1. Reading Assignment: A Short History of Java

- Task: Read about the history and development of Java.
- Link: http://sunsite.uakom.sk/sunworldonline/swol-07-1995/swol-07-java.html
- Notes:
 - 1. Java was created by sun microsystem green team under the project known as green project the mission was to create a distributed systems and they were struggling because of using c/c++ so there team lead james gosling in mid of 1991 started to develop java but it was called Oak. It didn't pass the trademark test to named as java.
 - 2. After that they tried to market java but did not work "*7".
 - 3. After that in mid 1994 gosling the though a web browser would be a good idea, so created a browser "WebRunner" also known as "hotjava" and to read java in browser creates "Applet"
 - 4. After that java became famous.
 - 5. Now owned by Oracle since 2010. As it was acquired by oracle.

2. Reading Assignment: Java Language Features

- Task: Learn about the main features of Java.
- Link: https://javaalmanac.io/features/
- Notes:
 - 1. java version has been releasing as of jdk 9 with every six months(march and september). With every release new functionality is added for developers to use java for their application.
 - 2. java first version: Jdk 1
 - 3. most stable version: Jdk1.8
 - 4. Jdk with LTS: jdk8,jdk11,jdk17,jdk21

3. Reading Assignment: Which Version of JDK Should I Use?

- Task: Find out which JDK version is right for you.
- Link: https://whichidk.com/
- Notes:
 - 1. Java jdk are offered by many companies other than oracle such as
 - Azul
 - Microsoft
 - Red Hat
 - Temurin

4. Reading Assignment: JDK Installation Directory Structure

- Task: Understand the folder structure and files in the JDK installation.
- Link: https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/technotes/tools/windows/jdkfiles.html
- Notes:
 - 1. Jdk has many files that are essential for java. Bin folder in java has a rt.jar and jre file which essential for java to run.

- 2. rt.jar contains the support files of java so very essential. It contains java support files.
- 3. rt.jar & Jvm -----inside-----→ Jre(java runtime environment) hence clients only needs jre to run java applications on there system while developer need whole jdk for development.

5. Reading Assignment: About Java Technology

- Task: Read about the basics of Java technology and its components.
- Link: https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/getStarted/intro/definition.html
- Notes:
 - 1. Java is a language, a technology as well as a platform.
 - 2. It is a object oriented as well as procedural and functional programming paradigm.
 - 3. It is case sensitive, strongly statically type language.
 - 4. Many editions
 - Java Standard Edition(Java SE) → for standalone programs
 - Java Enterprise Edition(Java EE) → for client and server based applications.
 - Java Micro Edition(Java ME) → for embedded system and old phones.
 - Java FX→For rich GUI
 - Java card → for smart cards and secure IOT devices.
 - 5. Java flow:

Source file(java) \rightarrow ---compiler--- \rightarrow java.class \rightarrow ---jvm--- \rightarrow execution.

6. Coding Assignments

1. **Hello World Program**: Write a Java program that prints "Hello World!!" to the console.

Program:

```
class Program1{
  public static void main(String[] args){
    System.out.println("Hello World!");
  }
}
output:
```

```
Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\Users\ASUS\Desktop\Aug24CDAC\Core_Java\day 1\programs> javac Program1.java

PS C:\Users\ASUS\Desktop\Aug24CDAC\Core_Java\day 1\programs> java Program1

Hello World!

PS C:\Users\ASUS\Desktop\Aug24CDAC\Core_Java\day 1\programs> []
```

- 2. **Compile with Verbose Option**: Compile your Java file using the -verbose option with javac. Check the output.
 - -verbose is used to see all the details regarding loading the drivers, softwares necessary for the making a class file.

```
ASUS@LAPTOP-HJG23I52 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Aug24CDAC/Core_java/day 1/programs (master)

$ javac -verbose Program1.java
[parsing started SimpleFileObject[C:\Users\ASUS\Desktop\Aug24CDAC\Core_Java\day
1\programs\Program1.java]
[parsing completed 30ms]
[loading /modules/jdk.aot/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/jdk.nio.mapmode/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/jdk.jstatd/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/jdk.zipfs/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/jdk.naming.dns/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/java.compiler/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/jdk.jartool/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/jdk.jsobject/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/jdk.xml.dom/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/jdk.xml.dom/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/jdk.xml.dom/module-info.class]
[loading /modules/jdk.crypto.mscapi/module-info.class]
```

3. **Inspect Bytecode**: Use the javap tool to examine the bytecode of the compiled .class file. Observe the output.

Javap is used to disassemble the class file.

```
ASUS@LAPTOP-HJG23I52 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Aug24CDAC/Core_java/day 1/programs (master)

$ javap Program1.class
Compiled from "Program1.java"
class Program1 {
    Program1();
    public static void main(java.lang.String[]);
}
```

- 7. Reading Assignment: The JVM Architecture Explained
 - Task: Learn about how the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) works.
 - Link: https://dzone.com/articles/jvm-architecture-explained
 - Notes:
 - 1. JVM stands for java virtual machine
 - 2. The tag line "WORA" represents that it works on a virtual machine.

 Source file(java)→--compiler--→java.class→--jvm--→loads & execution.
 - 3. JVM divided into 3 parts:
 - ClassLoader Subsystem: loads, links and initializes class file at runtime

- Runtime Data Area:
 - 1. Method Area
 - 2. Heap area
 - 3. Stack area
 - 4. Pc registers
 - 5. Native Method Stacks
- Execution engine
 - 1. Interpreter
 - 2. Jit compiler
 - 3. Garbage collector

8. Reading Assignment: The Java Language Environment: Contents

- Task: Explore the content and features of the Java language environment.
- Link: https://www.oracle.com/java/technologies/language-environment.html
- Notes:
 - 1. Primitive Datatypes
 - 2. Arithmetic and relational operations
 - 3. Memory Management and garbage collection
 - 4. Features removed from c and c++.