OS LAB PROGRAMS

1)Demonstrate the process creation and termination using system calls- fork(), vfork(), getpid(), waitpid(), exec, exit(), return 0

a)

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
int main(){
 pid_t pid;
 int status;

 pid =fork();
 if(pid<0){
     printf("Error :fork() failed.\n");
     return 1;   }
   else if(pid==0){
                    printf("This is the child process with PID:%d\n",getpid());
                    printf("Parent process PID:%d\n",getpid());
                     execlp("/bin/ls","ls",NULL);
                     printf("This should not be printed if exec() is successful.\n");
          return 0;   }
    else{
                     printf("This is the parent process with PID:%d\n",getpid());
                     printf("Child process PID:%d\n",pid);
                     wait(&status);
                     printf("Child process exited the status:%d\n",status);
                     return 0;
    }
}
```

b) vfork()

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
int main(){
 pid_t pid;
 pid =vfork();
 if(pid==-1){
     perror("vfork");
     return 1;
   }
   else if(pid==0){
                printf("Child process :Hello,I'm the child!\n");
                printf("Child process :My PID is %d\n",getpid());
                printf("Child process :My parent's PID is %d\n",getppid());
        _exit(0);
    }
    else{

                printf("Parent process :Hello,I'm the Parent!\n");
                printf("Parent process :My PID is %d\n",getpid());
                printf("Parent process :My child's PID is %d\n",pid);
        int status;
        waitpid(pid,&status,0);
        if(WIFEXITED(status)){
                printf("Parent process :Child process terminated normally.\n");
                }
        else{
```

```
                printf("Parent process :Child process terminated abnormally.\n");
                }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

2) Write a C program to stimulate Inter-Process Communication(IPC) techniques: Pipes, Messages Queues and Shared Memory

write.c

```
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
#include<sys/types.h>



int main(){


 int fd;
 char *myfifo="/tmp/myfifo";
 mkfifo(myfifo,0666);
 fd=open(myfifo,O_WRONLY);
 write(fd,"Hello", sizeof('Hello'));
 close(fd);
 unlink(myfifo);
 return 0;


