

## 2. Convex Function

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### Problem 1

*Definition of convexity.* Suppose  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is convex, and  $a, b \in \text{dom} f$  with  $a < b$ .

1. Show that

$$f(x) \leq \frac{b-x}{b-a}f(a) + \frac{x-a}{b-a}f(b)$$

for all  $x \in [a, b]$ .

2. Show that

$$\frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a} \leq \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a} \leq \frac{f(b) - f(x)}{b - x}$$

for all  $x \in (a, b)$ . Draw a sketch that illustrates this inequality.

3. Suppose  $f$  is differentiable. Use the result in 2 to show that

$$f'(a) \leq \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a} \leq f'(b).$$

Note that these inequalities also follow from (3.2) in the textbook :

$$f(b) \geq f(a) + f'(a)(b - a), \quad f(a) \geq f(b) + f'(b)(a - b).$$

4. Suppose  $f$  is twice differentiable. Use the result in 3 to show that  $f''(a) \geq 0$  and  $f''(b) \geq 0$ .

**Answer.**

### Problem 2

*Composition with an affine function.* Show that the following functions  $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are convex.

1.  $f(x) = \|Ax - b\|$ , where  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ ,  $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ , and  $\|\cdot\|$  is a norm on  $\mathbb{R}^m$ .
2.  $f(x) = -(\det(A_0 + x_1A_1 + \cdots + x_nA_n))^{1/m}$ , on  $\{x \mid A_0 + x_1A_1 + \cdots + x_nA_n \succ 0\}$ , where  $A_i \in \mathbf{S}^m$ .
3.  $f(X) = \text{tr}(A_0 + x_1A_1 + \cdots + x_nA_n)^{-1}$ , on  $\{x \mid A_0 + x_1A_1 + \cdots + x_nA_n \succ 0\}$ , where  $A_i \in \mathbf{S}^m$ . (Use the fact that  $\text{tr}(X^{-1})$  is convex on  $\mathbf{S}_{++}^m$ ; see exercise 3.18 in the text book.)

**Answer.**

**Problem 3**

*Young's inequality.* Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be an increasing function, with  $f(0) = 0$ , and let  $g$  be its inverse. Define  $F$  and  $G$  as

$$F(x) = \int_0^x f(a) da, \quad G(y) = \int_0^y g(a) da.$$

Show that  $F$  and  $G$  are conjugates, which then leads to the Young's inequality,

$$xy \leq F(x) + G(y).$$

**Answer.**