant has not provided active Service as an Employee for at least twelve (12) months as of

the Termination Date, any RSUs that are unvested as of such date will be forfeited immediately upon such Termination Date.

(c) *Termination of Service Due to Disability.* If Participant's Service is Terminated due to Disability and Participant has provided active Service as an Employee for at least twelve (12) months as of the Termination Date, a pro-rata portion of the RSUs will vest immediately as of the Termination Date and be settled in accordance with Section 3 above. If Participant's Service is Terminated due to Disability and Participant has not provided active Service as an Employee for at least twelve (12) months as of the Termination Date, any RSUs that are unvested as of such date will be forfeited immediately upon such Termination Date. In determining the pro-rata portion of the RSUs that are vested on the Termination Date, the Committee will consider the number of months for which Participant provided active Service during the 12-calendar month period preceding the next anniversary of the Award Date under the following formula:

Number of RSUs scheduled to vest on the next anniversary of the Award Date multiplied by Number of calendar months worked by Participant during the 12-month period prior to the next anniversary of the Award Date divided by 12.

Participant shall be deemed to have provided active Service for a calendar month if Participant has worked any portion of that month.

For the avoidance of any doubt, any RSUs that are not eligible to vest in accordance with this Section 4(c) shall be forfeited immediately upon the date Participant's Service is Terminated due to Disability.

## **5. Suspension of Award and Repayment of Proceeds.**

(a) **Contributing Misconduct.** If at any time the Committee reasonably believes that Participant has engaged in an act of misconduct, including, but not limited to, an act of embezzlement, fraud or breach of fiduciary duty during Participant's Service that contributed to an obligation to restate the Company's financial statements ("Contributing Misconduct"), the Committee may suspend the vesting of Participant's unvested RSUs pending a determination of whether an act of Contributing Misconduct has been committed. If the Committee determines that Participant has engaged in an act of Contributing Misconduct, then any unvested RSUs will be forfeited immediately upon such determination and the Committee may require Participant to repay to the Company, in cash and upon demand, any RSU Gains (as defined below) resulting from any sale or other disposition (including to the Company) of Shares issued or issuable upon the settlement of the RSUs if the sale or disposition was effected during the twelve-month period following the first public issuance or filing with the SEC of the financial statements required to be restated. The term "RSU Gains" means, with respect to any sale or other disposition (including to the Company) of Shares issued or issuable upon vesting of RSUs, an amount determined appropriate by the Committee in its sole discretion to reflect the effect of the restatement on the Company's stock price, up to the amount equal to the Fair Market Value per Share at the time of such sale or other disposition multiplied by the number of Shares sold or disposed of. The return of RSU Gains is in addition to and separate from any other relief available to the Company due to Participant's Contributing Misconduct. Any determination by the Committee with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive and binding on all interested parties. For any Participant who is designated as an "executive officer", under Section 16 of the Exchange Act ("Section 16 Officer"), the determination of the Committee shall be subject to the approval of the Board.

(b) **Compliance with Law.** Without limiting the foregoing, the RSUs and any Shares issued pursuant to the RSUs shall be subject to repayment or forfeiture to the extent required to comply with the

requirement of any applicable law, including the rules of any securities exchange on which the Shares are listed or traded, as may be in effect from time to time.

**6. Nature of Plan and Award.** In accepting the RSUs, Participant acknowledges, understands and agrees that:

(a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature and it may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, to the extent permitted by the Plan;

(b) the grant of RSUs is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future RSUs, or benefits in lieu of RSUs, even if RSUs have been granted in the past;

(c) all decisions with respect to future grants of RSUs or other grants, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company;

(d) nothing in the Plan or the RSUs shall confer on Participant any right to continue in the Service of the Company or, if different, Participant's employing Subsidiary (the "Employer") or any other Subsidiary, or limit in any way the ability of the Company, the Employer, or any Subsidiary to terminate Participant's Service relationship;

(e) Participant is voluntarily participating in the Plan;

(f) the RSUs and the Shares subject to the RSUs, and the income and the value of the same, are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation under any pension arrangement;

(g) the RSUs and the Shares subject to the RSUs, and the income and value of same, are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purposes, including but not limited to, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, end-of-service payments, bonuses, long-service awards, holiday pay, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar payments and in no event should be considered as compensation for, or relating in any way to, past services for the Company, the Employer, or any other Subsidiary;

(h) unless otherwise agreed with the Company, the RSUs and the Shares subject to the RSUs, and the income and value of same, are not granted as consideration for, or in connection with, Service Participant may provide as a director of any Subsidiary;

(i) the future value of the underlying Shares is unknown, indeterminable and cannot be predicted with certainty;

(j) no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from forfeiture of the RSUs resulting from Termination of Participant's Service (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of employment laws in the jurisdiction where Participant provides Service or the terms of Participant's employment agreement, if any);

