

In [1]: `#EXP-6`

In [2]: `#Aim various types of graph`

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# Sec:A  
# Subject:ET1  
# Date: 25/08/2025`

In [8]: `#importing the basic library  
import numpy as np  
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt`

In [9]: `x=np.arange(1,11)`

In [10]: `x`

Out[10]: `array([ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10])`

In [12]: `print(x)`

`[ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10]`

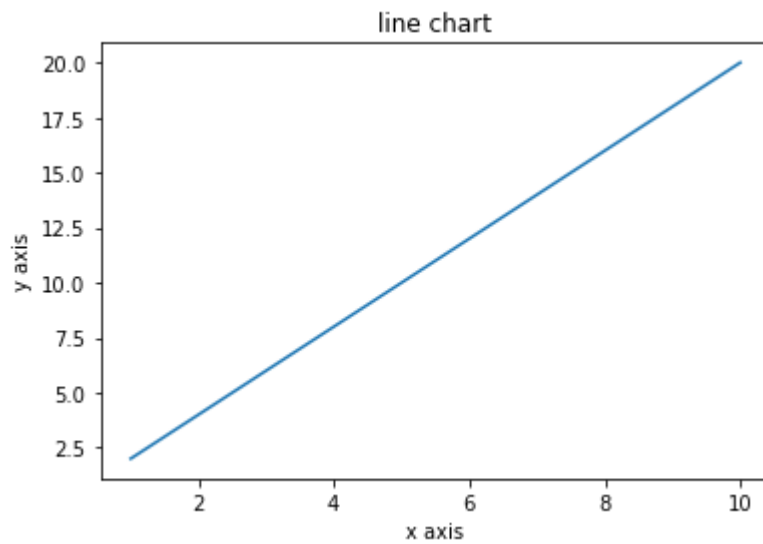
In [13]: `y=2*x`

In [14]: `y`

Out[14]: `array([ 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20])`

## line chart

In [15]: `plt.plot(x,y)  
plt.title("line chart")  
plt.xlabel("x axis")  
  
plt.ylabel("y axis")  
plt.show()`

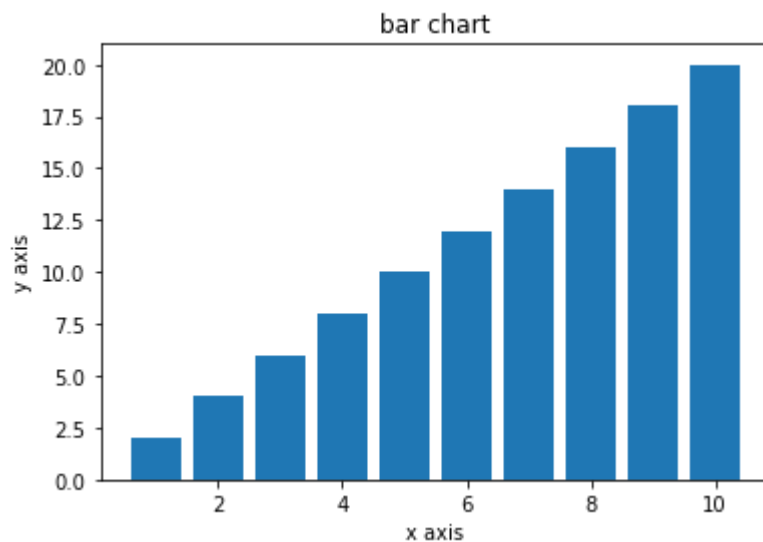


## BARCHART

In [16]:

```
plt.bar(x,y)
plt.title("bar chart")
plt.xlabel("x axis")

plt.ylabel("y axis")
plt.show()
```



In [17]:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Step 1: Generate random numbers
# For example, 10 random integers between 1 and 50
data = np.random.randint(1, 50, size=10)

