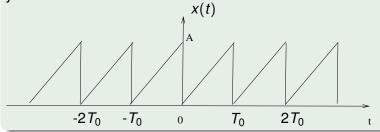
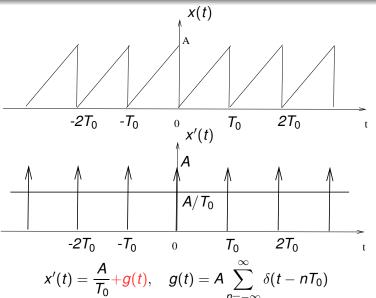
Example

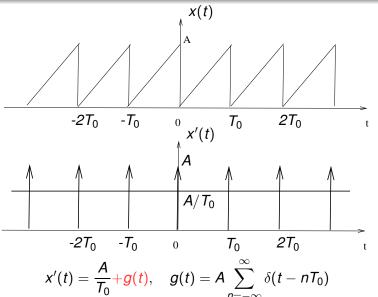
Example

Find the FS of x(t) using the differentiation property. Express your results in a real form.



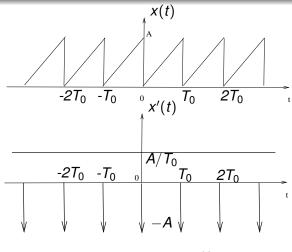


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Wrong!

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$$x'(t) = \frac{A}{T_0} - g(t), \quad g(t) = A \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - nT_0)$$

The FS coefficients for g(t) is

$$d'_{k} = \frac{1}{T_{0}} \underbrace{\int_{T_{0}} \delta(t) e^{-jk\omega_{0}t} dt}_{=1 \text{ sifting property}} = \frac{1}{T_{0}}, \quad \forall k$$

$$g(t) = A \sum_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - nT_0) = A \sum_{k = -\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{T_0} e^{jk\omega_0 t}$$

$$x'(t) = \frac{A}{T_0} - A \sum_{k = -\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{T_0} e^{jk\omega_0 t} = \sum_{k = -\infty}^{\infty} d_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$$

$$d_k = \begin{cases} 0, & k = 0 \\ -A\frac{1}{T_0}, & k \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

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$$c_{k} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{T_{0}} \int_{0}^{T_{0}} x(t) e^{-jk\omega_{0}t} dt = \frac{1}{T_{0}} \int_{0}^{T_{0}} \frac{A}{T_{0}} t dt = \frac{A}{2}, & k = 0\\ \frac{d_{k}}{jk\omega_{0}} = -\frac{A}{T_{0}jk\omega_{0}} = j\frac{A}{2\pi k}, & k \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x(t) = \frac{A}{2} + \sum_{k = -\infty, k \neq 0}^{\infty} j\frac{A}{2\pi k} e^{jk\omega_{0}t}$$

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$$x(t) = \frac{A}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} j \left[\frac{A}{2\pi k} e^{jk\omega_0 t} - \frac{A}{2\pi k} e^{-jk\omega_0 t} \right]$$
$$= \frac{A}{2} - \frac{A}{\pi} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{jk\omega_0 t} - e^{-jk\omega_0 t}}{2jk}$$
$$= \left[\frac{A}{2} - \frac{A}{\pi} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} \sin(k\omega_0 t) \right]$$