



---

**Question1** (5 points)

- (a) (1 point) Evaluate

$$\iiint_E z \, dV$$

where  $E$  is the solid tetrahedron bounded by the four planes

$$x = 0, \quad y = 0, \quad z = 0, \quad \text{and} \quad x + y + z = 1$$

- (b) (1 point) Evaluate the following integral

$$\iiint_{\mathcal{E}} (x + 2y - z) \, dV$$

where  $\mathcal{E}$  is the solid region bounded between the graph of

$$z = x^2 + y^2$$

and the plane

$$3x + 5y + 2z = 12$$

- (c) (1 point) Find the mass and center of mass of a solid, whose density is

$$\rho(x, y, z) = 1 + xyz$$

in the shape of the cube bounded  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ ,  $0 \leq y \leq 1$  and  $0 \leq z \leq 1$ .

- (d) (1 point) Evaluate

$$\iiint_E |xyz| \, dV$$

over the solid ellipsoid

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} \leq 1$$

- (e) (1 point) Suppose  $f(x)$  is continuous, show that

$$\int_0^t \int_0^z \int_0^y f(x) \, dx \, dy \, dz = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^t (t-x)^2 f(x) \, dx$$

**Question2** (5 points)

- (a) (1 point) Find a double integral for the area of  $\mathcal{D}$  in the first quadrant formed by

$$xy = 4; \quad xy = 8; \quad xy^3 = 5; \quad xy^3 = 15$$

Then convert the double integral into an iterated integral with constant limits.

- (b) (1 point) Evaluate

$$\iint_{\mathcal{S}} (x^4 - y^4) e^{xy} \, dA,$$

where  $\mathcal{S}$  is the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the hyperbolas

$$xy = 1, \quad xy = 3, \quad x^2 - y^2 = 3, \quad x^2 - y^2 = 4.$$

- (c) (1 point) Find the volume of the solid region lying below the surface

$$f(x, y) = \frac{xy}{1 + x^2y^2}$$

and above the plane region bounded by  $xy = 1$ ,  $xy = 4$ ,  $x = 1$ , and  $x = 4$ .

- (d) (1 point) Evaluate the following integral

$$\iiint_{\mathcal{E}} xyz \, dV$$

where  $\mathcal{E}$  is a region formed by the following surfaces:

$$m = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{z}; \quad n = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{z}; \quad a^2 = xy; \quad b^2 = xy; \quad \alpha = \frac{y}{x}; \quad \beta = \frac{y}{x}$$

in the first octant, that is,

$$x > 0; \quad y > 0; \quad z > 0$$

and  $0 < a < b$ ,  $0 < \alpha < \beta$  and  $0 < m < n$ .

- (e) (1 point) Suppose partial derivatives of  $f(x, y, z)$  are continuous and satisfy

$$\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}\right)^2 \leq 1$$

Show that the following is true

$$f(x_0, y_0, z_0) - \frac{3}{4}R \leq \bar{f} \leq f(x_0, y_0, z_0) + \frac{3}{4}R$$

where  $\bar{f}$  is the average value

$$\bar{f} = \frac{1}{V} \iiint_{\mathcal{S}} f(x, y, z) \, dV$$

over the spherical region  $\mathcal{S}$  defined by

$$(x - x_0)^2 + (y - y_0)^2 + (z - z_0)^2 \leq R^2$$

and  $V$  is the volume of the region  $\mathcal{S}$ .