Guided Exercises

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Programming for Scientists

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Goals for this hour



- A quiz
- Do a few exercises.
- Play around.
- You can work alone, in pairs, in triples,...

Lists I



How do you access the first element of a list? Assume list is a list:

- list[1]
- list[0]
- **3** list[-1]
- **1** list(0)
- **⑤** list(-1)
- **o** list(1)

Lists II



How do you access the last element of a list? Assume list is a list:

- list[1]
- **②** list(-0)
- **3** list[-1]
- **1** list(-1)
- **o** list(1)
- **o** list[-0]

Exercises

Object Identity



What is the difference between the following two code examples:

A)

$$A = [1, 2, 3]$$

 $B = [1, 2, 3]$

B)

$$A = [1, 2, 3]$$

 $B = A$

Write a small piece of code (should be 2 or 3 lines) that behaves differently if you insert it after each of the two segments above.

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$$A = [1, 2, 3]$$

 $B = [1, 2, 3]$

B)

$$A = [1, 2, 3]$$

 $B = A$

Write a small piece of code (should be 2 or 3 lines) that behaves differently if you insert it after each of the two segments above.

$$B[0] = 0$$

print A



- Learn about the built-in function sum
- 2 Write an implementation of this function



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- 2 Write an implementation of this function

```
def sum(xs, start=0):
    s = sum(xs, start=0)

    Returns the sum of all values in ''xs'' + ''start'' (where the start is start in the start
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \text{numbers} = \text{set}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]\right) \\ \text{for i in } \text{xrange}\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) : \\ \text{numbers.add}\left(\text{i}\right) \\ \text{print len}\left(\text{numbers}\right) \end{array}
```

This prints:

- 7
- 6
- 5
- 4

Numpy



```
import numpy as np X = \text{np.array}([0,1,2,1,2,1,2,1]) X \leftarrow 0.1 print X[0]
```

- What does this print?
- Why?

Matplotlib



 $\begin{array}{ll} {\rm import\ numpy\ as\ np} \\ {\rm from\ matplotlib\ import\ pyplot\ as\ plt} \end{array}$

X = np.linspace(-4, 4, 100)Y = np.exp(.5-X*X)