}
```

read.c

```
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX_BUF 1024
int main(){

 int fd;
 char *myfifo="/tmp/myfifo";
 char buf[MAX_BUF];
 fd=open(myfifo,O_RDONLY);
 read(fd,buf,MAX_BUF);
 printf("Received:%s\n",buf);
 close(fd);
 return 0;
}
```

3)Stimulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms 1.FCFS 2.SJF 3.Priority 4.RoundRobin. Calculate the avg. waiting time, avg. Turn around time, avg.Response time for each algorithm.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void fcfs(int processes[],int n,int burst_time[]){
 int waiting_time[n],turnaround_time[n],total_waiting_time=0,total_turnaround_time=0;
 waiting_time[0]=0;
 for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
        waiting_time[i]=burst_time[i-1]+ waiting_time[i-1];
        total_waiting_time= total_waiting_time+waiting_time[i];
        }
 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        turnaround_time[i] = burst_time[i] + waiting_time[i];
         total_turnaround_time += turnaround_time[i];
        }
        printf("First Come,First Served(FCFS) scheduling Algorithm\n");
        printf("-----------------------------------------------------\n");
        printf("Process\t Burst Time\t Waiting Time\t Turnaround Time\n");

        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
                printf("%d\t %d\t\t %d\t\t%d \n",processes[i],burst_time[i] ,
waiting_time[i],turnaround_time[i]);
        }

        printf("Average Waiting Time : %.2f\n",(float)total_waiting_time/n);
        printf("Average Turnaround Time : %.2f\n",(float)total_turnaround_time/n);
        printf("/n");
}
```

```
void sjf(int processes[],int n,int burst_time[]){
 int
waiting_time[n],turnaround_time[n],completion_time[n],total_waiting_time=0,total_turnaround_ti
me=0;
 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        int shortest_job_index=i;

 for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){
        if(burst_time[j]<burst_time[shortest_job_index])
                shortest_job_index=j;
        }
 int temp= burst_time[i] ;
 burst_time[i]   =burst_time[shortest_job_index] ;
 burst_time[shortest_job_index] =temp;
 temp=processes[i] ;
 processes[i]=processes[shortest_job_index];
 processes[shortest_job_index]=temp;
 }
 waiting_time[0]=0;
  for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
        waiting_time[i]=burst_time[i-1]+ waiting_time[i-1];
        total_waiting_time= total_waiting_time+waiting_time[i];
        }
 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        turnaround_time[i] = burst_time[i] + waiting_time[i];
        total_turnaround_time = total_turnaround_time + turnaround_time[i];
        }
```

```
printf("Shortest Job First(SJF) scheduling Algorithm\n");
printf("-------------------------------------------------\n");
printf("Process\t Burst Time\t Waiting Time\t Turnaround Time\n");

  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
                        printf("%d\t %d\t\t  %d\t\t%d \n",processes[i],burst_time[i] ,
waiting_time[i],turnaround_time[i]);
          }

          printf("Average Waiting Time : %.2f\n",(float)total_waiting_time/n);
          printf("Average Turnaround Time : %.2f\n",(float)total_turnaround_time/n);
          printf("\n");
          }



void roundRobin(int processes[],int n,int burst_time[],int quantum){
  int
remaining_time[n],waiting_time[n],turnaround_time[n],total_waiting_time=0,total_turnaround_tim
e=0;

 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
 remaining_time[i]=burst_time[i];
 }
 int time=0;

          while(1){
          int all_processes_completed=1;

 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
          if(remaining_time[i]>0){
```

```
                all_processes_completed=0;
                        if(remaining_time[i]>quantum)
                        {
                                time += quantum;
                                remaining_time[i]-=quantum;
                        }
                        else{
                                time +=remaining_time[i];
                                waiting_time[i]=time-burst_time[i];
                                remaining_time[i]=0;
                        }
                }
        }
        if(all_processes_completed)
        {
                break;
        }
}

 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        turnaround_time[i] = burst_time[i] + waiting_time[i];
        total_waiting_time+= waiting_time[i];
        total_turnaround_time += turnaround_time[i];
        }
printf("Round Robin scheduling Algorithm\n");
printf("-------------------------------------------------\n");
printf("Process\t Burst Time\t Waiting Time\t Turnaround Time\n");

  for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```
        printf("%d\t %d\t\t  %d\t\t%d T\n",processes[i],burst_time[i] ,
waiting_time[i],turnaround_time[i]);
        }

printf("Average Waiting Time : %.2f\n",(float)total_waiting_time/n);
printf("Average Turnaround Time : %.2f\n",(float)total_turnaround_time/n);
printf("/n");
}

int main(){
         int n;
        printf("Enter the no.of processes:");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        int processes[n],burst_time[n];
         printf("Enter the burst_time for each process:\n");
         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
                        printf("Process %d: ",i+1);
                        scanf("%d",&burst_time[i]);
                         processes[i]=i+1;
        }

        int quantum;
        printf("Enter the quantum time for Round Robin:\n");
        scanf("%d",&quantum);
        printf("\n");
        fcfs(processes,n,burst_time);
        sjf(processes,n,burst_time);
        roundRobin(processes,n,burst_time,quantum);
```

```
return 0;
}
```

3)Priority algorithm

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
	int p[20],bt[20],pri[20],wt[20],tat[20],i,k,n,temp;
	float wtavg,tatavg;
	printf("Enter the no.of processes---");
	scanf("%d",&n);
	for(i=0;i<n;i++)
	{
		p[i]=i;
		printf("Enter the Burst Time & Priority of process %d---",i);
		scanf("%d%d",&bt[i],&pri[i]);
	}
	for(i=0;i<n;i++)
		for(k=i+1;k<n;k++)
			if(pri[i]>pri[k])
			{
				temp=p[i];
				p[i]=p[k];
				p[k]=temp;
				temp=bt[i];
				bt[i]=bt[k];
				bt[k]=temp;
				temp=pri[i];
				pri[i]=pri[k];
				pri[k]=temp;
			}
		wtavg=wt[0]=0;
```