(k) for purposes of the RSUs, Participant's Service will be considered Terminated as of the date Participant is no longer providing active Service to the Company or any Subsidiary (regardless of the reason for such Termination and whether or not later to be found invalid or in breach of employment laws in the jurisdiction where Participant is providing Service or the terms of Participant's employment or Service agreement, if any), and unless otherwise expressly provided in this Award Agreement or

determined by the Committee, Participant's right to vest in the RSUs under the Plan, if any, will terminate as of such date and will not be extended by any notice period (e.g., Participant's period of Service would not include any contractual notice period or any period of "garden leave" or similar period mandated under employment laws in the jurisdiction where Participant is providing Service or the terms of Participant's employment or Service agreement, if any, unless Participant is providing bona fide Service during such time); the Committee shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when Participant is no longer providing active Service for purposes of the RSUs (including whether Participant may still be considered to be providing active Service while on a leave of absence);

(l) unless otherwise provided in the Plan or by the Committee in its discretion, the RSUs and the benefits evidenced by this Award Agreement do not create any entitlement to have the RSUs or any such benefits transferred to, or assumed by, another company nor be exchanged, cashed out or substituted for, in connection with any corporate transaction affecting the Shares; and

(m) neither the Company, the Employer, nor any Subsidiary shall be liable for any foreign exchange rate fluctuation between Participant's local currency and the United States Dollar that may affect the value of the RSUs or of any amounts due to Participant pursuant to the settlement of the RSUs or the subsequent sale of any Shares.

**7. No Advice Regarding Grant.** The Company is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding Participant's participation in the Plan, or Participant's acquisition or sale of the underlying Shares. Participant is hereby advised to consult with his or her own tax, legal and financial advisors regarding Participant's participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

**8. Responsibility for Taxes.** Participant acknowledges that, regardless of any action taken by the Company and/or the Employer, the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items is and remains Participant's responsibility and may exceed the amount actually withheld by the Company or the Employer. Participant further acknowledges that the Company and/or the Employer (a) make no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the RSUs, including, but not limited to, the grant, vesting or settlement of the RSUs, the issuance of Shares upon settlement of the RSUs, the subsequent sale of Shares acquired pursuant to such settlement and the receipt of any dividends or dividend equivalent rights; and (b) do not commit to and are under no obligation to structure the terms of the grant or any aspect of the RSUs to reduce or eliminate Participant's liability for Tax-Related Items or achieve any particular tax result. Further, if Participant is subject to Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction, Participant acknowledges that the Company and/or the Employer (or former employer, as applicable) may be required to withhold or account for Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction.

Prior to any relevant taxable or tax withholding event, as applicable, Participant will pay or make adequate arrangements satisfactory to the Company and/or the Employer to satisfy all Tax-Related Items. In this regard, Participant authorizes the Company and/or the Employer, or their respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy their withholding obligations with regard to all Tax-Related Items by one or a combination of the following:

(i) withholding Shares from the vested RSUs; or

(ii) withholding from Participant's wages or other cash compensation paid to Participant by the Company and/or the Employer; or

(iii) withholding from proceeds of the sale of Shares either through a voluntary sale or through a mandatory sale arranged by the Company (on Participant's behalf pursuant to this authorization without further consent); or

(iv) any other method determined by the Company, and to the extent required by Applicable Laws or the Plan, approved by the Committee; provided, however, that if Participant is a Section 16 Officer, then withholding shall be done by the method set forth in (i) above, unless the use of such withholding method is prevented by Applicable Laws or has materially adverse accounting or tax consequences in which case withholding shall be done by one of the methods set forth in either (ii), (iii), or (iv), above.

The Company may withhold or account for Tax-Related Items by considering statutory or other withholding rates, including minimum or maximum rates that apply in the jurisdiction applicable to Participant. In the event of over-withholding, Participant may receive a refund from the Company of any over-withheld amount in cash (with no entitlement to the equivalent in Shares), or if not refunded by the Company, Participant must seek a refund from the local tax authorities to the extent Participant wishes to recover the over-withheld amount in the form of a refund. If the obligation for Tax-Related Items is satisfied by withholding in Shares, for tax purposes, Participant is deemed to have been issued the full number of Shares subject to the vested RSUs, notwithstanding that a number of the Shares are held back solely for the purpose of paying the Tax-Related Items.

Finally, Participant agrees to pay to the Company or the Employer any amount of Tax-Related Items that the Company or the Employer may be required to withhold or account for as a result of Participant's participation in the Plan that cannot be satisfied by one or more of the means previously described. The Company may refuse to issue or deliver the Shares or the proceeds from the sale of Shares if Participant fails to comply with his or her obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items.

**9. Transferability.** Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, no right or interest of Participant in the RSUs, may be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of by Participant other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and any such purported sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, hypothecation or other disposition shall be void and unenforceable against the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Participant may, in the manner established by the Committee, designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries to exercise the affected Participant's rights and receive any property distributable with respect to the RSUs upon Participant's death.

