Quiz - 2021

1. I	nformation extraction:		
	 □ Necessarily requires training data. □ Is used to identify characteristic entities in a document. □ Is always bootstrapped by using ontologies. ☑ Can be used to populate ontologies. 		
2. \	What is TRUE regarding Fagin's algorithm?		
	 □ Posting files need to be indexed by TF-IDF weights □ It performs a complete scan over the posting files □ It never reads more than (kn)½ entries from a posting list ☑ It provably returns the k documents with the largest aggregate scores 		
3. Which of the following statements on Latent Semantic Indexing (LSI) and Word Embeddings (WE) is false?			
	 ☐ The dimensions of LSI can be interpreted as concepts, whereas those of WE cannot ☐ LSI does not depend on the order of words in the document, whereas WE does ☐ LSI is deterministic (given the dimension), whereas WE is not ☐ LSI does take into account the frequency of words in the documents, whereas WE with negative sampling does not 		
4. \	When constructing a word embedding, what is TRUE regarding negative samples?		
	 ☑ They are oversampled if less frequent ☐ Their frequency is decreased down to its logarithm ☐ They are words that do not appear as context words ☐ They are selected among words that are not stop-words 		
5. A page that points to all other pages but is not pointed by any other page would have:			
	 Nonzero authority Zero hub ✓ Nonzero PageRank None of the above 		
6. \	When computing PageRank iteratively, the computation ends when:		
	☐ The difference among the eigenvalues of two subsequent iterations falls below a predefined threshold		

\checkmark	The norm of the difference of rank vectors of two subsequent iterations falls below a predefined threshold
	The probability of visiting an unseen node falls below a predefined threshold
	All nodes of the graph have been visited at least once
of the	canked Retrieval, the result at position k is non-relevant and at k+1 is relevant. Which following is always true?
HINT: P@	Dk and R@k are the precision and recall of the result set consisting of the k top-ranked documents.
	P@k-1>P@k+1
	R@k-1=R@k+1
	R@k 1 <r@k+1< td=""></r@k+1<>
	P@k-1=P@k+1
8. Whi	ch of the following is TRUE regarding community detection?
	The high betweenness of an edge indicates that the communities are well connected by that edge
	The Girvan-Newman algorithm attempts to maximize the overall betweenness measure of a community graph
\checkmark	The high modularity of a community indicates a large difference between the number of edges of the community and the number of edges of a null model
	The Louvain algorithm attempts to minimize the overall modularity measure of a community graph
9. Wha	at is WRONG regarding the Transformer model?
\checkmark	Its computation cannot be parallelized compared to LSTMs and other sequential models.
	It uses a self-attention mechanism to compute representations of the input and output.
	Its complexity is quadratic to the input size.
	It captures the semantic context of the input.
10. In	User-Based Collaborative Filtering, which of the following is TRUE ?
	Pearson Correlation Coefficient and Cosine Similarity have the same value range and return the same similarity ranking for the users.
\checkmark	Pearson Correlation Coefficient and Cosine Similarity have different value ranges and can return different similarity rankings for the users
	Pearson Correlation Coefficient and Cosine Similarity have different value ranges, but return the same similarity ranking for the users
	Pearson Correlation Coefficient and Cosine Similarity have the same value range but can return different similarity rankings for the users

11. Which of the	following is TRUE for Recommender Systems (RS)?
☐ Item-base☐ Matrix Fa	plexity of the Content-based RS depends on the number of users and RS need not only the ratings but also the item features actorization is typically robust to the cold-start problem. Content of the Content-based RS depends on the number of users and the cold-start problem.
12. Considering t	he transaction below, which one is WRONG ?
Transaction ID 1 2 3 4 5	Items Bought Tea Tea, Yoghurt Tea, Yoghurt, Kebap Kebap Tea, Kebap
☐ {Yoghurt, ☐ {Tea} has	-> {Kebab} has 50% confidence Kebap} has 20% support the highest support has the lowest support among all itemsets
13. Suppose that the following is T	in a given FP Tree, an item in a leaf node N exists in every path. Which of RUE ?
☐ For every {N}'s mini	node P that is a parent of N in the FP tree, confidence (P->N) = 1 mum possible support is equal to the number of paths N exists in every candidate set
14. Which of the	following properties is part of the RDF Schema Language?
□ Description□ Type□ Predicate☑ Domain	

15. Which of the following is wrong regarding Ontologies?

☐ We can create more than one ontology that conceptualizes the same real-world
entities
☐ Ontologies help in the integration of data expressed in different models
Ontologies dictate how semi-structured data are serialized
☐ Ontologies support domain-specific vocabularies