

Electric Vehicle

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import warnings
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
df = pd.read_csv("F:/Innomatics/Electric Vehicles/dataset.csv")
df.head()
```

	VIN (1-10)	County	City	State	Postal Code	Model Year
0	JTMEB3FV6N	Monroe	Key West	FL	33040	2022
1	1G1RD6E45D	Clark	Laughlin	NV	89029	2013
2	JN1AZ0CP8B	Yakima	Yakima	WA	98901	2011
3	1G1FW6S08H	Skagit	Concrete	WA	98237	2017
4	3FA6P0SU1K	Snohomish	Everett	WA	98201	2019

	Model	Electric Vehicle Type \
0	RAV4 PRIME	Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
1	VOLT	Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
2	LEAF	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
3	BOLT EV	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
4	FUSION	Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)

	Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle (CAFV) Eligibility	Electric Range \
0	Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible	42
1	Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible	38
2	Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible	73
3	Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible	238
4	Not eligible due to low battery range	26

	Base MSRP	Legislative District	DOL Vehicle ID \
0	0	NaN	198968248
1	0	NaN	5204412
2	0	15.0	218972519
3	0	39.0	186750406
4	0	38.0	2006714

	Vehicle Location	Electric Utility	2020 Census
0	POINT (-81.80023 24.5545)	NaN	12087972100

```

1 POINT (-114.57245 35.16815) NaN
32003005702
2 POINT (-120.50721 46.60448) PACIFICORP
53077001602
3 POINT (-121.7515 48.53892) PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC
53057951101
4 POINT (-122.20596 47.97659) PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC
53061041500

```

```
df.tail()
```

	Make	Model_Year	Number_of_Vehicles
200	VOLVO	2019	190
201	VOLVO	2020	162
202	VOLVO	2021	580
203	VOLVO	2022	882
204	VOLVO	2023	21

```
df.shape
```

```
(112634, 17)
```

```
df.describe()
```

	Model_Year	Number_of_Vehicles
count	205.000000	205.000000
mean	2017.834146	548.770732
std	4.361350	1511.343773
min	1997.000000	1.000000
25%	2016.000000	44.000000
50%	2019.000000	146.000000
75%	2021.000000	580.000000
max	2023.000000	14548.000000

```
df.columns
```

```

Index(['VIN (1-10)', 'County', 'City', 'State', 'Postal Code', 'Model
Year',
      'Make', 'Model', 'Electric Vehicle Type',
      'Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle (CAFV) Eligibility', 'Electric
Range',
      'Base MSRP', 'Legislative District', 'DOL Vehicle ID',
      'Vehicle Location', 'Electric Utility', '2020 Census Tract'],
      dtype='object')

```

```
df.columns = df.columns.str.replace(" ", "_")
```

```
df.columns
```

```

Index(['VIN_(1-10)', 'County', 'City', 'State', 'Postal_Code',
      'Model_Year',
      'Make', 'Model', 'Electric_Vehicle_Type',

```

```

        'Clean_Alternative_Fuel_Vehicle_(CAFV)_Eligibility',
'Electric_Range',
        'Base_MSRP', 'Legislative_District', 'DOL_Vehicle_ID',
        'Vehicle_Location', 'Electric_Utility', '2020_Census_Tract'],
dtype='object')

```

Missing Values

```

# Check for missing values in the dataset
missing_values = df.isnull().sum()
missing_values

Make                0
Model_Year          0
Number_of_Vehicles  0
dtype: int64

# Check for duplicates in the dataset
duplicates = df.duplicated().sum()
duplicates

0

```

Renaming Columns

```

df.rename
(columns={"Clean_Alternative_Fuel_Vehicle_(CAFV)_Eligibility":
"CAFV_Eligibility"}, inplace = True)
df.columns

Index(['VIN_(1-10)', 'County', 'City', 'State', 'Postal_Code',
'Model_Year',
      'Make', 'Model', 'Electric_Vehicle_Type', 'CAFV_Eligibility',
      'Electric_Range', 'Base_MSRP', 'Legislative_District',
'DOL_Vehicle_ID',
      'Vehicle_Location', 'Electric_Utility', '2020_Census_Tract'],
dtype='object')

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 112634 entries, 0 to 112633
Data columns (total 17 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   VIN_(1-10)            112634 non-null object
 1   County                112634 non-null object

```

```

2   City                112634 non-null object
3   State               112634 non-null object
4   Postal_Code         112634 non-null int64
5   Model_Year          112634 non-null int64
6   Make                112634 non-null object
7   Model               112614 non-null object
8   Electric_Vehicle_Type 112634 non-null object
9   CAFV_Eligibility    112634 non-null object
10  Electric_Range      112634 non-null int64
11  Base_MSRP           112634 non-null int64
12  Legislative_District 112348 non-null float64
13  DOL_Vehicle_ID      112634 non-null int64
14  Vehicle_Location    112610 non-null object
15  Electric_Utility     112191 non-null object
16  2020_Census_Tract   112634 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(10)
memory usage: 14.6+ MB

```

```
df.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

```

Electric_Utility      443
Legislative_District  286
Vehicle_Location      24
Model                 20
VIN_(1-10)            0
CAEV_Eligibility      0
DOL_Vehicle_ID        0
Base_MSRP              0
Electric_Range        0
Electric_Vehicle_Type  0
County                0
Make                  0
Model_Year            0
Postal_Code           0
State                 0
City                  0
2020_Census_Tract     0
dtype: int64

```

```
df_dropna = df.dropna()
```

```
df_dropna.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
Index: 112152 entries, 2 to 112633
```

```
Data columns (total 17 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	VIN_(1-10)	112152 non-null	object
1	County	112152 non-null	object

```

2   City                112152 non-null object
3   State               112152 non-null object
4   Postal_Code         112152 non-null int64
5   Model_Year          112152 non-null int64
6   Make                112152 non-null object
7   Model               112152 non-null object
8   Electric_Vehicle_Type 112152 non-null object
9   CAFV_Eligibility    112152 non-null object
10  Electric_Range      112152 non-null int64
11  Base_MSRP           112152 non-null int64
12  Legislative_District 112152 non-null float64
13  DOL_Vehicle_ID      112152 non-null int64
14  Vehicle_Location    112152 non-null object
15  Electric_Utility    112152 non-null object
16  2020_Census_Tract   112152 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(10)
memory usage: 15.4+ MB

```

Values (Aggregate and Categorical)

```

discrete_df = df.select_dtypes(include=['object'])

numerical_df = df.select_dtypes(include=['int64', 'float64'])

```

Univariate Analysis

```

def discrete_univariate_analysis(discrete_data):
    for col_name in discrete_data:
        print(""*10, col_name, ""*10)
        print(discrete_data[col_name].agg(['count', 'nunique',
'unique']))
        print('Value Counts: \n',
discrete_data[col_name].value_counts())
        print()
discrete_univariate_analysis(discrete_df)

***** VIN_(1-10) *****
count                                     112634
nunique                                   7548
unique   [JTMEB3FV6N, 1G1RD6E45D, JN1AZ0CP8B, 1G1FW6S08...
Name: VIN_(1-10), dtype: object
Value Counts:
VIN_(1-10)
5YJYGDEE9M    472
5YJYGDEE0M    465
5YJYGDEE8M    448

```

```
5YJYGDEE7M      448
5YJYGDEE2M      437
...
WA1LAAGE9M       1
5UXKT0C50H       1
5YJYGAED3M       1
WDC0G5DBXL       1
YV4ED3GM0P       1
Name: count, Length: 7548, dtype: int64
```

***** County *****

```
count              112634
nunique              165
unique      [Monroe, Clark, Yakima, Skagit, Snohomish, Isl...
Name: County, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  County
King      59000
Snohomish 12434
Pierce     8535
Clark      6689
Thurston   4126
...
Pinal      1
Elmore     1
Portsmouth 1
Kings      1
Kootenai   1
Name: count, Length: 165, dtype: int64
```

***** City *****

```
count              112634
nunique              629
unique      [Key West, Laughlin, Yakima, Concrete, Everett...
Name: City, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  City
Seattle      20305
Bellevue     5921
Redmond      4201
Vancouver    4013
Kirkland     3598
...
Hartline     1
Gaithersburg 1
El Paso      1
Klickitat    1
Worley       1
Name: count, Length: 629, dtype: int64
```

***** State *****

count 112634

nunique 45

unique [FL, NV, WA, IL, NY, VA, OK, KS, CA, NE, MD, C...

Name: State, dtype: object

Value Counts:

State

WA 112348

CA 76

VA 36

MD 26

TX 14

CO 9

NV 8

GA 7

NC 7

CT 6

DC 6

FL 6

AZ 6

IL 6

SC 5

OR 5

NE 5

HI 4

UT 4

AR 4

NY 4

TN 3

KS 3

MO 3

PA 3

MA 3

LA 3

NJ 3

NH 2

OH 2

WY 2

ID 2

KY 1

RI 1

ME 1

MN 1

SD 1

WI 1

NM 1

AK 1

MS 1

AL 1

```
DE      1
OK      1
ND      1
```

```
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
***** Make *****
```

```
count                                112634
nunique                               34
unique    [TOYOTA, CHEVROLET, NISSAN, FORD, TESLA, KIA, ...
```