**10. Insider Trading Restrictions/Market Abuse Laws.** Participant acknowledges that, depending on his or her country of residence, Participant may be subject to insider trading restrictions and/or market abuse laws, which may affect his or her ability to acquire or sell Shares or rights to Shares (e.g., RSUs) under the Plan during such times as Participant is considered to have "inside information" regarding the Company (as defined by the laws in Participant's country). Any restrictions under these laws or regulations are separate from and in addition to any restrictions that may be imposed under any applicable Company insider trading policy. Participant is solely responsible for ensuring his or her compliance with any applicable restrictions and is advised to consult his or her personal legal advisor on this matter.

**11. Foreign Asset/Account Reporting Requirements; Exchange Controls.** Depending on Participant's country, Participant may be subject to foreign asset/account, exchange control and/or tax reporting requirements as a result of the vesting of the RSUs, the acquisition, holding and/or transfer of Shares or cash resulting from participation in the Plan and/or the opening and maintaining of a brokerage or bank account in connection with the Plan. Participant may be required to report such assets, accounts,

account balances and values, and/or related transactions to the applicable authorities in his or her country. Participant may also be required to repatriate sale proceeds or other funds received as a result of his or her participation in the Plan to his or her country through a designated bank or broker and/or within a certain time after receipt. Participant acknowledges that he or she is responsible for ensuring compliance with any applicable foreign asset/account, exchange control and tax reporting and other requirements. Participant further understands that he or she should consult Participant's personal tax and legal advisors, as applicable, on these matters.

**12. Electronic Delivery and Participation.** The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to current or future participation in the Plan by electronic means. Participant hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and agrees to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company.

**13. Section 409A of the Code for U.S. Taxpayers.** The RSUs are intended to qualify for the "short-term deferral" exemption from Section 409A of the Code. The Company reserves the right, to the extent the Company deems necessary or advisable in its sole discretion, to unilaterally interpret, amend or modify the Plan and/or this Award Agreement to ensure that the RSUs is made in a manner that qualifies for exemption from or complies with Section 409A of the Code or to mitigate any additional tax, interest and/or penalties or other adverse tax consequences that may apply under Section 409A of the Code if compliance is not practical; provided, however, that the Company makes no representation that the RSUs will be exempt from or compliant with Section 409A of the Code and makes no undertaking to preclude Section 409A of the Code from applying to the RSUs. Nothing in the Plan or this Award Agreement shall provide a basis for any person to take any action against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries based on matters covered by Section 409A of the Code, including the tax treatment of any payments made under this Award Agreement, and neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries will have any liability under any circumstances to Participant or any other party if the grant of the RSUs, the settlement of the RSUs or other event hereunder that is intended to be exempt from, or compliant with, Section 409A of the Code, is not so exempt or compliant or for any action taken by the Committee with respect thereto.

**14. Governing Law; Choice of Venue.** This Award Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to its conflict of laws principles. For purposes of any action, lawsuit or other proceedings brought to enforce this Award Agreement, relating to it, or arising from it, the parties hereby submit to and consent to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of San Mateo County, California, U.S.A., or the federal courts for the United States for the Northern District of California, U.S.A., and no other courts, where this grant is made and/or to be performed.

**15. Captions.** Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Award Agreement.

**16. Language.** Participant acknowledges that he or she is sufficiently proficient in English, or has consulted with an advisor who is sufficiently proficient in English, so as to allow Participant to understand the terms and conditions of this Award Agreement. Furthermore, if Participant has received this Award Agreement or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the meaning of the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

17. **Severability.** The provisions of this Award Agreement are severable and if any one or more provisions are determined to be illegal or otherwise unenforceable, in whole or in part, the remaining provisions shall nevertheless be binding and enforceable. Further, upon a determination that any term or other provision of this Award Agreement is illegal or otherwise incapable of being enforced, such term or other provision shall be deemed replaced by a term or provision that is valid and enforceable and that comes closest to expressing the intention of the illegal or unenforceable term or provision.

18. **Entire Agreement.** The Award Agreement, including this Appendix A and Appendix B, and the Plan constitute the entire agreement of the parties and supersede all prior undertakings and agreements with respect to the subject matter hereof.

19. **Committee's Authority.** The Committee will have the power to interpret the Plan and this Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and application of the Plan as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules (including, but not limited to, the determination of whether or not any RSUs have vested). All actions taken and all interpretations and determinations made by the Committee will be final and binding upon Participant, the Company and all other interested persons. No member of the Committee will be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made with respect to the Plan or this Agreement.

