Module 3 Mastery Assignment

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Taylor Polynomials Intro Intuitive Derivation Example

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We want to approximate the function f(x) that satisfies the following conditions:

- ▶ Is a real or a complex-value function.
- ▶ It is infinitely differentiable at *c*

Taylor Polynomials Intuitive Derivation



$$P(0) = f(0)$$

$$P(x) = f(0)$$

Taylor Polynomials Intuitive Derivation



$$P'(0) = f'(0)$$

 $P(x) = f(0) + f'(0)x$



$$P''(0) = f''(0)$$

 $P(x) = f(0) + f'(0)x + \frac{1}{2}f''(0)x^2$

Taylor Polynomials



$$P'''(0) = f'''(0)$$

$$P(x) = f(0) + f'(0)x + \frac{1}{2}f''(0)x^2 + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}f'''(c)x^3$$



$$P^{(4)}(0) = f^{(4)}(0)$$

$$P(x) = f(0) + f'(0)x + \frac{1}{2}f''(0)x^2 + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}f'''(c)x^3 + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}f^{(4)}(0)x^4$$

$$P^{(4)}(0) = f^{(4)}(0)$$

$$P(x) = f(0) + f'(0)x + \frac{1}{2}f''(0)x^2 + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}f'''(c)x^3 + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}f^{(4)}(0)x^4 + \dots + \frac{1}{n!}f^{(n)}(0)x^n$$

Taylor Polynomials Intuitive Derivation



$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(0)}{n!} \cdot x^n$$



$$P(x) = f(c) \longrightarrow P(c) = f(c)$$

$$P(x) = f(c) + f'(c)(x - c) + \frac{1}{2}f''(c)(x - c)^{2} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3}f'''(c)(x - c)^{3} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}f^{(4)}(c)(x - c)^{4} + \dots + \frac{1}{n!}f^{(n)}(c)(x - c)^{n}$$

$$P(c) = f(c) + f'(c)(c-c) + \cdots + \frac{f^{(n)}(c)}{n!}(x-c)^n$$

Taylor Polynomials Example



Approximating sin(x)

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f(x) = \sin(x)
f'(x) = \cos(x)
f''(x) = -\sin(x)
f^{(3)}(x) = -\cos(x)
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Taylor Polynomials



f(0)	$= \sin(0) = 0$
$f^{'}(0)$	$=\cos(0) = 1$
$f^{''}(0)$	$=-\sin(0)=0$
$f^{(3)}(0)$	$=-\cos(0)=-1$

Taylor Polynomials Example



Since it becomes cyclic, we can

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(0)}{n!} (x)^{n}$$

$$\frac{0}{0!} x^{0} + \frac{1}{1!} x^{1} + \frac{0}{2!} x^{2} + \frac{-1}{3!} x^{3} + \frac{0}{4!} x^{4} + \frac{1}{5!} x^{5} + \frac{0}{6!} x^{6} + \frac{-1}{7!} x^{7}$$

$$x - (3!)^{-1} x^{3} + (5!)^{-1} x^{5} - (7!)^{-1} x^{7}$$

A clear pattern begins to form, we can condense it into:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(-1\right)^{(n+1)} \frac{x^{(2n-1)}}{(2n-1)!}$$



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