## Integral of the product of two Gaussians

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November 22, 2012

```
x = var('x')
mu1 = var('mu1')
mu2 = var('mu2')
s1 = var('s1', latex_name=r'\sigma_1^2', domain='positive')
s2 = var('s2', latex_name=r'\sigma_2^2', domain='positive')
assume(s1 > 0)
assume(s2 > 0)

def Z(s):
    return sqrt(2*pi*s)

def N(x, m, s):
    return 1./Z(s) * exp(- (x-m)^2 /(2*s))
product = N(x, mu1, s1) * N(x,mu2,s2)
```

We want to be able to compute:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{0.500000000000000000000e^{\left(-\frac{(\mu_2 - x)^2}{2\sigma_2^2} - \frac{(\mu_1 - x)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right)}}{\sqrt{\pi\sigma_1^2}\sqrt{\pi\sigma_2^2}} dx,\tag{1}$$

or, in sage:

Nint = integral(product,x,-infinity,infinity)

I assert that this is equal to:

$$s12 = s1*s2/(s1+s2)$$
  
Ndirect =  $Z(s12)/(Z(s1)*Z(s2)) * exp(- (mu1-mu2)^2/2/(s1+s2))$ 

where

$$\sigma_{12}^2 = \frac{\sigma_1^2 \sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2} \tag{2}$$

$$N = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi\sigma_1^2\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}} \sqrt{2}e^{\left(-\frac{(\mu_1 - \mu_2)^2}{2(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)}\right)}}{2\sqrt{\pi\sigma_1^2}\sqrt{\pi\sigma_2^2}}$$
(3)

Let us check the ratio again

```
ratio = (Nint/Ndirect)
ratio = ratio.simplify_full()
```

The ratio is 1.

We can also write the function above as

$$Ngaussian1 = Z(s12)*Z(s1+s2)/(Z(s1)*Z(s2)) *N(mu1,mu2,s1+s2)$$

The products of all the Zs is going to simplify to 1:

$$Zs = Z(s12)*Z(s1+s2)/(Z(s1)*Z(s2))$$
  
 $Zs = Zs.simplify_full()$ 

Results in 1.

So, we get our final result:

```
Ngaussian = N(mu1,mu2,s1+s2)
ratio = (Nint/Ngaussian)
ratio = ratio.simplify_full()
```

The ratio is, again, 1.

Therefore:

$$\int N(x|\mu_1, \sigma_1^2) N(x|\mu_2, \sigma_2^2) dx = N(\mu_1|\mu_2, \sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2) = N(\mu_2|\mu_1, \sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2).$$
 (4)