

# Introduction to Neural Networks

Part One: Perceptron

Portland Data Science Group  
Hannes Hapke  
@hanneshapke

Why Machine Learning?  
Why Neural Networks?

Algorithms that can **learn** from  
and **make predictions** on data.



Source: <https://github.com/jcjohnson/neural-style>

A Neural Algorithm of Artistic Style by Leon A. Gatys, Alexander S. Ecker, Matthias Bethge

Instead of writing very  
specific code ...

```
def _and(a, b):  
    if a:  
        if b:  
            return True  
    return False
```

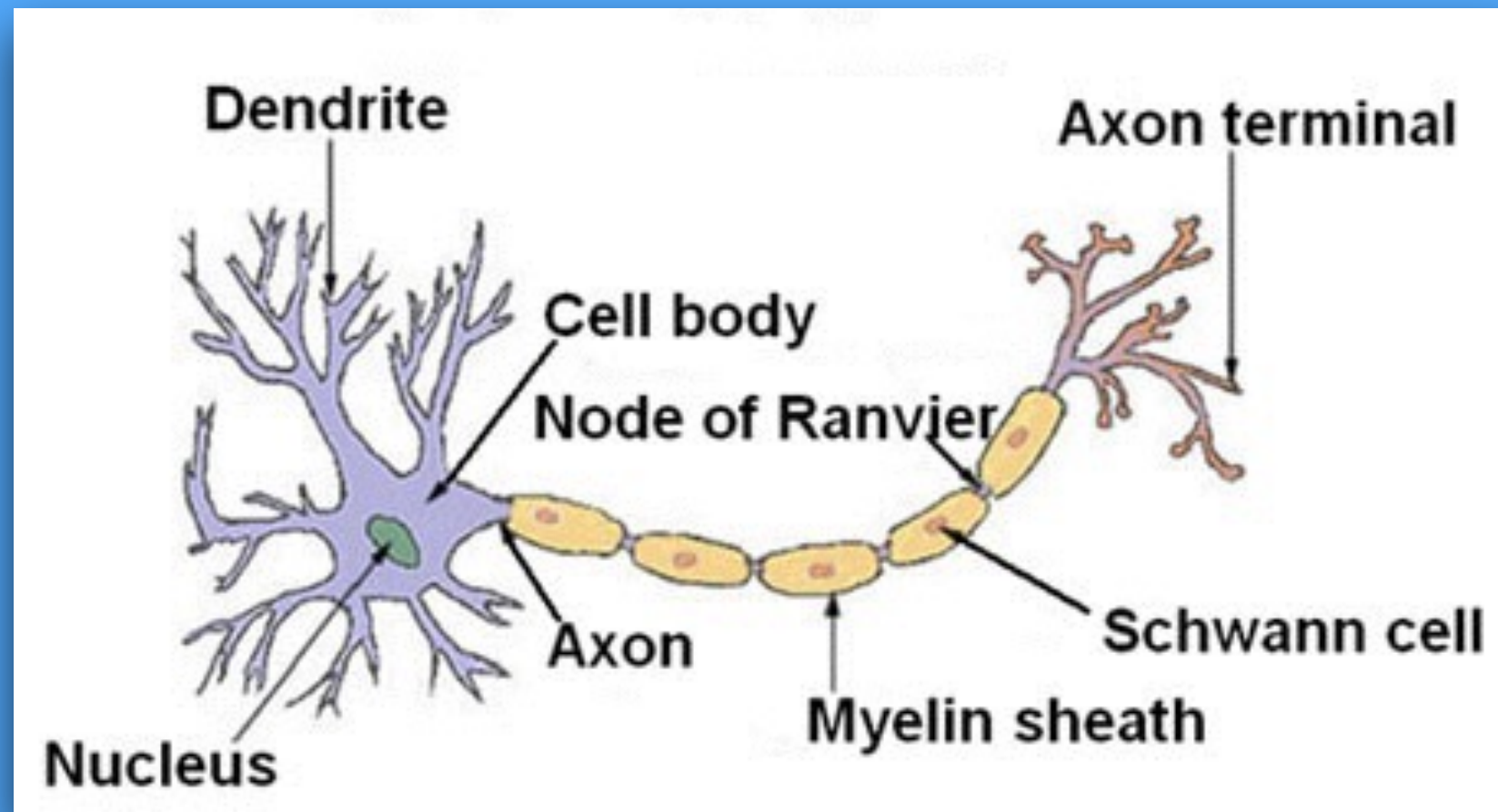


You can apply a handful of  
machine learning  
algorithms to ...