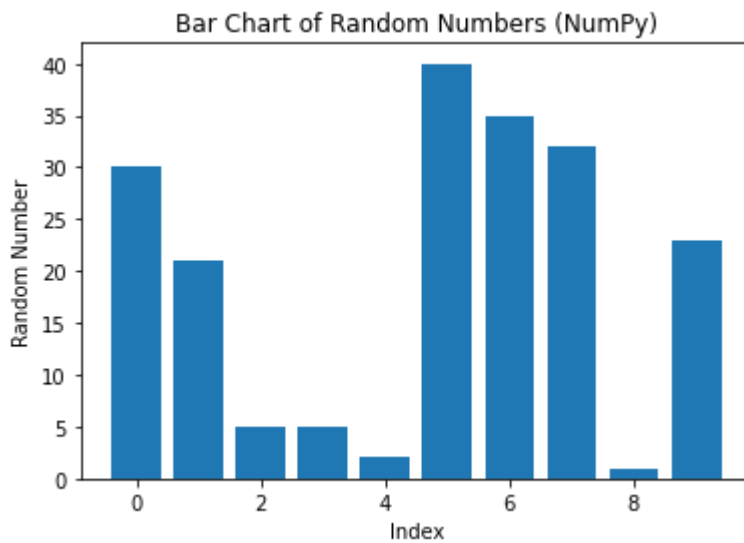
# Step 2: Create x-axis values (like labels for each bar)
x = np.arange(len(data))

# Step 3: Plot bar chart
plt.bar(x, data)

# Step 4: Add Labels and title
plt.xlabel("Index")
plt.ylabel("Random Number")
```

```
plt.title("Bar Chart of Random Numbers (NumPy)")

# Step 5: Show chart
plt.show()
```



In [18]:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Step 1: Generate random numbers
data = np.random.randint(1, 20, size=8) # 8 random numbers between 1 and 20

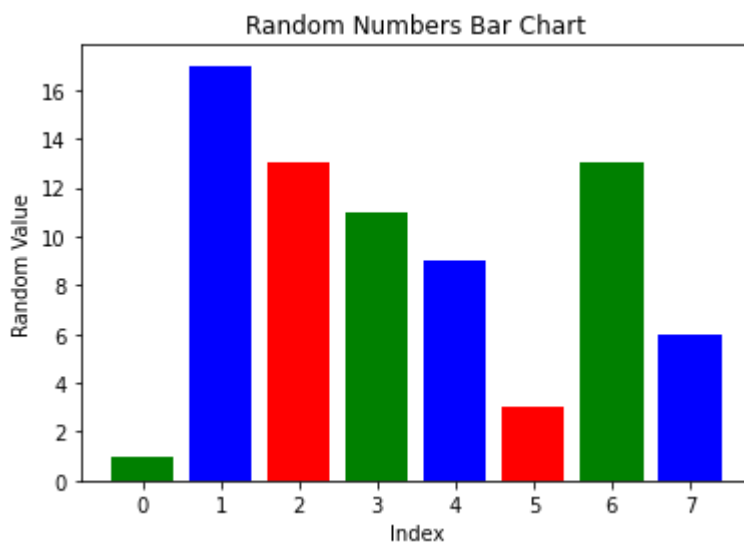
# Step 2: Create bar chart
x = np.arange(len(data)) # positions for bars

# Step 3: Change bar colors
colors = ['green', 'blue', 'red']

plt.bar(x, data, color=colors)

# Add Labels
plt.xlabel("Index")
plt.ylabel("Random Value")
plt.title("Random Numbers Bar Chart")

# Show plot
plt.show()
```