```
                tatavg=tat[0]=bt[0];
                for(i=1;i<n;i++)
                {
                        wt[i]=wt[i-1]+bt[i-1];
                        tat[i]=tat[i-1]+bt[i];
                        wtavg=wtavg+wt[i];
                        tatavg=tatavg+tat[i];
                }
                printf("\nPROCESS\t\tPRIORITY\t BURST TIME\t WAITING TIME\t TURNAROUND
TIME");
                for(i=0;i<n;i++)
                        printf("\n%d \t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d",p[i],pri[i],bt[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
                        printf("\nAverage waiting Time is----------%f",wtavg/n);
                        printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time  is %f",tatavg/n);
                        return 0;
}
```

4) Write a C program to implement basic UNIX system calls- read(), write(), open(), close()

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<unistd.h>

int main(){
        int fd,ret;
        char buffer[20];
        fd=creat("example.txt",0644);
        if(fd==-1){
                perror("creat");
                exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }
        ret=close(fd);
        if(ret==-1){
                perror("close");
                exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }

        fd=open("example.txt",O_RDWR);
        if(fd==-1){
                perror("open");
                exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }

        ret=lseek(fd,0,SEEK_SET);
        if(ret==-1){
                perror("lseek");
```

```
                exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }

        ret=read(fd,buffer,13);
        if(ret==-1){
                perror("read");
                exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }
        buffer[ret]='\0';

        printf("Read from file :%s\n",buffer);

        ret=close(fd);
        if(ret==-1){
                perror("close");
                exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }
        return 0;

}
```

5)Write a C program to implement UNIX directory API's – opendir, closedir, readdir, mkdir

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<dirent.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
#include<errno.h>

void listDirectory(const char *path){
        DIR *dir = opendir(path);
        if(dir==NULL){
                perror("opendir");
                return;
        }

        struct dirent *entry;
        while((entry = readdir(dir))!=NULL){
                printf("%s\n",entry->d_name);
                }
        if(closedir(dir)==-1){
                perror("closedir");
        }
}

void createDirectory(const char *path)
{
        if(mkdir(path,0755)==-1){
                if(errno==EEXIST){
                        printf("Directory %s already exists,\n",path);
```

```
                }
                else{
                        perror("mkdir");
                        }
                }
                else{
                printf("Directory %s created succesfully:\n",path);
        }
}

int main(){
        const char *dirPath = "./testdir";

        createDirectory(dirPath);
        printf("Listing current directory contents:\n");
        listDirectory(".");

        printf("\nListing new Directory contents:\n");
        listDirectory(dirPath);