20. **Appendix B.** The RSUs shall be subject to any special terms and conditions set forth in the Appendix B for Participant's country, if any. If Participant relocates to one of the other countries included in the Appendix B during the life of the RSUs, the special terms and conditions for such country shall apply to Participant, to the extent the Company determines that the application of such terms and conditions is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons. The Appendix B constitutes part of this Award Agreement.

21. **Imposition of Other Requirements.** The Company reserves the right to impose other requirements on Participant's participation in the Plan, on the RSUs and on any Shares acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Company determines it is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons, and to require Participant to sign any additional agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.

22. **Compliance with Law.** No RSUs or Shares will be issued to Participant unless the issuance of the RSUs or Shares is in compliance with Applicable Laws. Without limitation to the foregoing, in the event Participant relocates to or becomes ordinarily resident (or is about to relocate to or become ordinarily resident) in a country in which the grant and vesting of the RSUs and/or the issuance of the Shares is not permitted under any Applicable Laws, regulations or government program, including, but not limited to, a country subject to comprehensive sanctions imposed from time to time by the U.S. Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC"): (a) any RSUs that have already been issued to Participant will be immediately and automatically forfeited, (b) no further RSUs, Shares or other benefit pursuant to the RSUs or the Shares will be issued to Participant, and (c) the Company may, at its discretion, force the sale of any Shares that have already been issued to Participant pursuant to the RSUs (on Participant's behalf pursuant to this authorization without further consent), in each case without any liability to the Company or the Employer. In the event that any Shares are subject to sale pursuant to the foregoing sentence, the Company and the Company's designated broker are under no obligation to sell the Shares for a particular price and the proceeds of such sale will be delivered to Participant in accordance with Applicable Laws.

23. **Waiver.** Participant acknowledges that a waiver by the Company of breach of any provision of this Award Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision of this Award Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by Participant or any other Plan participant.

24. **Notice.** Copies of the Plan and Prospectus are available electronically at <https://eaworld.work.ea.com/stock-administration-services/rsus>. The Company's most recent annual report and published financial statements are available electronically as soon as practicable after their publication by clicking the "Financial Reports" link at <http://investor.ea.com>. The Plan, Prospectus, the Company's annual report, and the Company's financial statements are also available at no charge by submitting a request to the Company's Stock Administration Department at [StockAdmin@ea.com](mailto:StockAdmin@ea.com).

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**APPENDIX B**  
**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.**  
**2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN**  
**Global Restricted stock unit Award agreement**

**Country-Specific Terms and Conditions**

*[In accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission rules, this appendix has been excluded from this agreement because it is not material.]*

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.  
2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN**

**RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD NOTICE  
NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTORS**

[Box with Participant Information]

Electronic Arts Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby grants on the date hereof (the “Award Date”) to the individual named above (“Participant”) Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) issued under the Company’s 2019 Equity Incentive Plan, as may be amended from time to time (the “Plan”). Each RSU represents the right to receive a share of the Company’s Common Stock (“Share”) upon vesting and settlement of the RSU. The RSUs are subject to all the terms and conditions set forth herein, including the terms and conditions in the attached Appendix A (the “Award Agreement”), and in the Plan, the provisions of which are incorporated herein by reference. All capitalized terms used in this Award Agreement that are not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Plan.

Key features of the RSUs are as follows:

[Box with grant information Award Date/number of shares subject to Award]

Vesting Schedule: Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Award Agreement, the Restricted Stock Units shall vest on the earlier of (i) the 2023 Annual Meeting of the Stockholders and (ii) 12 months from the Award Date, provided in the case of clause (i) or clause (ii) that the Participant is and has remained continuously in the active Service of the Company as a member of the Board.

PLEASE READ ALL OF APPENDIX A WHICH CONTAINS THE SPECIFIC TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE RSUs.

ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.

/s/ Jacob J. Schatz

Jacob J. Schatz

Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer

**ACCEPTANCE:**

By accepting the RSUs, Participant acknowledges the grant of the RSUs and agrees to voluntarily participate in the Plan. Participant hereby acknowledges that copies of the Plan and the Plan prospectus (“Prospectus”) are available upon request from the Company’s Stock Administration Department at [StockAdmin@ea.com](mailto:StockAdmin@ea.com) and can also be accessed by the Participant electronically. Participant represents that Participant has read and understands the contents of the Plan, the Prospectus and the Award Agreement, and accepts the RSUs subject to all the terms and conditions of the Plan and the Award Agreement. Participant understands and acknowledges that there may be tax consequences related to the grant and vesting of the RSUs and the sale of the underlying Shares and that Participant should consult a tax advisor to determine the actual tax consequences of participation in the Plan. Participant must accept the RSUs by executing and

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delivering a signed copy of this Award Agreement to the Company or by electronically accepting this Award Agreement pursuant to the online acceptance procedure established by the Company within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Award Agreement. Otherwise, the Company may, at its discretion, rescind the Award Agreement and the RSUs granted thereunder in its entirety.

