Python

IS-A Relationship [inheritance]:

- > Process of extending the features of subclass by the Superclass
- ➤ In is-a relationship the members of the super class are inherited into subclass directly [not private members]

Example:

```
#example on is-a
class Super:
    def method1(self):
        print("super-class ins mtd-1")

@classmethod
    def method2(cls):
        print("super-class class mtd-2")

@staticmethod
    def method3():
        print("super-class static mtd-3")
```

Python

```
class Sub(Super):
  pass
#calling
s=Sub() #creating an object Sub class here s is reference of Sub class
s.method1()
s.method2()
s.method3()
#Example prg on single inheritance
class Super:
  def method1(self):
    print("Mtd-1 of Super Class")
class Sub(Super):
  def method2(self):
    self.method1()
#calling
s=Sub()
s.method2()
```

Python

```
#Example prg on Multiple .inheritance
class Father:
  def fatherHeight(self):
    print("Height is From Father")
class Mother:
  def motherColor(self):
    print("Color is From Mother")
class Son(Father, Mother):
  def properties(self):
    self.fatherHeight()
    self.motherColor()
    print("Qualications from Son")
#calling
s=Son()
s.properties()
#Example prg on Multi-Level Inheritance
class GrandFather:
  def House(self):
    print("House From GrandFather")
class Father(GrandFather):
  def Car(self):
    print("Car From Father")
```

Python

```
class Son(Father):
  def bike(self):
    print("Bike From Son")
#calling
s=Son()
s.House()
s.Car()
s.bike()
#Example prg on Hierarchal .inheritance
class Father:
  def money(self):
    print("Money From Father ")
class Son(Father):
  def sonProperties(self):
    print("From Son Class")
    self.money()
class Daughter(Father):
  def daughterProperties(self):
    print("From Dau Class")
    self.money()
#calling
s=Son()
s.sonProperties()
d=Daughter()
d.daughterProperties()
```

Python

Student Application

```
class Person:
    def setPerson(self): #instance mtd
        self.name=input("Enter name : ")
        self.city=input("Enter city : ")

    def getPerson(self):
        print("Name is : ",self.name)
        print("city is : ",self.city)

class Student(Person):
    def setStudent(self):
        self.setPerson()
```

self.course=input("Enter course :")
def getStudent(self):
 self.getPerson()

print("Course is : ",self.course)

#calling

s=Student()
s.setStudent()
s.getStudent()

Python

Employee Application

```
class Pinfo:
  def setPerson(self):
    self.name=input("Enter name : ")
    self.city=input("Enter city:")
  def getPerson(self):
    print("Name is : ",self.name)
    print("City is :",self.city)
class OInfo(PInfo):
  def setOInfo(self):
    self.job=input("Enter Job : ")
    self.salary=int(input("Enter salary: "))
  def getNetSalary(self):
    self.hra=(self.salary*10)/100
    self.ta=(self.salary*5)/100
    self.netsalary=self.salary+self.ta+self.hra
  def getOInfo(self):
    print("Job is : ",self.job)
    print("Salary is : ",self.salary)
    print("- "*30)
    self.getNetsalary()
    print("Hra is: ",self.hra)
    print("Ta is : ",self.ta)
    print("Netsalary : ",self.netsalary)
```

Python

class Employee(OInfo):

```
def setEmployee(self):
    self.setPerson()
    self.setOInfo()

def getEmployee(self):
    self.getPerson()
    print("- "*30)
    self.getOInfo()
```

#calling

e=Employee()
e.setEmployee()
e.getEmployee()