Ve401 Probabilistic Methods in Engineering

Summer 2018 — Assignment 5

Date Due: 12:10 PM, Wednesday, the 20th of June 2018



This assignment has a total of (22 Marks).

Exercise 5.1

The shear strengths of 100 spot welds in a titanium alloy follow:

 $5408\ 5431\ 5475\ 5442\ 5376\ 5388\ 5459\ 5422\ 5416\ 5435\ 5420\ 5429\ 5401\ 5446\ 5487\ 5416\ 5382\ 5357\ 5388$ $5457\ 5407\ 5469\ 5416\ 5377\ 5454\ 5375\ 5409\ 5459\ 5445\ 5429\ 5463\ 5408\ 5481\ 5453\ 5422\ 5354\ 5421\ 5406$ $5444\ 5466\ 5399\ 5391\ 5477\ 5447\ 5329\ 5473\ 5423\ 5441\ 5412\ 5384\ 5445\ 5436\ 5454\ 5453\ 5428\ 5418\ 5465$ $5427\ 5421\ 5396\ 5381\ 5425\ 5388\ 5388\ 5378\ 5481\ 5387\ 5440\ 5482\ 5406\ 5401\ 5411\ 5399\ 5431\ 5440\ 5413$ $5406\ 5342\ 5452\ 5420\ 5458\ 5485\ 5431\ 5416\ 5431\ 5390\ 5399\ 5435\ 5387\ 5462\ 5383\ 5401\ 5407\ 5385\ 5440$ $5422\ 5448\ 5366\ 5430\ 5418$

i) Construct a stem-and-leaf diagram for the weld strength data and comment on any important features that you notice.

(1 Mark)

ii) Construct a histogram. Comment on the shape of the histogram. Does it convey the same information as the stem-and-leaf display?

(2 Marks)

iii) Construct a box plot of the data and write an interpretation of the plot. How does the box plot compare in interpretive value to the original stem-and-leaf diagram?

(2 Marks)

Exercise 5.2

Temperature differences between the warm upper surface of the ocean and the colder deeper levels can be utilized to convert thermal energy to mechanical energy. This mechanical energy can in turn be used to to poduce electrical power using a vapor turbine.

Let X denote the difference in temperature between the surface of the water and the water at a depth of one kilometer. Measurements are taken at 15 randomly selected sites in the Gulf of Mexico. These data result in the following temperatures.

22.5 23.8 23.2 22.8 10.1* 23.5 24.0 23.2 24.2 24.3 23.3 23.4 23.0 23.5 22.8

- i) Construct a double stem-and-leaf diagram for these data. $(2 \,\mathrm{Marks})$
- ii) Find the sample mean, sample median and sample standard deviation for these data.(1 Mark)
- iii) Note that the starred observation in the data set is very different from the others. It is a potential outlier. Construct a boxplot for these data to verify that the value 10.1 does, in fact, qualify as an outlier. (2 Marks)
- iv) To see the effect of this outlier, drop it from the data set and calculate the sample mean, median and standard deviation for the remaining 14 observations. Comment on the changes in these quantities. (2 Marks)

Exercise 5.3

Suppose 1 that the random variable X has the probability density

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (\gamma + 1)x^{\gamma}, & 0 < x < 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Let X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n be a random sample of size n. Find the maximum likelihood estimator for γ . (2 Marks)

¹This exercise is taken from the second midterm exam of Fall 2008.

Exercise 5.4

A new material is being tested for possible use in the brake shoes of automobiles. These shoes are expected to last for at least 75,000 miles. Fifteen sets of four of these experimental shoes are subjected to accelerated life testing. The random variable X, the number of shoes in each group of 4 that fail early, is assumed to be binomially distributed with n=4 and p unknown.

i) Find the maximum-likelihood estimate for p based on these data:

(2 Marks)

ii) If an early failure rate in excess of 10% is unacceptable from a business point of view, would you have some doubts concerning the use of this new material? Explain.
(1 Mark)

Exercise 5.5

Let $X=(X_1,X_2)$ where X_1 and X_2 follow i.i.d. normal distributions with variance σ^2 and mean μ . Let $Y=(Y_1,Y_2)=AX$ with $A^T=A^{-1}$. Show that Y_1 and Y_2 are independent with mean $\mathrm{E}[Y]=A\,\mathrm{E}[X]$ and variance $\mathrm{Var}\,Y=\sigma^2\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1&0\\0&1\end{smallmatrix}\right)$. (3 Marks)

Exercise 5.6

Consider a general two-sided $100(1-\alpha)\%$ confidence interval for the mean μ when σ is known:

$$\overline{x} - z_{\alpha_1} \sigma / \sqrt{n} \le \mu \le \overline{x} - z_{\alpha_2} \sigma / \sqrt{n}$$

where $\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 = \alpha$. Show that the length of the interval, $\sigma(z_{\alpha_1} + z_{\alpha_2})/\sqrt{n}$ is minimized when $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha/2$. (2 Marks)