        return 0;
}
```

6)Demonstrate the following Classical problems of synchronization using semaphores.

a. Producer-Consumer b. Dining Philosopher

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<semaphore.h>
#include<unistd.h>

#define BUFFER_SIZE 5
#define NUM_PRODUCERS 2
#define NUM_CONSUMERS 2
#define NUM_PHILOSOPHERS 5

int buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];
int in =0;
int out = 0;

sem_t emptySlots;
sem_t filledSlots;
sem_t bufferMutex;
sem_t mutex;
sem_t rwMutex;

void *producer(void *producerId )
{
        int id = *(int *)producerId;
        int item=0;

        while(1){
```

```
            item++;
            sem_wait(&emptySlots);
            sem_wait(&bufferMutex);

            buffer[in]=item;
            printf("Producer %d produced item %d\n",id,item);
            in = (in+1)%BUFFER_SIZE;
            sem_post(&bufferMutex);
            sem_post(&filledSlots);
            usleep(rand() % 1000000);
            }
            }
void *consumer(void *consumerId){
int id=*(int *)consumerId;
int item;
while(1){
           sem_wait(&filledSlots);
            sem_wait(&bufferMutex);

            item=buffer[out];
            printf("Consumer %d consumed item %d\n",id,item);
            out=(out+1) %BUFFER_SIZE;
            sem_post(&bufferMutex);
            sem_post(&emptySlots);
            usleep(rand() % 1000000);
           }
}

enum {THINKING,HUNGRY,EATING}state[5];
```

```
sem_t philMutex;
sem_t philSem[5];
void test (int id)
{
        if(state[id] == HUNGRY && state[(id+1)%5]!=EATING && state[(id+4)%5]!=EATING)
        {
                state[id]=EATING;
                sem_post(&philSem[id]);
                }
}

void *philosopher(void *philosopherId)
{
        int id=*(int *)philosopherId;
        while(1)
        {
        printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n" ,id);
        usleep(rand() % 1000000);
        sem_wait(&philMutex);
        state[id]=HUNGRY;
        printf("Philosopher %d is hungry\n",id);
        test(id);
        sem_post(&philMutex);
        sem_wait(&philSem[id]);
        printf("Philosopher %d is eating\n" ,id);
        usleep(rand() % 1000000);
        sem_post(&philSem[id]);
        printf("Philosopher %d finished eating\n" ,id);
```

```
        }
}

int main(){
        sem_init(&emptySlots,0,BUFFER_SIZE);
        sem_init(&filledSlots,0,0);
        sem_init(&bufferMutex,0,1);
        pthread_t producers[NUM_PRODUCERS];
        pthread_t consumers[NUM_CONSUMERS];
        int producerIds[NUM_PRODUCERS];
        int consumerIds[NUM_CONSUMERS];
        for(int i=0;i<NUM_PRODUCERS;i++){
                producerIds[i]=i+1;
                pthread_create(&producers[i],NULL,producer,(void *)&producerIds[i]);
        }
        for(int i=0;i<NUM_CONSUMERS;i++){
                consumerIds[i]=i+1;
                pthread_create(&consumers[i],NULL,consumer,(void *)&consumerIds[i]);
        }

        sem_init(&philMutex,0,1);
        pthread_t philosophers[NUM_PHILOSOPHERS];
        int philosopherIds[NUM_PHILOSOPHERS];
        for(int i=0;i<NUM_PHILOSOPHERS;i++)
        {
                philosopherIds[i]=i+1;
                sem_init(&philSem[i],0,0);

                pthread_create(&philosophers[i],NULL,philosopher,(void *)&philosopherIds[i]);
```

```
}
for(int i=0;i<NUM_PRODUCERS;i++)
{       pthread_join(producers[i],NULL);
        }

for(int i=0;i<NUM_CONSUMERS;i++)
{       pthread_join(consumers[i],NULL);
        }
 for(int i=0;i<NUM_PHILOSOPHERS;i++)
{
        pthread_join(philosophers[i],NULL);
}

sem_destroy(&emptySlots);
sem_destroy(&filledSlots);
sem_destroy(&bufferMutex);
sem_destroy(&mutex);
sem_destroy(&rwMutex);
sem_destroy(&philMutex);
 for(int i=0;i<NUM_PHILOSOPHERS;i++)
{
        sem_destroy(&philSem[i]);
}
return 0;
}
```

Demonstrate following page replacement algorithms:

a. FIFO, b. LRU, c. OPTIMAL.

a)FIFO

```
#include<stdio.h>
int fr[3];
int main()
{
	void display();
	int i,j,page[12]={2,3,2,1,5,2,4,5,3,2,5,2};
	int flag1=0,flag2=0,pf=0,frsize=3,top=0;
	for(i=0;i<3;i++)
	{
		fr[i]=-1;
	}
	for(j=0;j<12;j++)
	{
		flag1=0;
		flag2=0;
		for(i=0;i<3;i++)
		{
			if(fr[i]==page[j])
			{
				flag1=1;
				flag2=1;
				break;
			}
		}
```

```
            if(flag1==0)
            {
                for(i=0;i<frsize;i++)
                {
                    if(fr[i]==-1)
                    {
                        fr[i]=page[j];
                        flag2=1;
                        break;
                    }
                }
            }
            if(flag2==0)
            {
                fr[top]=page[j];
                top++;
                pf++;
                if(top>=frsize)
                top=0;
            }
            display();
        }
        printf("\nNumber of page faults:%d\n",pf+frsize);
        return 0;
}
void display()
{
        int i;
        printf("\n");
```

```
        for(i=0;i<3;i++)
        printf("%d\t",fr[i]);
}
```