```
Name: Make, dtype: object
```

```
Value Counts:
```

```
Make
TESLA      52078
NISSAN     12880
CHEVROLET  10182
FORD       5819
BMW        4680
KIA        4483
TOYOTA     4405
VOLKSWAGEN 2514
AUDI       2332
VOLVO      2288
CHRYSLER   1794
HYUNDAI    1412
JEEP       1152
RIVIAN      885
FIAT        822
PORSCHE    818
HONDA      792
MINI       632
MITSUBISHI 588
POLESTAR   558
MERCEDES-BENZ 506
SMART      273
JAGUAR     219
LINCOLN    168
CADILLAC   108
LUCID MOTORS 65
SUBARU     59
LAND ROVER 38
LEXUS      33
FISKER     20
GENESIS    18
AZURE DYNAMICS 7
TH!NK      3
BENTLEY    3
```

```
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
***** Model *****
```



```

count 112614
nunique 114
unique [RAV4 PRIME, VOLT, LEAF, BOLT EV, FUSION, MODE...
Name: Model, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  Model
MODEL 3      23135
MODEL Y      17142
LEAF         12880
MODEL S       7377
BOLT EV       4910
...
745LE         2
S-10 PICKUP   1
SOLTERRA      1
918           1
FLYING SPUR   1
Name: count, Length: 114, dtype: int64

```

***** Electric_Vehicle_Type *****

```

count 112634
nunique 2
unique [Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV), Batte...
Name: Electric_Vehicle_Type, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  Electric_Vehicle_Type
Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)      86044
Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV) 26590
Name: count, dtype: int64

```

***** CAFV_Eligibility *****

```

count 112634
nunique 3
unique [Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible, Not ...
Name: CAFV_Eligibility, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  CAFV_Eligibility
Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible      58639
Eligibility unknown as battery range has not been researched 39236
Not eligible due to low battery range      14759
Name: count, dtype: int64

```

***** Vehicle_Location *****

```

count 112610
nunique 758
unique [POINT (-81.80023 24.5545), POINT (-114.57245 ...
Name: Vehicle_Location, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  Vehicle_Location
POINT (-122.13158 47.67858)      2916

```

```

POINT (-122.2066 47.67887)      2059
POINT (-122.1872 47.61001)      2001
POINT (-122.31765 47.70013)      1880
POINT (-122.12096 47.55584)      1852
...
POINT (-124.33152 48.05431)      1
POINT (-77.41203 39.41574)      1
POINT (-123.61022 46.35588)      1
POINT (-112.04165 40.68741)      1
POINT (-116.91895 47.40077)      1
Name: count, Length: 758, dtype: int64

***** Electric_Utility *****
count                                112191
nunique                                73
unique    [nan, PACIFICORP, PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC, PUD ...
Name: Electric_Utility, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  Electric_Utility
PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC||CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)
40247
PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC
22172
CITY OF SEATTLE - (WA)||CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)
21447
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PUD NO 1 OF CLARK COUNTY - (WA)
6522
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)||PENINSULA
LIGHT COMPANY                                5053
...
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PENINSULA LIGHT COMPANY
1
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PUD NO 1 OF ASOTIN COUNTY
1
CITY OF SEATTLE - (WA)
1
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||NESPELEM VALLEY ELEC COOP, INC
1
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PUD NO 1 OF CLALLAM COUNTY|PUD NO 1
OF JEFFERSON COUNTY                        1
Name: count, Length: 73, dtype: int64

```

Numerical Analysis

```

def numerical_univariate_analysis(numerical_data):
    for col_name in numerical_data:

```

```
print(""*10, col_name, " "*10)
print(numerical_data[col_name].agg(['min', 'max', 'mean',
'median', 'std']))
print()
```

```
numerical_univariate_analysis(numerical_df)
```

```
***** Postal_Code *****
```

```
min      1730.000000
max      99701.000000
mean     98156.226850
median   98119.000000
std      2648.733064
Name: Postal_Code, dtype: float64
```

```
***** Model_Year *****
```

```
min      1997.000000
max      2023.000000
mean     2019.003365
median   2020.000000
std       2.892364
Name: Model_Year, dtype: float64
```

```
***** Electric_Range *****
```

```
min      0.000000
max      337.000000
mean     87.812987
median   32.000000
std     102.334216
Name: Electric_Range, dtype: float64
```

```
***** Base_MSRP *****
```

```
min      0.000000
max     845000.000000
mean     1793.439681
median    0.000000
std     10783.753486
Name: Base_MSRP, dtype: float64
```

```
***** Legislative_District *****
```

```
min      1.000000
max     49.000000
mean     29.805604
median   34.000000
std     14.700545
Name: Legislative_District, dtype: float64
```

```
***** DOL_Vehicle_ID *****
```

```
min      4.777000e+03
max      4.792548e+08
mean     1.994567e+08
```

```

median    1.923896e+08
std       9.398427e+07
Name: DOL_Vehicle_ID, dtype: float64

***** 2020_Census_Tract *****
min       1.101001e+09
max       5.603300e+10
mean      5.296650e+10
median    5.303303e+10
std       1.699104e+09
Name: 2020_Census_Tract, dtype: float64

```

Visual Analysis (Univariate)

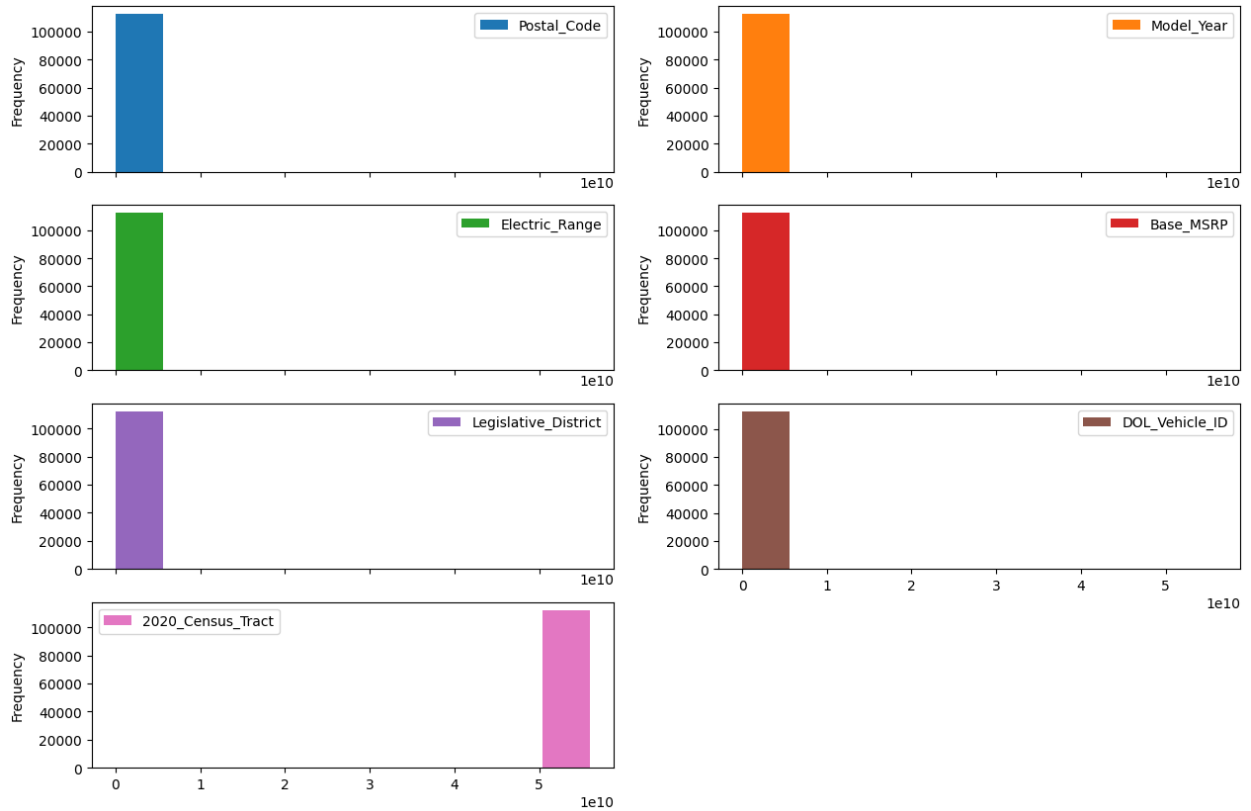
```

warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=UserWarning,
module="matplotlib.font_manager")

df.plot(kind='hist', subplots=True, layout=(4, 2), figsize=(15, 10))