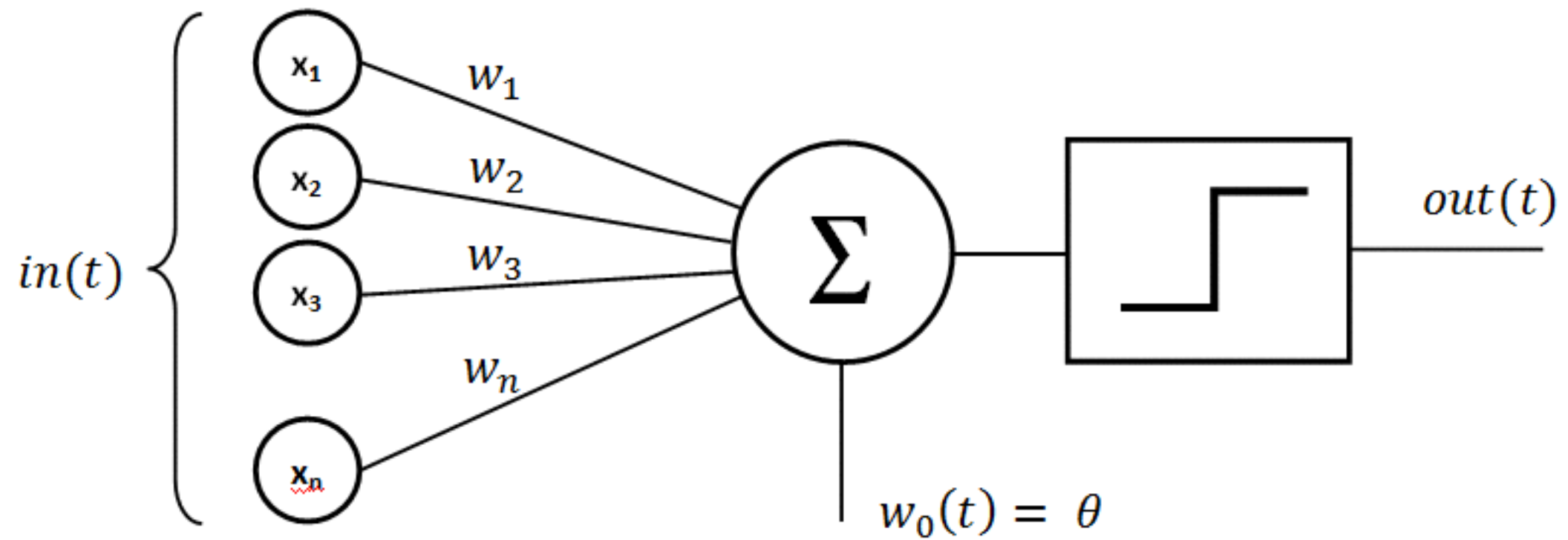
Recommend books, predict order volumes,  
predict flight delays, control your thermostat,  
drive a car, grade papers, detect fraud,  
identify animals, classify your emails, ...

How does  
a single neuron work?





How can a single neuron be represented mathematically?

