

**UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL FLUMINENSE - UFF**



## **Avaliação Continuada 1**

Estudos sobre índices



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## ● Consulta 1

Qual o total de crimes por tipo e por segmento das ruas do distrito de IGUATEMI durante o ano de 2016?

```
SELECT s.id as segment, SUM(total_feminicide) as total_feminicide,
       SUM(total_homicide) as total_homicide,
       SUM(total_felony_murder) as total_felony_murder,
       SUM(total_bodily_harm) as total_bodily_harm,
       SUM(total_theft_cellphone) as total_theft_cellphone,
       SUM(total_armed_robbery_cellphone) as total_armed_robbery_cellphone,
       SUM(total_theft_auto) as total_theft_auto,
       SUM(total_armed_robbery_auto) as total_armed_robbery_auto, year
FROM no_index001."crime" c, no_index001."time" t, no_index001."segment" s,
     no_index001."vertice" v, no_index001."district" d
WHERE c.time_id = t.id
      AND t.year = 2016
      AND c.segment_id = s.id
      AND s.start_vertice_id = v.id
      AND v.district_id = d.id
      AND d.name = 'IGUATEMI'
GROUP BY s.id, year;
```

Obs: Para as consultas realizadas com uso de índice, apenas a cláusula FROM será alterada, retirando o prefixo “no\_” ao nome do esquema, como no exemplo a seguir:

```
SELECT s.id as segment, SUM(total_feminicide) as total_feminicide,
       SUM(total_homicide) as total_homicide,
       SUM(total_felony_murder) as total_felony_murder,
       SUM(total_bodily_harm) as total_bodily_harm,
       SUM(total_theft_cellphone) as total_theft_cellphone,
       SUM(total_armed_robbery_cellphone) as total_armed_robbery_cellphone,
       SUM(total_theft_auto) as total_theft_auto,
       SUM(total_armed_robbery_auto) as total_armed_robbery_auto, year
FROM index001."crime" c, index001."time" t, index001."segment" s,
     index001."vertice" v, index001."district" d
WHERE c.time_id = t.id
      AND t.year = 2016
      AND c.segment_id = s.id
      AND s.start_vertice_id = v.id
      AND v.district_id = d.id
      AND d.name = 'IGUATEMI'
GROUP BY s.id, year;
```

Nas consultas seguintes ocorrerá a mesma alteração no nome dos esquemas, porém, não será apresentada uma captura de tela mostrando essa alteração.

Para obtenção das métricas de tempo serão utilizados em conjunto os comandos EXPLAIN e ANALYZE no SGBD pgAdmin 4.

Utilizando os comandos EXPLAIN e ANALYZE temos os seguintes resultados:

- Sem índice:

|                            |
|----------------------------|
| Planning Time: 1.951 ms    |
| Execution Time: 632.850 ms |

- Com índice:

|                          |
|--------------------------|
| Planning Time: 3.279 ms  |
| Execution Time: 0.096 ms |

## ● Consulta 2

Qual o total de crimes por tipo e por segmento das ruas do distrito de IGUATEMI entre 2006 e 2016?

```
SELECT s.id as segment, SUM(total_feminicide) as total_feminicide,
      SUM(total_homicide) as total_homicide,
      SUM(total_felony_murder) as total_felony_murder,
      SUM(total_bodily_harm) as total_bodily_harm,
      SUM(total_theft_cellphone) as total_theft_cellphone,
      SUM(total_armed_robbery_cellphone) as total_armed_robbery_cellphone,
      SUM(total_theft_auto) as total_theft_auto,
      SUM(total_armed_robbery_auto) as total_armed_robbery_auto, year
FROM no_index001."crime" c, no_index001."time" t, no_index001."segment" s,
     no_index001."vertice" v, no_index001."district" d
WHERE c.time_id = t.id
      AND t.year BETWEEN 2006 AND 2016
      AND c.segment_id = s.id
      AND s.start_vertice_id = v.id
      AND v.district_id = d.id
      AND d.name = 'IGUATEMI'
GROUP BY s.id, year;
```

Utilizando os comandos EXPLAIN e ANALYZE temos os seguintes resultados:

- Sem índice:

|                            |
|----------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.296 ms    |
| Execution Time: 609.421 ms |

- Com índice:

|                          |
|--------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.435 ms  |
| Execution Time: 0.124 ms |

### ● Consulta 3

Qual o total de ocorrências de Roubo de Celular e roubo de carro no bairro de SANTA EFIGÊNIA em 2015?

```
SELECT s.id as segment,
       SUM(total_theft_cellphone + total_armed_robbery_cellphone) as total_theft_cellphone,
       SUM(total_theft_auto + total_armed_robbery_auto) as total_theft_auto, t.year
FROM   no_index001."crime" c, no_index001."time" t, no_index001."segment" s,
       no_index001."vertice" v, no_index001."neighborhood" n
WHERE  c.time_id = t.id
AND    t.year = 2015
AND    c.segment_id = s.id
AND    s.start_vertice_id = v.id
AND    v.neighborhood_id = n.id
AND    n.name = 'Santa Efigênia'
GROUP BY s.id, year;
```

Utilizando os comandos EXPLAIN e ANALYZE temos os seguintes resultados:

- Sem índice:

|                            |
|----------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.868 ms    |
| Execution Time: 576.578 ms |

- Com índice:

|                          |
|--------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.857 ms  |
| Execution Time: 0.127 ms |

