# The relevance determined using the random walker model corresponds to

- 1. The number of steps a random walker needs to reach a page
- 2. The probability that the random walker visits the page in the long term
- 3. The number of incoming links a random walker can use to visit the page
- 4. The probability that the random walker will visit once the page

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Link-based Ranking - 1

#### Answer 2

The relevance measure derived from the random walker model corresponds to the stationary (long-term) probability of the random walker to visit a page. The number of incoming links does have an influence on this probability but is not determining it.

## Consider a random jump matrix with entries 1/3 in the first column and 0 otherwise. It means

- A random walker can always leave node 1 even without outgoing edges
- 2. A random walker can always reach node 1, even without incoming edges
- 3. A random walker can always leave node 2, even without outgoing edges
- 4. none of the above

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Link-based Ranking - 2

## Answer 1

The first column of the matrix corresponds to the probabilities to jump to from node 1 to every other node. Therefore, the random walker when arriving at node 1 can always leave that node by making random jump. On the other hand, node 1 can only be reached when an incoming edge exists. If node 2 has no outgoing edge, the random walker cannot leave it.

## When computing HITS, the initial values

- 1. Are set all to 1
- 2. Are set all to  $\frac{1}{n}$
- 3. Are set all to  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$
- 4. Are chosen randomly

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Link-based Ranking - 3

## Answer 3

In the standard formulation of the algorithm the normalization factor is  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$  so that the L2 norm of the vector equals 1.

# If the first column of matrix L is (0,1,1,1) and all other entries are 0 then the authority values

2. 
$$(0,1/\sqrt{3},1/\sqrt{3},1/\sqrt{3})$$

3. 
$$(1,1/\sqrt{3},1/\sqrt{3},1/\sqrt{3})$$

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Link-based Ranking - 4

### Answer 2

If the first column of matrix L is (0,1,1,1), then node 1 has one link to each other graph. Correspondingly it will be a hub, and the only hub and have hub weight 1. The other nodes will receive the same authority from that node. Thus, their weights will be equally distributed and be therefore  $1/\sqrt{3}$  so that the L2 norm of the authority vector equals 1. Note that as consequence node 1 will receive equal weights from the three authority nodes.