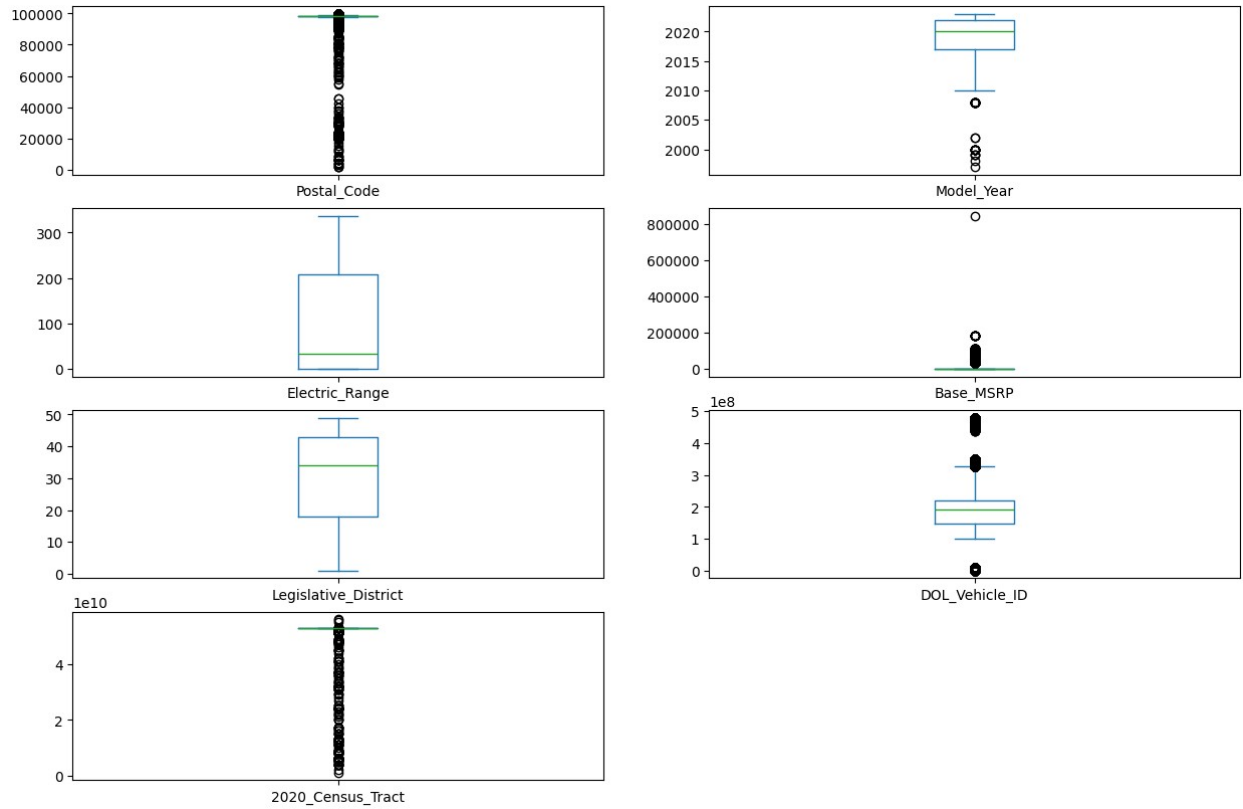
array([[<Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>, <Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>],
       [<Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>, <Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>],
       [<Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>, <Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>],
       [<Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>, <Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>]],
      dtype=object)

```



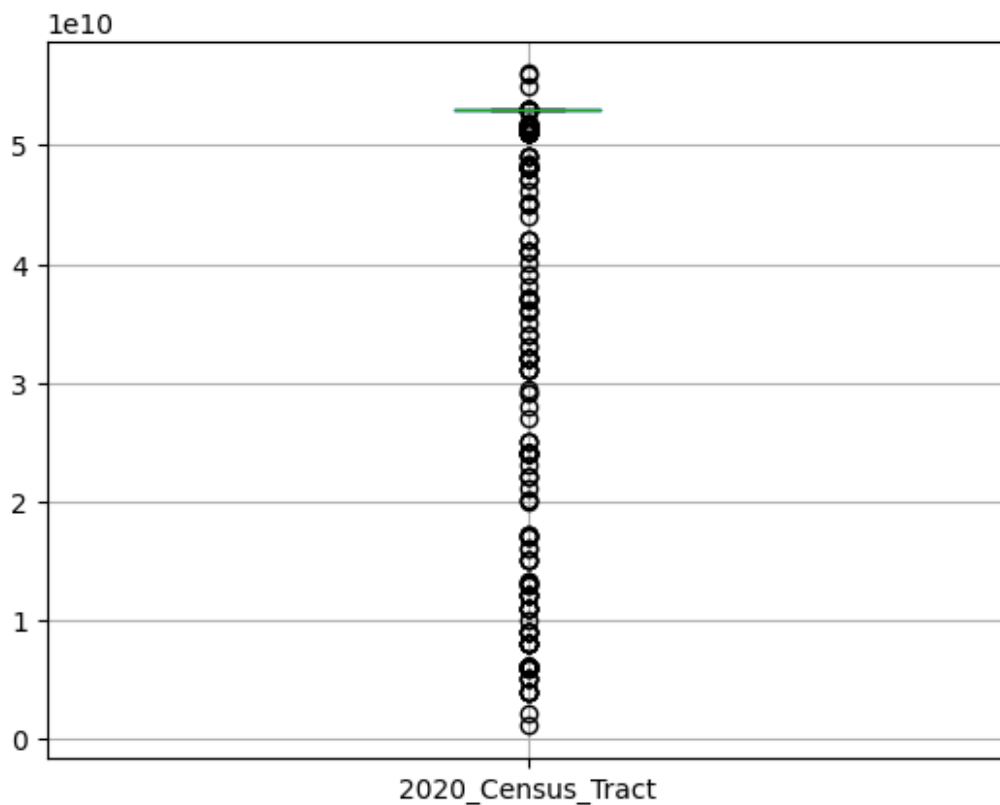
```
df.plot(kind='box', subplots=True, layout=(4, 2), figsize=(15, 10))
```

```
Postal_Code      Axes(0.125,0.712609;0.352273x0.167391)
Model_Year       Axes(0.547727,0.712609;0.352273x0.167391)
Electric_Range   Axes(0.125,0.511739;0.352273x0.167391)
Base_MSRP        Axes(0.547727,0.511739;0.352273x0.167391)
Legislative_District Axes(0.125,0.31087;0.352273x0.167391)
DOL_Vehicle_ID   Axes(0.547727,0.31087;0.352273x0.167391)
2020_Census_Tract Axes(0.125,0.11;0.352273x0.167391)
dtype: object
```



```
df.boxplot(column = "2020_Census_Tract")
```

```
<Axes: >
```



Bivariate Analysis

```
numerical_df.corr()
```

	Postal_Code	Model_Year	Electric_Range	
Base_MSRP \				
Postal_Code	1.000000	-0.004485	0.000385	
0.001151				
Model_Year	-0.004485	1.000000	-0.288433	-
0.229130				
Electric_Range	0.000385	-0.288433	1.000000	
0.085025				
Base_MSRP	0.001151	-0.229130	0.085025	
1.000000				
Legislative_District	-0.433405	0.010439	0.024387	
0.012426				
DOL_Vehicle_ID	0.003365	-0.068295	0.009682	
0.000504				
2020_Census_Tract	0.501170	0.000714	0.000722	
0.000979				
	Legislative_District	DOL_Vehicle_ID		
2020_Census_Tract				

Postal_Code	-0.433405	0.003365	
0.501170			
Model_Year	0.010439	-0.068295	
0.000714			
Electric_Range	0.024387	0.009682	
0.000722			
Base_MSRP	0.012426	0.000504	
0.000979			
Legislative_District	1.000000	-0.001671	-
0.111991			
DOL_Vehicle_ID	-0.001671	1.000000	
0.002754			
2020_Census_Tract	-0.111991	0.002754	
1.000000			

```

numerical_df.columns
Index(['Postal_Code', 'Model_Year', 'Electric_Range', 'Base_MSRP',
      'Legislative_District', 'DOL_Vehicle_ID', '2020_Census_Tract'],
      dtype='object')

```

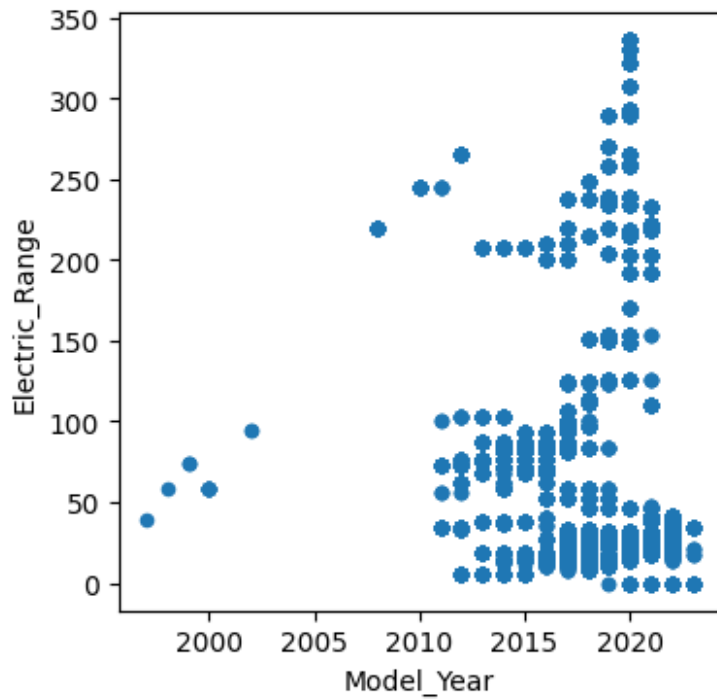
Continuous vs Continuous

