Objective(s):

- To understand the basic implementation of a singly linked list
- Be able to manipulate list structure.

task 1: Implement MyLinkedListTricky extends MyLinkedList with the following methods $public\ void\ q1_rotate_counter_clockwise(int\ k)$ -> Rotate the linked list counter-clockwise by k nodes where k is a positive integer not larger than the list's size.

public void q2 reverse() -> Reverse the list's element.

public void q3_remove_dup() -> Remove duplicates (node which its value the list already has a node with the value.) from the list (if exists). Your solution will keep the value closet to the head.

public void q4_add_one() -> Given a number represented in a linked list such that each digit corresponds to a node in a linked list. Add 1 to it. For example, 9999 is represented as (9->9->9-) and adding 1 to it should result in (1->0->0-)

public boolean q5_isPalindrome() -> Given a singly linked list of integers, the method returns true if the list is palindrome, else false.

```
static void q1() {
     int [] d = \{10,20,30,40,50\};
     MyLinkedListTricky mList = new MyLinkedListTricky();
     mList.add(d);
     System.out.println("before -> " + mList);
     mList.q1 rotate clockwise(1);
     System.out.println("(k = " + 1 + ") -> " + mList);
     mList.q1 rotate clockwise(3);
     System.out.println("(k = " + 3 + ") -> " +mList);
     mList.q1 rotate clockwise(7);
     System.out.println("(k = " + 7 + ") \rightarrow " + mList);
}
                                             before \rightarrow head->(10)->(20)->(30)->(40)->(50)->null
                                            -(k = 1) \rightarrow head \rightarrow (20) \rightarrow (30) \rightarrow (40) \rightarrow (50) \rightarrow (10) \rightarrow null
                                             (k = 3) \rightarrow head \rightarrow (50) \rightarrow (10) \rightarrow (20) \rightarrow (30) \rightarrow (40) \rightarrow null
                                             (k = 7) \rightarrow head \rightarrow (50) \rightarrow (10) \rightarrow (20) \rightarrow (30) \rightarrow (40) \rightarrow null
static void q2() {
     int [] d = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\};
     MyLinkedListTricky mList = new MyLinkedListTricky();
     mList.add(d);
     System.out.println("before -> " + mList);
     mList.q2_reverse();
     System.out.println("after -> " + mList);
}
                                     -q2----
                                      before \rightarrow head \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (2) \rightarrow (3) \rightarrow (4) \rightarrow (5) \rightarrow (6) \rightarrow (7) \rightarrow (8) \rightarrow null
                                      after \rightarrow head->(8)->(7)->(6)->(5)->(4)->(3)->(2)->(1)->null
static void q3() {
     int [] d = {13, 11, 4, 15, 4};
     MyLinkedListTricky mList = new MyLinkedListTricky();
     mList.add(d);
     System.out.println("before -> " + mList);
     mList.q3 remove dup();
     System.out.println("after -> " + mList);
     int [] e = {13, 11, 15, 4};
     mList = new MyLinkedListTricky();
     mList.insert(e);
     System.out.println("before -> " + mList);
     mList.q3 remove dup();
     System.out.println("after -> " + mList);
}
                                                        before -> head->(13)->(11)->(4)->(15)->(4)->null
                                                        after \rightarrow head->(13)->(11)->(4)->(15)->null
                                                        before \rightarrow head \rightarrow (13) \rightarrow (11) \rightarrow (15) \rightarrow (4) \rightarrow null
                                                        after \rightarrow head \rightarrow (13) \rightarrow (11) \rightarrow (15) \rightarrow (4) \rightarrow null
```

```
static void q4() {
   int [] d = {1, 9, 9, 9};
   MyLinkedListTricky mList = new MyLinkedListTricky();
   //mList.add(d);
   System.out.println("before -> " + mList);
   mList.q4_add_one();
   System.out.println("after -> " + mList);
}
```

```
static void q5() {
   int [] d = \{21, 33, 33, 21\};
   boolean isPalind;
   MyLinkedListTricky mList = new MyLinkedListTricky();
   mList.add(d);
   isPalind = mList.q5_isPalindrome();
   System.out.println(mList + " isPalindrome() = " + isPalind);
   int [] e = {21, 33, 44, 33, 21};
   mList = new MyLinkedListTricky();
   mList.add(e);
   isPalind = mList.q5_isPalindrome();
   System.out.println(mList + " isPalindrome() = " + isPalind);
   int [] f = {1, 9, 9, 9};
   mList = new MyLinkedListTricky();
   mList.add(f);
   isPalind = mList.q5_isPalindrome();
   System.out.println(mList + " isPalindrome() = " + isPalind);
}
```

```
-q4-----
before -> head->(1)->(9)->(9)->(9)->null
after -> head->(2)->(0)->(0)->(0)->null
-q5-----
head->(21)->(33)->(21)->null isPalindrome() = true
head->(21)->(33)->(44)->(33)->(21)->null isPalindrome() = true
head->(1)->(9)->(9)->(9)->null isPalindrome() = false
```

submission: MyLinkedListTricky_XXYYYY.java where XX is the first 2 digit and YYYY is the last 4 digit of your student id.

Due date: TBA