## Summer-2019 UM-SJTU JI Ve311 Homework #4

Instructor: Dr. Chang-Ching Tu

Due: 10:00 am, June 27, 2019 (Thursday) in class

Note:

(1) Please use A4 size papers.

(2) Please use the SPICE model below for simulation. .model Qbreakn NPN IS=1e-16 BF=100 VAF=100

- 1. [BJT Common-Emitter Amplifier] For a npn BJT circuit as below:
  - (a) [40%] When  $V_{IN}=0.7 \text{ V}$ , use proper equations provided in the course slides and the spice model above to calculate the small-signal voltage gain  $(A_{\upsilon}=\frac{\upsilon_{out}}{\upsilon_{in}})$ . Hint: take Early Effect into consideration.
  - (b) [20%, DC Sweep] In Pspice, plot  $V_{OUT}$  versus  $V_{IN}$  (increasing from 0 to 1 V). Find out the slope at  $V_{IN} = 0.7$  V and compare it with the voltage gain calculated in (a).
  - (c) [20%, Transient Analysis] In Pspice, when  $V_{in} = 0.7 + 0.01 \cdot \sin(2\pi 100 \cdot \text{time}) \text{ V}$ , plot  $V_{out}$  and  $V_{in}$  versus time (from 0 to 0.1 second). Find out  $|A_{\upsilon}| = \left|\frac{\upsilon_{out}}{\upsilon_{in}}\right|$  and compare it with the voltage gain calculated in (a).
  - (d) [20%, Transient Analysis] In Pspice, when  $V_{in} = 0.7 + 0.05 \cdot \sin(2\pi 100 \cdot \text{time}) \, \text{V}$ , plot  $V_{out}$  and  $V_{in}$  versus time (from 0 to 0.1 second). Comment how the result here is different from (c) and explain why?