```

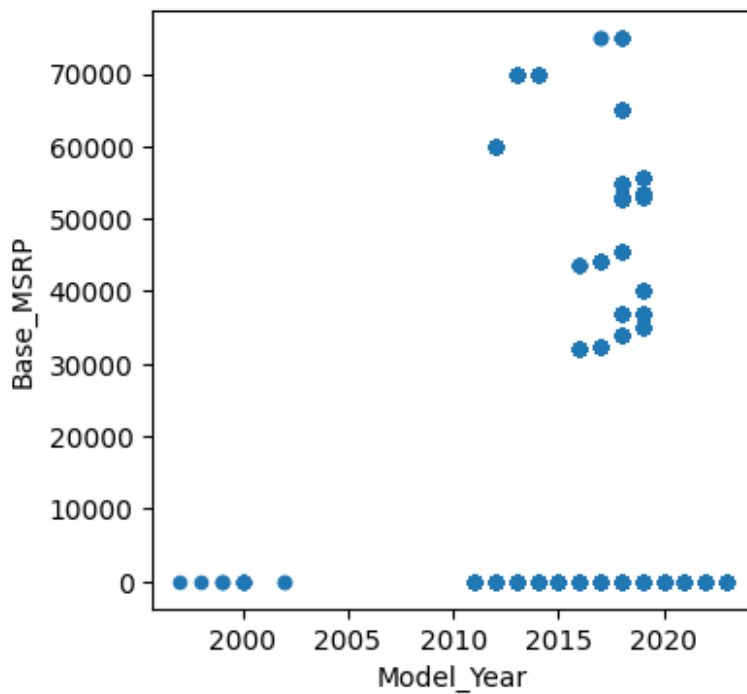
df.plot(kind='scatter', x='Model_Year', y='Electric_Range',
figsize=(4, 4))

<Axes: xlabel='Model_Year', ylabel='Electric_Range'>

```

```
df = df.loc[df['Base_MSRP'] < 80000]
df.plot(kind='scatter', x='Model_Year', y='Base_MSRP', figsize=(4, 4))
<Axes: xlabel='Model_Year', ylabel='Base_MSRP'>
```



Discrete vs Discrete

```
discrete_df.columns
```

```
Index(['VIN_(1-10)', 'County', 'City', 'State', 'Make', 'Model',  
      'Electric_Vehicle_Type', 'CAFV_Eligibility',  
      'Vehicle_Location',  
      'Electric_Utility'],  
      dtype='object')
```

```
pd.crosstab(df['Model_Year'], df['CAFV_Eligibility'], normalize =  
True)
```

```
CAFV_Eligibility  Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible \
```

```
Model_Year
```

1997	0.000009
1998	0.000009
1999	0.000027
2000	0.000089
2002	0.000018
2011	0.007405
2012	0.011645
2013	0.034098
2014	0.025743
2015	0.037885
2016	0.038490
2017	0.056428
2018	0.105966
2019	0.078615
2020	0.086970
2021	0.018658
2022	0.018151
2023	0.000382

```
CAFV_Eligibility  Eligibility unknown as battery range has not been  
researched \
```

```
Model_Year
```

1997	0.000000
1998	0.000000
1999	0.000000
2000	0.000000
2002	0.000000
2011	0.000000
2012	0.000000

2013	0.000000
2014	0.000000
2015	0.000000
2016	0.000000
2017	0.000000
2018	0.000000
2019	0.000018
2020	0.000471
2021	0.127878
2022	0.204093
2023	0.016311

CAFV_Eligibility Not eligible due to low battery range

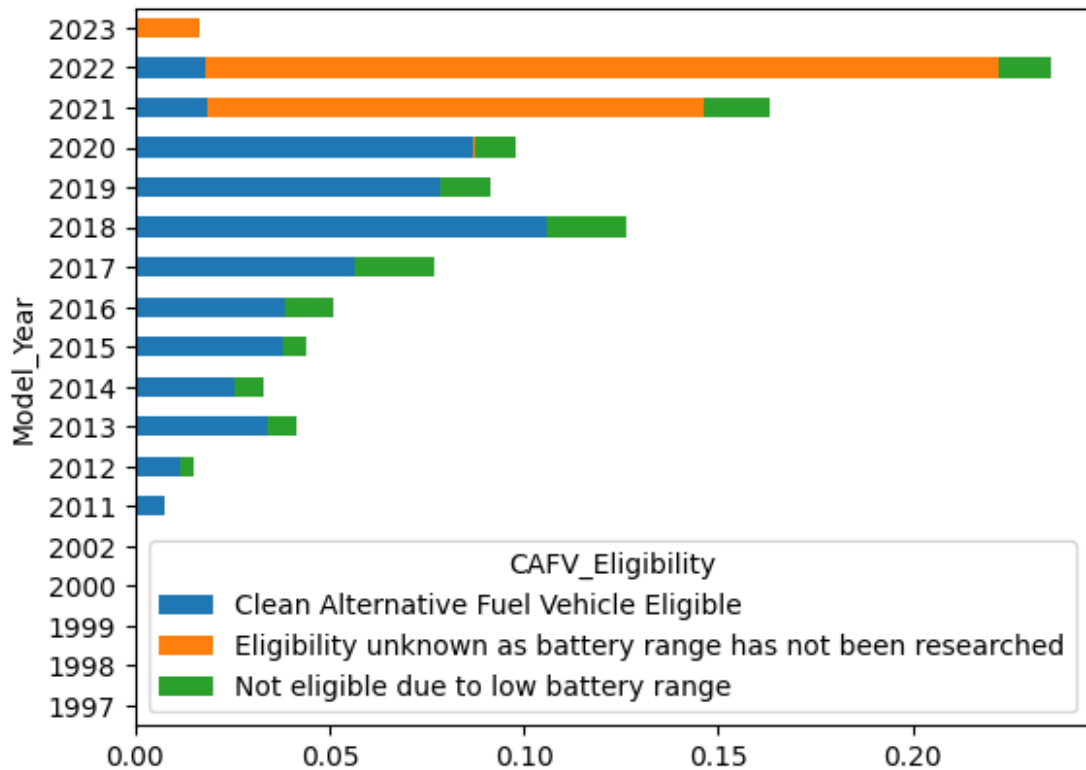
Model_Year

1997	0.000000
1998	0.000000
1999	0.000000
2000	0.000000
2002	0.000000
2011	0.000000
2012	0.003333
2013	0.007600
2014	0.007013
2015	0.006018
2016	0.012489
2017	0.020347
2018	0.020391
2019	0.012587
2020	0.010507
2021	0.016703
2022	0.013582
2023	0.000071

```
tab = pd.crosstab(df['Model_Year'], df['CAFV_Eligibility'], normalize
= True)
```

```
tab.plot(kind='barh', stacked=True)
```

```
<Axes: ylabel='Model_Year'>
```



```
pd.crosstab(df['Model_Year'],df['Electric_Vehicle_Type'])
```

```
Electric_Vehicle_Type  Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV) \
Model_Year
```

1997	1
1998	1
1999	3
2000	10
2002	2
2011	762
2012	814
2013	3018
2014	1864
2015	3625
2016	3938
2017	4498
2018	9902
2019	8440
2020	9444
2021	14873
2022	22960
2023	1835

```
Electric_Vehicle_Type  Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
Model_Year
```

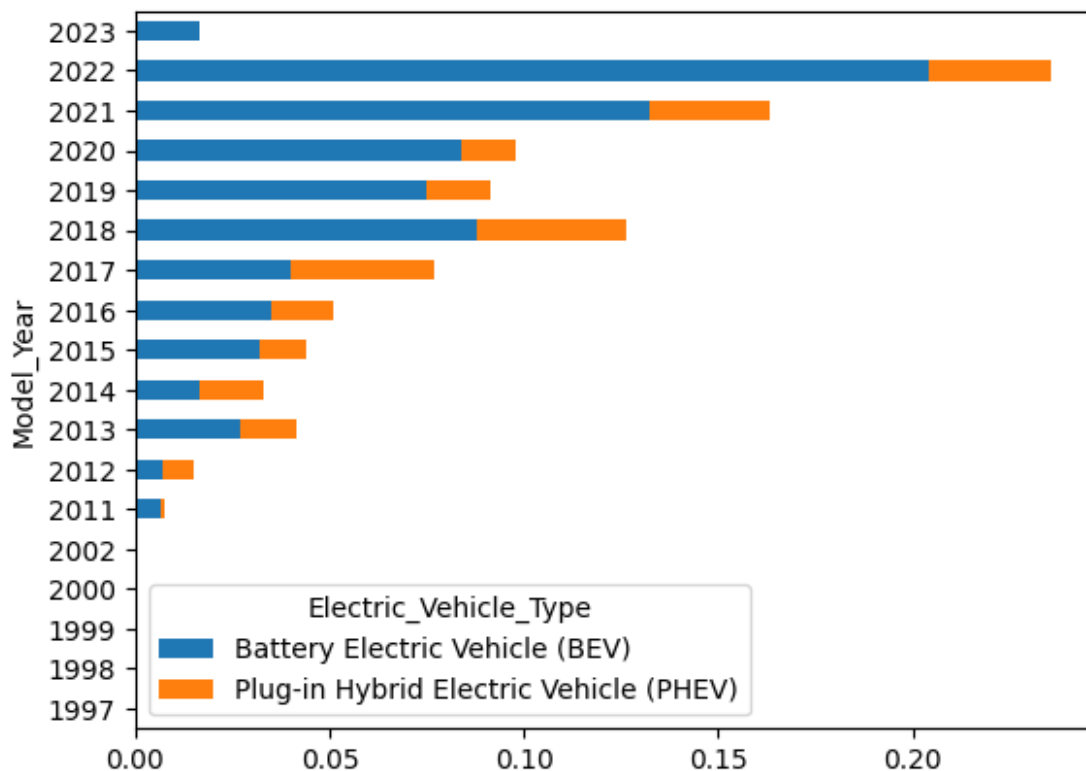
1997	0
1998	0
1999	0
2000	0
2002	0
2011	71
2012	871
2013	1673
2014	1821
2015	1314
2016	1797
2017	4139
2018	4313
2019	1822
2020	1575
2021	3491
2022	3570
2023	51

