

15. For a minimum-phase loop transfer function $L(j\omega)$, if the phase margin is negative, then the closed-loop system is always unstable. (T) (F)
16. Phase-crossover frequency is the frequency at which the phase of $L(j\omega)$ is 0° . (T) (F)
17. Gain-crossover frequency is the frequency at which the gain of $L(j\omega)$ is 0 dB. (T) (F)
18. Gain margin is measured at the phase-crossover frequency. (T) (F)
19. Phase margin is measured at the gain-crossover frequency. (T) (F)
20. A closed-loop system with a pure time delay in the loop is usually less stable than one without a time delay. (T) (F)
21. The slope of the magnitude curve of the Bode plot of $L(j\omega)$ at the gain crossover usually gives indication on the relative stability of the closed-loop system. (T) (F)
22. Nichols chart can be used to find BW and M_r information of a closed-loop system. (T) (F)
23. Bode plot can be used for stability analysis for minimum- as well as nonminimum-phase transfer functions. (T) (F)

Answers to these true-and-false questions are found after the Problem section.

Answers to the Review Questions are found on the CD-ROM accompanying this text.

Nyquist Criterion of Continuous-Data Systems

1. H. Nyquist, "Regeneration Theory," *Bell System. Tech. J.*, Vol. 11, pp. 126–147, Jan. 1932.
2. R. W. Brockett and J. L. Willems, "Frequency Domain Stability Criteria—Part I," *IEEE Trans. Automatic Control*, Vol. AC-10, pp. 255–261, July 1965.
3. R. W. Brockett and J. L. Willems, "Frequency Domain Stability Criteria—Part II," *IEEE Trans. Automatic Control*, Vol. AC-10, pp. 407–413, Oct. 1965.
4. T. R. Natesan, "A Supplement to the Note on the Generalized Nyquist Criterion," *IEEE Trans. Automatic Control*, Vol. AC-12, pp. 215–216, April 1967.
5. K. S. Yeung, "A Reformulation of Nyquist's Criterion," *IEEE Trans. Educ.* Vol. E-28, pp. 59–60, Feb. 1985.

Sensitivity Function

6. A. Gelb, "Graphical Evaluation of the Sensitivity Function Using the Nichols Chart," *IRE Trans. Automatic Control*, Vol. AC-7, pp. 57–58, July 1962.

Most of the following problems may also be solved by using **freqtool** computer program that has been developed for this chapter. Some of the simpler problems should be solved analytically for a better understanding of the fundamental principles.

9-1. The forward-path transfer function of a unity-feedback control system is

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s + 6.54)}$$

Analytically, find the resonance peak M_r , resonant frequency ω_r , and bandwidth BW of the closed-loop system for the following values of K : (a) $K = 5$. (b) $K = 21.39$.

(c) $K = 100$. Use the formulas for the second-order prototype system given in the text.

9-2. Use **ACSYS** to solve the following problems. Do not attempt to obtain the solutions analytically. The forward-path transfer functions of unity-feedback control systems are given in the

following equations. Find the resonance peak M_r , resonant frequency ω_r , and bandwidth BW of the closed-loop systems. (Reminder: Make certain that the system is stable.)

$$(a) G(s) = \frac{5}{s(1 + 0.5s)(1 + 0.1s)}$$

$$(b) G(s) = \frac{10}{s(1 + 0.5s)(1 + 0.1s)}$$

$$(c) G(s) = \frac{500}{(s + 1.2)(s + 4)(s + 10)}$$

$$(d) G(s) = \frac{10(s + 1)}{s(s + 2)(s + 10)}$$

$$(e) G(s) = \frac{0.5}{s(s^2 + s + 1)}$$

$$(f) G(s) = \frac{100e^{-s}}{s(s^2 + 10s + 50)}$$

$$(g) G(s) = \frac{100e^{-s}}{s(s^2 + 10s + 100)}$$

$$(h) G(s) = \frac{10(s + 5)}{s(s^2 + 5s + 5)}$$

9-3. The specifications on a second-order unity-feedback control system with the closed-loop transfer function

$$M(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

are that the maximum overshoot must not exceed 10 percent, and the rise time must be less than 0.1 sec. Find the corresponding limiting values of M_r and BW analytically.

9-4. Repeat Problem 9-3 for maximum overshoot ≤ 20 percent, and $t_r \leq 0.2$ sec.

9-5. Repeat Problem 9-3 for maximum overshoot ≤ 30 percent, and $t_r \leq 0.2$ sec.

9-6. The closed-loop frequency response $|M(j\omega)|$ -versus-frequency of a second-order prototype system is shown in Fig. 9P-6. Sketch the corresponding unit-step response of the system; indicate the values of the maximum overshoot, peak time, and the steady-state error due to a unit-step input.

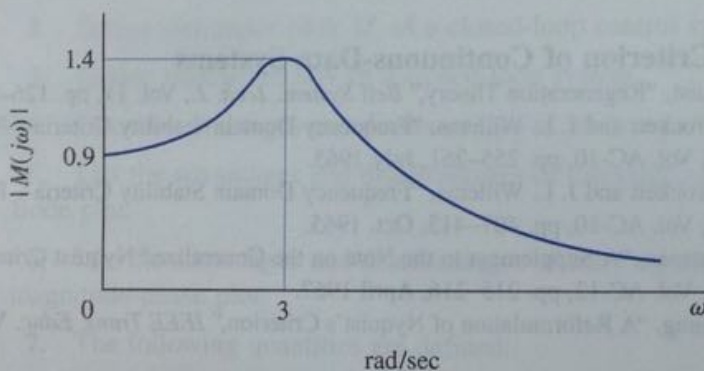


Figure 9P-6

9-7. The forward-path transfer function of a unity-feedback control system is

$$G(s) = \frac{1 + Ts}{2s(s^2 + s + 1)}$$

Find the values of BW and M_r of the closed-loop system for $T = 0.05, 1, 2, 3, 4$, and 5 . Use a computer program for solutions.

9-8. The forward-path transfer function of a unity-feedback control system is

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{2s(s^2 + s + 1)(1 + Ts)}$$

Find the values of BW and M_r of the closed-loop system for $T = 0, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4$, and 5 . Use a computer program for solutions.

9-9. The loop transfer functions $L(s)$ of single-feedback-loop systems are given below. Sketch the Nyquist plot of $L(j\omega)$ for $\omega = 0$ to $\omega = \infty$. Determine the stability of the closed-loop system. If the system is unstable, find the number of poles of the closed-loop transfer function that are in the right-half s -plane. Solve for the intersect of $L(j\omega)$ on the negative real axis of the $L(j\omega)$ -plane analytically. You may construct the Nyquist plot of $L(j\omega)$ using any computer program.