

matemáti-
cas
fi-
nancieras
de-
tivo
prin-
ci-
pio
de
no-
bi-
traje
valor
del
dinero

$$R_t=\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1}},$$

$$\begin{array}{l} S_t \\ K_t = \\ R_t - \\ 1 = \\ (S_t - \\ S_{t-1})/S_{t-1} \\ \Omega \in \\ \Omega = \\ \{\omega_1, \omega_2\} \\ R_t : \\ \Omega \longrightarrow \\ (-1, \infty) \\ R_t = \{1 + u \text{conprobabilidad} p 1 + d \text{conprobabilidad} 1 - p \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -1 < \\ d < \\ u < \\ 0 < \\ p < \\ 1 \\ d < \\ 0 \\ R_t < \\ 1 \\ S_t < \\ S_{t-1} \\ d < \\ 0 < \\ u \\ d \\ R_t(\omega) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} t \\ \omega \in \\ \Omega \\ \mathbb{R}^? \\ \mathbb{I}^? \\ 1+ \\ d \\ (1+ \\ d)^2 \\ 1- \\ p \\ (1+ \\ d)(1+ \\ u) \\ p \\ 1- \\ p \\ 1+ \\ u \\ (1+ \\ u)(1+ \\ d) \\ 1- \\ p \\ (1+ \\ p)^2 \\ p \\ p \\ n \in \\ S(n) \end{array}$$

$$S(n)=S(0)(1+u)^i(1+d)^{n-i} \text{conprobabilidad} \binom{n}{i} p^i(1-p)^{n-i},$$

$$\begin{array}{l} S(0) \\ 1+ \\ d \\ (1+ \\ d)^2 \\ 1- \\ p \\ (1+ \\ d)(1+ \\ u) \\ p \\ 1- \\ p \end{array}$$