```

tab = pd.crosstab(df['Model_Year'], df['Electric_Vehicle_Type'],
normalize = True)
tab.plot(kind='barh', stacked=True)

```

<Axes: ylabel='Model_Year'>



Discrete vs Continuous

```
group = df.groupby('Model')
group['Model_Year'].agg(['min', 'max', 'mean', 'median'])
```

	min	max	mean	median
Model				
330E	2016	2022	2018.983498	2018.0
500	2013	2019	2015.447689	2015.0
530E	2018	2022	2018.727554	2018.0
745E	2020	2020	2020.000000	2020.0
745LE	2022	2022	2022.000000	2022.0
...
X3	2020	2021	2020.726027	2021.0
X5	2016	2022	2019.914712	2021.0
XC40	2021	2023	2021.507071	2022.0
XC60	2018	2022	2020.368946	2021.0
XC90	2016	2022	2019.485366	2020.0

[110 rows x 4 columns]

```
group = df.groupby('Electric_Vehicle_Type')
group['Model_Year'].agg(['min', 'max', 'mean', 'median'])
```

	min	max	mean
median			
Electric_Vehicle_Type			
Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)	1997	2023	2019.356425
2020.0			
Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)	2011	2023	2017.884299
2018.0			

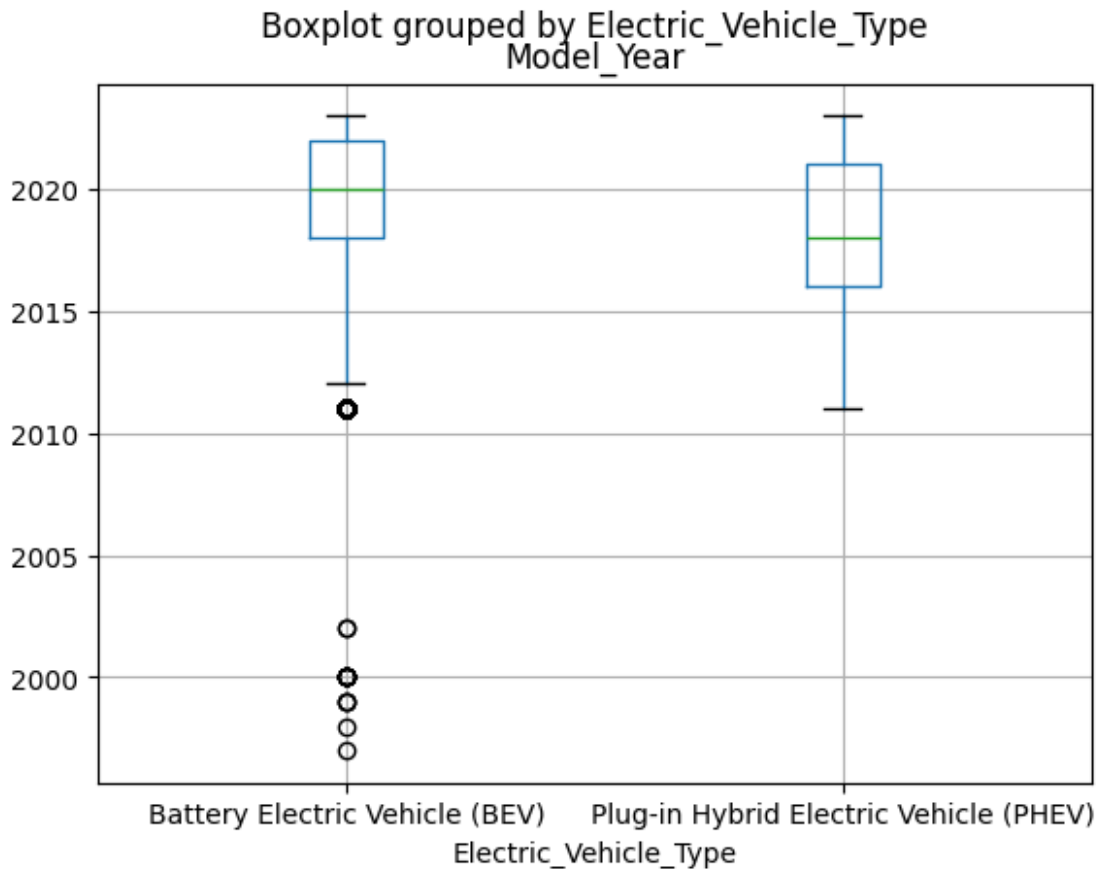
```
group = df.groupby('CAFV_Eligibility')
group['Model_Year'].agg(['min', 'max', 'mean', 'median'])
```

	min	max
mean \		
CAFV_Eligibility		
Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible	1997	2023
2017.496850		
Eligibility unknown as battery range has not be...	2019	2023
2021.677261		
Not eligible due to low battery range	2012	2023
2017.915493		
	median	
CAFV_Eligibility		
Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible	2018.0	

Eligibility unknown as battery range has not be... 2022.0
 Not eligible due to low battery range 2018.0

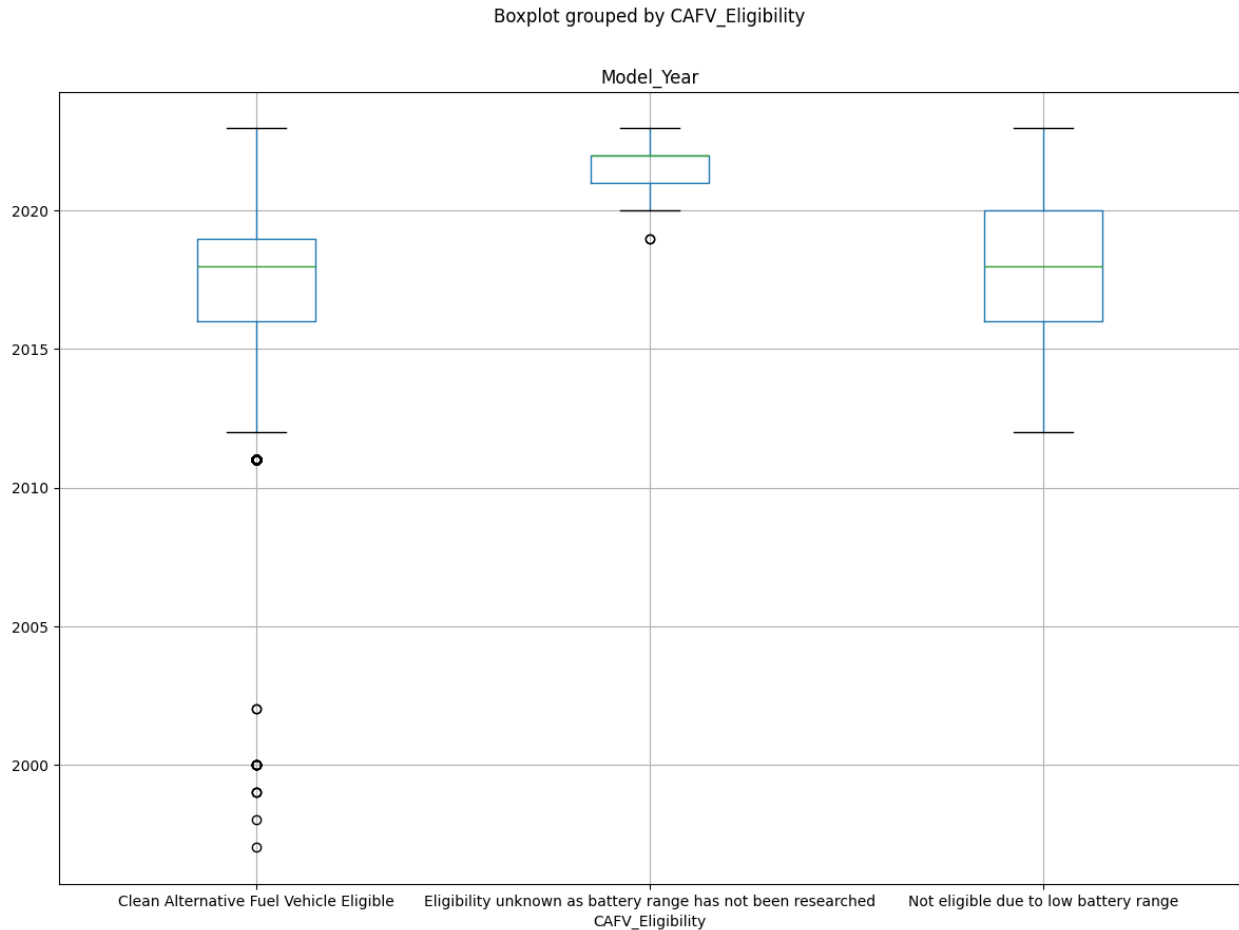
```
df.boxplot(by="Electric_Vehicle_Type",column=['Model_Year'])
```

