ANÁLISE DE COMPLEXIDADE

Projeto Integrador - ESINF

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US301 – Construir a rede de distribuição de cabazes a partir da informação fornecida nos ficheiros.

importEntityInfo

- Melhor caso $O(n^2)$
- Pior caso $O(n^2)$

findEntityByLocationId

- Melhor casoO(1)
- Pior casoO(V)

```
/**
  * Finds the correct entity object, given its location id
  * @param entityList list of entities
  * @param locationId location id of the entity
  * @return the entity object
  */
public Entity findEntityByLocationId(List<Entity> entityList, String locationId){
    for (Entity e : entityList) {
        if (e.getLocation().getLocationId().equals(locationId)) {
            return e;
        }
    }
    return null;
}
```

importEntityConnections

- Melhor caso $O(nV^2)$
- Pior caso
 O(nV²)

US302 – Verificar se o grafo carregado é conexo e devolver o número mínimo de ligações necessário para nesta rede qualquer cliente/produtor conseguir contactar um qualquer outro.

isConnected

- Melhor casoO(1)
- Pior casoO(E)

```
public boolean isConnected(){
    LinkedList<Entity> queue = Algorithms.DepthFirstSearch(mapGraph,mapGraph.vertex( key: 0));
    if(queue == null){
        return false;
    }
    if (mapGraph.numVertices() == queue.size()){
        return true;
    }else {
        return false;
    }
}
```

ignoreWeights

- Melhor casoO(E)
- Pior casoO(E)

```
public MapGraph<Entity, Integer> IgnoreWeights(){
    MapGraph<Entity, Integer> noWeightsMapGraph = new MapGraph<>( directed: false);
    noWeightsMapGraph = mapGraph.clone();
    for (Edge<Entity,Integer> edge : noWeightsMapGraph.edges()){
        edge.setWeight(1);
    }
    return noWeightsMapGraph;
}
```

minimumNumberOfConnections

- Melhor caso $O(V^3)$
- Pior caso
 O(V³)

```
public int minimumNumberOfConnections(){
   LinkedList<Entity> path = new LinkedList<>();
   int maxNumberOfConnections = 0;
   MapGraph<Entity, Integer> noWeightsMapGraph = IgnoreWeights();
   for(Entity entity : noWeightsMapGraph.vertices()) {
      LinkedList<Entity> queue = new LinkedList<>();
      queue = Algorithms.BreadthFirstSearch(noWeightsMapGraph, entity);
      Algorithms.shortestPath(noWeightsMapGraph,entity,queue.getLast(),Integer::compareTo,Integer::sum, zero: 0,path);
      if(maxNumberOfConnections < path.size()-1)
            maxNumberOfConnections = path.size()-1;
   }
   return maxNumberOfConnections;
}</pre>
```

US303 – Definir os hubs da rede de distribuição

getAverageProximityDistanceOfCompany

- Melhor caso O(V*E*log(V))
- Pior casoO(V*E*log(V))

```
/**
    * Method to get the average proximity distance to all other entities for a respective company
    * @param company the company to get the average proximity distance to all other entities
    * @return the average proximity distance to all other entities
    */
public int getAverageProximityDistanceOfCompany(Company company) {
        MapGraph<Entity, Integer> entityGraph = entityStore.getEntitiesGraph();
        int totalDistance = 0;

        ArrayList<LinkedList<Entity>> paths = new ArrayList<>();
        ArrayList<Integer> pathsDistances = new ArrayList<>();

        Algorithms.shortestPaths(entityGraph, company, Integer::compareTo, Integer::sum, zero: 0, paths, pathsDistances);
        for (int i = 0; i < paths.size(); i++) {
            if (!(paths.get(i).getLast().equals(company))) {
                  totalDistance += pathsDistances.get(i);
            }
            int averageDistance = totalDistance / (paths.size() - 1);
            return averageDistance;
}</pre>
```