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## APPENDIX A

### ELECTRONIC ARTS INC. 2019 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

#### RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT Non-Employee Directors

1. **RSU Grant.** Each RSU represents the unsecured right to receive one Share, subject to certain restrictions and subject to the terms and conditions contained in this Award Agreement and the Plan. In the event of any conflict between the terms of the Plan and this Award Agreement, the terms of the Plan shall govern.

2. **No Shareholder Rights.** The RSUs do not entitle Participant to any rights of a holder of Common Stock. The rights of Participant with respect to the RSUs shall remain forfeitable at all times prior to the date on which such rights become vested.

3. **Settlement; Issuance of Shares.**

(a) *Settlement.* No Shares shall be issued to Participant prior to the date on which the RSUs vest. After any RSUs vest pursuant to the vesting schedule set forth in the first page of the Award Agreement, the Company shall promptly cause to be issued in book-entry form, registered in Participant's name or in the name of Participant's legal representatives or heirs, as the case may be, Shares in payment of such vested whole RSUs; provided, however, that in the event such RSUs do not vest on a day during which the Common Stock is quoted on the Nasdaq Global Select Market (or traded on such other principal national securities market or exchange on which the Common Stock may then be listed) ("Trading Day"), the Company shall cause Shares to be issued on the next Trading Day following the date on which such RSUs vest; provided, further, that in no event shall the Company cause such Shares to be issued later than two and one-half (2 1/2) months after the date on which such RSUs vest. For purposes of the RSUs, the date on which the Shares underlying the RSUs are issued shall be referred to as the "Settlement Date."

(b) *Fractional Shares.* Unless otherwise determined by the Committee in its sole discretion, no fractional shares shall be issued pursuant to the RSUs, and any fractional share resulting from the vesting of the RSUs in accordance with the terms of this Agreement shall be rounded down to the next whole share.

4. **Termination of Service.**

(a) *Generally.* In the event that Participant's active Service is Terminated for any reason and the RSUs have not vested as of the Termination Date, then any unvested RSUs shall be forfeited immediately upon such Termination Date.

(b) *Deferral Election.* In the event that Participant has previously elected to defer settlement of the RSUs in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and Terminates active Service, all Shares subject to the RSUs that vested prior to the Termination Date and that have not been settled to Participant shall instead be distributed within two (2)

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months following Participant's Separation from Service, notwithstanding Participant's prior deferral election. For purposes of this Award Agreement, "Separation from Service" means termination of service with the Company as described in Section 409A of the Code. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or this Award Agreement to the contrary, no settlement of Shares shall be made that would constitute an impermissible acceleration of payments as defined in Section 409A(a)(3) of the Code and regulations promulgated thereunder.

**5. Nature of Plan and Award.** In accepting the RSUs, Participant acknowledges, understands and agrees that:

(a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature and it may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time, to the extent permitted by the Plan;

(b) the grant of RSUs is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future RSUs, or benefits in lieu of RSUs, even if RSUs have been granted in the past;

(c) all decisions with respect to future grants of RSUs or other grants, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company;

(d) nothing in the Plan or the RSUs shall confer on Participant any right to continue in the Service of the Company or limit in any way the ability of the Company to terminate Participant's Service relationship;

(e) Participant is voluntarily participating in the Plan;

(f) the RSUs and the Shares subject to the RSUs and the income and the value of the same are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation under any pension arrangement;

(g) the RSUs and the Shares subject to the RSUs, and the income and value of same, are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purposes, including but not limited to, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, end-of-service payments, bonuses, long-service awards, holiday pay, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar payments and in no event should be considered as compensation for, or relating in any way to, past services for the Company or any Subsidiary;

(h) unless otherwise agreed with the Company, the RSUs and the Shares subject to the RSUs, and the income and value of same, are not granted as consideration for, or in connection with, services Participant may provide as a director of any Subsidiary;

(i) the future value of the underlying Shares is unknown, indeterminable and cannot be predicted with certainty;

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(j) no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from forfeiture of the RSUs resulting from Termination of Participant's Service (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not later found to be invalid);

(k) for purposes of the RSUs, Participant's Service will be considered Terminated as of the date Participant is no longer actively providing Services to the Company and unless otherwise expressly provided in this Award Agreement or determined by the Board, Participant's right to vest in the RSUs under the Plan, if any, will terminate as of such date;

(l) unless otherwise provided in the Plan or by the Board in its discretion, the RSUs and the benefits evidenced by this Award Agreement do not create any entitlement to have the RSUs or any such benefits transferred to, or assumed by, another company nor be exchanged, cashed out or substituted for, in connection with any corporate transaction affecting the Shares; and

(m) neither the Company nor any Subsidiary shall be liable for any foreign exchange rate fluctuation between Participant's local currency and the United States Dollar that may affect the value of the RSUs or of any amounts due to Participant pursuant to the settlement of the RSUs or the subsequent sale of any Shares.