```
<Axes: title={'center': 'Model_Year'}, xlabel='Electric_Vehicle_Type'>
```



```
df.boxplot(by="CAFV_Eligibility",column=['Model_Year'], figsize=(14, 10))
```

```
<Axes: title={'center': 'Model_Year'}, xlabel='CAFV_Eligibility'>
```



Task 2 : Choropleth Using Plotly.Express

```
import plotly.express as px

ev_count_by_pincode = df.groupby(['Postal_Code', 'Model_Year',
                                   'State']).size().reset_index(name='Number_of_EV_Vehicles')

state_data = ev_count_by_pincode[ev_count_by_pincode['State'] == 'WA']

geojson_url = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/OpenDataDE/State-zip-code-GeoJSON/master/wa_washington_zip_codes_geo.min.json"

fig = px.choropleth_mapbox(state_data,
                           geojson=geojson_url,
                           locations='Postal_Code',
                           color='Number_of_EV_Vehicles',
                           featureidkey="properties.ZCTA5CE10", #
                           Make sure this matches the ZIP code field in the geojson
                           mapbox_style="carto-positron",
                           zoom=5, # Adjust zoom level
                           center={"lat": 47.7511, "lon": -120.7401},
```



```

# Centering on Washington
Washington Over Time",
by year

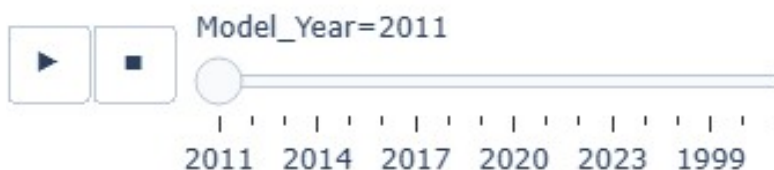
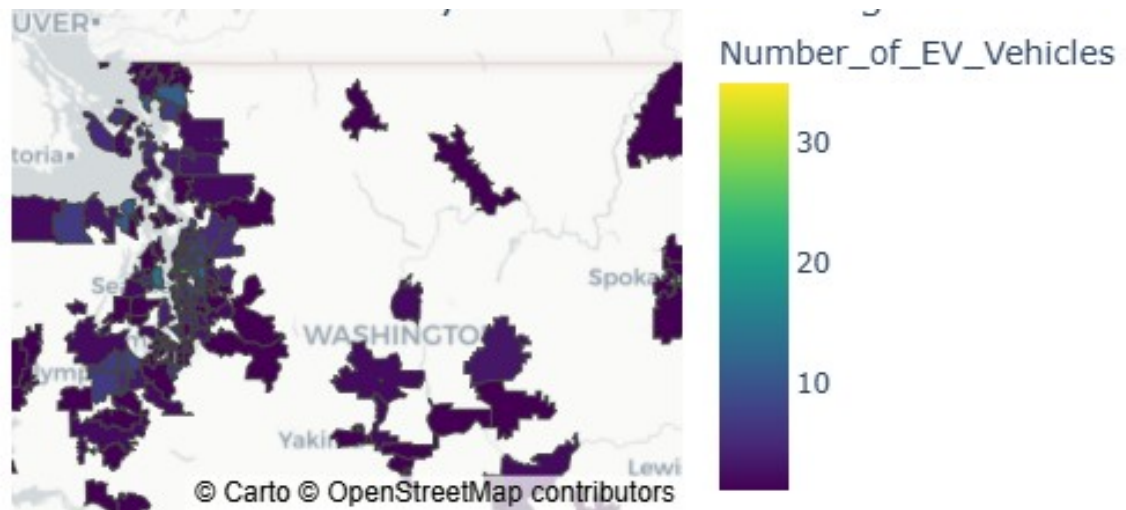
Hover info

)

# Update layout for better fit and aesthetics
fig.update_layout(margin={"r":0,"t":0,"l":0,"b":0})

# Show the animated map
fig.show()

```



Task 3 : Racing Bar

```
!pip install bar_chart_race
```

```

Requirement already satisfied: bar_chart_race in c:\users\payal\
appdata\local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (0.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24 in c:\users\payal\appdata\

```

```
local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
bar_chart_race) (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=3.1 in c:\users\payal\
appdata\local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
bar_chart_race) (3.9.0)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in c:\users\payal\
appdata\local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=3.1->bar_chart_race) (1.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: cycycler>=0.10 in c:\users\payal\appdata\
local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=3.1->bar_chart_race) (0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in c:\users\payal\
appdata\local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=3.1->bar_chart_race) (4.53.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.3.1 in c:\users\payal\
appdata\local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=3.1->bar_chart_race) (1.4.5)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.23 in c:\users\payal\appdata\
local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=3.1->bar_chart_race) (1.26.3)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in c:\users\payal\
appdata\local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=3.1->bar_chart_race) (23.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=8 in c:\users\payal\appdata\
local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=3.1->bar_chart_race) (10.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in c:\users\payal\
appdata\local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=3.1->bar_chart_race) (3.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in c:\users\payal\
appdata\local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=3.1->bar_chart_race) (2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in c:\users\payal\appdata\
local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from pandas>=0.24-
>bar_chart_race) (2024.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in c:\users\payal\
appdata\local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from
pandas>=0.24->bar_chart_race) (2024.1)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\payal\appdata\
local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (from python-
dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib>=3.1->bar_chart_race) (1.16.0)
```

[notice] A new release of pip is available: 23.2.1 -> 24.2

[notice] To update, run: python.exe -m pip install --upgrade pip

```
import bar_chart_race as bcr
```

```
df = df.groupby(['Make',
'Model_Year']).size().reset_index(name='Number_of_Vehicles')
```

```
# Display the resulting DataFrame for verification
print(df)
```

	Make	Model_Year	Number_of_Vehicles
0	AUDI	2016	214
1	AUDI	2017	187
2	AUDI	2018	174
3	AUDI	2019	392
4	AUDI	2020	224
...
200	VOLVO	2019	190
201	VOLVO	2020	162
202	VOLVO	2021	580
203	VOLVO	2022	882
204	VOLVO	2023	21

```
[205 rows x 3 columns]
```

```
# Create the animated racing bar plot with annotations
```

```
fig = px.bar(df,
             y='Make', # Place Make on y-axis
             x='Number_of_Vehicles', # Place the count of EV vehicles
             on the x-axis
             color='Make', # Color each make differently
             animation_frame='Model_Year', # Create animation by year
             orientation='h', # Horizontal bar chart
             title='EV Makes and their Count Over the Years',
             labels={'Number_of_Vehicles': 'Number of EV Vehicles'},
             range_x=[0, 3000]
             )
```

```
# Update traces for displaying values
```

```
fig.update_traces(texttemplate='%{x}', # Display the actual x-axis
                  values (Number_of_Vehicles)
                  textposition='outside', # Place the text outside
                  the bars
                  textfont_size=16) # Adjust the font size for better
readability
```