getCompanyAverageDistanceList

- Melhor casoO(V)
- Pior casoO(V)

```
/**
  * Method to get a list of all companies with their respective average proximity distance to all other entities
  * @return a list of pairs with the companies and their respective average proximity distance to all other entities
  */
public List<Pair<Company, Integer>> getCompanyAverageDistanceList() {
    List<Pair<Company, Integer>> companyAverageDistanceList = new ArrayList<>();

    for (Entity entity : entityStore.getEntitiesGraph().vertices()) {
        if (entity instanceof Company) {
            int averageDistance = getAverageProximityDistanceOfCompany((Company) entity);
            companyAverageDistanceList.add(new Pair<>((Company) entity, averageDistance));
        }
    return companyAverageDistanceList;
}
```

defineHubs

- Melhor caso O(n*log(n))
- Pior casoO(n*log(n))

US304 – Para cada cliente determinar o hub mais próximo.

findNearestHubController

- Melhor casoO(1)
- Pior casoO(V*E*log(V))

```
/**
    * Method to get a list of reachable Distribution Hubs from a given entity with the respective path distance
    * Oparam entity the entity to find the Distribution Hubs from
    * @return a list of pairs with the reachable Distribution Hubs and the distance to each one
    */

public List<Pair<Company, Integer>> getEntityReachableDistributionHubs(Entity entity) {
    List<Pair<Company, Integer>> reachableDistributionHubs = new ArrayList<>();
    MapGraph<Entity, Integer> entityGraph = entityStore.getEntitiesGraph();
    ArrayList<LinkedList<Entity>> paths = new ArrayList<>();

    ArrayList<Integer> pathsDistances = new ArrayList<>();

    Algorithms.shortestPaths(entityGraph, entity, Integer::compareTo, Integer::sum, zerod 0, paths, pathsDistances);
    for (int i = 0; i < paths.size(); i++) {
        if (paths.get(i).getLast() instanceof Company && ((Company) paths.get(i).getLast()).isDistributionHub()) {
            reachableDistributionHubs.add(new Pair<>((Company) paths.get(i).getLast(), pathsDistances.get(i)));
        }
        return reachableDistributionHubs;
}
```

getNeasrestDistributionHub

- Melhor casoO(n)
- Pior casoO(n)

```
/**
    * Method to get the nearest Distribution Hub to a given entity
    * Oparam entity the entity to find the nearest Distribution Hub from
    * Oreturn a pair with the nearest company and the distance to it
    */
public Pair<Company, Integer> getNearestDistributionHub(Entity entity) {
    List<Pair<Company, Integer> reachableDistributionHubs = getEntityReachableDistributionHubs(entity);
    Pair<Company, Integer> nearestDistributionHub = null;
    for (Pair<Company, Integer> pair : reachableDistributionHubs) {
        if (nearestDistributionHub == null || pair.second() < nearestDistributionHub.second()) {
            nearestDistributionHub = pair;
        }
    }
    return nearestDistributionHub;
}</pre>
```

getNearestDistributionHubForEachClient

- Melhor casoO(1)
- Pior casoO(E)

US305 – Rede que conecte todos os clientes e produtores agrícolas com uma distância total mínima

getMinimumDistanceNetworkDistance

- Melhor casoO(1)
- Pior casoO(E)

```
/**
  * Method to get minimum total distance of the network to all entities
  * @return the minimum network distance
  */
public int getMinimumNetworkDistance(MapGraph<Entity,Integer> mapGraph){
    int totalDistance = 0;
    for (Edge<Entity, Integer> edge : mapGraph.edges()) {
        totalDistance = totalDistance + edge.getWeight();
    }
    return totalDistance;
}
```

getMinimumDistGraph

- Melhor casoO(1)
- Pior casoO(E log V)

```
/**

* Method to get the minimum network to connect all entities

* @return the minimum network graph to connect all entities

*/

public MapGraph<Entity, Integer> getMinimumDistGraph() {

MapGraph<Entity, Integer> minimumDistGraph = App.getInstance().getOrganization().getEntityStore().getEntitiesGraph().clone();

minimumDistGraph = Algorithms.kruskallAlgorithm(minimumDistGraph);

return minimumDistGraph;

}
```