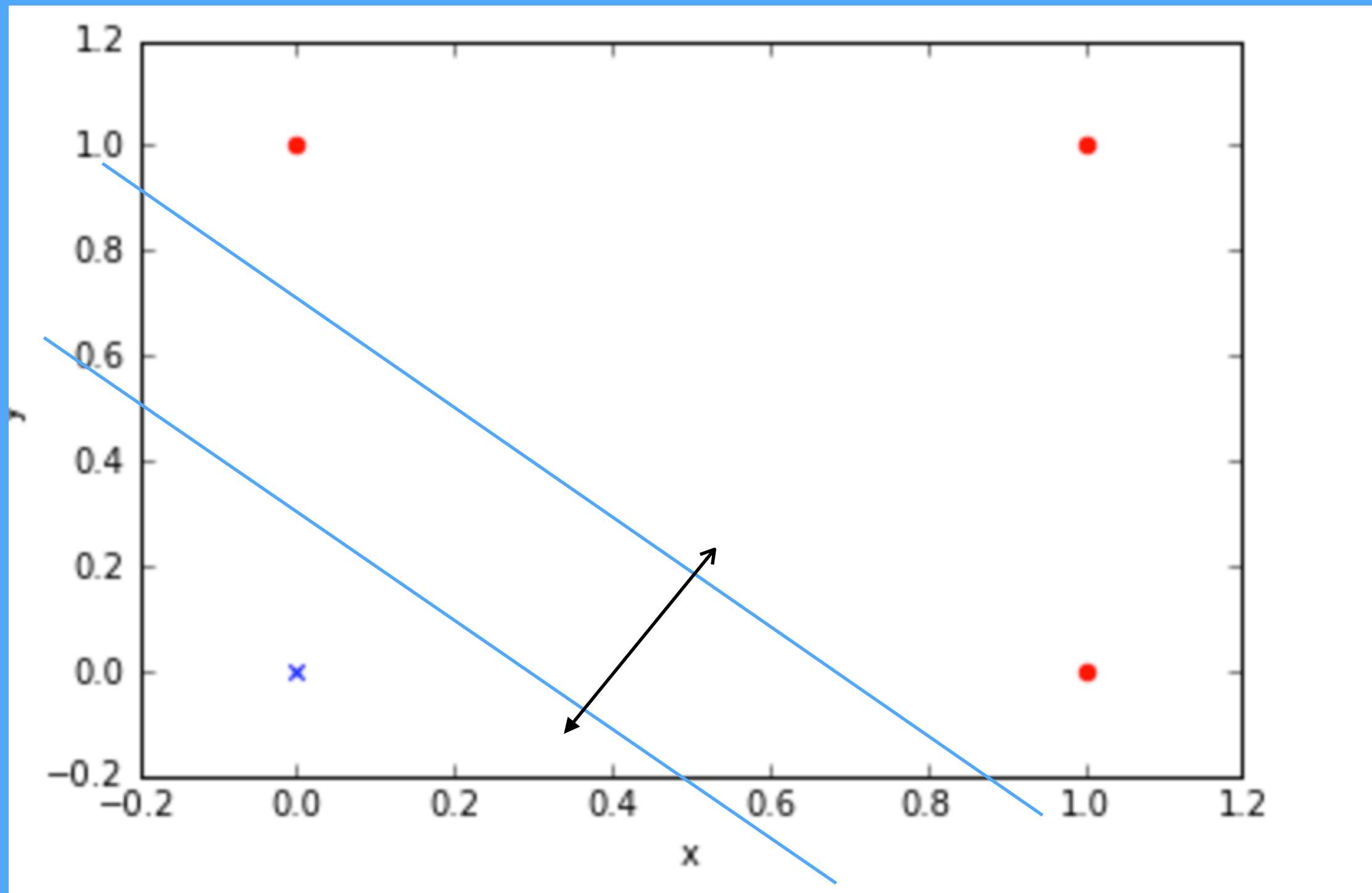


$$w = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ \vdots \\ w_n \end{bmatrix} \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z = x^T * w + w_0$$

$$\phi(z) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } z > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Why is a bias  $w_0$  required?



How does the  
Perceptron learn?



1. Initialize the weights with random values
2. For each training sample, compute the predicted  $y$  and update the weights accordingly

$$\Delta w = \eta(y_{\text{trainingset}}^{(i)} - y_{\text{predicted}}^{(i)})x^{(i)}$$
$$w = w + \Delta w$$

Implement your own  
Perceptron

# How to get started?

0. Create a virtual environment with  
`mkvirtualenv perceptron`

1. Fork the iPython notebook  
<https://github.com/hanneshapke/PDX-data-perceptron.git>

2. Install the requirements  
`pip install -r requirements.txt`

3. Start the notebook with  
`ipython notebook`

# What to do?

1. Complete the `net_input` method
2. Complete the `fit` method
  - 2.1 Initialization of the Perceptron weights
  - 2.2 Calculate the difference of  $w$
  - 2.3 Update the weights
3. Complete the `predict` method

What can you know predict?

- AND operation
- Identify Irises (setosa vs. versicolor)
- Credit card fraud/approval
- XOR operation

# Questions along the way ...

What works well?

What doesn't work well?

Can you predict a reliable credit approval?

What the deal with the XOR operation?



# Thank you.

@hanneshapke

<https://github.com/hanneshapke/PDX-data-perceptron.git>

Please submit pull requests to share your solution.