**6. No Advice Regarding Grant.** The Company is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding Participant's participation in the Plan, or Participant's acquisition or sale of the underlying Shares. Participant is hereby advised to consult with his or her own tax, legal and financial advisors regarding Participant's participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

**7. Responsibility for Taxes.** Participant acknowledges that, regardless of any action taken by the Company, the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items is and remains Participant's responsibility. Participant further acknowledges that the Company (a) makes no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the RSUs, including, but not limited to, the grant, vesting, deferral or settlement of the RSUs, the issuance of Shares upon settlement of the RSUs, the subsequent sale of Shares acquired pursuant to such settlement; and (b) do not commit to and are under no obligation to structure the terms of the grant or any aspect of the RSUs to reduce or eliminate Participant's liability for Tax-Related Items or achieve any particular tax result.

**8. Transferability.** Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, no right or interest of Participant in the RSUs, may be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of by Participant other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and any such purported sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, hypothecation or other disposition shall be void and unenforceable against the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Participant may, in the manner established by the Committee, designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries to exercise the affected Participant's rights and receive any property distributable with respect to any vested RSUs upon Participant's death.

**9. Insider Trading Restrictions/Market Abuse Laws.** Participant acknowledges that, depending on his or her country of residence, Participant may be subject to insider trading restrictions and/or market abuse laws, which may affect his or her ability to acquire or sell Shares

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or rights to Shares (e.g., RSUs) under the Plan during such times as Participant is considered to have “inside information” regarding the Company (as defined by the laws in Participant’s country). Any restrictions under these laws or regulations are separate from and in addition to any restrictions that may be imposed under any applicable Company insider trading policy. Participant is solely responsible for ensuring his or her compliance with any applicable restrictions and is advised to consult his or her personal legal advisor on this matter.

**10. Foreign Asset/Account Reporting Requirements; Exchange Controls.** Depending on Participant’s country, Participant may be subject to foreign asset/account, exchange control and/or tax reporting requirements as a result of the vesting of the RSUs, the acquisition, holding and/or transfer of Shares or cash resulting from participation in the Plan and/or the opening and maintaining of a brokerage or bank account in connection with the Plan. Participant may be required to report such assets, accounts, account balances and values, and/or related transactions to the applicable authorities in his or her country. Participant may also be required to repatriate sale proceeds or other funds received as a result of his or her participation in the Plan to his or her country through a designated bank or broker and/or within a certain time after receipt. Participant acknowledges that he or she is responsible for ensuring compliance with any applicable foreign asset/account, exchange control and tax reporting and other requirements. Participant further understands that he or she should consult Participant’s personal tax and legal advisors, as applicable, on these matters.

**11. Electronic Delivery and Participation.** The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to current or future participation in the Plan by electronic means. Participant hereby consents to receive such documents by electronic delivery and agrees to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company.

**12. Section 409A of the Code for U.S. Taxpayers.** The RSUs are intended to comply with Section 409A of the Code. The Company reserves the right, to the extent the Company deems necessary or advisable in its sole discretion, to unilaterally interpret, amend or modify the Plan and/or this Award Agreement to ensure that the RSUs are made in a manner that qualifies for exemption from or complies with Section 409A of the Code or to mitigate any additional tax, interest and/or penalties or other adverse tax consequences that may apply under Section 409A of the Code if compliance is not practical; provided, however, that the Company makes no representation that the RSUs will be exempt from or compliant with Section 409A of the Code and makes no undertaking to preclude Section 409A of the Code from applying to the RSUs. Nothing in the Plan or this Award Agreement shall provide a basis for any person to take any action against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries based on matters covered by Section 409A of the Code, including the tax treatment of any payments made under this Award Agreement, and neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries will have any liability under any circumstances to Participant or any other party if the grant of the RSUs, the settlement of the RSUs or other event hereunder that is intended to be exempt from, or compliant with, Section 409A of the Code, is not so exempt or compliant or for any action taken by the Board with respect thereto.

**13. Governing Law; Choice of Venue.** This Award Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to its conflicts of laws principles. For purposes of any action, lawsuit or other proceedings brought to enforce this Award Agreement, relating to it, or arising from it, the parties hereby submit to and consent to

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the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of San Mateo County, California, U.S.A., or the federal courts for the United States for the Northern District of California, U.S.A., and no other courts, where this grant is made and/or to be performed.

**14. Captions.** Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Award Agreement.

**15. Language.** Participant acknowledges that he or she is sufficiently proficient in English, or has consulted with an advisor who is sufficiently proficient in English, so as to allow Participant to understand the terms and conditions of this Award Agreement. Furthermore, if Participant has received this Award Agreement or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the meaning of the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

**16. Severability.** The provisions of this Award Agreement are severable and if any one or more provisions are determined to be illegal or otherwise unenforceable, in whole or in part, the remaining provisions shall nevertheless be binding and enforceable. Further, upon a determination that any term or other provision of this Award Agreement is illegal or otherwise incapable of being enforced, such term or other provision shall be deemed replaced by a term or provision that is valid and enforceable and that comes closest to expressing the intention of the illegal or unenforceable term or provision.