### ● Consulta 4

Qual o total de crimes por tipo em vias de mão única da cidade durante o ano de 2012?

```
SELECT oneway, SUM(total_feminicide) as total_feminicide,
       SUM(total_homicide) as total_homicide,
       SUM(total_felony_murder) as total_felony_murder,
       SUM(total_bodily_harm) as total_bodily_harm,
       SUM(total_theft_cellphone) as total_theft_cellphone,
       SUM(total_armed_robbery_cellphone) as total_armed_robbery_cellphone,
       SUM(total_theft_auto) as total_theft_auto,
       SUM(total_armed_robbery_auto) as total_armed_robbery_auto, year
FROM   no_index001."crime" c, no_index001."time" t, no_index001."segment" s
WHERE  c.time_id = t.id
AND    t.year = 2012
AND    c.segment_id = s.id
AND    s.oneway = 'yes'
GROUP BY year, oneway;
```

Utilizando os comandos EXPLAIN e ANALYZE temos os seguintes resultados:

- Sem índice:

|                            |
|----------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.171 ms    |
| Execution Time: 676.851 ms |

- Com índice:

|                          |
|--------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.170 ms  |
| Execution Time: 0.049 ms |

## ● Consulta 5

Qual o total de roubos de carro e celular em todos os segmentos durante o ano de 2017?

```
SELECT s.id as segment,
       SUM(total_theft_cellphone + total_armed_robbery_cellphone) as total_theft_cellphone,
       SUM(total_theft_auto + total_armed_robbery_auto) as total_theft_auto, t.year
FROM no_index001."crime" c, no_index001."time" t, no_index001."segment" s
WHERE c.time_id = t.id
      AND t.year = 2017
      AND c.segment_id = s.id
GROUP BY s.id, year;
```

Utilizando os comandos EXPLAIN e ANALYZE temos os seguintes resultados:

- Sem índice:

|                             |
|-----------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.180 ms     |
| Execution Time: 1082.261 ms |

- Com índice:

|                          |
|--------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.250 ms  |
| Execution Time: 0.065 ms |

## ● Consulta 6

Quais os IDs de segmentos que possuíam o maior índice criminal (soma de ocorrências de todos os tipos de crimes), durante o mês de Novembro de 2010?

```
SELECT MAX(soma_crimes) as max_soma_crimes
FROM ( SELECT s.id as segment,
             SUM(total_feminicide + total_homicide + total_felony_murder +
                 total_bodily_harm + total_theft_cellphone +
                 total_armed_robbery_cellphone + total_theft_auto +
                 total_armed_robbery_auto) as soma_crimes
```

```

        FROM no_index001."crime" c, no_index001."time" t, no_index001."segment" s
    WHERE c.time_id = t.id
        AND t.year = 2010
        AND t.month = 11
        AND c.segment_id = s.id
    GROUP BY s.id
);

```

Utilizando os comandos EXPLAIN e ANALYZE temos os seguintes resultados:

- Sem índice:

|                            |
|----------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.206 ms    |
| Execution Time: 564.829 ms |

- Com índice:

|                          |
|--------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.215 ms  |
| Execution Time: 0.064 ms |

## ● Consulta 7

Quais os IDs dos segmentos que possuíam o maior índice criminal (soma de ocorrências de todos os tipos de crimes) durante os finais de semana do ano de 2018?

```

SELECT MAX(soma_crimes) as max_soma_crimes
FROM ( SELECT s.id as segment,
        SUM(total_feminicide + total_homicide + total_felony_murder +
            total_bodily_harm + total_theft_cellphone +
            total_armed_robbery_cellphone + total_theft_auto +
            total_armed_robbery_auto) as soma_crimes
    FROM no_index001."crime" c, no_index001."time" t, no_index001."segment" s
    WHERE c.time_id = t.id
        AND t.year = 2018
        AND (t.weekday = 'friday' OR t.weekday = 'saturday' OR t.weekday = 'sunday')
        AND c.segment_id = s.id
    GROUP BY s.id
);

```

Utilizando os comandos EXPLAIN e ANALYZE temos os seguintes resultados:

- Sem índice:

|                            |
|----------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.313 ms    |
| Execution Time: 685.745 ms |

- Com índice:

|                          |
|--------------------------|
| Planning Time: 0.192 ms  |
| Execution Time: 0.080 ms |

## ● Índices Criados

```
/* Índices de Match Exato */  
CREATE INDEX idx_ano_hash  
ON index001."time"  
USING hash(year);
```

```
CREATE INDEX idx_mes  
ON index001."time"  
USING hash(month);
```

```
CREATE INDEX idx_weekday  
ON index001."time"  
USING hash(weekday);
```

```
CREATE INDEX idx_cidade  
ON index001."district"  
USING hash(name);
```

```
CREATE INDEX idx_vizinhanca  
ON index001."neighborhood"  
USING hash(name);
```

```
CREATE INDEX idx_oneway  
ON index001."segment"  
USING hash(oneway);
```

```
/* Índices de Intervalo de Valores */  
CREATE INDEX idx_ano_btree  
ON index001."time"  
USING btree(year);
```

```
/* Índice para chaves estrangeiras (sempre na tabela que referencia) */  
CREATE INDEX idx_segment_id  
on index001."crime"  
USING hash(segment_id);
```

```
CREATE INDEX idx_time_id  
on index001."crime"  
USING hash(time_id);
```

```
CREATE INDEX idx_district_id  
on index001."vertice"  
USING hash(district_id);
```

```
CREATE INDEX idx_neighborhood_id  
on index001."vertice"  
USING hash(neighborhood_id);
```

```
CREATE INDEX idx_start_vertice_id  
ON index001."segment"  
USING hash(start_vertice_id);
```