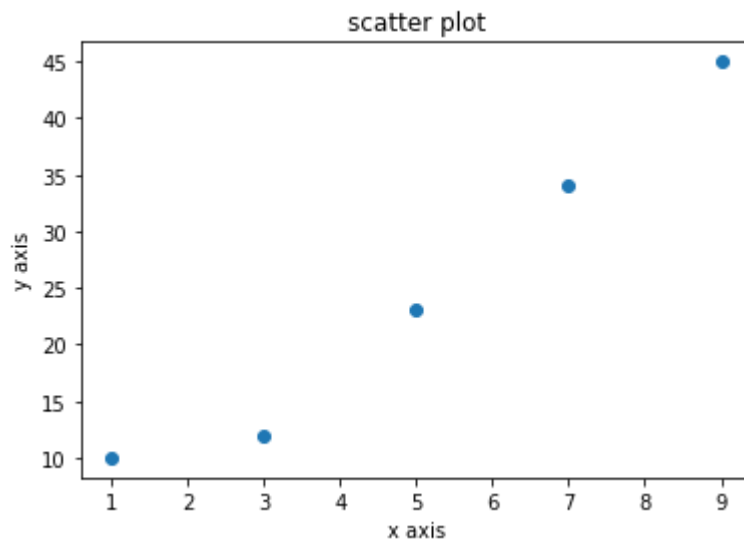
# Scatter plot

In [19]:

```
a=(1,5,9,3,7)
b=(10,23,45,12,34)

plt.scatter(a,b)
plt.title("scatter plot")
plt.xlabel("x axis")

plt.ylabel("y axis")
plt.show()
```



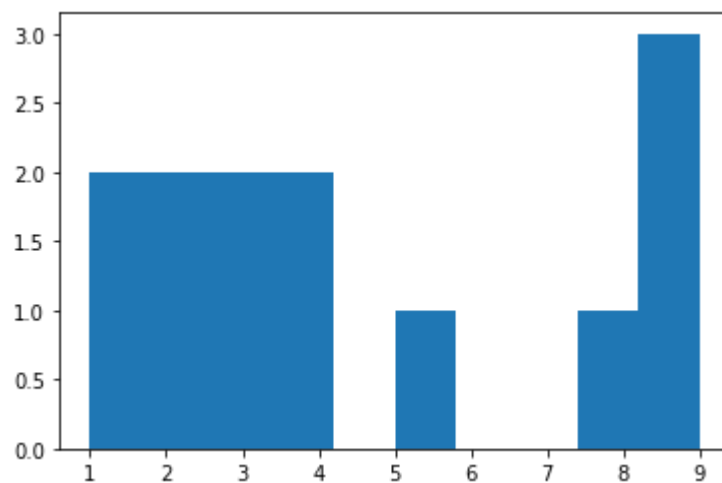
# HISTRO-GRAM

In [25]:

```
H=(1,2,3,4,5,1,2,3,4,8,9,9,9)
```

In [26]:

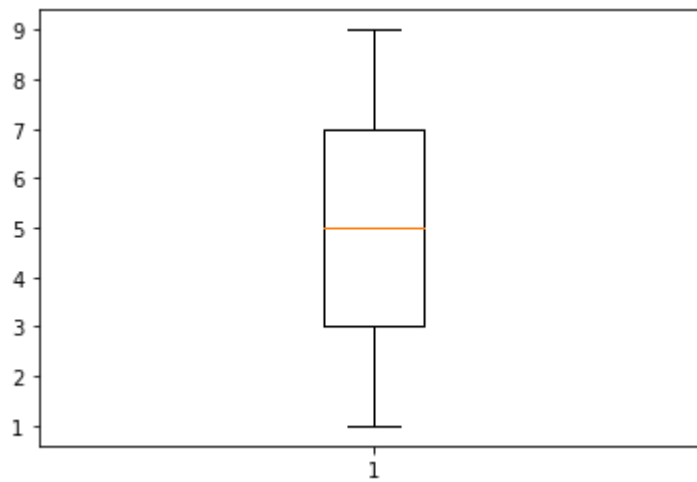
```
plt.hist(H)
plt.show()
```



# BOXPLOT

```
In [27]: B=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]
```

```
In [29]: plt.boxplot(B)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
```