**17. Entire Agreement.** The Award Agreement, any deferral election and the Plan constitute the entire agreement of the parties and supersede all prior undertakings and agreements with respect to the subject matter hereof.

**18. Board's Authority.** The Board will have the power to interpret the Plan and this Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and application of the Plan as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules (including, but not limited to, the determination of whether or not any RSUs have vested). All actions taken and all interpretations and determinations made by the Board will be final and binding upon Participant, the Company and all other interested persons. No member of the Board will be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made with respect to the Plan or this Agreement.

**19. Imposition of Other Requirements.** The Company reserves the right to impose other requirements on Participant's participation in the Plan, on the RSUs and on any Shares acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Company determines it is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons, and to require Participant to sign any additional agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.

**20. Waiver.** Participant acknowledges that a waiver by the Company of breach of any provision of this Award Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other provision of this Award Agreement, or of any subsequent breach by Participant or any other Plan participant.

**21. Notice.** Copies of the Plan and Prospectus are available electronically at <https://eaworld.work.ea.com/stock-administration-services/rsus>. The Company's most recent annual report and published financial statements are available electronically as soon as practicable after

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their publication by clicking the "Financial Reports" link at <http://investor.ea.com>. The Plan, Prospectus, the Company's annual report, and the Company's financial statements are also available at no charge by submitting a request to the Company's Stock Administration Department at [StockAdmin@ea.com](mailto:StockAdmin@ea.com).

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## SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

## Exhibit 21.1

<b>Name in Corporate Articles</b>	<b>Doing Business As</b>	<b>Jurisdiction of Incorporation</b>
Respawn Entertainment, LLC	Respawn Entertainment, LLC	California
Prairie-Winnetka Holdings, LLC (US)	Prairie-Winnetka Holdings, LLC (US)	California
BioWare ULC	BioWare ULC	Canada
Electronic Arts (Canada), Inc.	Electronic Arts (Canada), Inc.	Canada
EA Mobile (Canada) ULC	EA Mobile (Canada) ULC	Canada
Electronic Arts Computer Software (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Electronic Arts Computer Software (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	China
Electronic Arts Proprietary Limited	Electronic Arts Proprietary Limited	Commonwealth of Australia
EA Entertainment, Inc.	EA Entertainment, Inc.	Delaware
EA Mobile (Canada Holdings) Inc.	EA Mobile (Canada Holdings) Inc.	Delaware
Electronic Arts Productions Inc.	Crocodile Productions	Delaware
Electronic Arts Redwood LLC	Electronic Arts Redwood LLC	Delaware
PopCap Games, LLC	PopCap Games, LLC	Delaware
Glu Mobile LLC	Glu Mobile LLC	Delaware
Glu Newco LLC	Glu Newco LLC	Delaware
Bingo Acquisition Corporation	Bingo Acquisition Corporation	Delaware
Crowdstar LLC	Crowdstar LLC	Delaware
Glu Toronto Inc.	Glu Toronto Inc.	Canada
Griptonite Games India Pvt. Ltd.	Griptonite Games India Pvt. Ltd.	India
Griptonite Games LLC	Griptonite Games LLC	Delaware
Glu Games LLC	Glu Games LLC	Delaware
Cosmic Pop LLC	Cosmic Pop LLC	Delaware
Creatif Studios LLC	Creatif Studios LLC	Delaware
Fishing Games LLC	Fishing Games LLC	Delaware
GlytchCo Games LLC	GlytchCo Games LLC	Delaware
Gems Interactive LLC	Gems Interactive LLC	Delaware
Electronic Arts Finland OY	Electronic Arts Finland OY	Finland
Electronic Arts - Tiburon, A Florida Corporation	Tiburon	Florida
Electronic Arts Publishing SARL	Electronic Arts Publishing SARL	France
Electronic Arts GmbH	Electronic Arts GmbH	Germany
Electronic Arts Games (India) Private Limited	Electronic Arts Games (India) Private Limited	India
Electronic Arts Ireland Limited	Electronic Arts Ireland Limited	Ireland
Carpetville Limited	Carpetville Limited	Ireland
Electronic Arts Israel Ltd	Electronic Arts Israel Ltd	Israel
Electronic Arts Italia S.r.l.	EA Italy	Italy
Electronic Arts K.K.	Electronic Arts K.K.	Japan
IoTech Finance SARL	IoTech Finance SARL	Luxembourg
Codemasters Studios Sdn Bhd	Codemasters Studios Sdn Bhd	Malaysia
EA México S. de R.L. de C.V.	EA México S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Electronic Arts Polska Sp. Z.O.O.	EA Poland	Poland
Electronic Arts Romania SRL	Electronic Arts Romania SRL	Romania
Electronic Arts Asia Pacific Pte Ltd	Electronic Arts Asia Pacific Pte Ltd	Singapore

**SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT**
**Exhibit 21.1**

<b>Name in Corporate Articles</b>	<b>Doing Business As</b>	<b>Jurisdiction of Incorporation</b>
Electronic Arts Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Electronic Arts Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Slightly Mad Studios Pte. Ltd.	Slightly Mad Studios Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Electronic Arts Korea LLC	Electronic Arts Korea LLC	South Korea
Electronic Arts Software S.L.	Electronic Arts Software S.L.	Spain
Digital Illusions CE AB	Digital Illusion CE AB	Sweden
EA Digital Illusions CE AB	EA Digital Illusions CE AB	Sweden
Electronic Arts Sweden AB	EA Sweden	Sweden
EA Swiss Sàrl	EA Swiss Sàrl	Switzerland
Electronic Arts Geneva Sàrl	Electronic Arts Geneva Sarl	Switzerland
Electronic Arts Nederland B.V.	Electronic Arts B.V.	The Netherlands
Playfish Limited	Playfish Limited	United Kingdom
Chillingo Limited	Chillingo Limited	United Kingdom
Criterion Software Limited	Criterion Software Limited	United Kingdom
Electronic Arts Limited	Electronic Arts Limited	United Kingdom
Electronic Arts Production Services (UK) Limited	Electronic Arts Production Services (UK) Limited	United Kingdom
Codex Games Limited	Codex Games Limited	United Kingdom
Codemasters Group Holdings Ltd	Codemasters Group Holdings Ltd	United Kingdom
The Codemasters Software Company Limited	The Codemasters Software Company Limited	United Kingdom
Codemasters Development Company Limited	Codemasters Development Company Limited	United Kingdom
IoTech Engine Limited	IoTech Engine Limited	United Kingdom
SMS Virgo Limited	SMS Virgo Limited	United Kingdom
SMS Phoenix Limited	SMS Phoenix Limited	United Kingdom
SMS Hydra Limited	SMS Hydra Limited	United Kingdom
Middleware Limited	Middleware Limited	United Kingdom
IoTech Studios Limited	IoTech Studios Limited	United Kingdom
SMS Apollo Limited	SMS Apollo Limited	United Kingdom
Slightly Mad Studios Limited	Slightly Mad Studios Limited	United Kingdom
Pine Interactive Ltd.	Pine Interactive Ltd.	United Kingdom
Playdemic Ltd.	Playdemic Ltd.	United Kingdom
Playdemic Development Ltd.	Playdemic Development Ltd.	United Kingdom

**Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements (Nos. 333-266879, 333-255675, 333-233182, 333-213044, 333-190355, 333-183077, 333-176181, 333-168680, 333-161229, 333-152757, 333-145182, 333-138532, 333-127156, 333-117990, 333-107710, 333-99525, 333-67430, 333-44222 and 333-39432) on Form S-8 and (No. 333-250800) on Form S-3 of our report dated May 24, 2023, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Electronic Arts Inc. and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Santa Clara, California  
May 24, 2023

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.**

**Certification of Chief Executive Officer  
Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act  
As Adopted Pursuant to  
Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Andrew Wilson, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Electronic Arts Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 24, 2023

By: /s/ Andrew Wilson  
Andrew Wilson  
Chief Executive Officer

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.**

**Certification of Chief Financial Officer  
Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act  
As Adopted Pursuant to  
Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Chris Suh, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Electronic Arts Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 24, 2023

By: /s/ Chris Suh  
Chris Suh  
Executive Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.**

**Certification of Chief Executive Officer  
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350  
As Adopted Pursuant to  
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Electronic Arts Inc. on Form 10-K for the period ended March 31, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Andrew Wilson, Chief Executive Officer of Electronic Arts Inc., certify, pursuant to 18 USC Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("Section 906"), that to my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Electronic Arts Inc. for the periods presented therein.

/s/ Andrew Wilson

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Andrew Wilson  
Chief Executive Officer  
Electronic Arts Inc.

May 24, 2023

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Electronic Arts and will be retained by Electronic Arts and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**ELECTRONIC ARTS INC.**

**Certification of Chief Financial Officer  
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350  
As Adopted Pursuant to  
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Electronic Arts Inc. on Form 10-K for the period ended March 31, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Chris Suh, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Electronic Arts Inc., certify, pursuant to 18 USC Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("Section 906"), that to my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Electronic Arts Inc. for the periods presented therein.

/s/ Chris Suh

Chris Suh

Executive Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer  
Electronic Arts Inc.

May 24, 2023

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Electronic Arts and will be retained by Electronic Arts and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.