```
# Adjust the layout for improved visibility and emphasis on movement
```

```
fig.update_layout(
    xaxis=dict(showgrid=True, gridcolor='LightGray'), # Show grid for
    better visibility
    yaxis_title='EV Makes',
    xaxis_title='Number of EV Vehicles',
    showlegend=False, # Hide legend as it's not necessary for this
    chart
    title_x=0.5, # Center title
    title_font=dict(size=20), # Increase title font size
```

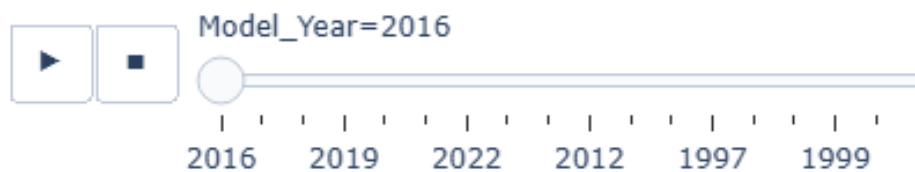
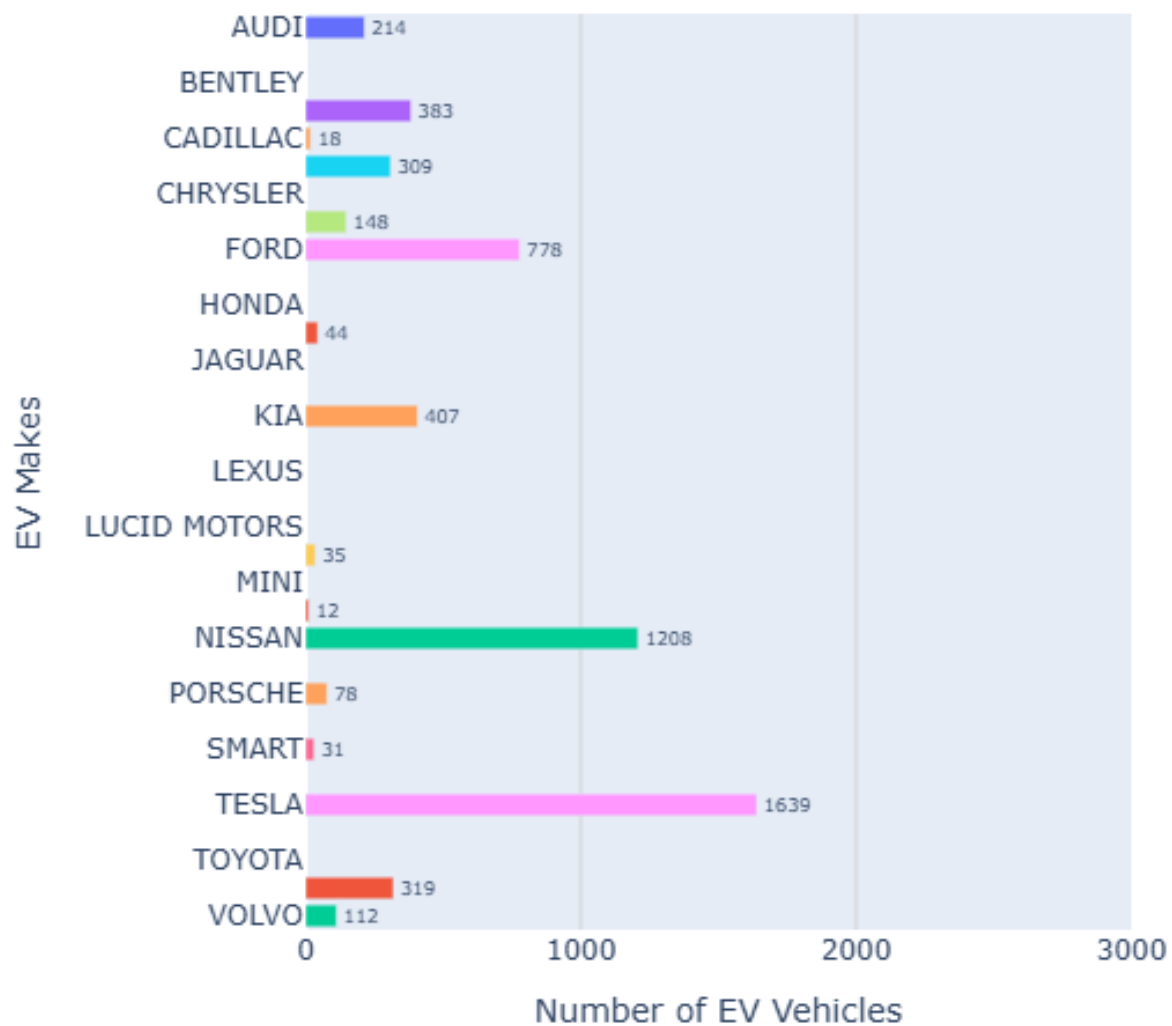
```

margin=dict(l=50, r=50, t=50, b=50), # Adjust margins
width=800, # Set a fixed width
height=600 # Set a fixed height
)

# Show the plot
fig.show()

```

EV Makes and their Count Over the Years



Different Visualization

```
# Example data for state counts
data = {
    'State': ['CA', 'TX', 'NY', 'FL', 'WA'],
    'Vehicle Count': [100000, 75000, 50000, 60000, 45000]
}

# Create a DataFrame from the data
state_counts = pd.DataFrame(data)

import plotly.express as px

# Creating the choropleth map for Task 2 using Plotly
fig2 = px.choropleth(state_counts,
                     locations='State',
                     locationmode="USA-states",
                     color='Vehicle Count',
                     color_continuous_scale="Viridis",
                     scope="usa",
                     title="Electric Vehicle Counts by State")

fig2.show()
```

Electric Vehicle Counts by State



```
import plotly.express as px

# Replace with your actual dataset
state_counts = pd.DataFrame({
    'State': ['CA', 'WA', 'FL', 'NY'], # Example states
    'Vehicle Count': [3000, 2500, 1800, 1600] # Example counts
})

fig = px.choropleth(state_counts,
                    locations='State',
                    locationmode="USA-states",
                    color='Vehicle Count',
                    color_continuous_scale="Viridis",
```

```

scope="usa",
title="Electric Vehicle Counts by State")
fig.show()

```

Electric Vehicle Counts by State



```

df.columns
Index(['Make', 'Model_Year', 'Number_of_Vehicles'], dtype='object')

# Creating a sample DataFrame based on the structure identified from
the notebook cells
data = {
    "VIN (1-10)": ["JTMEB3FV6N", "1G1RD6E45D"],
    "County": ["Monroe", "Clark"],
    "City": ["Key West", "Laughlin"],
    "State": ["FL", "NV"],
    "Postal Code": [33040, 89029],
    "Model Year": [2022, 2013],
    "Make": ["TOYOTA", "CHEVROLET"],
    "Model": ["RAV4 PRIME", "VOLT"],
    "Electric Vehicle Type": ["Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle
(PHEV)", "Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)"],
    "Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle (CAFV) Eligibility": ["Eligible",
"Eligible"],
    "Electric Range": [42, 38],
    "Base MSRP": [0, 0],
    "Legislative District": [None, None],
    "DOL Vehicle ID": [198968248, None],
    "Vehicle Location": ["POINT (-81.80023 24.5545)", None],
    "Electric Utility": [None, None],
    "2020 Census Tract": [12087972100, None]
}

# Create a DataFrame using the above data for demonstration purposes
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Visualizing the Electric Vehicle Types Distribution
vehicle_type_counts = df['Electric Vehicle Type'].value_counts()

```

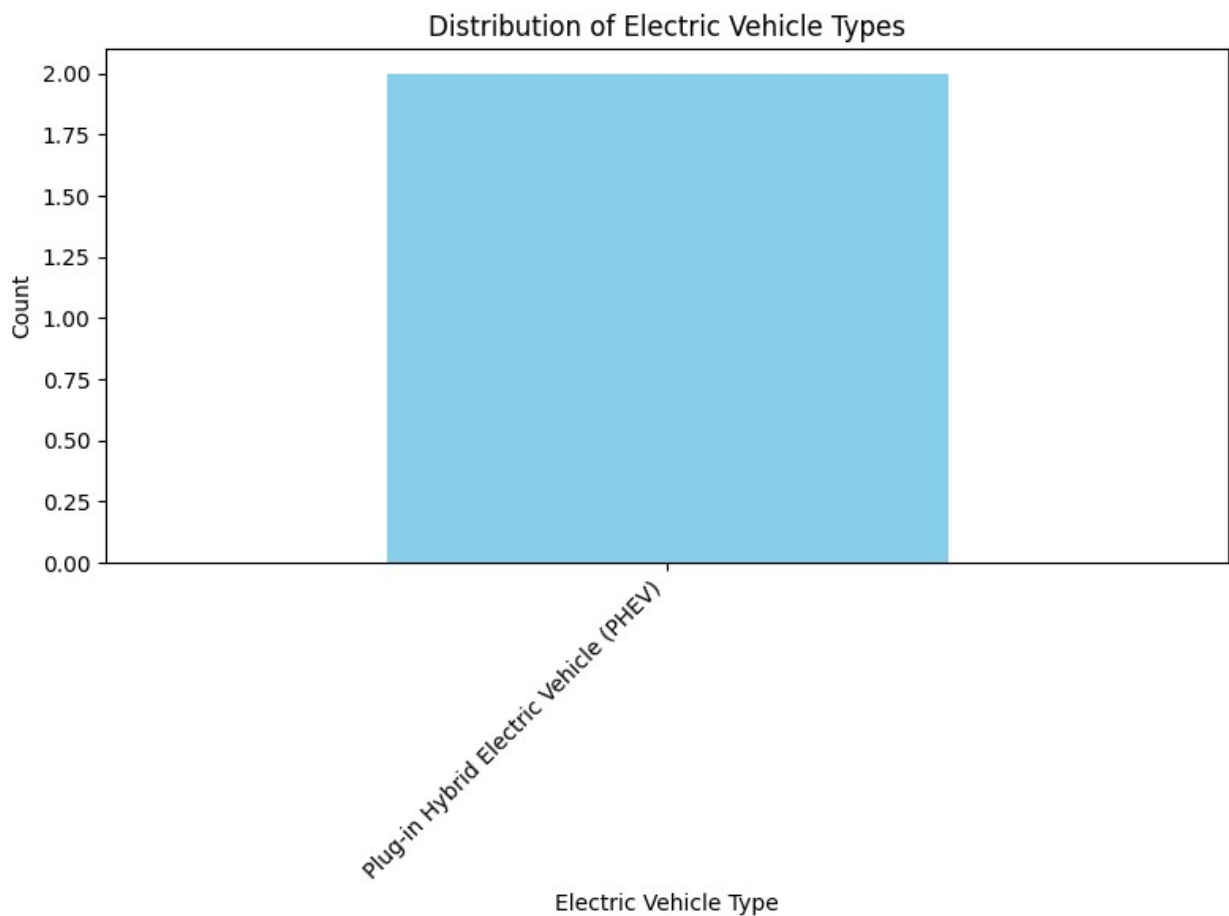
```