b)LRU

```
#include<stdio.h>
int fr[3];
int main()
{
	void display();
	int i,j,p[12]={2,3,2,1,5,2,4,5,3,2,5,2},fs[3];
	int flag1=0,flag2=0,pf=0,frsize=3,index,k,l;
	for(i=0;i<3;i++)
	{
		fr[i]=-1;
	}
	for(j=0;j<12;j++)
	{
		flag1=0,flag2=0;
		for(i=0;i<3;i++)
		{
			if(fr[i]==p[j])
			{
				flag1=1;
				flag2=1;
				printf("\tflag %d-%d",flag1,flag2);
				break;
			}
		}
		if(flag1==0)
		{
			for(i=0;i<3;i++)
			{
```

```
                    if(fr[i]==-1)
                    {
                        fr[i]=p[j];
                        flag2=1;
                        break;
                    }
                }
            }
            if(flag2==0)
            {
                for(i=0;i<3;i++)
                fs[i]=0;
                for(k=j-1,l=1;l<=frsize-1;l++,k--)
                {
                    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
                    {
                        if(fr[i]==p[k])
                            fs[i]=1;
                    }
                }
                for(i=0;i<3;i++)
                {
                    if(fs[i]==0)
                        index=i;
                }
                fr[index]=p[j];
                pf++;
            }
display();
```

```
        }
        printf("\n No of page faults:%d",pf+frsize);
        return 0;
}
void display()
{
        int i;
        printf("\n");
        for(i=0;i<3;i++)
        {
        printf("\t%d",fr[i]);
        }
}
```

c)OPTIMAL

```
#include<stdio.h>
int fr[3],n,m;
void display();
int main(){
	int i,j,page[20],fs[10];
	int max,found=0,lg[3],index,k,l;
	int flag1=0,flag2=0,pf=0;
	float pr;
	printf("Enter length of the reference string:");
	scanf("%d",&n);
	printf("Enter the reference string:");
	for(i=0;i<n;i++)
		scanf("%d",&page[i]);
	printf("Enter no.of frames:");
	scanf("%d",&m);
	for(i=0;i<m;i++)
		fr[i]=-1;pf=m;
	for(j=0;j<n;j++)
	{
		flag1=0;
		flag2=0;
		for(i=0;i<m;i++)
		{
			if(fr[i]==page[j])
			{
				flag1=1;
				flag2=1;
```

```
                break;
                }
        }
if(flag1==0){
        for(i=0;i<m;i++)
        {
                if(fr[i]==-1)
                {
                        fr[i]=page[j];
                        flag2=1;
                        break;
                }
        }
}
if(flag2==0)
{
        for(i=0;i<m;i++)
                lg[i]==0;
        for(i=0;i<m;i++)
        {
                for(k=j+1;k<=n;k++)
                {
                        if(fr[i]==page[k])
                                {
                                lg[i]=k-j;
                                break;
                                }
                }
        }
```

```
                found=0;
                for(i=0;i<m;i++)
                {
                if(lg[i]==0)
                {
                        index=i;
                        found=1;
                        break;
                }
                }
                if(found==0)
                {
                        max=lg[0];
                        index=0;
                        for(i=0;i<m;i++)
                        {
                                if(max<lg[i])
                                {
                                        max=lg[i];
                                        index=i;
                                        }
                                }
                        }
                fr[index]=page[j];
                pf++;
        }
        display();
}
```

```
printf("No.of page faults :%d\n",pf);
pr=(float)pf/n*100;
printf("page fault rate=%f\n",pr);
}

        void display()
        {
                int i;
                for(i=0;i<m;i++)
                        printf("%d\t",fr[i]);
                        printf("\n");
        }
```