# Plotting the distribution of Electric Vehicle Types
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
vehicle_type_counts.plot(kind='bar', color='skyblue')
plt.title('Distribution of Electric Vehicle Types')
plt.xlabel('Electric Vehicle Type')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
plt.tight_layout()

plt.show()

```



```

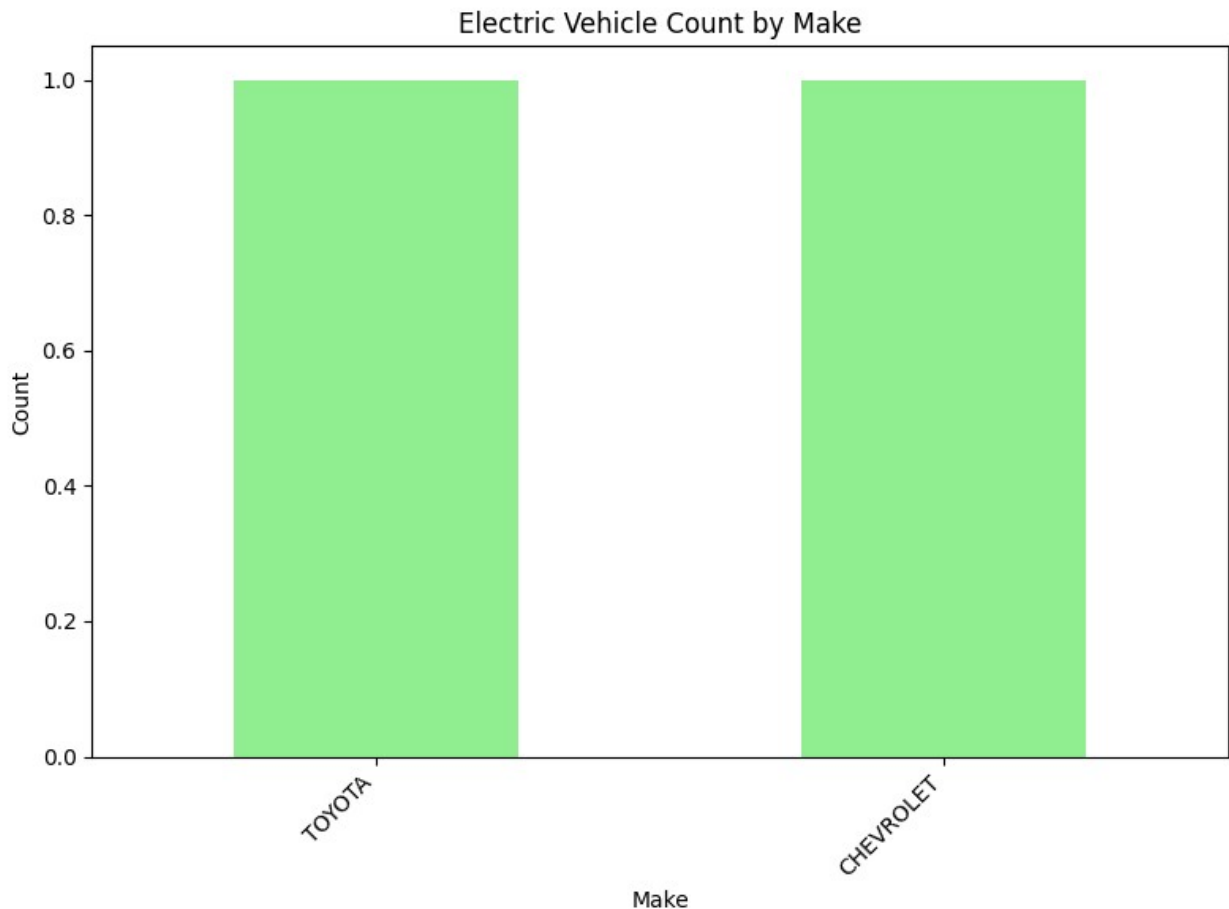
# Visualizing the Electric Vehicle Count by Make
make_counts = df['Make'].value_counts()

# Plotting the Electric Vehicle Count by Make
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
make_counts.plot(kind='bar', color='lightgreen')
plt.title('Electric Vehicle Count by Make')

```

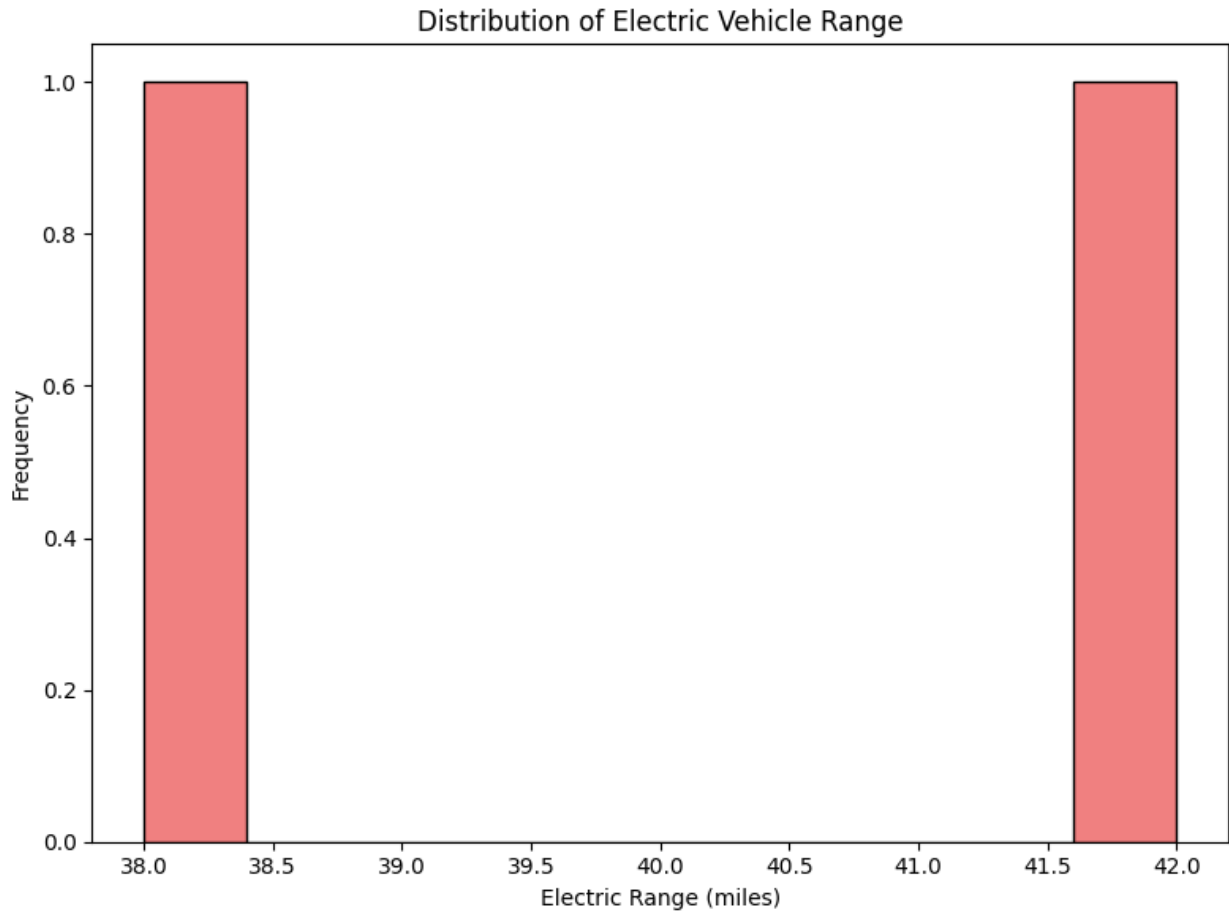
```
plt.xlabel('Make')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
plt.tight_layout()

plt.show()
```



```
# Visualizing the Electric Range Distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.hist(df['Electric Range'], bins=10, color='lightcoral',
         edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Distribution of Electric Vehicle Range')
plt.xlabel('Electric Range (miles)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.tight_layout()

plt.show()
```

```
# Visualizing the trend of Electric Vehicles by Model Year
model_year_counts = df['Model Year'].value_counts().sort_index()

# Plotting the Model Year trends
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
model_year_counts.plot(kind='line', marker='o', color='orange')
plt.title('Electric Vehicle Count by Model Year')
plt.xlabel('Model Year')
plt.ylabel('Number of Vehicles')
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()

plt.show()
```