Analyze the seek time for the following Disk scheduling algorithms –

1. FCFS; 2. SCAN; 3. LOOK

1)FCFS

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main(){
        int n,i,head,total=0;
        printf("enter the no.of requests:");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        int requests[n];
        printf("enter the request queue:\n");
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
                scanf("%d",&requests[i]);
                }
        printf("enter the initial head positon:");
        scanf("%d",&head);
        printf("head movement order:\n");
        for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        printf("%d ->",head);
        total+=abs(requests[i]-head);
        head=requests[i];
        }
        printf("%d ->",head);
        printf("End\n");
        printf("total head movements %d\n",total);
        return 0;
        }
```

2)SCAN

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main(){
	int n,i,head,direction,total=0,f;
	printf("Enter the no.o requests:");
	scanf("%d",&n);
	int requests[n];
	printf("Enter the request queue:\n");
	for(i=0;i<n;i++)
	{
		scanf("%d",&requests[i]);
		}
	printf("Enter the initial head position:");
	scanf("%d",&head);
	printf("Enter the direction(0 for left,1 for right):");
	scanf("%d",&direction);
	for(i=0;i<n-1;i++)
	{
		for(int j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
		{
			if(requests[j]>requests[j+1])
			{
				int temp=requests[j];
				requests[j]=requests[j+1];
				requests[j+1]=temp;
			}
		}
	}
```

```
int current=head;
if(direction==1)
{
	for(i=0;i<n;i++)
	{
		if(requests[i]>=head)
		{
			break;
		}
	}
}
else{
	for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
	{
		if(requests[i]<=head)
		{
			break;
		}
	}
}
f=i;
printf("Head Movement Order:\n");
if(direction==1)
{
	for(;i<n;i++)
	{
		printf("%d->",current);
		total+=abs(requests[i]-current);
		current=requests[i];
```

```
        }
        if(current==requests[n-1])
        {
                printf("%d->",requests[n-1]);
                total+=abs(199-requests[n-1]);
                printf("199->");
                current=199;
                }
        for(i=f-1;i>=0;i--)
        {
                total+=abs(requests[i]-current);
                current=requests[i];
                printf("%d->",current);
                }
}
else{
for(;i>=0;i--)
{
        printf("%d->",current);
        total+=abs(requests[i]-current);
        current=requests[i];
}
printf("%d->",current);
if(current==requests[0])
{
        total+=abs(current-0);
        printf("0->");
        current=0;
}
```

```
        for(i=f+1;i<n;i++)
        {
                total+=abs(requests[i]-current);
                current=requests[i];
                printf("%d->",current);
        }
}
printf("End\n");
printf("Total head movements:%d\n",total);
return 0;
}
```

c)LOOK

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main(){
	int n,i,head,direction,total=0,f;
	printf("Enter the no.o requests:");
	scanf("%d",&n);
	int requests[n];
	printf("Enter the request queue:\n");
	for(i=0;i<n;i++)
	{
		scanf("%d",&requests[i]);
	}
	printf("Enter the initial head position:");
	scanf("%d",&head);
	printf("Enter the direction(0 for left,1 for right):");
	scanf("%d",&direction);
	for(i=0;i<n-1;i++)
	{
		for(int j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
		{
			if(requests[j]>requests[j+1])
			{
				int temp=requests[j];
				requests[j]=requests[j+1];
				requests[j+1]=temp;
			}
```

```
        }
}
int current=head;
if(direction==1)
{
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
                if(requests[i]>=head)
                {
                        break;
                }
        }
}
else{
        for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
        {
                if(requests[i]<=head)
                {
                        break;
                }
        }
}
f=i;
printf("Head Movement Order:\n");
printf("%d->",current);
 if(direction==1)
{
        for(;i<n;i++)
        {
```

```
                total+=abs(requests[i]-current);
                current=requests[i];
                printf("%d->",current);


        }
        for(i=f-1;i>=0;i--)
        {
                total+=abs(requests[i]-current);
                current=requests[i];
                printf("%d->",current);
        }
    }
    else{
    for(;i>=0;i--)
    {

        total+=abs(requests[i]-current);
        current=requests[i];
        printf("%d->",current);
    }
    for(i=f+1;i<n;i++)
    {
        total+=abs(requests[i]-current);
        current=requests[i];
        printf("%d->",current);
    }
}
printf("End\n");
```

```
printf("Total head movements:%d\n",total);
return 0;
}
```